

Construction noise and vibration Monthly Report – August 2021

Birmingham City

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Non-Technical Summary

This Noise and Vibration Monitoring Report fulfils HS2 Limited's commitment detailed in the Environmental Minimum Requirements (EMRs), Annex 1, Code of Construction Practice, to present the results of noise and vibration monitoring carried out within Birmingham City during the month of August 2021.

Within this period monitoring was undertaken at the following worksites:

- Noise monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the Curzon Street worksite (ref.: CS), where deliveries, asphalt surfacing, ducting works, excavations, backfilling, concrete works, drainage works, stockpiling works, water treatment installation, unexploded ordinance (UXO) surveys, ramp installation, concrete breaking and hoarding works were underway.
- Noise and vibration monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the Twisted Oak Stables worksite (ref.: TOS), where concrete blinding works, excavating and pouring of diaphragm walls, prefabricating cages for capping beams, and movement of excavated material to stockpile were underway.
- Noise and vibration monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the Washwood
 Heath Depot worksite (ref.: WWHD), where excavation of trial holes, Bentonite water
 main works including excavating route and laying water pipes, Bentonite plant
 works including concrete works and placing of pre-cast concrete panels, Cheetham
 Hill Construction works including demolition of concrete slabs and A47 bridge
 demolition and clear up works were underway.
- Noise monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the Skanska SAS13 Bridge Replacement worksite in Washwood Heath (ref.: SAS13), where caissons ring installation for the west abutment, ongoing construction of the east abutment, and steel fabrication works were underway.

Further works, where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at:

- Dorset Road, Saltley Business Park and Network Park (water utility works);
- Duddeston Mill Road (water and power utility works);
- Erskine Street (water utility works);
- B4114 Saltley Viaduct (water and power utility works);

There were no exceedances of the HS2 threshold levels for significant noise impacts, which are defined in Information Paper E23 (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/hs2-information-papers-environment), during the reporting period.

There were no exceedances of trigger levels as defined in Section 61 consents during the reporting period at any monitoring position.

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Eleven complaints was received during the monitoring period. A description of the complaints, the results of investigations and any actions taken are detailed in Table 8 of this report.

Abbreviations and Descriptions

The abbreviations, descriptions and project terminology used within this report can be found in Table 1.

Table 1: Table of Abbreviations

Acronym/Term	Definition
L _{Aeq,T}	See equivalent continuous sound pressure level
Ambient sound	A description of the all-encompassing sound at a given location and time which will include sound from many sources near and far. Ambient sound can be quantified in terms of the equivalent continuous sound pressure level, $L_{pAeq,T}$
Decibel(s), or dB	Between the quietest audible sound and the loudest tolerable sound there is a million to one ratio in sound pressure (measured in Pascal (Pa)). Because of this wide range, a level scale called the decibel (dB) scale, based on a logarithmic ratio, is used in sound measurement. Audibility of sound covers a range of approximately 0-140dB.
Decibel(s) A- weighted, or dB(A)	The human ear system does not respond uniformly to sound across the detectable frequency range and consequently instrumentation used to measure sound is weighted to represent the performance of the ear. This is known as the 'A weighting' and is written as 'dB(A)'.
Equivalent continuous sound pressure level, or L _{Aeq,T}	An index used internationally for the assessment of environmental sound impacts. It is defined as the notional unchanging level that would, over a given period of time (T), deliver the same sound energy as the actual time-varying sound over the same period. Hence fluctuating sound levels can be described in terms of an equivalent single figure value, typically expressed as a decibel level.
Exclusion of data	Measurement of noise levels can be affected by weather conditions such as prolonged periods of rain, winds speeds higher than 5m/s and snow/ice ground cover. Noise levels measured during these periods are considered not representative of normal noise conditions at the site and, for the purposes of this report, are excluded from the assessment of exceedances and calculation of typical noise levels and are also greyed out in charts. Identifiable incongruous noise and vibration events not attributable to HS2 construction noise are also excluded.
Façade	A facade noise level is the noise level 1m in front of a large reflecting surface. The effect of reflection, is to produce a slightly higher (typically +2.5 to +3 dB) sound level than it would be if the reflecting surface was not there.
Free-field	A free-field noise level is the noise level measured at a location where no reflective surfaces, other than the ground, lies within 3.5 metres of the microphone position.
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which adverse effects on health and quality of life can be detected.
Peak particle velocity, or PPV	Instantaneous maximum velocity reached by a vibrating element as it oscillates about its rest position. The PPV is a simple indicator of perceptibility and risk of damage to structures due to vibration. It is usually measured in mm/s.
SOAEL	Significant Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which significant adverse effects on health and quality of life occur.
Sound pressure level	The parameter by which sound levels are measured in air. It is measured in decibels. The threshold of hearing has been set at 0dB, while the threshold of pain is approximately 120dB. Normal speech is approximately 60dB at a distance of 1 metre and a change of 3dB in a time varying sound signal is commonly regarded as being just detectable. A change of 10dB is subjectively twice, or half, as loud.
Vibration dose value, or VDV	An index used to evaluate human exposure to vibration in buildings. While the PPV provides information regarding the magnitude of single vibration events, the VDV provides a measure of the total vibration experienced over a specified period of time (typically 16h daytime and 8h night-time). It takes into account the magnitude, the number and the duration of vibration events and can be used to quantify exposure to continuous, impulsive, occasional and intermittent vibration. The vibration dose value is measured in m/s ^{1.75} .

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1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 HS2 is required to undertake noise (and vibration) monitoring as necessary to comply with the requirements of the High Speed Rail (London-West Midlands) Environmental Minimum Requirements, including specifically Annex 1: Code of Construction Practice, in addition to any monitoring requirements arising from conditions imposed through consents under Section 61 of the Control of Pollution Act, 1974 or through Undertakings & Assurances given to third parties. Such monitoring may be undertaken for the following purposes:
 - monitoring the impact of construction works;
 - to investigate complaints, incidents and exceedance of trigger levels; or
 - monitoring the effectiveness of noise and vibration control measures.
- 1.1.2 Monitoring data and interpretive reports are to be provided to each relevant local authority on a monthly basis and shall include a summary of the construction activities occurring, the data recorded over the monitoring period, any complaints received, any periods in exceedance of agreed trigger levels, the results of any investigations and any actions taken or mitigation measures implemented. This report provides vibration data, and interpretation thereof, for monitoring carried out by HS2 within Birmingham City for the period 1st to 31st August 2021.
- 1.1.3 Construction sites in the local authority area where monitoring was undertaken during this period include:
 - Curzon Street worksite ref.: CS (see plan 1 in Appendix A) where work activities included:
 - Material deliveries;
 - Asphalt surfacing;
 - Ducting works, including excavation of trenches for utility ducting;
 - Excavation works, including for attenuation pond, grid line dig and muckaway to reduce ground level;
 - Backfilling works and compaction of trenches and attenuation pond;
 - General maintenance work of platform area and stockpiling works;
 - Concrete works;
 - Drainage works;
 - Breaking out of concrete foundations;

