

May 2022

Construction Noise and Vibration Monthly Report – March 2022 Birmingham City

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Non-Technical Summary

This Noise and Vibration Monitoring Report fulfils HS2 Limited's commitment detailed in the Environmental Minimum Requirements (EMRs), Annex 1, Code of Construction Practice, to present the results of noise and vibration monitoring carried out within Birmingham City during the month of March 2022.

Within this period monitoring was undertaken at the following worksites:

- Noise monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the Curzon Street worksite (ref.: CS), where material deliveries and storage, general site operations including maintenance of working platforms and water treatment plant, piling works, excavation and backfilling works, stockpiling, water treatment plant operations, concrete pours, excavation and reinstatement of piling platform, installation of barriers and concrete blocks, unexploded ordinance surveys, material movements, breakout works, stockpiling and removal of arising stockpiles off-site were underway.
- Noise and vibration monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the Twisted Oak Stables worksite (ref.: TOS), where pouring of filter press bays, installation of sewage treatment plant and conveyors and installation of ducting and diches were underway.
- Noise and vibration monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the Washwood Heath Depot worksite (ref.: WWHD), where stockpiling works, concrete breaking and crushing works, removal of obstructions, piling works and wall works were underway.
- Noise monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the SAS13 Bridge Replacement worksite in Washwood Heath (ref.: SAS13), where abutment construction, including concrete pouring, laying aggregate, and installation of the bridge deck were underway.

Further works, where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at:

- Erskine Street (water utility works);
- Curzon Street (power utility works); and
- Duddlestone Mill (water utility works).

There were no exceedances of the HS2 threshold levels for significant noise impacts, which are defined in Information Paper E23 (<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/hs2-information-papers-environment</u>) during the reporting period.

There were no exceedances of trigger levels as defined in Section 61 consents during the reporting period at any monitoring position.

One (1) complaint was received during the monitoring period. A description of complaint, the results of investigation and any actions taken are detailed in Table 7: Summary of ComplaintsTable 7 of this report.

Abbreviations and Descriptions

The abbreviations, descriptions and project terminology used within this report can be found in Table 1.

Table 1: Table of Abbreviations

Acronym/Term	Definition
L _{Aeq,T}	See equivalent continuous sound pressure level
Ambient sound	A description of the all-encompassing sound at a given location and time which will include sound from many sources near and far. Ambient sound can be quantified in terms of the equivalent continuous sound pressure level, L _{pAeq,T}
Decibel(s), or dB	Between the quietest audible sound and the loudest tolerable sound there is a million to one ratio in sound pressure (measured in Pascal (Pa)). Because of this wide range, a level scale called the decibel (dB) scale, based on a logarithmic ratio, is used in sound measurement. Audibility of sound covers a range of approximately 0-140dB.
Decibel(s) A-weighted, or dB(A)	The human ear system does not respond uniformly to sound across the detectable frequency range and consequently instrumentation used to measure sound is weighted to represent the performance of the ear. This is known as the 'A weighting' and is written as 'dB(A)'.
Equivalent continuous sound pressure level, or L _{Aeq,T}	An index used internationally for the assessment of environmental sound impacts. It is defined as the notional unchanging level that would, over a given period of time (T), deliver the same sound energy as the actual time-varying sound over the same period. Hence fluctuating sound levels can be described in terms of an equivalent single figure value, typically expressed as a decibel level.
Exclusion of data	Measurement of noise levels can be affected by weather conditions such as prolonged periods of rain, winds speeds higher than 5m/s and snow/ice ground cover. Noise levels measured during these periods are considered not representative of normal noise conditions at the site and, for the purposes of this report, are excluded from the assessment of exceedances and calculation of typical noise levels and are also greyed out in charts. Identifiable incongruous noise and vibration events not attributable to HS2 construction noise are also excluded.
Façade	A facade noise level is the noise level 1m in front of a large reflecting surface. The effect of reflection, is to produce a slightly higher (typically +3 dB) sound level than it would be if the reflecting surface was not there.
Free-field	A free-field noise level is the noise level measured at a location where no reflective surfaces, other than the ground, lies within 3.5 metres of the microphone position.
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which adverse effects on health and quality of life can be detected.
Peak particle velocity, or PPV	Instantaneous maximum velocity reached by a vibrating element as it oscillates about its rest position. The PPV is a simple indicator of perceptibility and risk of damage to structures due to vibration. It is usually measured in mm/s.
SOAEL	Significant Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which significant adverse effects on health and quality of life occur.
Sound pressure level	The parameter by which sound levels are measured in air. It is measured in decibels. The threshold of hearing has been set at 0dB, while the threshold of pain is approximately 120dB. Normal speech is approximately 60dB at a distance of 1 metre and a change of 3dB in a time varying sound signal is commonly regarded as being just detectable. A change of 10dB is subjectively twice, or half, as loud.
Vibration dose value, or VDV	An index used to evaluate human exposure to vibration in buildings. While the PPV provides information regarding the magnitude of single vibration events, the VDV provides a measure of the total vibration experienced over a specified period of time (typically 16h daytime and 8h night-time). It takes into account the magnitude, the number and the duration of vibration events and can be used to quantify exposure to continuous, impulsive, occasional and intermittent vibration. The vibration dose value is measured in m/s ^{1.75} .

1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 HS2 is required to undertake noise (and vibration) monitoring as necessary to comply with the requirements of the High Speed Rail (London-West Midlands) Environmental Minimum Requirements, including specifically Annex 1: Code of Construction Practice, in addition to any monitoring requirements arising from conditions imposed through consents under Section 61 of the Control of Pollution Act, 1974 or through Undertakings & Assurances given to third parties. Such monitoring may be undertaken for the following purposes:
 - monitoring the impact of construction works;
 - to investigate complaints, incidents and exceedance of trigger levels; or
 - monitoring the effectiveness of noise and vibration control measures.
- 1.1.2 Monitoring data and interpretive reports are to be provided to each relevant local authority on a monthly basis and shall include a summary of the construction activities occurring, the data recorded over the monitoring period, any complaints received, any periods in exceedance of agreed trigger levels, the results of any investigations and any actions taken or mitigation measures implemented. This report provides vibration data, and interpretation thereof, for monitoring carried out by HS2 within Birmingham City for the period 1st to 31st March 2022.
- 1.1.3 Construction sites in the local authority area where monitoring was undertaken during this period include:
 - Curzon Street worksite ref.: CS (see plan 1 in Appendix A) where work activities included:
 - material deliveries and storage;
 - movement of concrete barriers;
 - wheel wash operation and maintenance;
 - piling works for ground investigations;
 - removal of piling equipment;
 - general maintenance works on the platform area (including excavations and backfilling) and stockpiling;
 - excavation and reinstatement of piling platform;
 - water treatment plant maintenance works;
 - concrete pours;

