

Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin (England) 2022 Week 10

Key messages

Data reported to: 13 March 2022

During week 10, NHS 111 calls and online assessments for cold/flu, cough, sore throat and 'potential COVID-19' increased nationally. 'Potential COVID-19' calls and assessments are increasing across all age groups, and across most regions of England. Increases in calls for cold/flu and sore throat were particularly noted in the 65+ years age group. NHS 111 calls and assessments for vomiting continued to increase, particularly in children aged under 15.

Syndromic indicators at a glance

Table 1: The current trend (based on previous weeks, not only the current week) and the level (compared to the expected baseline), of each indicator included in this bulletin.

Indicator	Trend ¹	Level
Total NHS 111 calls (Figure 1)	No trend	No baseline
Total NHS 111 online (Figure 2)	Increasing	No baseline
Cold/flu NHS 111 calls (Figure 3)	Increasing	Above baseline
Cold/flu NHS 111 online (Figure 4)	Increasing	Below baseline
Fever NHS 111 calls (Figure 5)	Increasing	Below baseline
Fever NHS 111 online (Figure 6)	Increasing	Below baseline
Cough NHS 111 calls (Figure 7)	Increasing	Below baseline
Cough NHS 111 online (Figure 8)	Increasing	Above baseline
Difficulty breathing NHS 111 calls (Figure 9)	Increasing	Similar to baseline
Difficulty breathing NHS 111 online (Figure 10)	Increasing	Below baseline
Sore throat NHS 111 calls (Figure 11)	Increasing	Above baseline
Sore throat NHS 111 online (Figure 12)	Increasing	Above baseline
Loss of taste or smell NHS 111 calls (Figure 13)	Increasing	No baseline
Loss of taste or smell NHS 111 online (Figure 14)	Increasing	No baseline
Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 calls (Figure 15)	Increasing	No baseline
Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 online (Figure 16)	Increasing	No baseline
Diarrhoea NHS 111 calls (Figure 17)	No trend	Similar to baseline
Diarrhoea NHS 111 online (Figure 18)	Increasing	Above baseline
Vomiting NHS 111 calls (Figure 19)	Increasing	Above baseline
Vomiting NHS 111 online (Figure 20)	Increasing	Above baseline
Eye problems NHS 111 calls (Figure 21)	Decreasing	Below baseline
Eye problems NHS 111 online (Figure 22)	Increasing	Above baseline

¹ trend reports on the trend seen over most recent and earlier weeks

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About this syndromic surveillance system

This bulletin presents data from the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) remote health advice syndromic surveillance system.

Syndromic surveillance can be used to:

- assess current trends
- assess current trends and levels compared to historical baselines
- compare trends between age groups/areas

Syndromic surveillance should not be used to:

- estimate total burden or number of 'cases' of a condition (see Notes and caveats)
- compare levels between age groups/areas

Fully anonymised, daily NHS 111 call and NHS 111 online assessment data are analysed and reported here, to identify and describe trends for a variety of syndromic indicators:

- syndromic indicators include groupings such as cold/flu, fever and diarrhoea
- syndromic indicators are based on:
 - symptoms (known as the Pathway) identified from both NHS 111 calls and NHS 111 online assessments
 - the potential COVID-19 syndromic indicator is based on the outcome (known as the Disposition), rather than the Pathway
- **Key messages** describes any notable trends nationally (England), by age group and/or by geographical area (based on UKHSA Regions)
- the full list of syndromic indicators reported here, along with their current level and trend, are summarised in **Table 1**
- charts are provided for each syndromic indicator,on a national basis, by age group and by geographical area (UKHSA Region). Each chart includes a year of data with:
 - 7-day moving averages (adjusted for weekends and bank holidays) to aid in the identification of trend
 - statistical baselines (where available) to aid in the assessment of level compared to historical expectations

For further information please see the Notes and caveats section.

Previous weekly bulletins from this system are available here.

Data quality issues of note this week

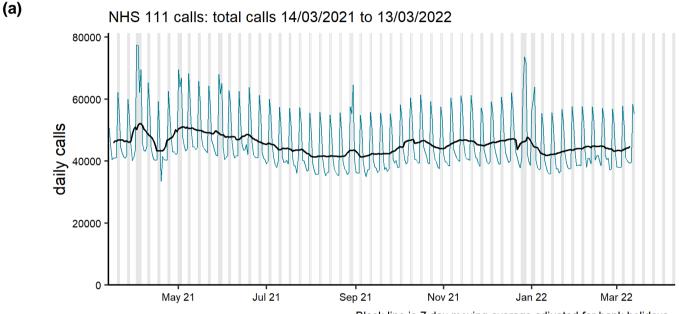
Since September 2020, call numbers in the syndromic dataset received for the North West have been lower than previously recorded, this is due to operational changes in this location.

Total contacts

NHS 111 calls

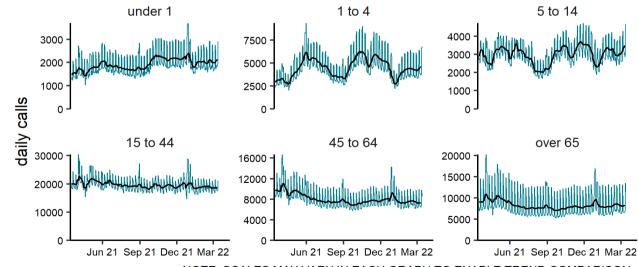
(b)

Figure 1: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (with 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) recorded in this syndromic surveillance system in England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

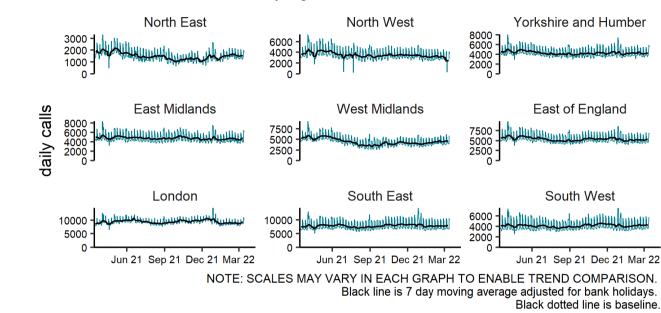


Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

NHS 111 calls: total calls by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. (C)



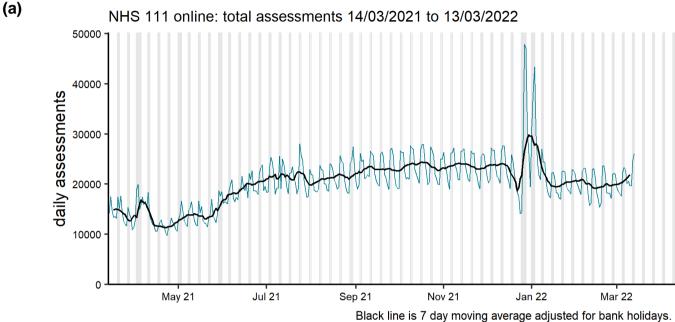
NHS 111 calls: total calls by region 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022

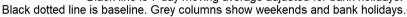
Table 2: The number of NHS 111 calls in England recorded each day in the most recent week.