- Stockpile works, including stockpiling of deliveries, from excavations across site, and removal of stockpiles off-site;
- Water treatment installation;
- Unexploded ordinance (UXO) surveys;
- Ramp installation;
- Concrete breaking; and
- Hoarding works.
- Twisted Oak Stables worksite, ref.: TOS (see plan 3 in Appendix A) where work activities included:
 - Concrete blinding works;
 - Excavating and pouring of diaphragm walls;
 - Prefabricating cages for capping beams; and
 - Movement of excavated material to stockpile.
- Washwood Heath Depot worksite, ref.: WWHD (see plan 2 in Appendix A) where work activities included:
 - Excavation of trial holes;
 - Bentonite water main works, including excavating route and laying water pipes;
 - Bentonite plant works including concrete works and placing of pre-cast concrete panels;
 - Cheetham Hill Construction works, including demolition of concrete slabs;
 and
 - A47 bridge demolition and clear up works.
- Skanska SAS13 Bridge Replacement worksite, ref.: SAS13 (see plan 3 in Appendix A) where work activities included:
 - Caisson ring installation;
 - Rebar installation;
 - Pile cropping works;
 - Concrete pouring works for the pile cap;
 - Cleaning out the River Rae Overflow Channel using suction tanker; and

- Fabrication works, replacement of steel bridge involving bolting and welding bridge sections together.
- 1.1.4 Further work where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at the following locations:
 - Dorset Road, Saltley Business Park and Network Park (water utility works);
 - Duddeston Mill Road (water and power utility works);
 - Erskine Street (water utility works);
 - B4114 Saltley Viaduct (water and power utility works);
- 1.1.5 The applicable standards, guidance, and monitoring methodology is outlined in the construction noise and vibration monitoring methodology report which can be found at the following location https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/monitoring-the-environmental-effects-of-hs2. Noise and vibration monitoring reports for previous months can also be found at this location.

1.2 Measurement Locations

- 1.2.1 Six noise and three vibration monitoring installations were active in August in the Birmingham City area.
- 1.2.2 Table 2 summarises the position of noise and vibration monitoring installations within the Birmingham City area in August 2021.
- 1.2.3 Two additional noise monitors (ref.: SAS13-N1 and SAS13-N2), were installed at Skanska SAS13 Bridge Replacement (worksite ref.: SAS13) on Sunday 1st August 2021.
- 1.2.4 One noise monitor (ref.: CS-N1), installed at Curzon Street (worksite ref.: CS) was relocated on 19th August 2021 to install the solar panels.
- 1.2.5 Maps showing the position of noise and vibration monitoring installations are presented in Appendix B.

Table 2: Monitoring Locations

Worksite Reference	Measurem ent Reference	Address
Curzon Street (CS)	CS-N1 (old)	Curzon Street, Birmingham
	CS-N1 (new)	Curzon Street, Birmingham
Twisted Oak	TOS-N1	B4118-Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham
Stables (TOS)	TOS-V1	B4118-Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham
Washwood Heath	WWHD-N1	Drews Lane, Birmingham
Depot (WWHD)	WWHD-V1	Drews Lane, Birmingham
	WWHD-N2	Common Lane, Birmingham
	WWHD-V2	Common Lane, Birmingham
Skanska SAS13 Bridge	SAS13-N1 (East)	Taroni Avenue, off Aston Church Road, Birmingham
Replacement (SAS13)	SAS13-N2 (West)	Heartlands Parkway, Nechells, Birmingham

2 Summary of Results

2.1 Summary of Measured Noise and Vibration Levels

2.1.1 Table 3 presents a summary of the measured noise levels at each monitoring location over the reporting period. The $L_{Aeq,T}$ is presented for each of the relevant time periods averaged over the calendar month, along with the highest single period $L_{Aeq,T}$ that was found to occur within the month.

Table 3: Summary of Measured dB L_{Aeq} Data over the Monitoring Period

Worksi te Refere nce	Measurem ent Reference	Site Address	Free-field or Façade Measureme nt		ekly Ave hest da	_	eq,T			urday A hest da		–Aeq,T		Pub Holi Ave L _{Aeq} (hig	iday rage
				0700 - 0800	0800 - 1800	1800 - 1900	1900 - 2200	2200 - 0700	0700 - 0800	0800 - 1300	1300 - 1400	1400 - 2200	2200 - 0700	0700 - 2200	2200 - 0700
cs	CS-N1 (old)	Curzon Street,	Free-field	64.8	68.2	63.2	62.0	59.6	0.0*	0.0*	0.0*	63.2	60.5	62.4	59.0
		Birmingham		(66.3)	(68.8)	(64.2)	(64.9)	(63.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(64.6)	(61.5)	(63.8)	(63.6)
CS	CS-N1 (new)	Curzon Street,	Free-field	64.6	65.4	64.1	62.7	60.0	62.0	66.4	64.1	64.0	60.2	62.3	59.5
		Birmingham		(66.0)	(67.3)	(64.7)	(64.7)	(64.0)	(63.7)	(71.1)	(64.1)	(67.7)	(62.8)	(63.0)	(63.4)
TOS	TOS-N1	B4118-Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham	Free-field	65.2 (69.1)	67.1 (72.9)	64.4 (68.6)	63.8 (68.4)	61.5 (68.6)	64.2 (66.3)	65.3 (68.0)	63.5 (67.5)	64.1 (67.2)	60.8 (65.2)	63.2 (68.6)	60.5 (67.0)
WWHD	WWHD-N1	Drews Lane,	Free-field	56.7	58.1	54.6	54.9	52.5	53.0	53.4	53.5	54.6	52.9	56.9	52.4
		Birmingham		(59.4)	(59.5)	(65.0)	(59.3)	(59.8)	(56.7)	(57.7)	(53.5)	(58.0)	(58.9)	(57.8)	(59.8)
	WWHD-N2	Common Lane,	Free-field	53.3	56.8	52.0	53.1	50.6	49.8	52.0	49.8	51.6	50.5	55.4	49.9
		Birmingham		(57.8)	(59.2)	(56.3)	(59.6)	(59.7)	(54.2)	(54.4)	(49.8)	(57.6)	(58.0)	(56.4)	(57.5)
SAS13	SAS13-N1 (East)	Taroni Avenue, off	Free-field	67.5	66.2	59.9	62.6	66.3	67.5	67.4	66.4	62.3	64.5	65.6	65.9
		Aston Church Road, Birmingham		(70.8)	(67.7)	(68.9)	(68.4)	(71.2)	(67.9)	(67.5)	(66.8)	(65.7)	(68.1)	(70.2)	(69.0)
	SAS13-N2 (West)	Heartlands Parkway,	Free-field	59.8	62.4	59.2	57.6	55.1	54.9	57.8	58.5	58.3	54.4	57.8	55.3
		Nechells, Birmingham		(64.9)	(68.3)	(63.9)	(64.2)	(62.0)	(56.4)	(59.4)	(60.0)	(61.7)	(59.7)	(62.7)	(59.9)

^{*} No valid data was obtained.

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2.1.2 Table 4 presents a summary of the measured vibration levels at each monitoring location over the reporting period. The highest component PPV measured during periods of works along any axis is presented in the table.

Table 4: Summary of Measured Component PPV Data over the Monitoring Period

Worksite Reference	Measurement Reference	Monitor Address	Highest PPV measured in any axis, mm/s
TOS	TOS-V1	B4118- Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham	2.28 (Z-axis) *
WWHD	WWHD-V1	Drews Lane, Birmingham	1.36 (Z-axis)
WWHD	WWHD-V2	Common Lane, Birmingham	1.63 (Z-axis)

^{*} Higher vibration levels are due to the proximity of the construction activities to the vibration monitor. The nearest residential receptors are further away from the works and vibration levels at the receptor will therefore be lower.

2.1.3 Appendix C presents graphs of the noise and vibration monitoring data over the month for each of the measurement locations. Noise data presented consists of the hourly L_{Aeq} values and, where relevant, the L_{Aeq,T} values (where the time period T has been taken to be the averaging period as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23). Vibration data presented consist of hourly PPV values. The full data set for the monitoring equipment can be found at the following location: https://data.gov.uk/dataset/24542ae7-dd44-444f-b259-871c4cc43b5e/environmental-monitoring-data.