- unexploded ordinance surveys;
- installation of barriers and concrete blocks;
- breakout works of student accommodation foundations;
- stockpiling and removal of arisings; and
- ground investigations
- Twisted Oak Stables worksite, ref.: TOS (see plan 3 in Appendix A) where work activities included:
 - pouring of filter press bays;
 - installation of sewage treatment plant and conveyors; and
 - installation of ducting and ditches.
- Washwood Heath Depot worksite, ref.: WWHD (see plan 2 in Appendix A) where work activities included:
 - stockpiling;
 - earthworks;
 - piling works;
 - concrete breakout works and crushing;
 - removal of obstructions and piling works; and
 - guide and diaphragm wall works.
- SAS13 Bridge Replacement worksite, ref.: SAS13 (see plan 3 in Appendix A) where work activities included:
 - ongoing construction of abutment, including steel fixing, construction of shuttering and laying of aggregates;
 - laying aggregate; and
 - installation of the bridge deck, including steel fixing, shuttering, installation of waterproofing and drainage works.
- 1.1.4 Further work where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at the following locations:

- Erskine Street (water utility works);
- Curzon Street (power utility works); and
- Duddlestone Mill (water utility works).
- 1.1.5 The applicable standards, guidance, and monitoring methodology is outlined in the construction noise and vibration monitoring methodology report which can be found at the following location <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/monitoring-the-environmental-effects-of-hs2</u>. Noise and vibration monitoring reports for previous months can also be found at this location.

1.2 Measurement Locations

- 1.2.1 Six (6) noise and three (3) vibration monitoring installations were active in March in the Birmingham City area. Table 2 summarises the position of noise and vibration monitoring installations within the Birmingham City area in March 2022.
- 1.2.2 Maps showing the position of noise and vibration monitoring installations are presented in Appendix B.

Worksite Reference	Measurement Reference	Address		
Curzon Street (CS)	CS-N1	Curzon Street, Birmingham		
Twisted Oak	TOS-N1	B4118-Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham		
Stables (TOS)	TOS-V1	B4118-Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham		
Washwood Heath	WWHD-N1	Drews Lane, Birmingham		
Depot (WWHD)	WWHD-V1	Drews Lane, Birmingham		
	WWHD-N2	Common Lane, Birmingham		
	WWHD-V2	Common Lane, Birmingham		
SAS13 Bridge	SAS13-N1 (East)	Taroni Avenue, off Aston Church Road, Birmingham		
Replacement (SAS13)	SAS13-N2 (West)	Heartlands Parkway, Nechells, Birmingham		

Table 2: Monitoring Locations

2 Summary of Results

2.1 Summary of Measured Noise and Vibration Levels

2.1.1 Table 3 presents a summary of the measured noise levels at each monitoring location over the reporting period. The L_{Aeq,T} is presented for each of the relevant time periods averaged over the calendar month, along with the highest single period L_{Aeq,T} that was found to occur within the month.

Table 3: Summary of Measured dB LAeq Data over the Monitoring Period

Worksite Reference	Measurement Reference	Site Address	Free-field or Façade measurement			ay Avera est day	P		Saturday Average L _{Aeq,T} (highest day L _{Aeq,T})			Sunday / Public Holiday Average L _{Aeq,T} (highest day L _{Aeq,T})			
				0700 - 0800	0800 - 1800	1800 - 1900	1900 - 2200	2200 - 0700	0700 - 0800	0800 - 1300	1300 - 1400	1400 - 2200	2200 - 0700	0700 - 2200	2200 - 0700
CS	CS-N1	Curzon	Free-field	65.5	67.5	66.2	64.3	61.0	61.9	63.8	65.1	65.2	61.5	63.4	60.2
		Street		(67.9)	(70.3)	(68.2)	(68.7)	(69.0)	(62.8)	(64.4)	(65.6)	(68.1)	(65.6)	(69.7)	(63.9)
TOS	TOS-N1	B4118-	Free-field	64.2	67.2	64.5	63.0	60.7	63.0	64.6	61.9	62.7	58.4	62.5	61.1
		Birmingham Road		(68.5)	(70.9)	(70.4)	(68.7)	(69.4)	(67.9)	(69.6)	(67.4)	(69.4)	Public Horagen Averagen (highest Laeq) 2200- 0700 0700- 2200 2 61.5 63.4 1 (65.6) (69.7) 1 58.4 62.5 1 (66.8) (69.4) 1 53.0 54.4 1 52.0 51.8 1 (56.8) (56.5) 1 64.3 66.4 1 (71.9) (69.4) 1	(68.2)	
WWHD	WWHD-N1	Drews Lane,	Free-field	59.2	62.9	55.9	54.8	54.3	57.4	57.2	54.0	56.1	53.0	54.4	52.7
				(64.7)	(70.0)	(64.2)	(59.8)	(62.8)	(61.0)	(60.9)	(55.7)	(63.4)	(58.2)	(59.0)	(57.6)
	WWHD-N2	Common Free-field	55.2	56.2	52.9	52.5	53.4	54.6	53.3	51.6	53.4	52.0	51.8	51.6	
		Lane,		(60.6)	(63.7)	(62.6)	(58.7)	(61.9)	(59.0)	(58.3)	(53.1)	(57.7)	(56.8)	(56.5)	(58.0)
SAS13	SAS13-N1 (East)	Taroni	Free-field	65.4	67.3	67.2	66.8	63.4	63.3	65.9	67.6	67.1	64.3	66.4	63.1
		Avenue		(68.6)	(68.8)	(69.7)	(70.2)	(69.1)	(63.6)	(66.3)	(68.3)	(68.8)	(71.9)	(69.4)	(66.7)
	SAS13-N2 (West)) Heartlands	Free-field	59.4	63.0	59.4	58.5	56.1	58.3	57.8	58.6	58.2	56.3	57.8	57.2
		Parkway, Nechells		(64.7)	(77.7)	(62.8)	(62.5)	(63.1)	(61.8)	(60.4)	(61.8)	(62.7)	(60.6)	(highest data LAeq,T) 2200 - 0700 - 220 0700 2200 070 61.5 63.4 60.9 (65.6) (69.7) (63.9 58.4 62.5 61.9 (66.8) (69.4) (68.9 53.0 54.4 52.9 (58.2) (59.0) (57.9 52.0 51.8 51.9 (56.8) (56.5) (58.9 64.3 66.4 63.9 (71.9) (69.4) (66.9 56.3 57.8 57.8	(62.0)

2.1.2 Table 4 presents a summary of the measured vibration levels at each monitoring location over the reporting period. The highest component PPV measured during periods of works along any axis is presented in the table.