Date	Number of calls
07 March 2022	40,962
08 March 2022	40,080
09 March 2022	39,452
10 March 2022	39,150
11 March 2022	39,507
12 March 2022	58,146
13 March 2022	55,098

NHS 111 online

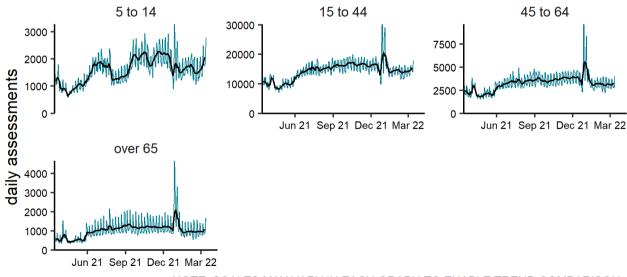
Figure 2: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (with 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) recorded in this syndromic surveillance system in England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.







NHS 111 online: total assessments by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



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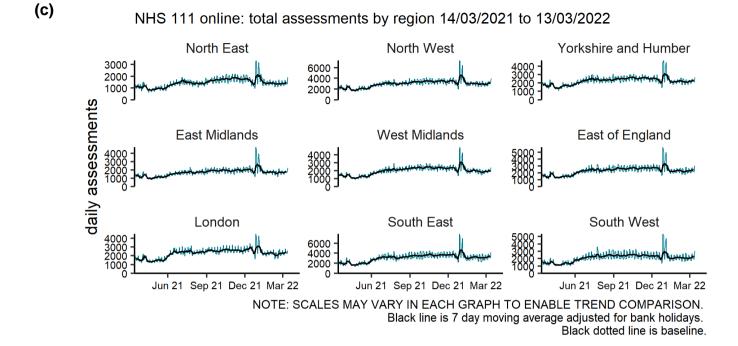


Table 3: The number of completed NHS 111 online assessments in England recorded each day in the most recent week.

Date	Number of completed assessments
07 March 2022	21,655
08 March 2022	18,955
09 March 2022	18,274
10 March 2022	17,895
11 March 2022	17,348
12 March 2022	22,161
13 March 2022	23,132

Respiratory conditions

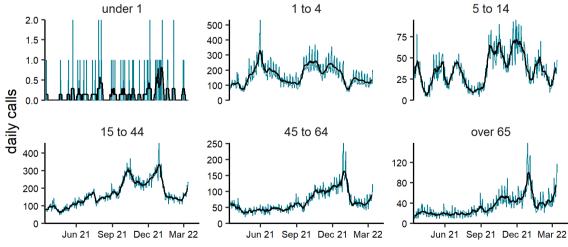
Cold/flu NHS 111 calls

Figure 3: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for cold/flu, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

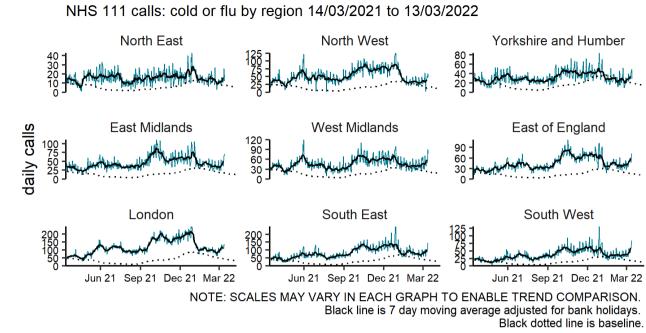
(a) NHS 111 calls: cold or flu 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022 1000 daily calls 750 500 250 0 May 21 Jul 21 Sep 21 Nov 21 Jan 22 Mar 22 Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

(b)

NHS 111 calls: cold or flu by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022

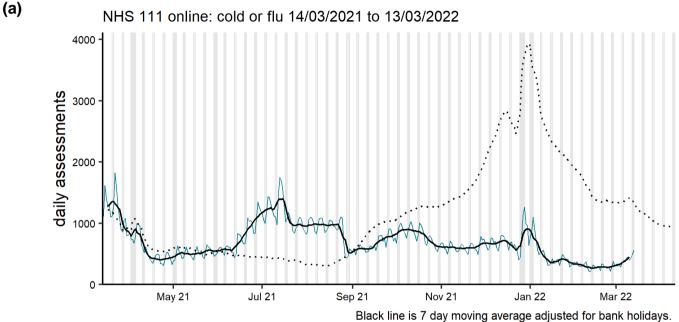


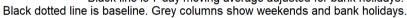
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Cold/flu NHS 111 online

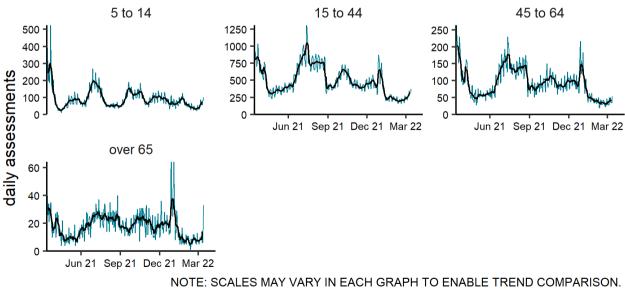
Figure 4: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for cold/flu, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



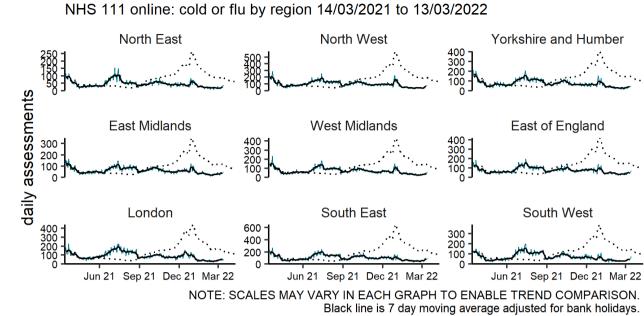




NHS 111 online: cold or flu by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



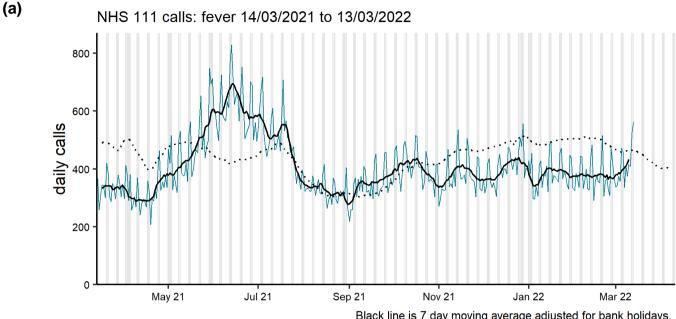
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



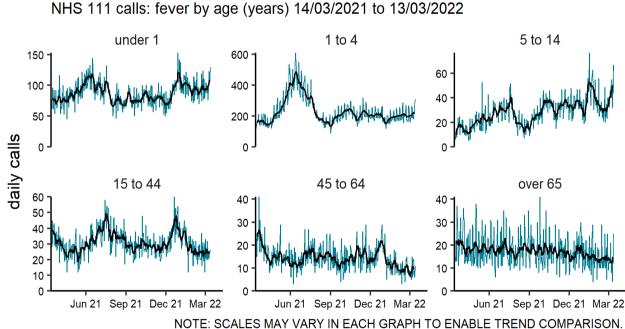
Black dotted line is baseline.