2.2 Exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL

- 2.2.1 The lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) is defined in the Planning Practice Guidance Noise (PPG) as the level above which "noise starts to cause small changes in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. turning up volume of television; speaking more loudly; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to close windows for some of the time because of the noise. Potential for some reported sleep disturbance. Affects the acoustic character of the area such that there is a perceived change in the quality of life".
- 2.2.2 The significant observed adverse effect level (SOAEL) is defined in the 'Planning Practice Guidance Noise' as the level above which "noise causes a material change in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. avoiding certain activities during periods of intrusion; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to keep windows closed most of the time because of the noise. Potential for sleep disturbance resulting in

- difficulty in getting to sleep, premature awakening and difficulty in getting back to sleep. Quality of life diminished due to change in acoustic character of the area."
- 2.2.3 HS2 Phase One Information Paper E23: Control of Construction Noise and Vibration sets out the LOAELs and SOAELs for construction noise.
- 2.2.4 Where reported construction noise levels exceed the LOAEL and SOAEL, relevant periods will be identified. Summary statistics to evaluate ongoing qualification for noise insulation and temporary rehousing are also presented where relevant.
- 2.2.5 Table 5 presents a summary of recorded exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL at each measurement location over the reporting period, including the number of exceedances during each time period.

Table 5: Summary of Exceedances of LOAEL and SOAEL

Worksite Reference	Measurement Reference	Site Address	Day (Weekday, Saturday, Sunday, Night)	Time period	Number of exceedances of LOAEL	Number of exceedances of SOAEL
CS	CS-N1 (old)*	Curzon Street, Birmingham	All days	All periods	No exceedance	No exceedance
CS	CS-N1 (new)*	Curzon Street, Birmingham	Weekday Saturdays	0800- 1800 0800- 1200	5	No exceedance
TOS	TOS-N1*	B4118- Birmingham Road, Water Orton, Birmingham	All days	All periods	No exceedance	No exceedance
WWHD	WWHD-N1*	Drews Lane, Birmingham	Weekday Weekday Night Weekend	0800- 1800 1900- 2200 2200- 0700 1800- 1900	6 4 38 1	No exceedance No exceedance 9 No exceedance
WWHD	WWHD-N2*	Common Lane, Birmingham	Weekend Night Weekday	1900- 2200 2200- 0700 19:00- 2200	30	No exceedance No exceedance
SAS13	SAS13-N1 (East)	Taroni Avenue, off Aston Church	All days	All periods	No exceedance	No exceedance

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Worksite Reference	Measurement Reference	Site Address	Day (Weekday, Saturday, Sunday, Night)	Time period	Number of exceedances of LOAEL	Number of exceedances of SOAEL
		Road, Birmingham				
SAS13	SAS13-N2 (West)	Heartlands Parkway, Nechells, Birmingham	All days	All periods	2	No exceedance

^{*} A distance correction has been applied when calculating exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL.

- 2.2.6 90 exceedances of the LOAEL were recorded across the Curzon Street, Washwood Heath Depot and Skanska SAS13 Bridge Replacement worksites. 12 exceedances of the SOAEL were recorded near Washwood Heath Depot worksite due to the A47 bridge demolition 24h works during August 2021.
- 2.2.7 For the purpose of assessing eligibility for noise insulation or temporary rehousing, multiple exceedances of the SOAEL in a 24-hour period would be counted as a single exceedance during that day. Over the reporting period, the overall number of SOAEL exceedances at each measurement location is shown in Table 6 and may be lower than the total sum of individual exceedances reported in Table 5 for each location.

Table 6: Summary of Total Exceedances of SOAEL

Worksite Reference	Measurement Reference	Monitor Address	Total of SOAEL exceedances in the month
WWHD	WWHD-N1	Drews Lane, Birmingham	3
	WWHD-N2	Common Lane, Birmingham	1

2.3 Exceedances of Trigger Level

2.3.1 Table 7 provides a summary of exceedances of the S61 trigger vibration levels determined to be due to HS2 related construction vibration measured during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

Table 7: Summary of Exceedances of Trigger Levels

Complaint Reference Number (if applicable)	Worksite Reference	Date and Time Period	Identified Source	Results of Investigation (including noise monitoring results)	Actions Taken
-	-	-	-	-	-

2.4 Complaints

2.4.1 Table 8 provides a summary of complaint information related to noise and vibration received during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

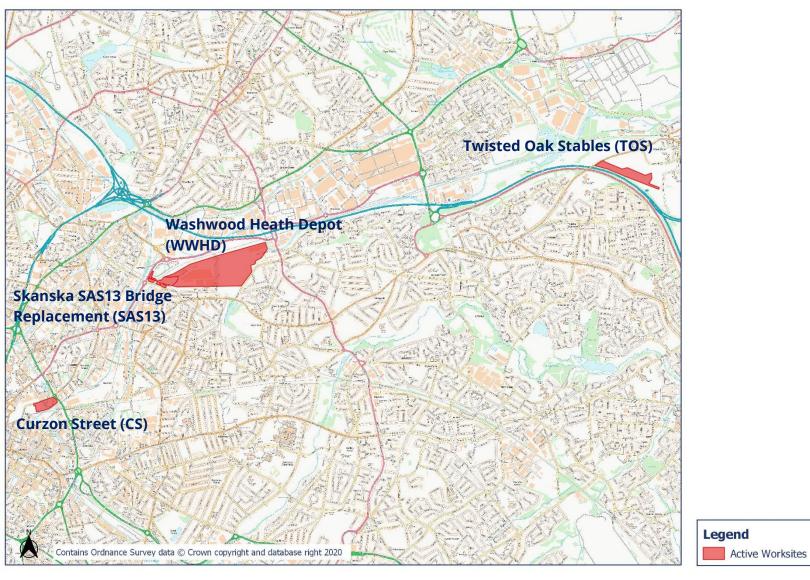
Table 8: Summary of Complaints

Complaint Reference Number	Worksite Reference	Description of Complaint	Results of Investigation	Actions Taken
HS2-21-42427-C	WWHD	Noise disturbance from loud works taking place on the weekend.	Demolition work on A47 bridge.	Confirmed the cause of the noise to stakeholder. Confirmed that consents were in place and that advanced
HS2-21-42428-C	WWHD	Noise disturbance from worksite.		notifications to residents had been provided. Confirmed that due to the
HS2-21-42429-C	WWHD	Noise disturbance disturbing sleep. No advance notification.		nature of the works noise mitigation measures could not be used immediately,
HS2-21-42431-C	WWHD	Noise disturbance through the night.		however after progress from the weekend of 28th the following were in place:
HS2-21-42432-C	WWHD	Loud drilling noise & vibration disturbance through night and weekend.		 Introduction of matts on the bridge structure Wrapping the breaker in an acoustic blanket
HS2-21-42433-C	WWHD	Noise disturbance at night without warning or mitigation.		 Placement of acoustic barriers at strategic points around the site. Placement of loose granular material on the
HS2-21-42434-C	WWHD	Noise disturbance at night from continuous banging noise.		hard floor surfaces to stop reverberation.

HS2-21-42435-C	WWHD	Noise disturbance at night from continuous banging noise.
HS2-21-42454-C	WWHD	Drilling noise.
HS2-21-42463-C	WWHD	Noise due to weekend works.
HS2-21-42464-C	WWHD	Noise through night-time.