Worksite Reference	Measurement Reference	Monitor Address	Highest PPV measured in any axis, mm/s
TOS	TOS-V1	B4118-Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham	3.68 (X-axis)
WWHD	WWHD-V1	Drews Lane, Birmingham	2.93 (Z-axis)
WWHD	WWHD-V2	Common Lane, Birmingham	1.44 (Z-axis)

Table 4: Summary of Measured Component PPV Data over the Monitoring Period

2.1.3 Appendix C presents graphs of the noise and vibration monitoring data over the month for each of the measurement locations. Noise data presented consists of the hourly L_{Aeq} values and, where relevant, the L_{Aeq,T} values (where the time period T has been taken to be the averaging period as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23). Vibration data presented consist of hourly PPV values. The full data set for the monitoring equipment can be found at the following location: <u>https://data.gov.uk/dataset/24542ae7-dd44-444f-b259-871c4cc43b5e/environmental-monitoring-data</u>.

2.2 Exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL

- 2.2.1 The lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) is defined in the Planning Practice Guidance – Noise (PPG) as the level above which "noise starts to cause small changes in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. turning up volume of television; speaking more loudly; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to close windows for some of the time because of the noise. Potential for some reported sleep disturbance. Affects the acoustic character of the area such that there is a perceived change in the quality of life".
- 2.2.2 The significant observed adverse effect level (SOAEL) is defined in the 'Planning Practice Guidance – Noise' as the level above which "noise causes a material change in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. avoiding certain activities during periods of intrusion; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to keep windows closed most of the time because of the noise. Potential for sleep disturbance resulting in difficulty in getting to sleep, premature awakening and difficulty in getting back to sleep. Quality of life diminished due to change in acoustic character of the area."

- 2.2.3 HS2 Phase One Information Paper E23: Control of Construction Noise and Vibration sets out the LOAELs and SOAELs for construction noise.
- 2.2.4 Where reported construction noise levels exceed the LOAEL and SOAEL, relevant periods will be identified. Summary statistics to evaluate ongoing qualification for noise insulation and temporary rehousing are also presented where relevant.
- 2.2.5 Table 5 presents a summary of recorded exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL at each measurement location over the reporting period, including the number of exceedances during each time period.

Worksite Reference	Measurement Reference	Site Address	Day (Weekday, Saturday, Sunday, Night)	Time period	Number of exceedances of LOAEL	Number of exceedances of SOAEL
CS	CS-N1*	Curzon Street, Birmingham	All days	All periods	No exceedance	No exceedance
TOS	TOS-N1*	B4118- Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham	All days	All periods	No exceedance	No exceedance
WWHD	WWHD-N1*	Drews Lane, Birmingham	Weekdays	0800-1800	2	No exceedance
	WWHD-N2*	Common Lane, Birmingham	Weekdays	0800-1800	2	No exceedance
SAS13	SAS13-N1 (East)*	Taroni Avenue, off Aston Church Road, Birmingham	All days	All periods	No exceedance	No exceedance
	SAS13-N2 (West)*	Heartlands Parkway, Nechells, Birmingham	All days	All periods	No exceedance	No exceedance

Table 5: Summary of Exceedances of LOAEL and SOAEL

* A distance correction has been applied when calculating exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL.

2.2.6 Four exceedances of the LOAEL were recorded at the Washwood Heath Depot worksite during working core hours. No exceedance of the SOAEL were recorded due to HS2 works during March 2022.

2.3 Exceedances of Trigger Level

2.3.1 Table 6 provides a summary of exceedances of the S61 trigger vibration levels determined to be due to HS2 related construction vibration measured during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Table 6: Summary	/ of Exceedances	of Trigger Levels

Complaint Reference Number (if applicable)	Worksite Reference	Date and Time Period	Identified Source	Results of Investigation (including noise monitoring results)	Actions Taken
-	-	-	-	-	-

2.4 Complaints

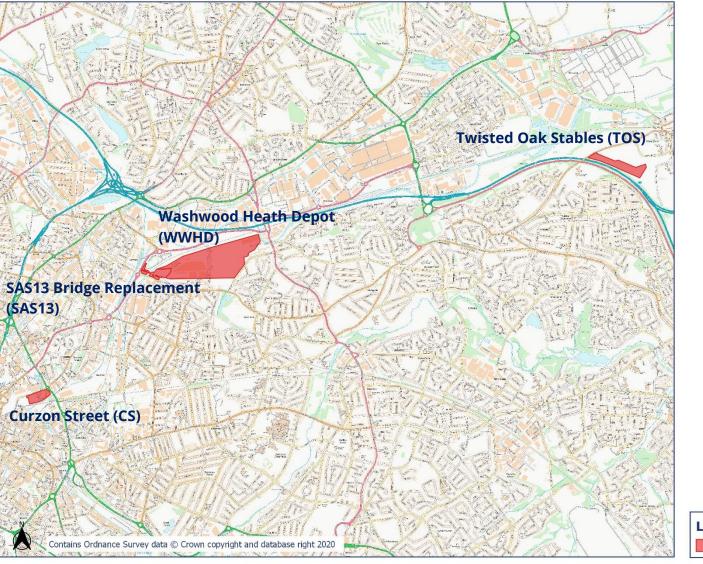
2.4.1 Table 7 provides a summary of complaint information related to noise and vibration received during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

Table 7: Summary of Complaints

Complaint Reference Number	Worksite Reference	Description of Complaint	Results of Investigation	Actions Taken
HS2-22-43421-C	SAS13	Complaint about a single loud bang that shook the stakeholder's property.	The investigation showed that it was an accidental gas canister explosion at nearby scrapyard and was not HS2 related.	The complainant was informed about the outcome of investigation.