Fever NHS 111 calls

Figure 5: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for fever, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

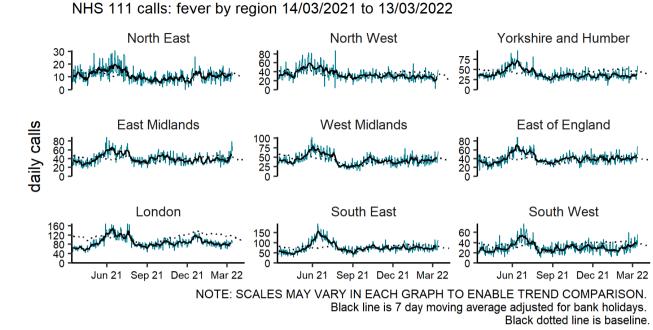


Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



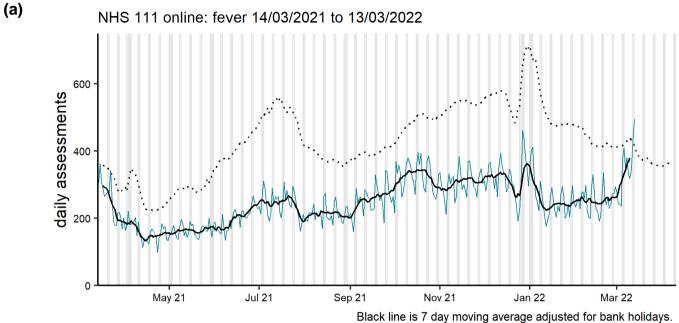
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

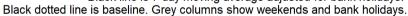
(b)



Fever NHS 111 online

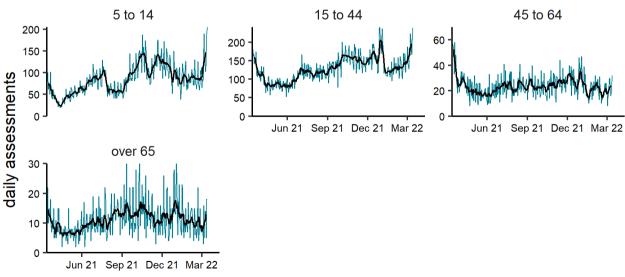
Figure 6: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for fever, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



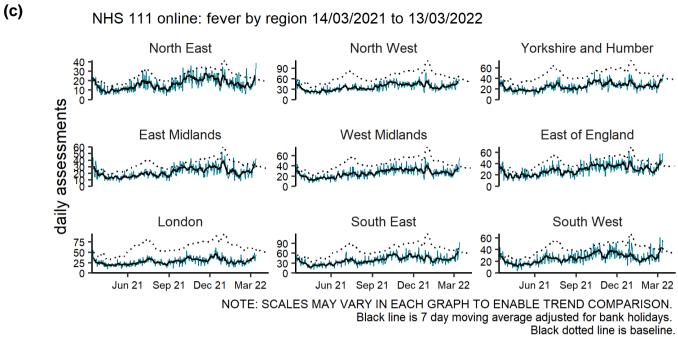




NHS 111 online: fever by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



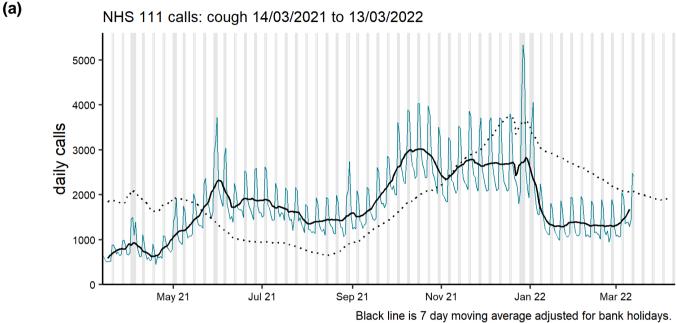
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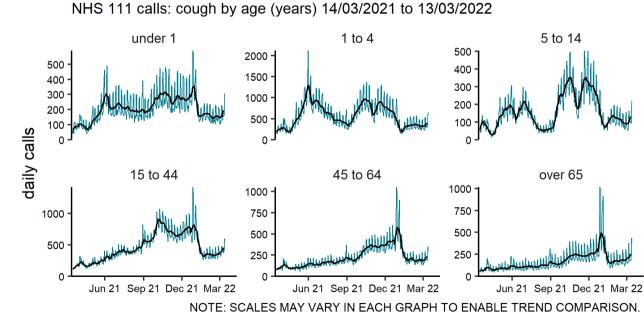
Cough NHS 111 calls

(b)

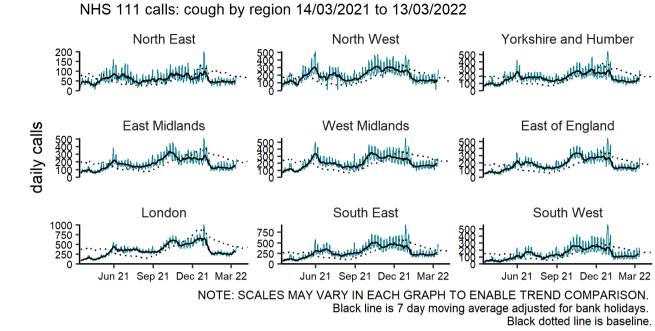
Figure 7: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for cough, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

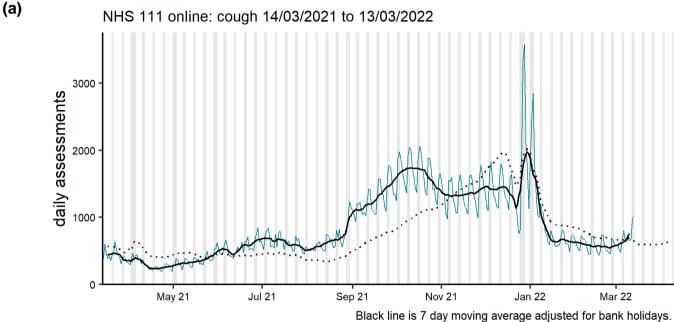


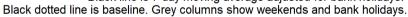
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



Cough NHS 111 online

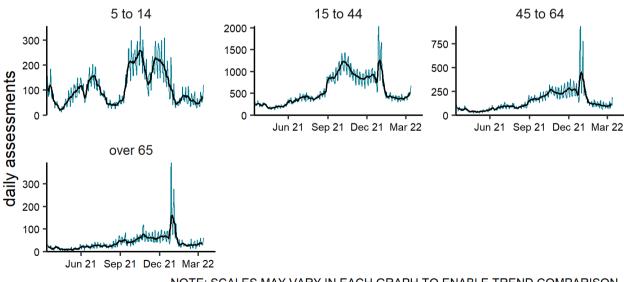
Figure 8: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for cough, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