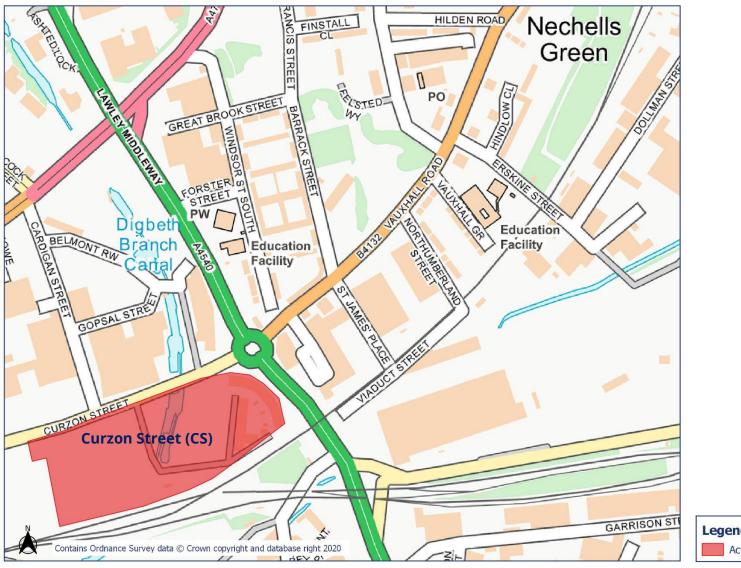
Appendix A Site Locations

HS2 Worksite Identification Plan - Overview



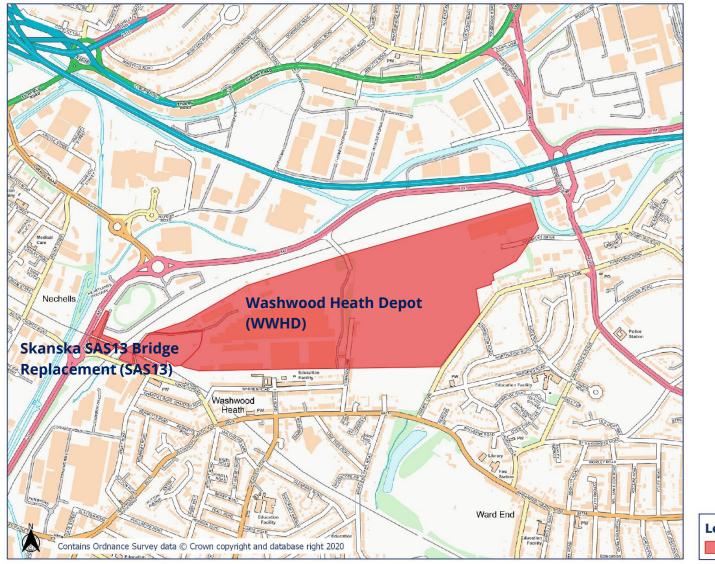
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Worksite Identification Plan - 1



HS2

Worksite Identification Plan - 2

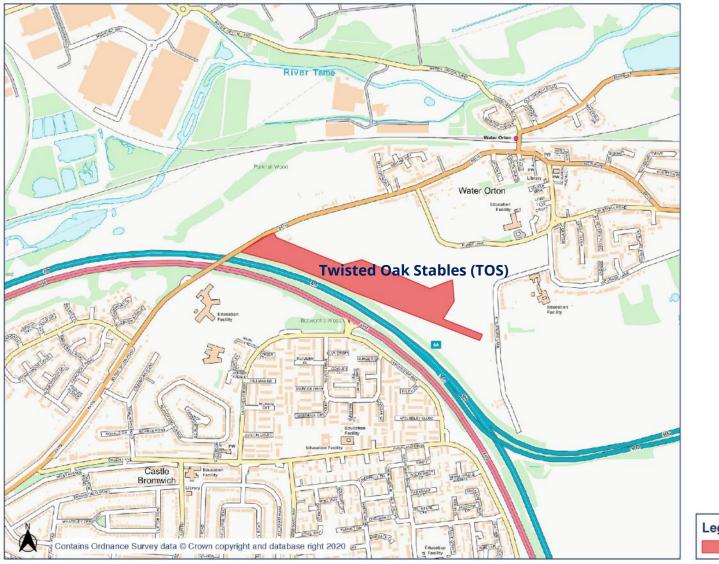




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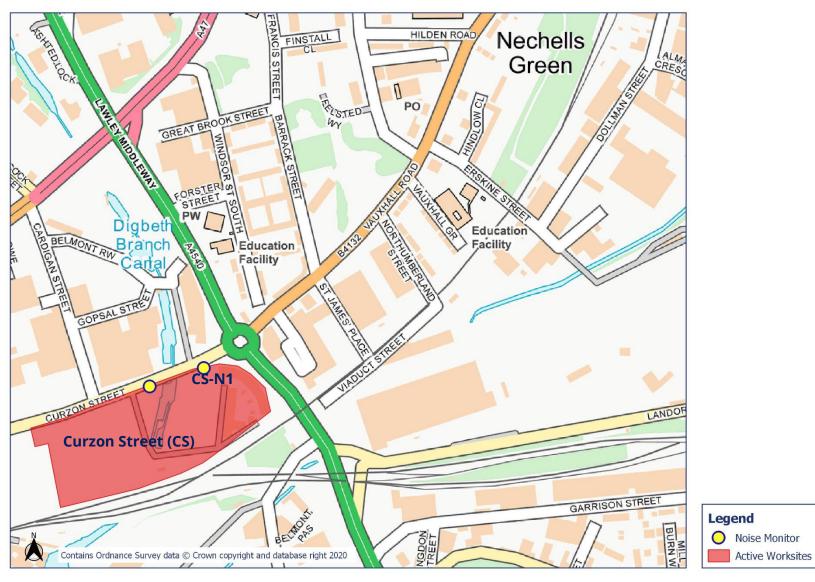
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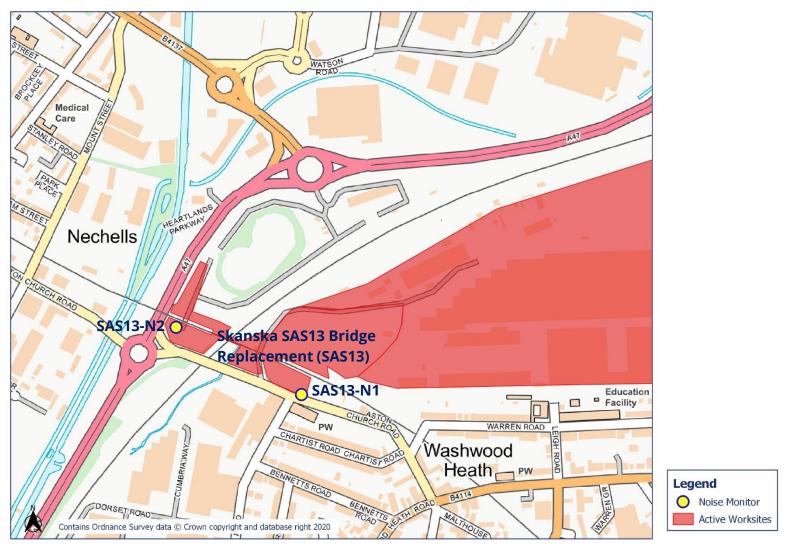
Worksite identification plan - 3