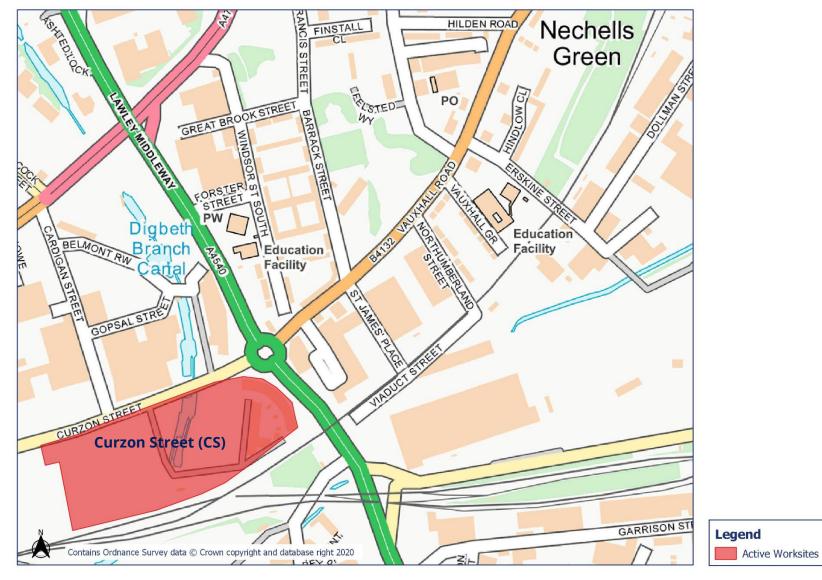
Appendix A Site Locations

HS2 Worksite Identification Plan - Overview



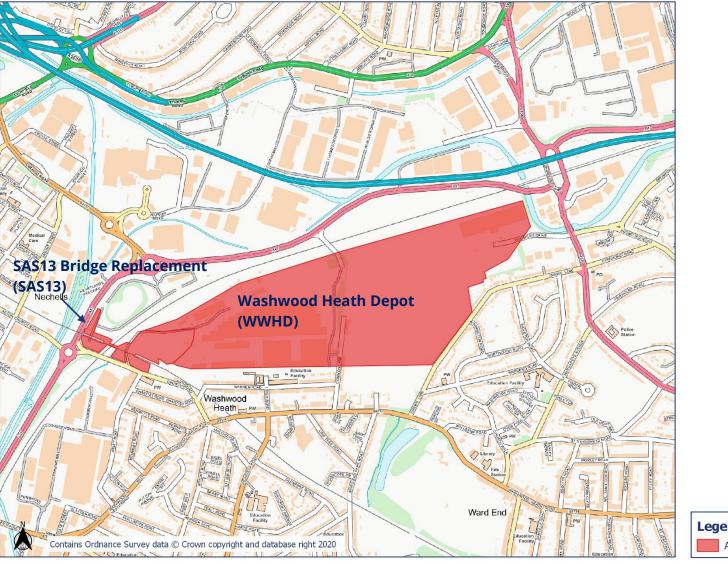


HS2 Worksite Identification Plan - 1



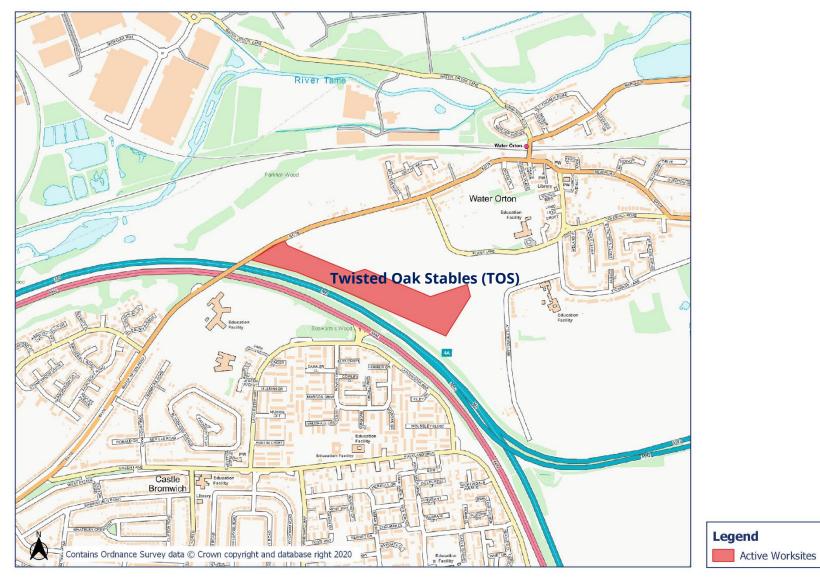


HS2 Worksite Identification Plan - 2



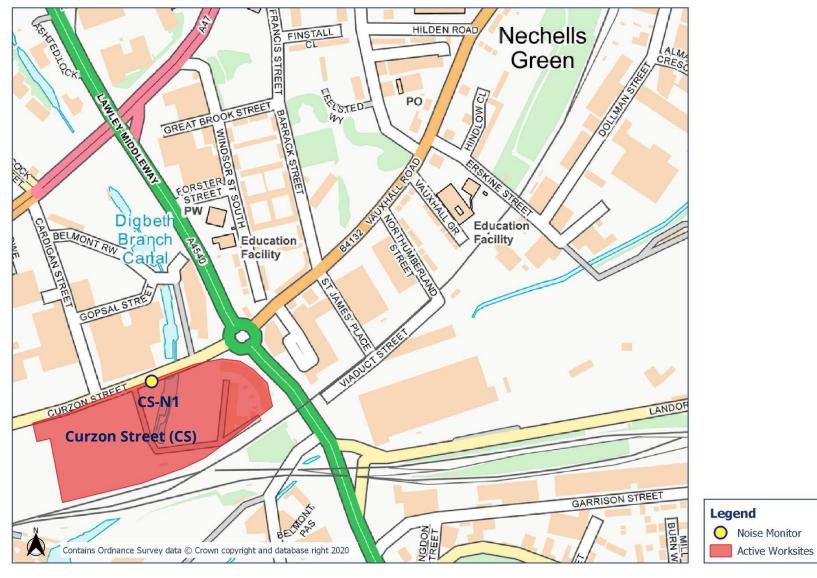


HS2 Worksite Identification Plan - 3

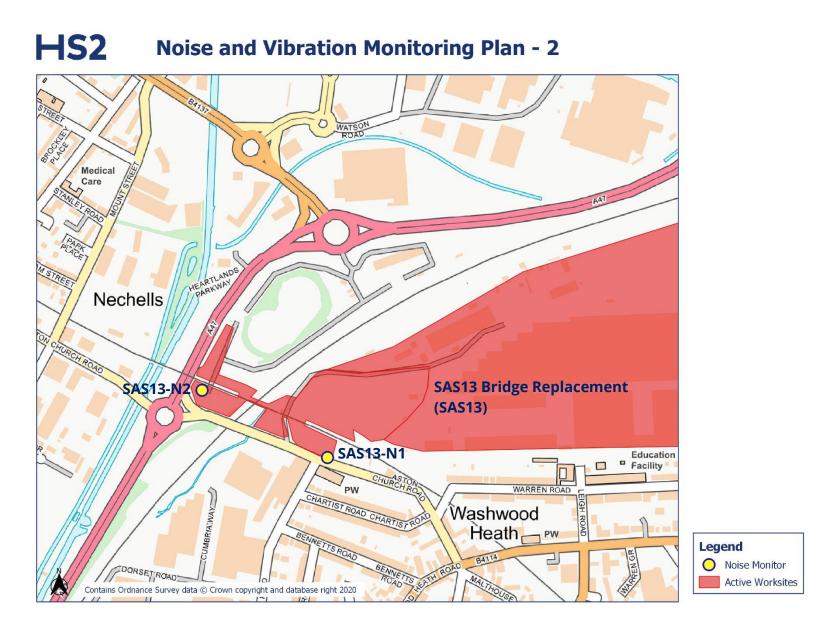


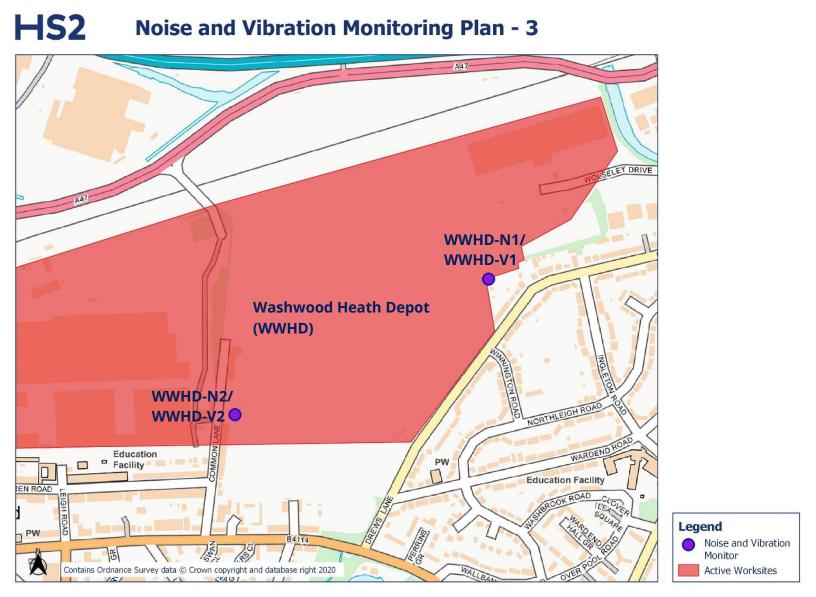
Appendix B Monitoring Locations

HS2 Noise and Vibration Monitoring Plan - 1



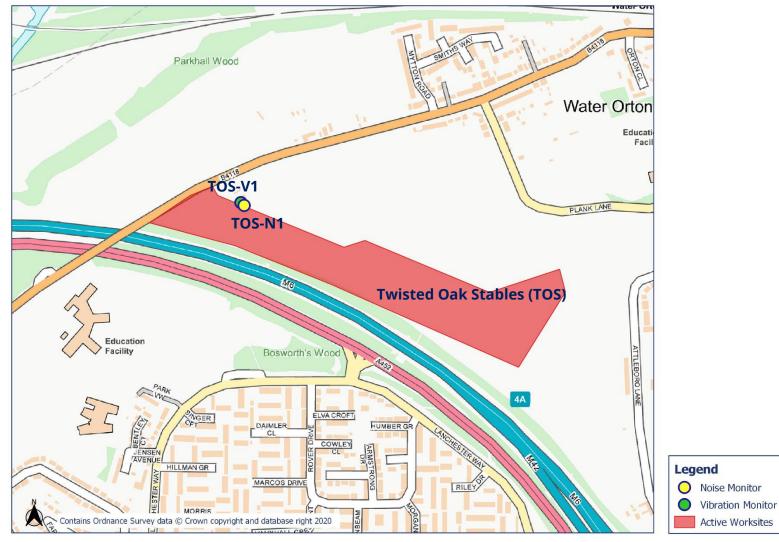