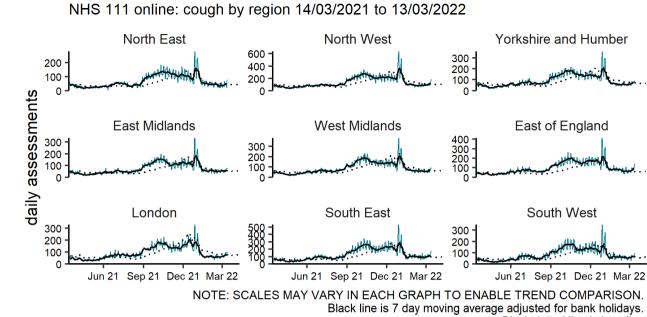


(b)

NHS 111 online: cough by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



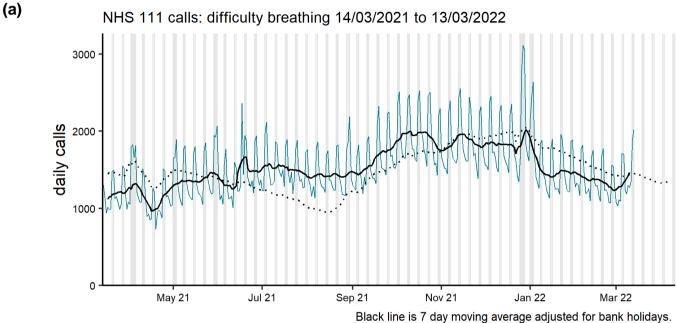
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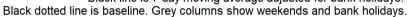


Black dotted line is baseline.

Difficulty breathing NHS 111 calls

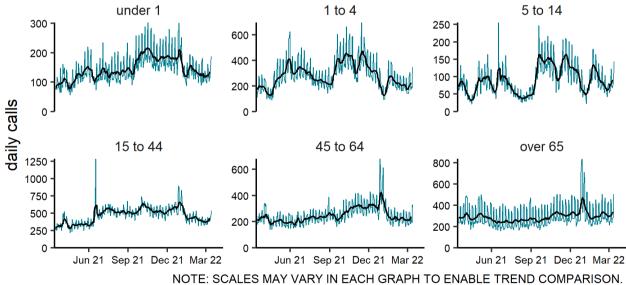
Figure 9: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for difficulty breathing, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



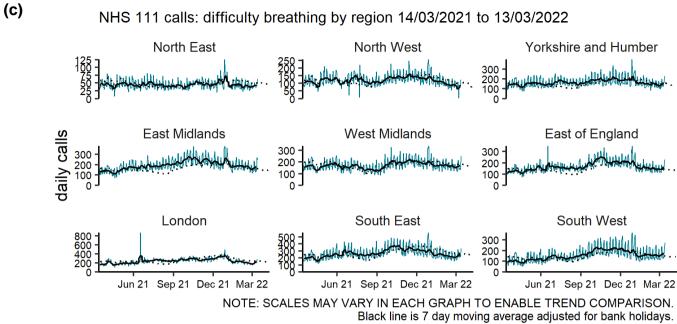




NHS 111 calls: difficulty breathing by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



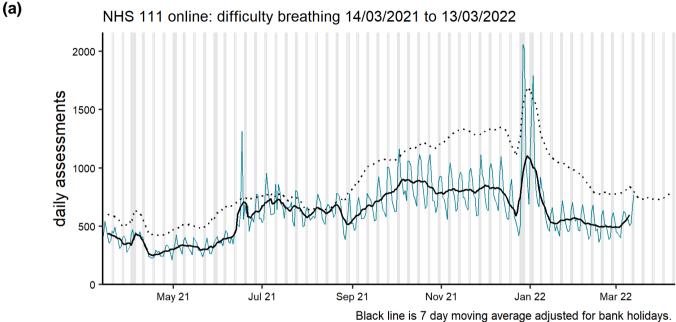
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

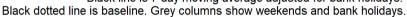


Black dotted line is baseline.

Difficulty breathing NHS 111 online

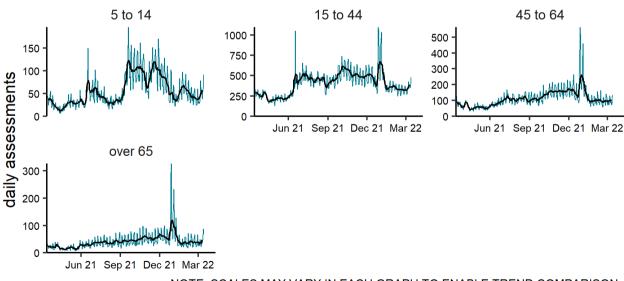
Figure 10: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for difficulty breathing, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



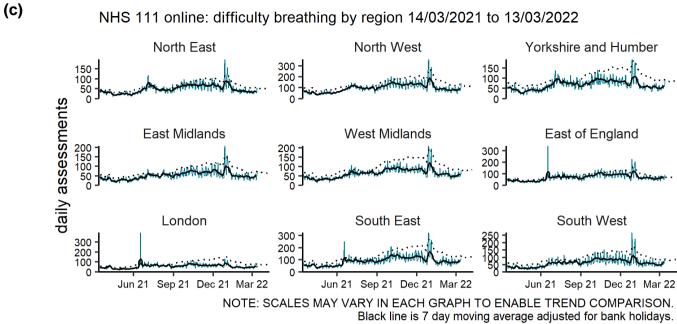




NHS 111 online: difficulty breathing by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



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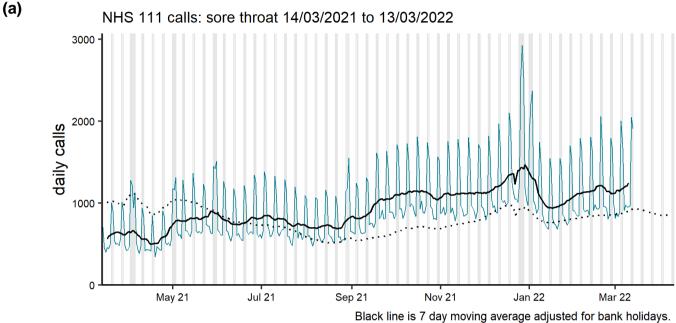


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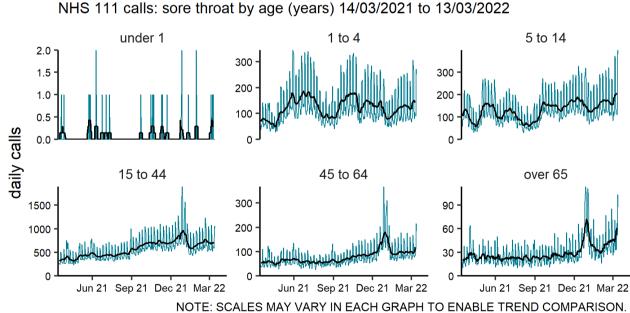
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Sore throat NHS 111 calls