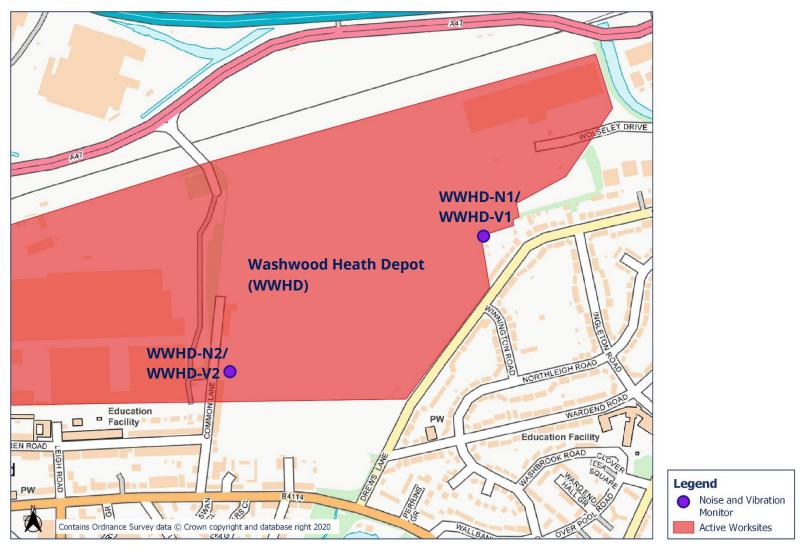


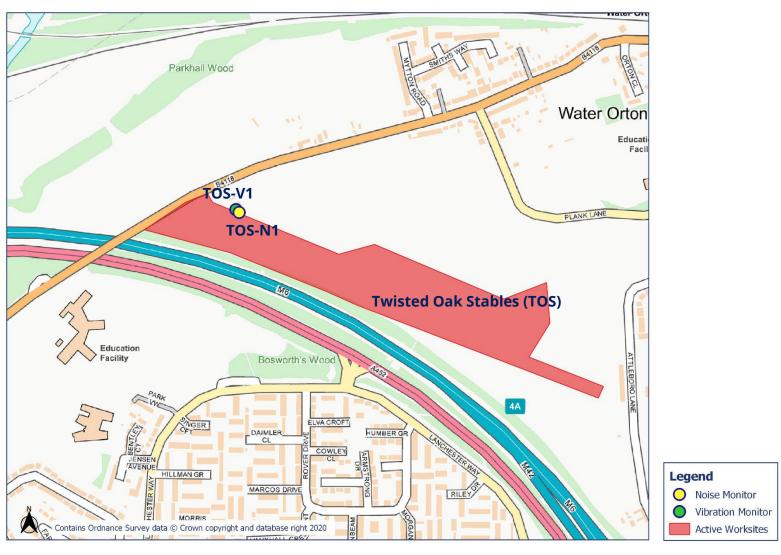
Legend
Active worksites

Appendix B Monitoring Locations









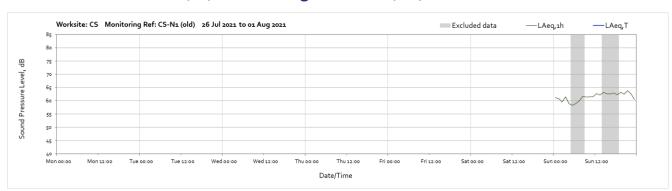
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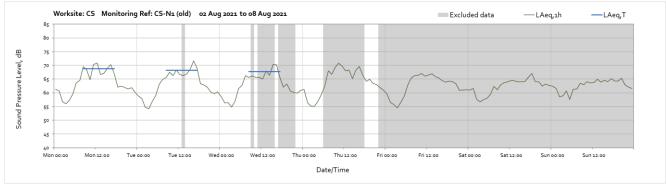
Appendix C Data

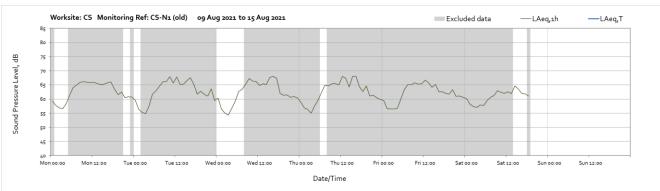
Noise

The following graphs show the hourly measured ambient noise level $L_{Aeq,1h}$ and, where relevant, the averaged noise level $L_{Aeq,T}$ values, where the time period T is as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23. Periods with adversely weather affected noise levels are greyed out and have been excluded from the calculation of the $L_{Aeq,T}$ values in Table 3 of the main report.

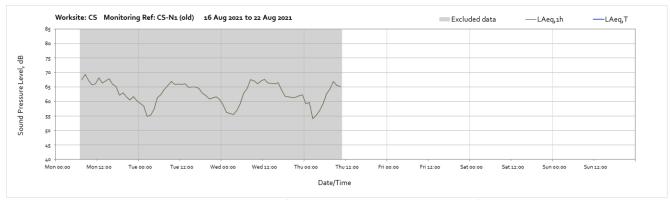
Worksite: Curzon Street (CS) - Monitoring Ref: CS-N1 (old)







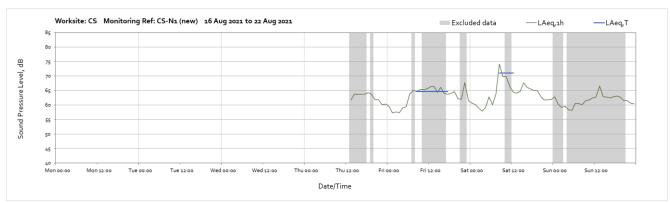
Note: Missing data between 18:00 on Saturday 14th August and 07:00 on Monday 20th August were due to loss of power at the monitor station.



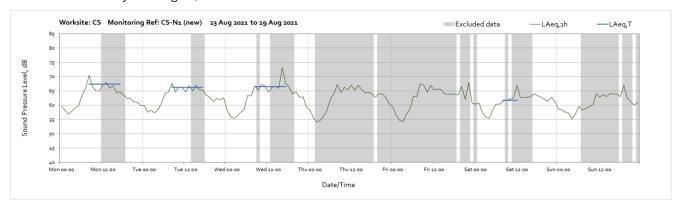
Note: Missing data between 18:00 on Saturday 14th August and 07:00 on Monday 16th August were due to loss of power at the monitor station.

At 10:00 on Thursday 19th August, the monitor station was re-located to install the solar panels.

Worksite: Curzon Street (CS) - Monitoring Ref: CS-N1 (new)

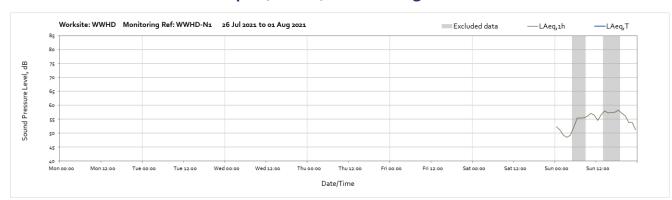


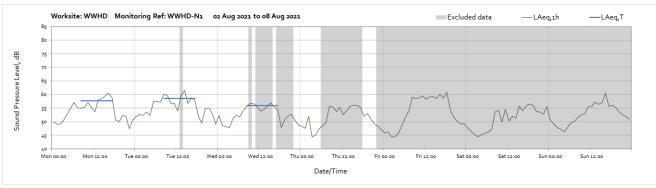
At 13:00 on Thursday 19th August, the relocation of the monitor station had finished.