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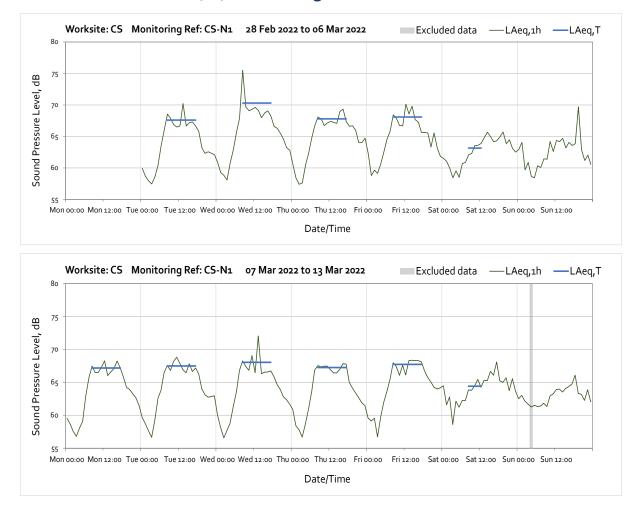


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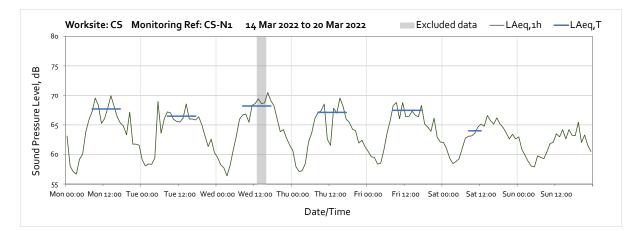
Appendix C Data

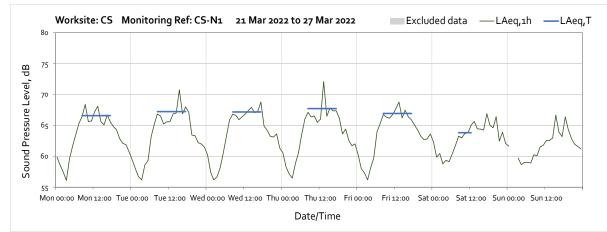
Noise

The following graphs show the hourly measured ambient noise level $L_{Aeq,1h}$ and, where relevant, the averaged noise level $L_{Aeq,T}$ values, where the time period T is as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23. Periods with adversely weather affected noise levels are greyed out and have been excluded from the calculation of the $L_{Aeq,T}$ values in Table 3 of the main report.