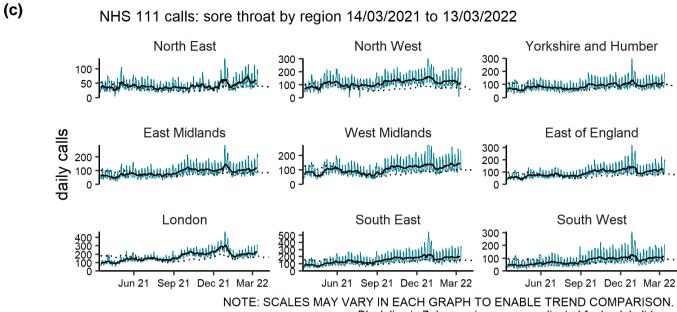
Figure 11: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for sore throat, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

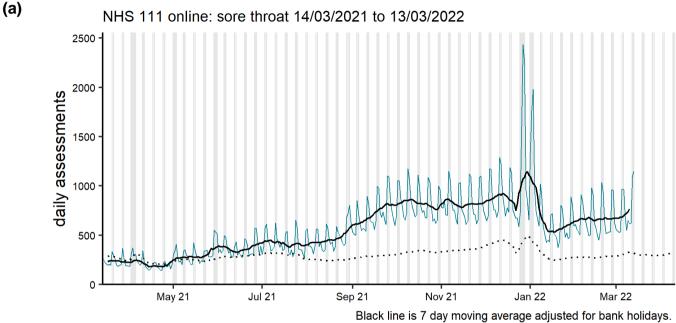


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Sore throat NHS 111 online

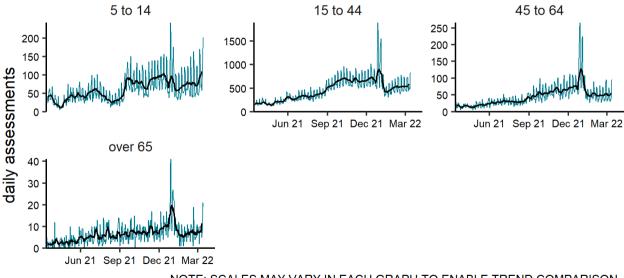
Figure 12: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for sore throat, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



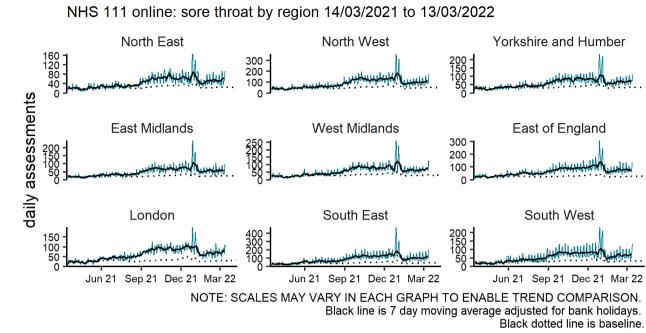


(b)

NHS 111 online: sore throat by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022

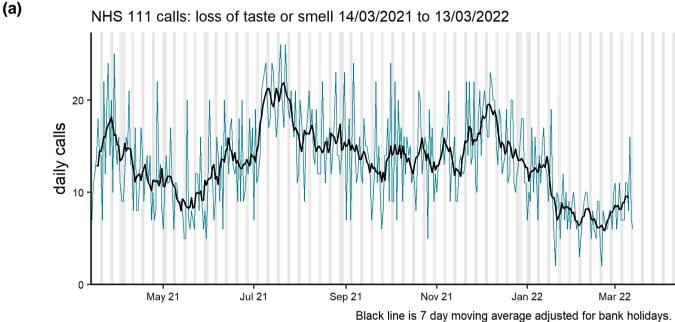


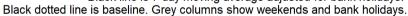
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Loss of taste or smell NHS 111 calls

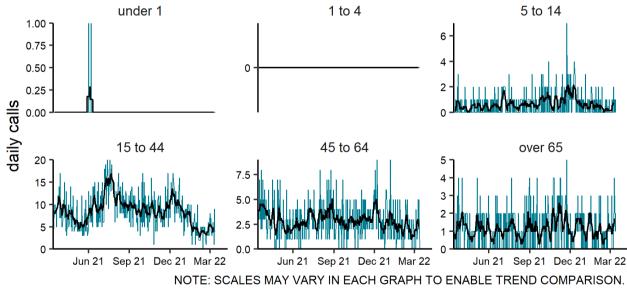
Figure 13: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for loss of taste or smell, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



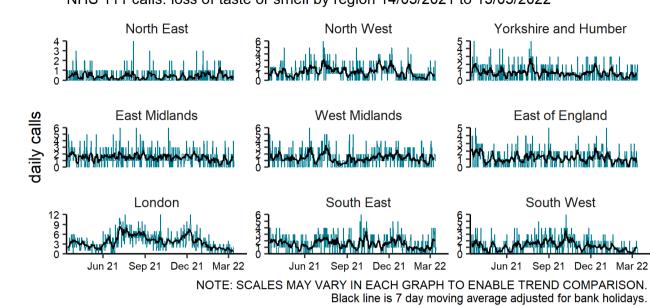




NHS 111 calls: loss of taste or smell by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

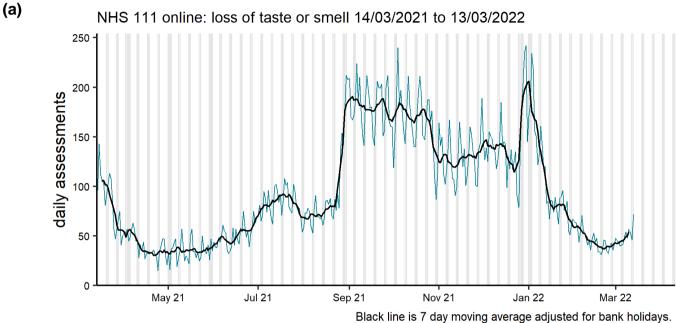


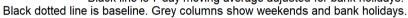
Black dotted line is baseline.

NHS 111 calls: loss of taste or smell by region 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022

Loss of taste or smell NHS 111 online

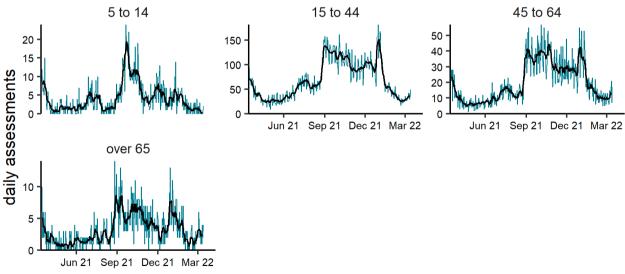
Figure 14: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for loss of taste or smell, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



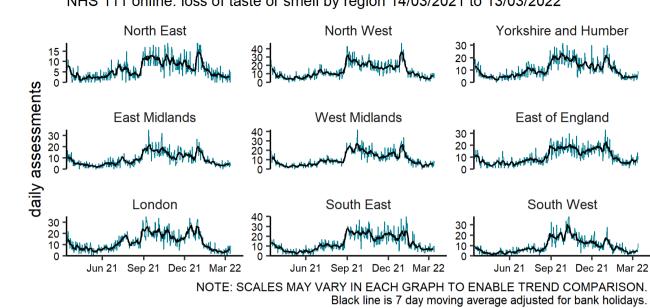


(b)