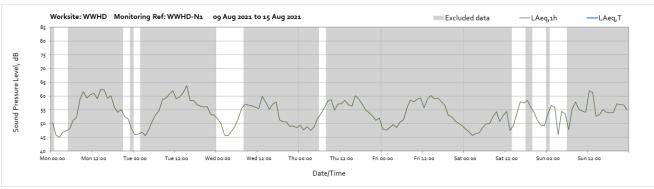


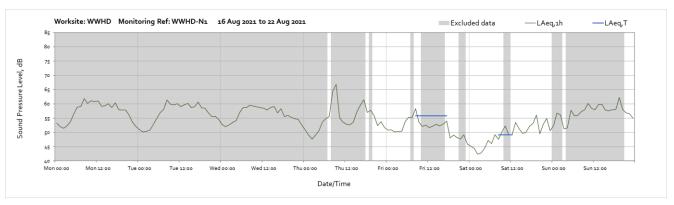


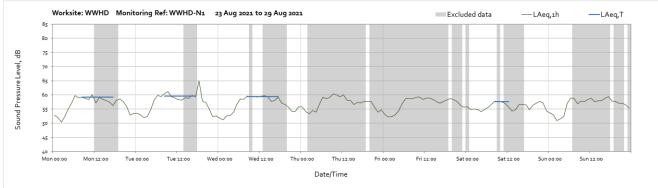
Worksite: Washwood Heath Depot (WWHD) - Monitoring Ref: WWHD-N1

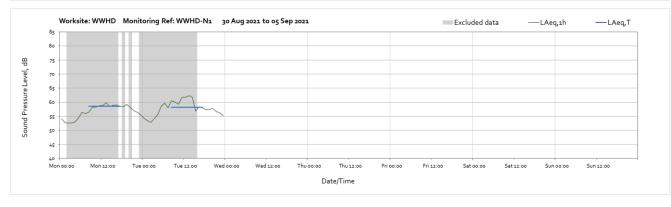






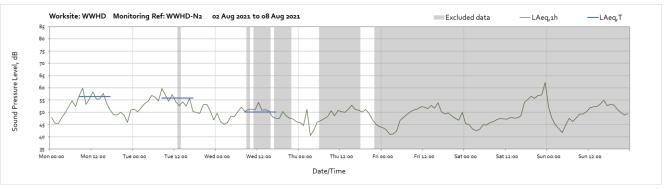


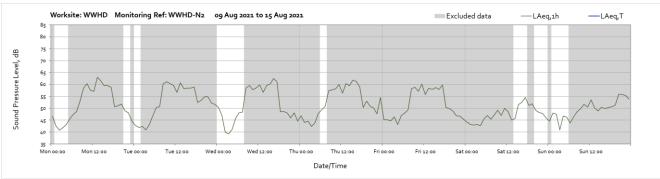


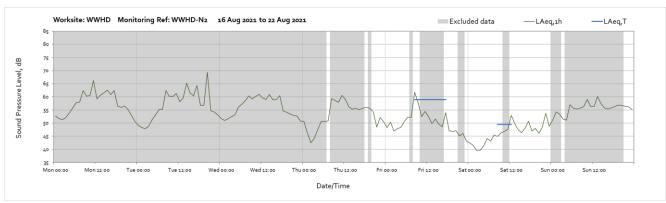


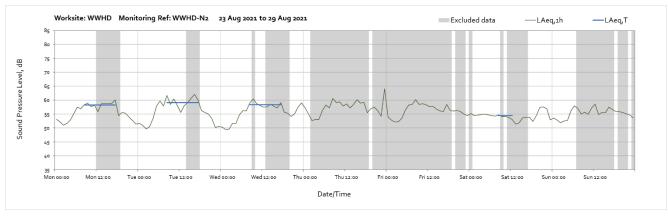
Worksite: Washwood Heath Depot (WWHD) - Monitoring Ref: WWHD-N2





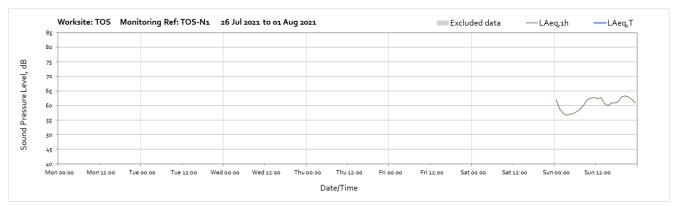


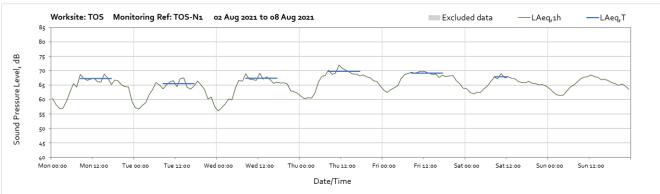


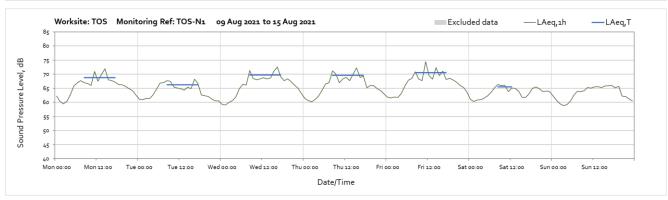


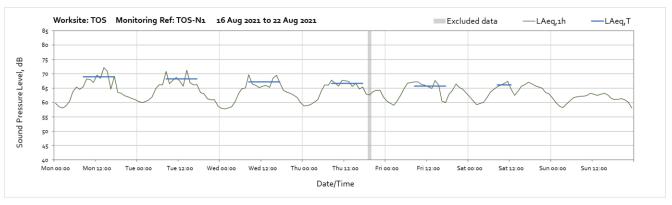


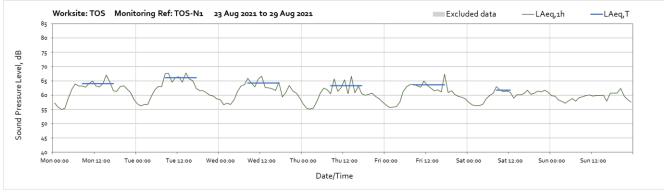
Worksite: Twisted Oak Stables (TOS) - Monitoring Ref: TOS-N1

