

PFOS and PFOA

General Information

Key Points

• In the event of a fire involving PFOS or PFOA, use fine water sprar and guid tight kit with breathing apparatus

Health

Fire

- Toxic by ingestion
- Repeated exposure by ingestion can cause stomach uset, liver toxicity and effects on thyroid hormones
- Skin or eye contact can cause irritation
- Prolonged exposure may cause cance

Environment

- Dangerous for the environmer
- Inform Environment Agency Substantial incident

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Background

Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) are members of a chemical group known as perfluorinated chemicals (PFCs).

PFOS has been used in various industries including the semiconductor and photographic industries, in some fire fighting foams and in hydraulic fluids used in the aviation industry.



PFOS has also been widely used in the past as a protective coating for materials such as carpets, textiles and leather. It was also used in various household industrial cleaning products.

PFOA is mainly used in the production of fluoropolymers used in electronics, while and non-stick cookware.



PCFs are premely heat stable and are resistant to breakdown in the environment. PFOS and PFOA may be released into the environment as a result of their production and use.

Due to several reports on PFOS and the potential risks to the environment and human health, 3M the main global manufacturer has phased out the production of PFOS, PFOS related substances and PFOA. In the EU, manufacture and essentially all uses of PFOS are now prohibited under a Directive (2006/122/EC) that came into force in June 2008. PFOA is still manufactured, the main producer being DuPont.

The general public is only exposed to trace levels of PFOS or PFOA as contaminants in food and water Exposure to higher levels PFOA may occur in the workplace where they produced or used.

Pata on the toxicity of PFOS or PFOA in h pans are sparse. Studies with animals fed PFOS or PFOA for a long period showed effects on the stomach, liver and thyroid hormones. Animal studies also indicate that both compounds may cause cancer at relatively high levels. However, the concentrations that people would be exposed to in the environment are not thought to pose any cancer risk.

Neither PFOS nor PFOA are thought to be mutagenic and will not cause adverse effects on the unborn child at the levels that are not dangerous to the mother.

Frequently Asked Questions

What are PFOS and PFOA

Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) are members of a group of chemicals known as perfluorinated chemicals (PFCs). Both PFOS and PFOA are very persistent in the environment. PFOS was widely used in the past in products to provide protective coatings to materials such as textiles and leather. It was also used in some fire fighting foams. However, most production of PFOS ceased in 2002. Manufacture and essentially all uses are now prohibited in the EU.

PFOA is still manufactured and is used to produce other chemicals such as floropolymers, which are used in electronics and non-stick cookware.

How do PFOS and PFOA get into the environment?

PFOA, and in the past PFOS may be released into the environment allowing their production or use or when products containing PFOS are used by a dustry or by consumers. PFOA and PFOS may also enter the environment from landfill sites there products and materials that contain these chemicals are sent for disposal.

How will I be exposed to PFOS or PFOA?

The general public may be exposed to trace amount of 1005 or PFOA by drinking contaminated water or by eating contaminated ford. Individuals who work in industries that use PFOA or use products that contain PFO/ maybe exposed to higher levels than the general public.

If there is PFOS or PFOA in the environment will have any adverse health effects?

The presence of PFOS or PFOA nt does not always lead to exposure. the en onn Clearly, in order for it to cause any a erse hea h effects you must come into contact with it. e substance or by skin contact. Following You may be exposed by eating king / or à exposure to any chemical, the adve e he J+K effects you may encounter depend on several ourare exposed (dose), the way you are exposed, factors, including the amount to the duration of exposure im of the chemical and if you were exposed to any other th chemicals.

Data from studies in animals suggest that repeated exposure of sufficient amounts may lead to gastrointes nativitation, ther toxicity and effects on thyroid hormone levels.

Can PFOS or PTOA cause cancer?

No conclusion can be drawn from the limited data available in humans, but studies in animals stagest bat both PFOS and PFOA may be carcinogenic following prolonged exposure to relatively high levels. Exposure to levels likely in the environment is not believed to present avarisk of cancer.

Do PFOS or PFOA affect children or damage the unborn child?

The evidence from reproductive toxicity studies in animals suggests that PFOS and PFOA will not have any adverse effects on the unborn child.

What should I do if I am exposed to PFOS or PFOA?

It is very unlikely that the general population will be exposed to a level of PFOS or PFOA high enough to cause adverse health effects.

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