NHS 111 online: loss of taste or smell by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



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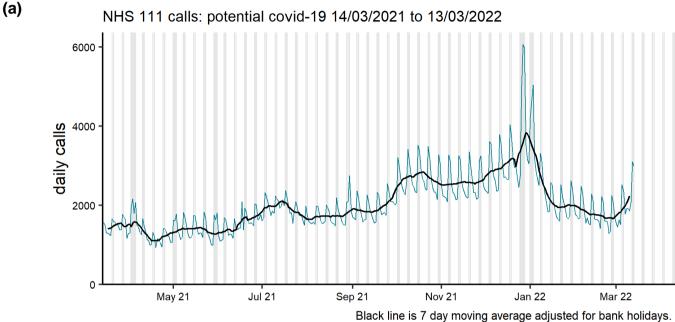


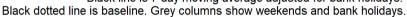
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NHS 111 online: loss of taste or smell by region 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022

Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 calls

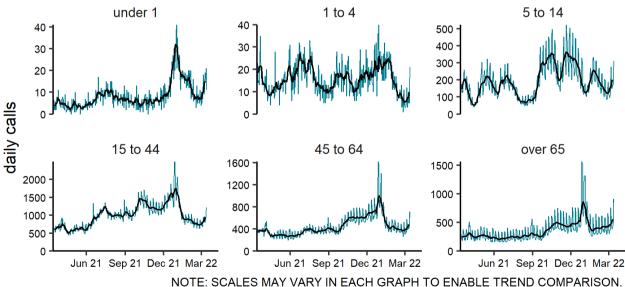
Figure 15: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for potential COVID-19, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



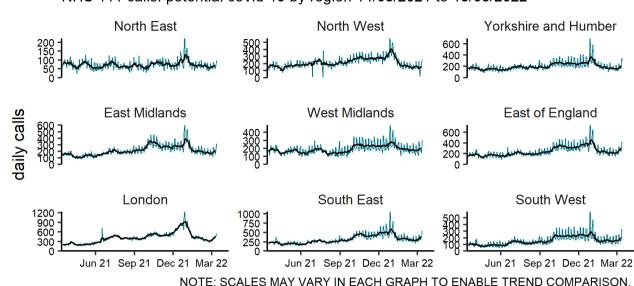


(b)

NHS 111 calls: potential covid-19 by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

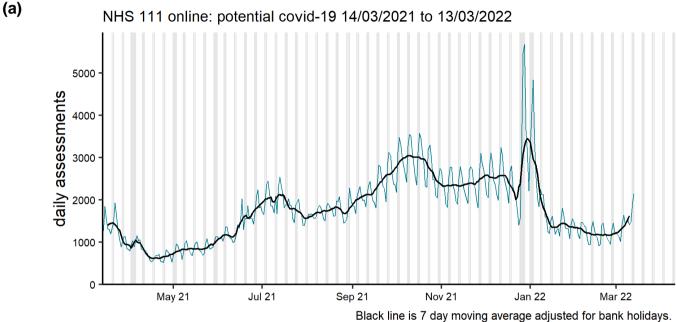


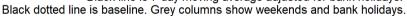
NHS 111 calls: potential covid-19 by region 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022

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Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 online

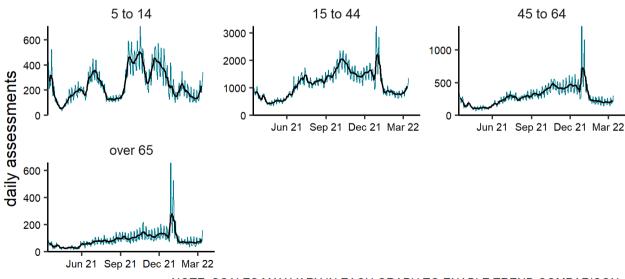
Figure 16: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for potential COVID-19, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.





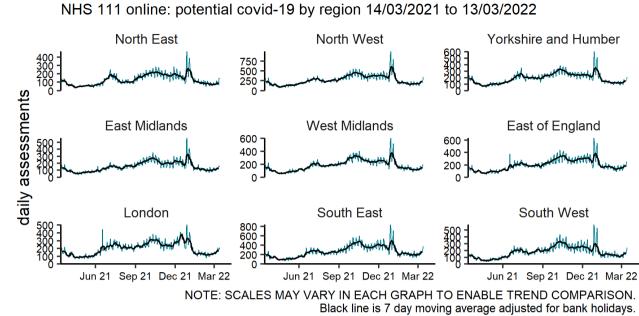
(b)

NHS 111 online: potential covid-19 by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



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(c)

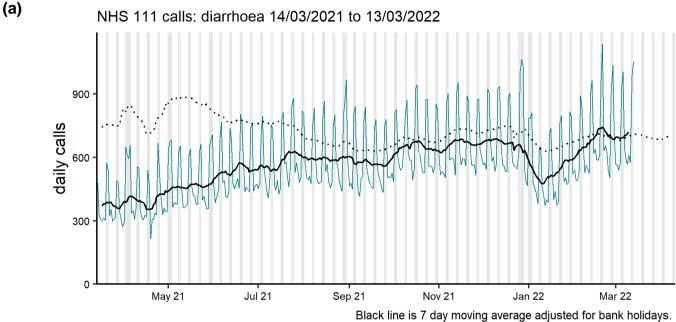


Black dotted line is baseline.

Gastrointestinal conditions

Diarrhoea NHS 111 calls

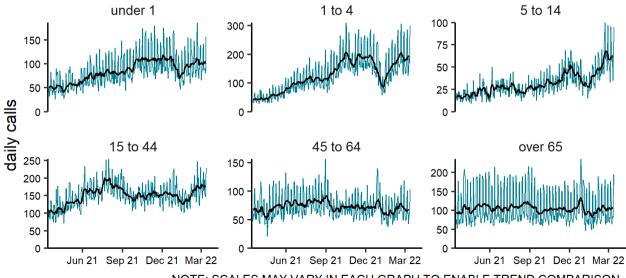
Figure 17: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for diarrhoea, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



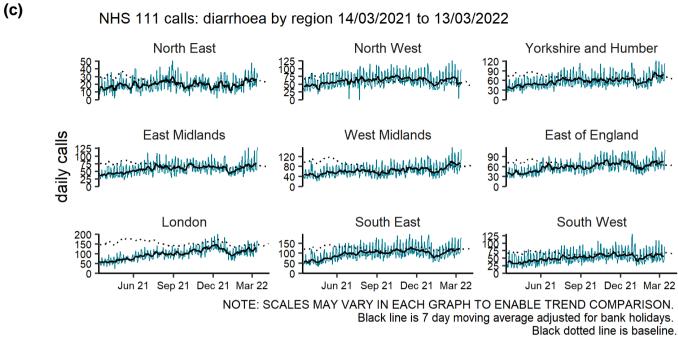
Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

(b)

NHS 111 calls: diarrhoea by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



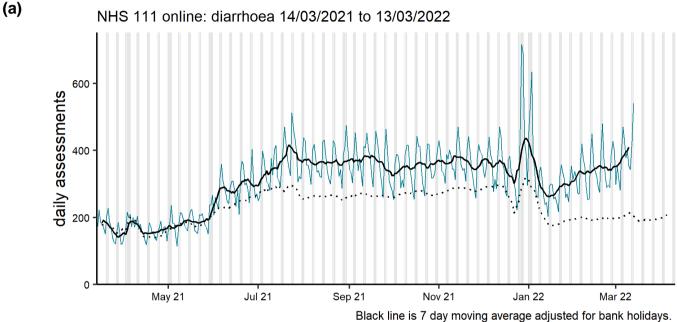
NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON.