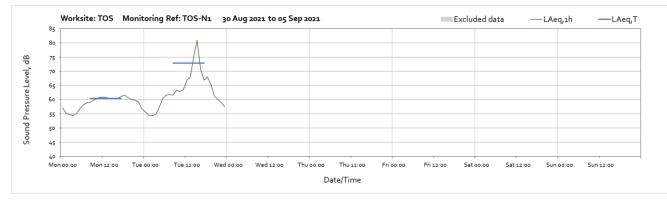




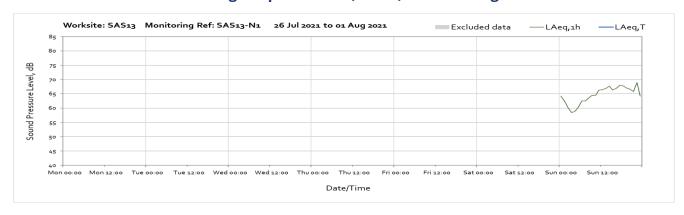


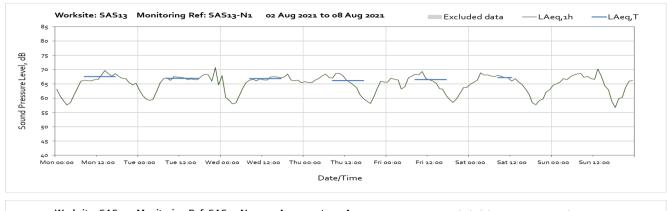


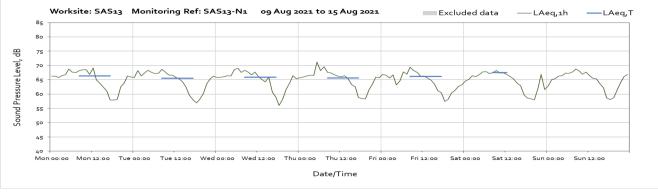


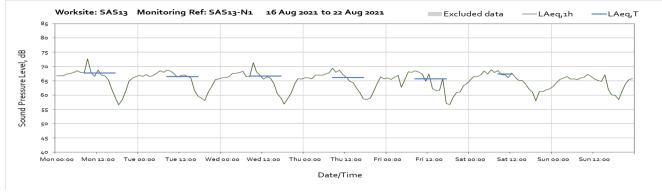


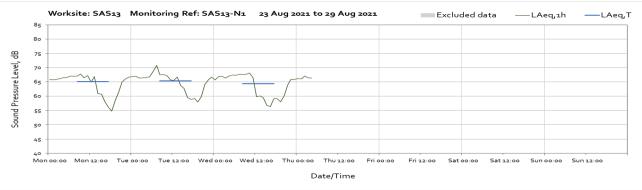
Worksite: Skanska SAS13 Bridge Replacement (SAS13) - Monitoring Ref: SAS13-N1



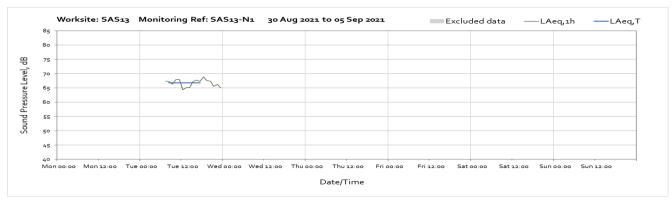






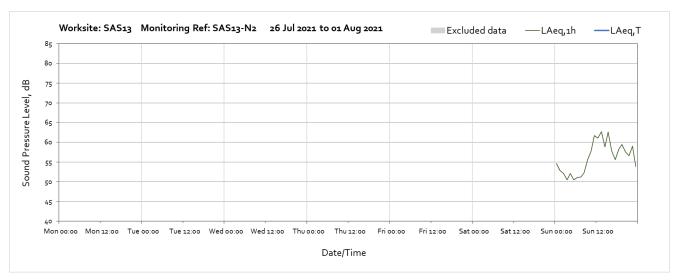


Note: Missing data between 05:00 on Thursday 26th August and 06:00 on Tuesday 31st August were due to loss of battery power at the monitor station.



Note: Missing data between 05:00 on Thursday 26th August and 06:00 on Tuesday 31st August were due to loss of battery power at the monitor station.

Worksite: Skanska SAS13 Bridge Replacement (SAS13) - Monitoring Ref: SAS13-N2

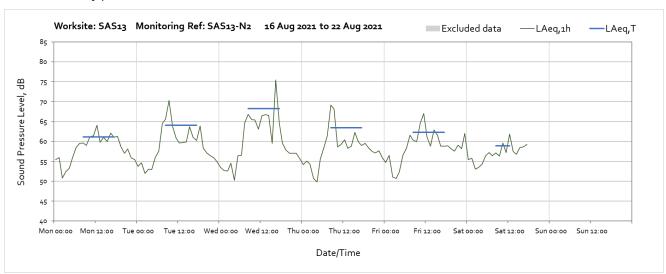




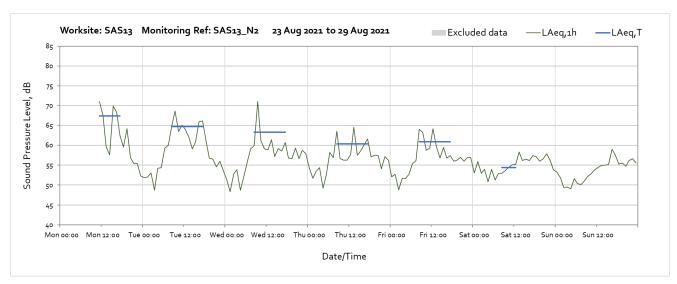
Note: Missing data between 02:00 on Monday 2nd August and 06:00 on Wednesday 04th August were due to loss of battery power at the monitor station.



Note: Missing data between 19:00 on Wednesday 11th August and 06:00 on Saturday 14th August were due to loss of battery power at the monitor station.



Note: Missing data between 18:00 on Saturday 21st August and 10:00 on Monday 23rd August were due to loss of battery power at the monitor station.



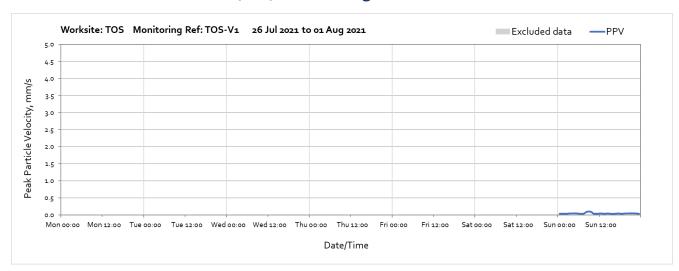
Note: Missing data between 18:00 on Saturday 21st August and 10:00 on Monday 23rd August were due to loss of battery power at the monitor station.

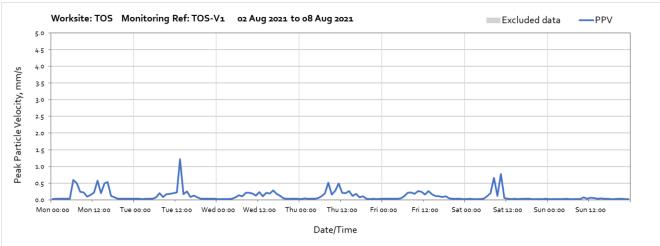


Vibration

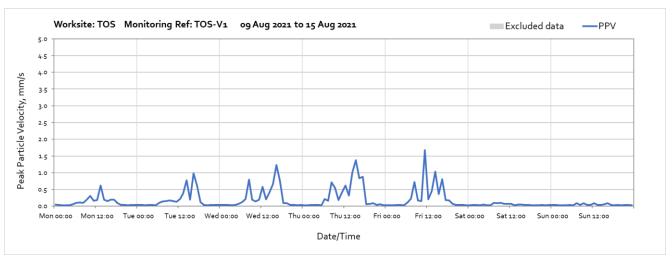
The following graphs show the hourly measured peak particle velocity PPV recorded during the monitoring period. The graphs show the highest PPV of the three orthogonal axis x, y and z. Where high values of PPV were caused by local interference with the vibration monitor, which are not representative of HS2 construction works, these values have been greyed out in the following charts and have been excluded to calculate values in Table 4 of the main report.