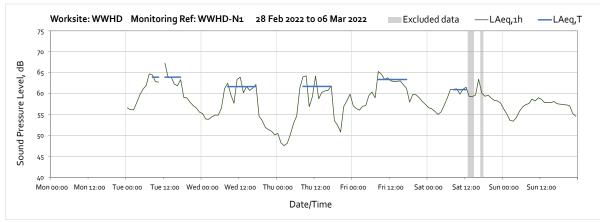
Worksite: Curzon Street (CS) – Monitoring Ref: CS-N1





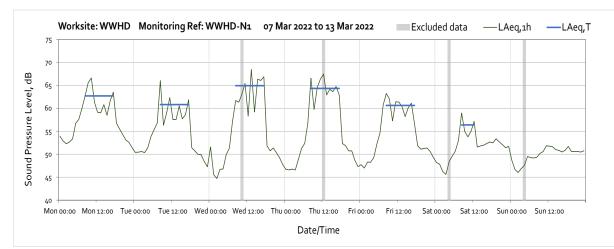
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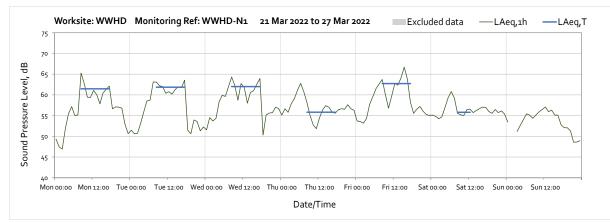


Worksite: Washwood Heath Depot (WWHD) - Monitoring Ref: WWHD-N1

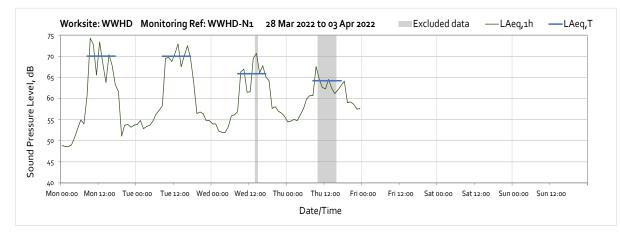
Note: Missing data at 11:00 on Tuesday 1st March 2022 were due to the monitoring equipment being moved.



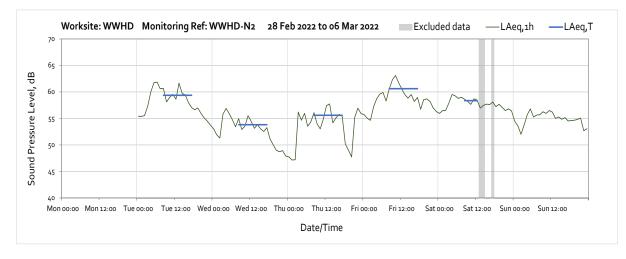


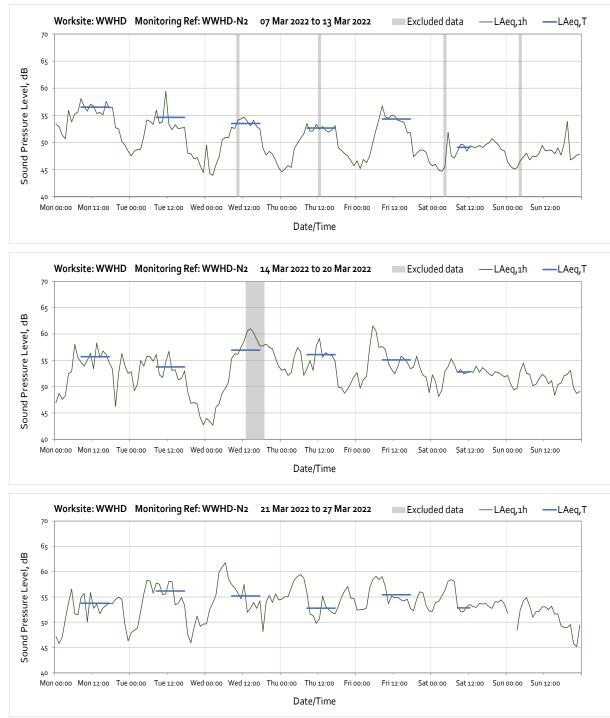


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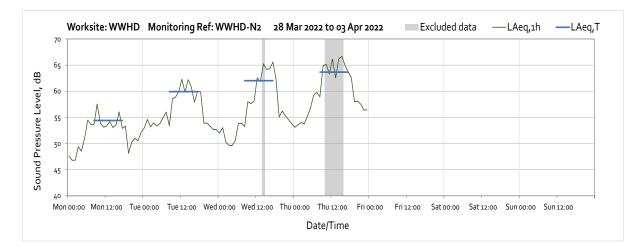