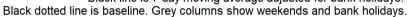


39

Diarrhoea NHS 111 online

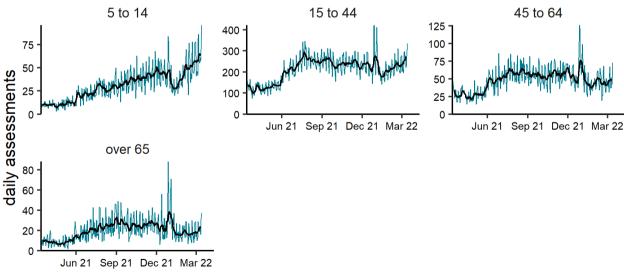
Figure 18: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for diarrhoea, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



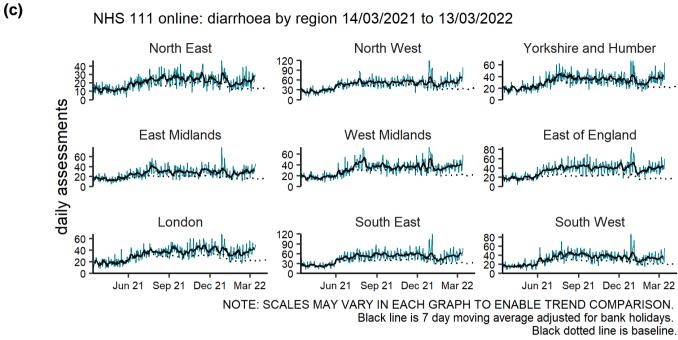




NHS 111 online: diarrhoea by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

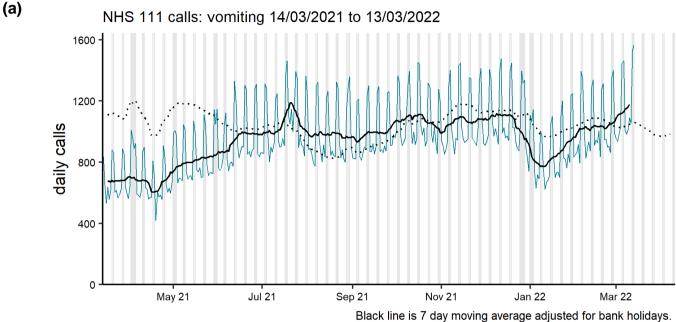


NHS 111 online: diarrhoea by region 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022

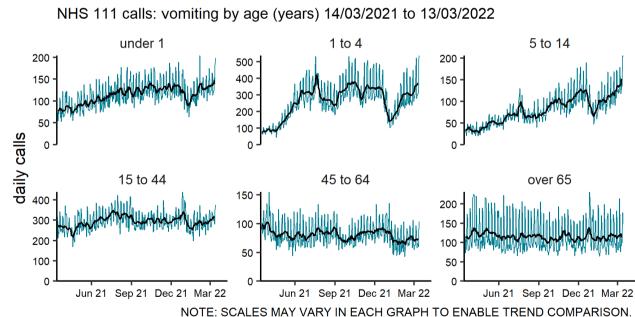
Vomiting NHS 111 calls

(b)

Figure 19: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for vomiting, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

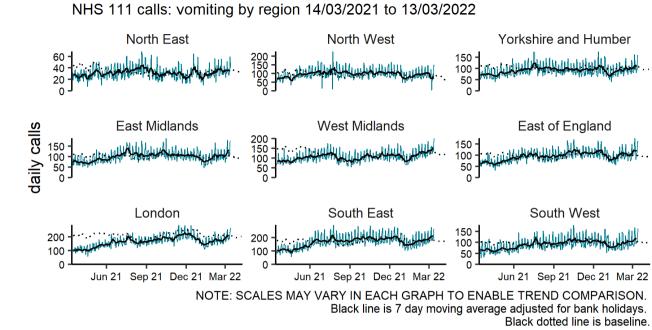


Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

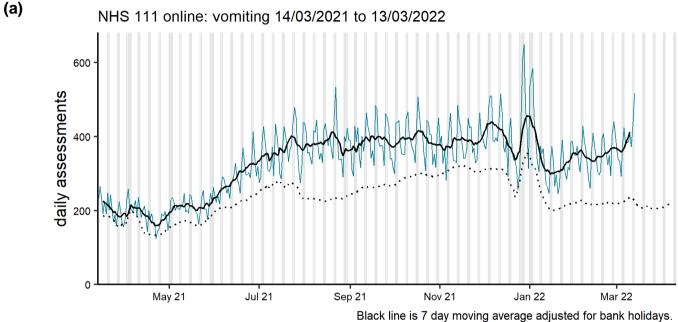
(c)

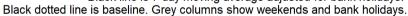


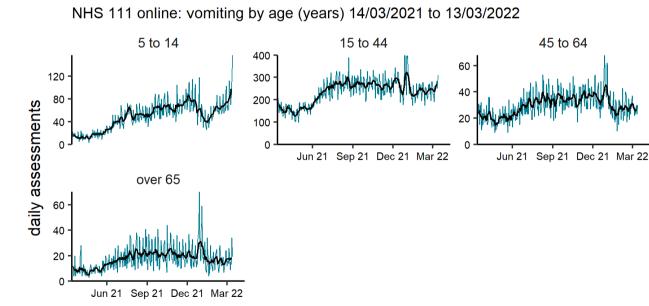
Vomiting NHS 111 online

(b)

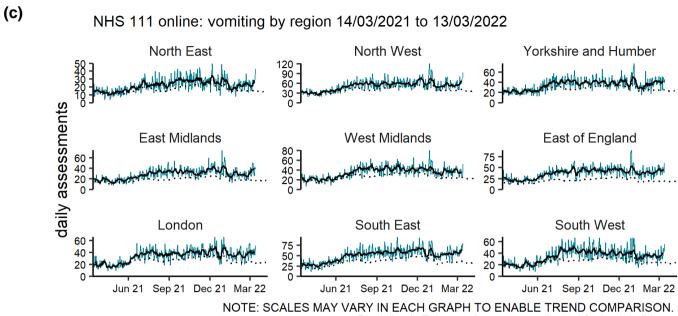
Figure 20: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for vomiting, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.







NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline.

Seasonal environmental conditions

During set periods of the year the Met Office operates both heat and cold weather watch systems, in association with UKHSA. Syndromic indicators are used to monitor the impact of both extreme hot and cold weather in England during these periods and will be included below (where an appropriate syndromic indicator is available).