Worksite: Twisted Oak Stables (TOS) - Monitoring Ref: TOS-V1

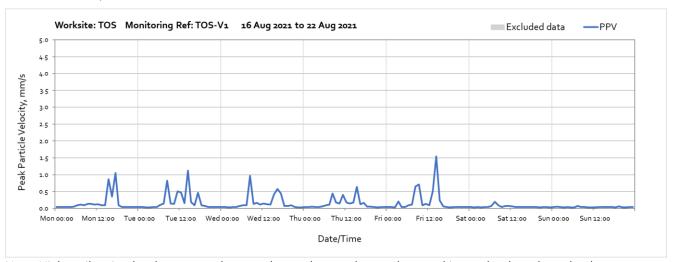




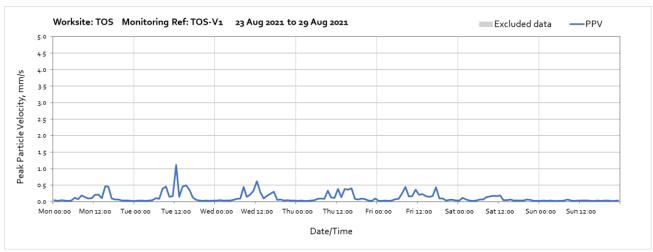
Note: Higher vibration levels measured at 13:00 on Tuesday 3rd August is due to plant tracking on haul road nearby the monitoring equipment. The nearest residential receptors are further away from the works and vibration levels at the receptors will therefore be lower.



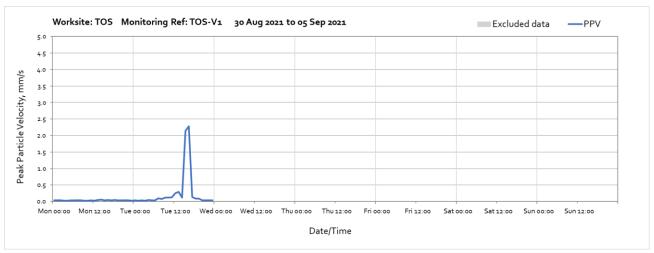
Note: Higher vibration levels measured across the week were due to plant tracking on haul road nearby the monitoring equipment. The nearest residential receptors are further away from the works and vibration levels at the receptors will therefore be lower.



Note: Higher vibration levels measured across the week were due to plant tracking on haul road nearby the monitoring equipment. The nearest residential receptors are further away from the works and vibration levels at the receptors will therefore be lower.



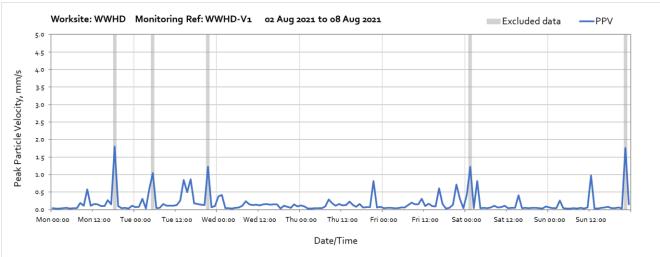
Note: Higher vibration levels measured at 12:00 on Tuesday 24th August is due to plant tracking on haul road nearby the monitoring equipment. The nearest residential receptors are further away from the works and vibration levels at the receptors will therefore be lower.



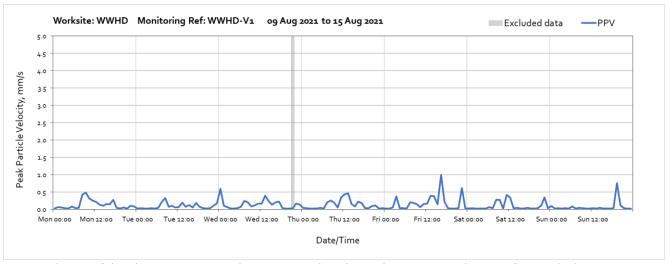
Note: Higher vibration levels measured between 15:00 and 17:00 on Tuesday 31st August are due to plant tracking on haul road nearby the monitoring equipment. The nearest residential receptors are further away from the works and vibration levels at the receptors will therefore be lower.

Worksite: Washwood Heath Depot (WWHD) - Monitoring Ref: WWHD-V1

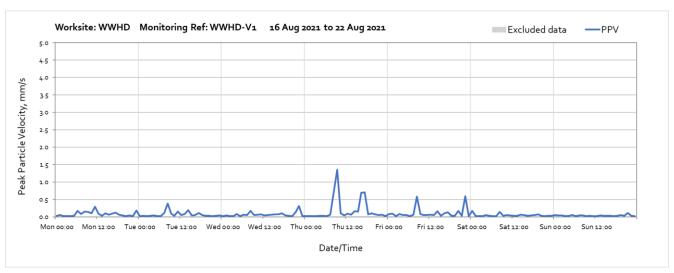


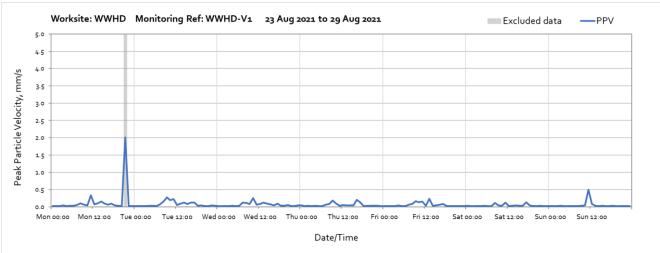


Note: Note: High vibration levels at 18:00 on Monday 2nd August, at 05:00 and 21:00 on Tuesday 3rd August, at 01:00 on Saturday 7th August, at 22:00 on Sunday 8th August were due to local interference of the monitor and are not representative of HS2 vibration levels at nearby receptors.

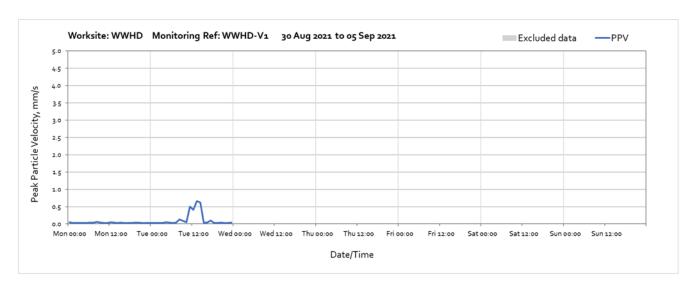


Note: Exclusion of data between 21:00 and 22:00 on Wednesday 11th August was due to software glitch.



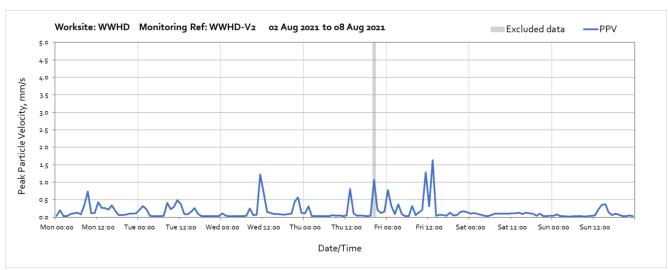


Note: Note: High vibration levels at 21:00 on Monday 23rd August were due to local interference of the monitor and are not representative of HS2 vibration levels at nearby receptors.



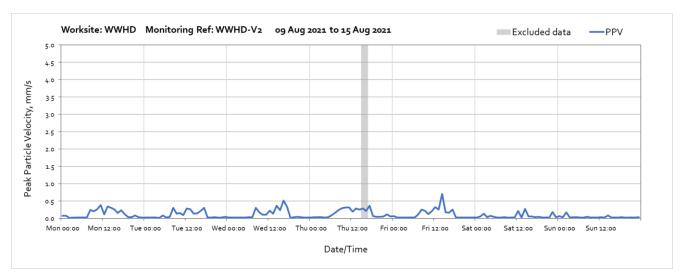
Worksite: Washwood Heath Depot (WWHD) - Monitoring Ref: WWHD-V2





Note: High vibration levels at 20:00 on Thursday 5th August were due to local interference of the monitor and are not representative of HS2 vibration levels at nearby receptors.

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Note: Exclusion of data between 15:00 and 17:00 on Thursday 12th August was due to a software glitch.