Worksite: Washwood Heath Depot (WWHD) – Monitoring Ref: WWHD-N2

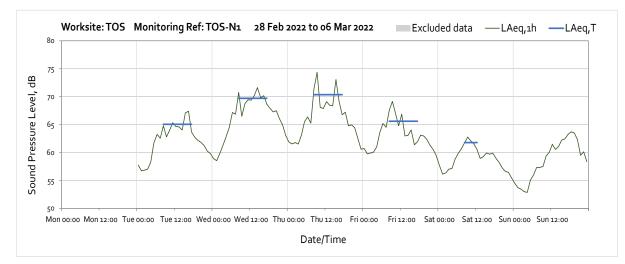


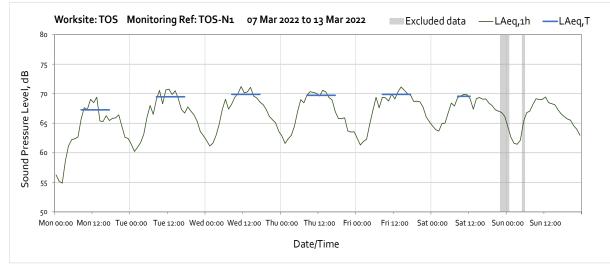


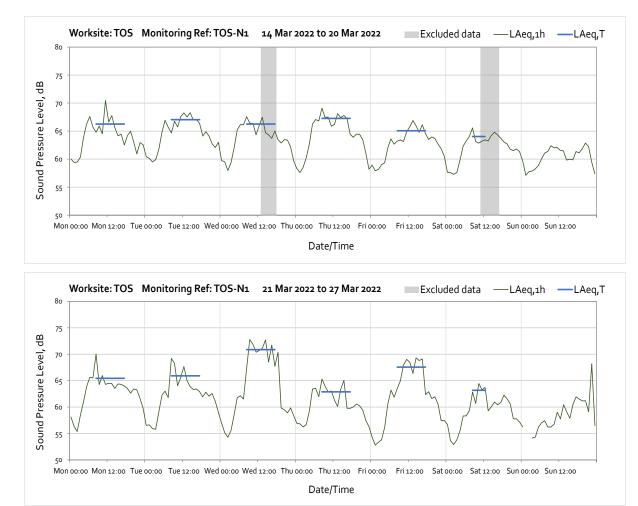
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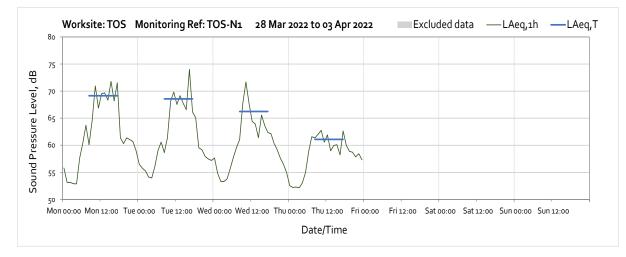


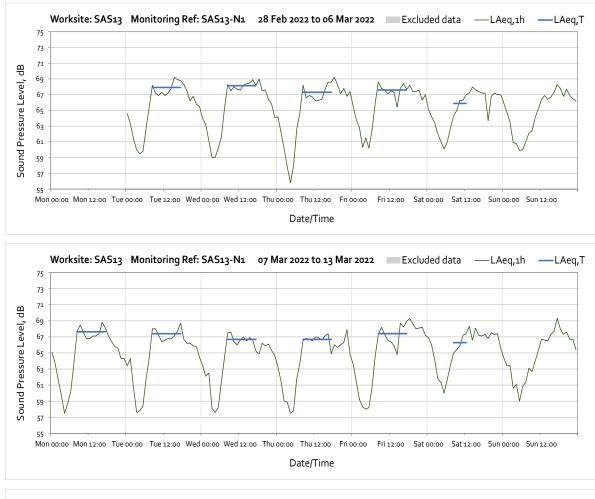




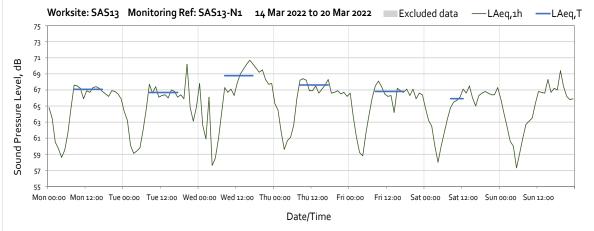


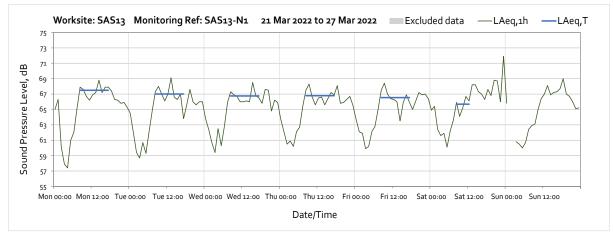
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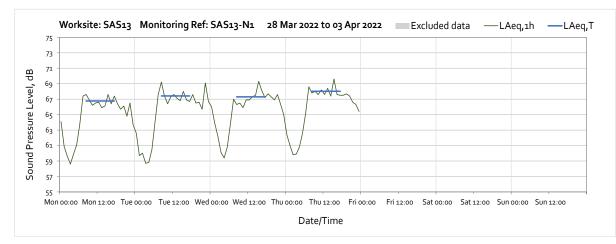


Worksite: SAS13 Bridge Replacement (SAS13) – Monitoring Ref: SAS13-N1

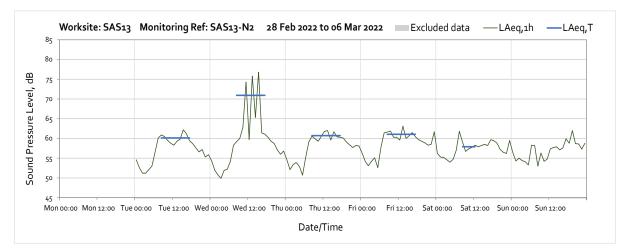


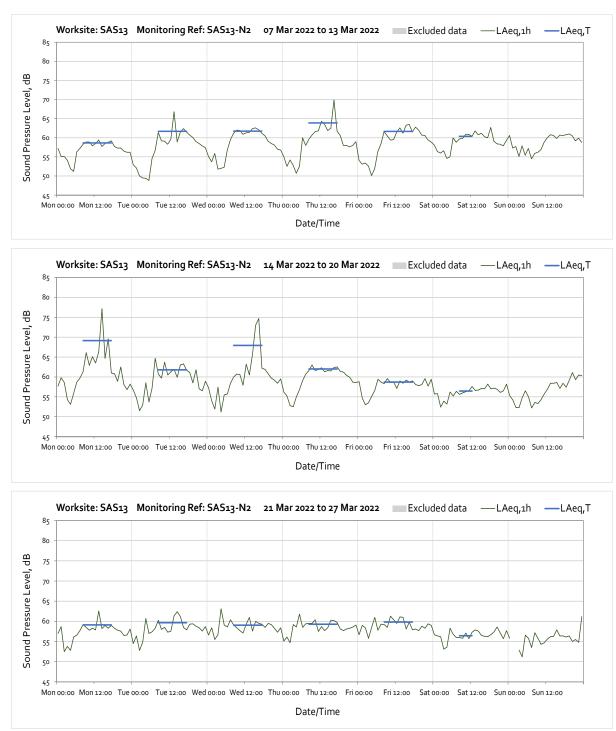


Note: Missing data in between 01:00 and 02:00 on Sunday 27th March was due to the clocks going forward at the start of British Summer Time.