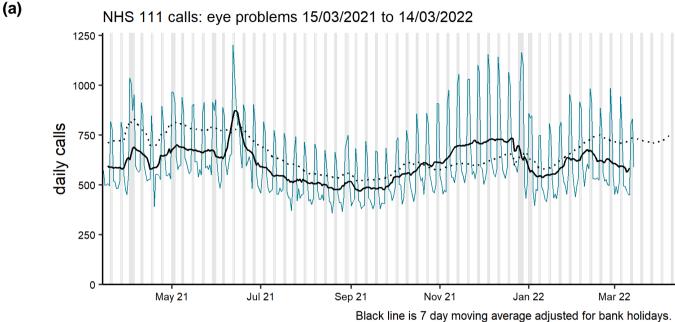
Cold weather alert period: 1 November to 31 March

Heat-Health Alert period:1 June to 15 September

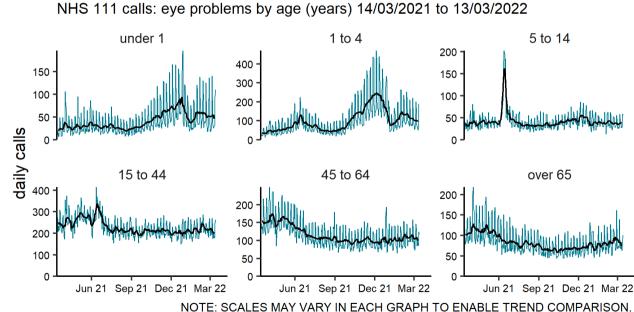
Highest weather alert level duing the current reporting week: *Level 1 – Winter preparedness and action*

Eye problems NHS 111 calls

Figure 21: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for eye problems, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



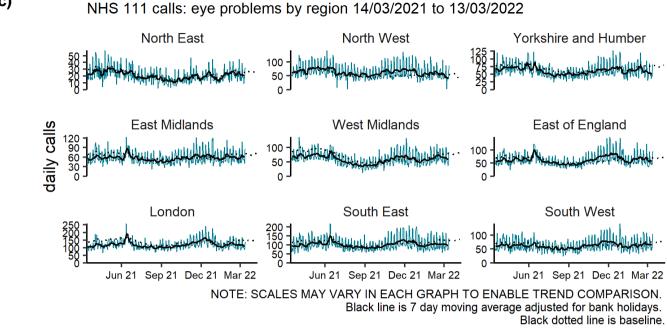
Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



ES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

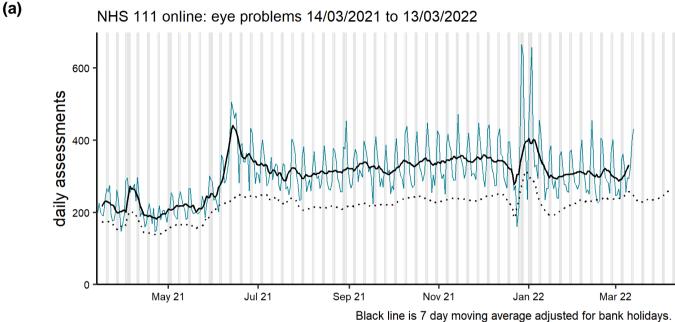
47

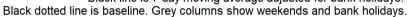
(c)



Eye problems NHS 111 online

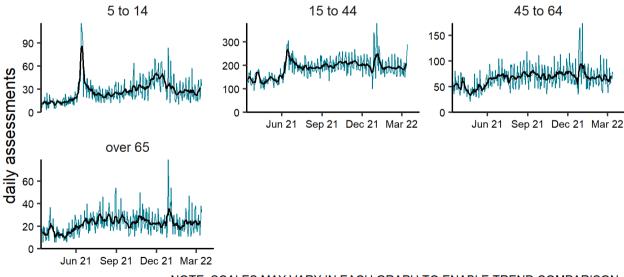
Figure 22: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for eye problems, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



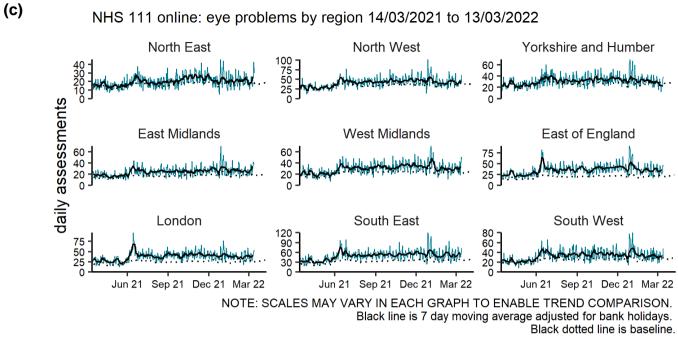




NHS 111 online: eye problems by age (years) 14/03/2021 to 13/03/2022



NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



Notes and caveats

The following additional caveats apply to the UKHSA remote health advice syndromic surveillance system:

- all NHS 111 syndromic trends should be interpreted with caution due to changes in national advice and guidance regarding access to health care services as well as updates and changes to service provision during the COVID-19 pandemic
- data presented should be used to monitor trends rather than numbers of 'cases':
 - NHS 111 calls data may not include the most urgent calls which are rapidly redirected to ambulance services
 - any user that launches an online assessment may access the service multiple times and can change their answers and follow multiple journeys through the online system: only complete assessments are included here
 - an individual may use both the NHS 111 online and NHS 111 telephony services; counts from the two services cannot be considered as distinct counts of individuals
 - NHS 111 online assessment data does not include children under 5 years of age
- baselines:
 - o were last remodelled May 2021
 - o are constructed from historical data since January 2018
 - o represent seasonally expected levels of activity
 - take account of any known substantial changes in data collection, population coverage or reporting practices
 - the COVID-19 pandemic period is excluded, to show seasonally expected levels if COVID-19 had not occurred
 - may be remodelled to include the impacts seen during periods of the COVID-19 pandemic if/when appropriate due to introduction of large scale public health interventions which affect NHS 111 usage
- as NHS 111 systems evolve to meet service needs, we continue to work with NHS 111 and NHS England to ensure that:
 - changes impacting on syndromic indicators reported in this bulletin are identified and accounted for as far as possible
 - changes are described in: Data quality issues of note this week
- further information about NHS 111 can be found here

COVID-19 syndromic surveillance

The 'potential COVID-19' syndromic indicator reported here for all NHS 111 data is based on the outcome of each call or online assessment (known as the disposition), not the symptom (Pathway) selected:

• potential COVID-19 is the only syndromic indicator which is based on disposition

Remote health advice syndromic surveillance system (England) bulletin

- potential COVID-19 calls and online assessments may therefore also appear in other syndromic indicators based on the Pathway of each call or online assessment
- these data are based on potential COVID-19 symptoms reported and are not based on outcomes of tests for coronavirus

Acknowledgements

We are grateful to NHS 111 and to NHS Digital for their assistance and support in providing the anonymised data that underpin this system.

About the UK Health Security Agency

UKHSA is responsible for protecting every member of every community from the impact of infectious diseases, chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear incidents and other health threats. We provide intellectual, scientific and operational leadership at national and local level, as well as on the global stage, to make the nation heath secure.

UKHSA is an executive agency, sponsored by the Department of Health and Social Care.

www.gov.uk/government/organisations/uk-health-security-agency

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