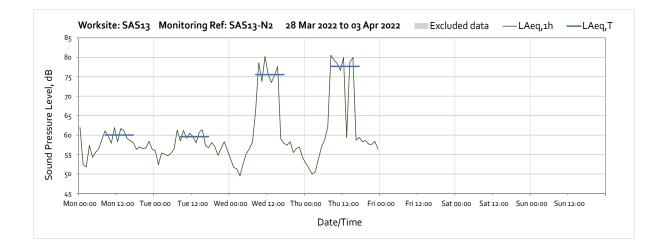


Worksite: SAS13 Bridge Replacement (SAS13) - Monitoring Ref: SAS13-N2



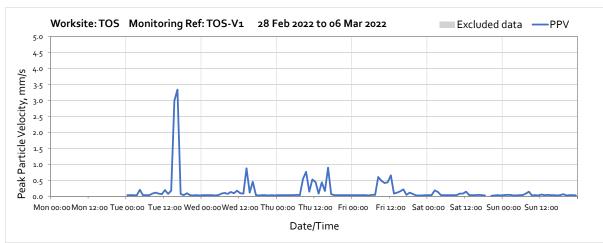


Note: Missing data in between 01:00 and 02:00 on Sunday 27th March was due to the clocks going forward at the start of British Summer Time.



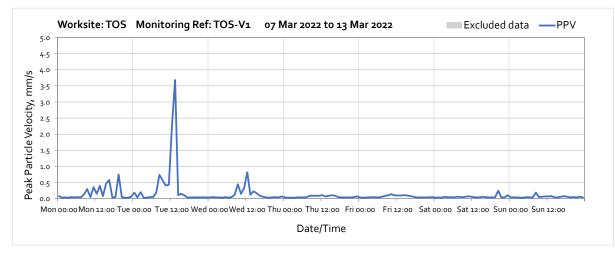
Vibration

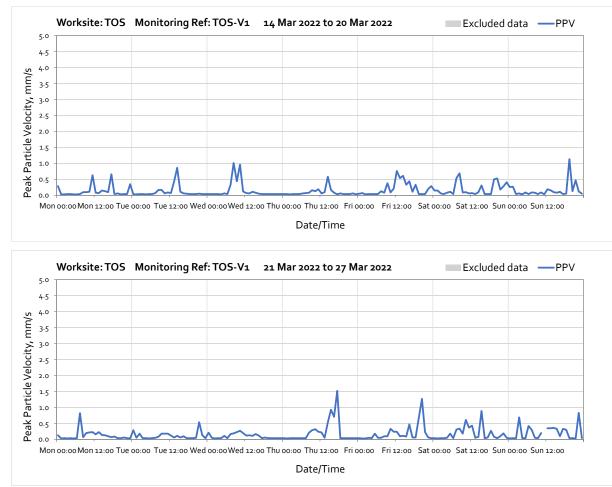
The following graphs show the hourly measured peak particle velocity PPV recorded during the monitoring period. The graphs show the highest PPV of the three orthogonal axis x, y and z. Where high values of PPV were caused by local interference with the vibration monitor, which are not representative of HS2 construction works, these values have been greyed out in the following charts and have been excluded to calculate values in Table 4 of the main report.



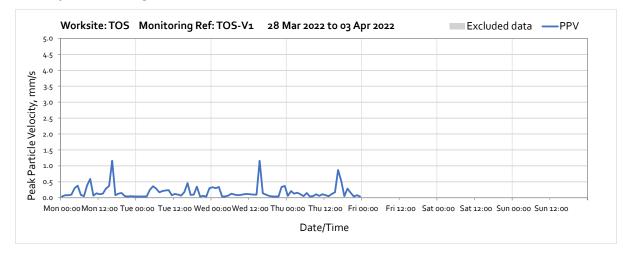
Worksite: Twisted Oak Stables (TOS) – Monitoring Ref: TOS-V1

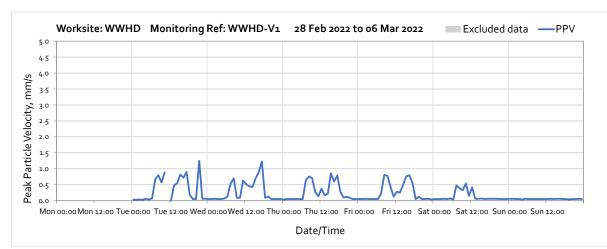
Note: Missing data at 19:00 on Saturday 5th March 2022 were due to a monitoring system error is currently under investigation.





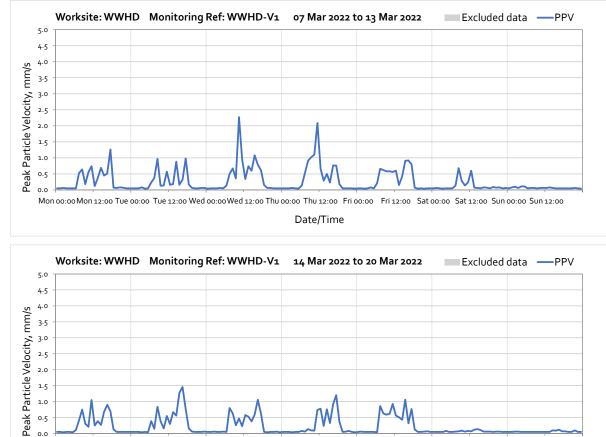
Note: Missing data at 11:00 on Sunday 27th March 2022 were due a monitoring system error and is currently under investigation.



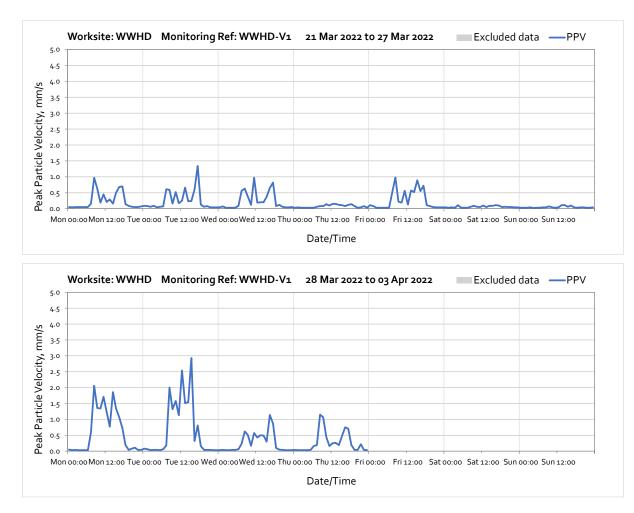


Worksite: Washwood Heath Depot (WWHD) – Monitoring Ref: WWHD-V1

Note: Missing data at 11:00 on Tuesday 1st March 2022 were due to a monitoring equipment being moved.



0.0 Mon 00:00 Mon 12:00 Tue 00:00 Tue 12:00 Wed 00:00 Wed 12:00 Thu 00:00 Thu 12:00 Fri 00:00 Fri 12:00 Sat 00:00 Sat 12:00 Sun 00:00 Sun 12:00 Date/Time



Worksite: Washwood Heath Depot (WWHD) – Monitoring Ref: WWHD-V2

