

Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities



Planning application statistics

Planning applications in England: April to June 2021

In this release:

Between April and June 2021, district level planning authorities in England:

- received 128,400 applications for planning permission, up 45 per cent from the corresponding quarter of 2020;
- granted 99,200 decisions, up 38 per cent from the same quarter in 2020; this is equivalent to 89 per cent of decisions, up two percentage points from the same quarter of 2020;
- decided 87 per cent of major applications within 13 weeks or the agreed time, down two percentage points from the same quarter in 2020;
- granted 9,600 residential applications, up five per cent on a year earlier: 1,200 for major developments and 8,400 for minor developments;
- granted 2,000 applications for commercial developments, up 19 per cent on a year earlier.
- decided 68,900 householder development applications, up 59 per cent on a year earlier. This accounted for 62 per cent of all decisions, up from 53 per cent a year earlier.

In the year ending June 2021, district level planning authorities:

- granted 351,700 decisions, up 9 per cent on the year ending June 2020; and
- granted 39,500 decisions on residential developments, of which 5,100 were for major developments and 34,300 were for minor developments, down by three and six per cent respectively on the year ending June 2020. This is equivalent to a decrease of six per cent in the overall number of residential decisions granted.

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Introduction

This Statistical Release presents National Statistics on authorities that undertake district and county level planning activities in England. It covers information on planning applications received and decided, including decisions on applications for residential developments (dwellings) and enforcement activities. Data are provided at national and local planning authority level and are based on information reported for the relevant quarters as at 6 August 2021 for the PS1/2 return ('District matters') and the CPS1/2 return ('County matters').

The technical notes that were previously included in this release in the release have been published as a separate document each quarter from the July to September 2020 release. The *Definitions* section in the technical document provides a link to a glossary containing details of the main terms used within this release and associated live tables.

Authorities undertaking district level planning

A summary of the trends in applications, decisions and permissions granted is provided in **Figure 1**. The number of applications, decisions and permissions at district level in this publication is given to the nearest hundred; detailed figures are available in the accompanying Live Tables.

Planning applications

During April to June 2021, authorities undertaking district level planning in England received 128,400 applications for planning permission, up 45 per cent from the corresponding quarter in 2020. In the year ending June 2021, authorities received 471,400 planning applications, up 18 per cent on the year ending June 2020 (Live Table P134, Table 1 and PS1 summary dashboard).

Planning decisions

Authorities reported 111,900 decisions on planning applications in April to June 2021, an increase of 36 per cent on the 82,000 decisions in the same quarter of the previous year. In the year ending June 2021, authorities decided 399,500 planning applications, up eight per cent on the number in

Applications granted

During April to June 2021, authorities granted 99,200 decisions, up 38 per cent on the same quarter in 2020. Authorities granted 89 per cent of all decisions, up two percentage points from the June quarter of 2020 (Live Tables P120/P133). Overall, 82 per cent of major and minor decisions were granted, unchanged from the quarter ending June 2020 (PS2 development types dashboard). Over the 12 months to June 2021, 351,700 decisions were granted, up nine per cent on the figure for the year to June 2020 (Table 1 and PS2 development types dashboard). The above information is summarised in Table 1, below¹.

	Quarter e	ending	Year Ei	nding
Total applications	2021 Q2	2020 Q2	2021 Q2	2020 Q2
Number of applications received (000s)	128.4	88.3	471.4	398.9
% change in the number of applications received from previous period	45	-22	18	-10
Number of applications decided ¹ (000s)	119.9	82.0	399.5	369.4
% change in the number of applications decided from previous period	36	-21	8	-8
Number of applications granted (000s)	99.2	71.6	351.7	322.9
% change in the number of applications granted from previous period	38	-22	9	-9
Residential applications				
Number of applications decided (000s)	13.0	12.3	53.4	56.7
% change in the number of applications decided from previous period	5	-16	-6	-8
Number of applications granted (000s)	9.6	9.1	39.5	41.9
% change in the number of applications granted from previous period	5	-17	-6	-9

Table 1: District level planning applications received, decided and grantedEngland, quarters and years ending June 2020 and June 2021 P

Historical context

Figure 1 shows that, since about 2009-10, the numbers of applications received, decisions made and applications granted have each followed a similar pattern. As well as the usual within-year pattern of peaks in the Summer (July to September quarter for applications and July to September for decisions) and troughs in the Autumn (October to December quarter for applications and January to March quarter for decisions), there was a clear downward trend during the 2008 economic downturn, followed by a period of stability leading to a large dip in 2020 following the start of the pandemic and a subsequent recovery in early 2021.

¹ The historic time series that were included in Table 1 in previous releases are available in Live Table P120.

Figure 1: Number of planning applications received, decided and granted

England, quarter ending September 2005 to quarter ending June 2021

Historical figures for all district level decisions dating back to 2008-09 are set out in **Live Table P120**, with separate breakdowns for residential and commercial decisions being shown in **Live Tables P120A** and **P120B** respectively. These latter two tables are discussed below in the sections on residential and commercial decisions².

Figure 2: Percentage of planning decisions granted, by type of development Local planning authorities, quarter ending June 2021

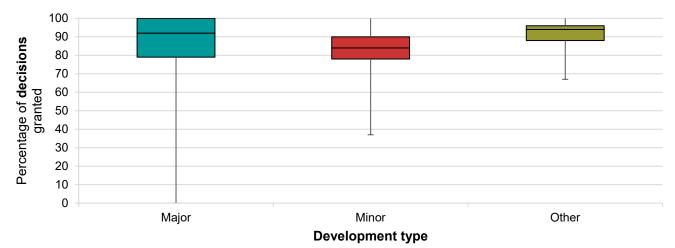


Figure 2 summarises the distribution of the percentage of decisions granted across authorities for major, minor and other developments using box and whisker plots. The ends of the box are the upper and lower quartiles, meaning that 50 per cent of local authorities fall within this range. The whiskers are the two lines above and below the box that extend to the highest and lowest

² Tables P120A and P120B do not between them cover the totality of decisions included in P120, which also includes decisions on Traveller caravan pitches and various 'Other developments'.

observations (the range). Figure 2 shows that the variation in percentage of decisions granted this quarter is widest between authorities for major developments (0 to 100 per cent), followed by minor developments (37 to 100 per cent) and other developments (67 to 100 per cent) (Live Table P120 and PS2 local planning authorities dashboard).

Regional breakdowns

Quarter ending June 2021

Table 2 shows how numbers of applications received, decisions made and decisions granted varied by region. It also shows how the percentage of decisions granted varies widely by region, from 80 per cent in London to 94 per cent in the North East. (Live Table P133).

	Total applications	Total decisions	Total decisions	Percentage of
	received		granted	decisions granted
England	128,400	111,900	99,200	89
North East	4,000	3,500	3,300	94
North West	13,000	11,000	10,100	92
Yorkshire and the Humber	10,500	9,300	8,500	91
East Midlands	10,100	8,800	8,100	92
West Midlands	10,400	8,800	8,000	91
East of England	17,500	15,700	13,500	86
London	19,800	17,300	13,700	80
South East	25,200	22,000	19,700	90
South West	15,800	13,700	12,600	92
National Parks	2,200	1,900	1,700	91

Table 2: Regional breakdown	of applications and decisions
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1. National Parks are counted separately from each region: a few national parks straddle more than one region.

Table 3 shows how the changes in numbers of planning applications received, and in planning decisions made, varied by region. Although numbers of applications increased overall by 45 per cent, regional changes varied from increases of 29 per cent for National Parks and 39 per cent for the South West to 59 per cent for the North East. (Live Table P133)

Table 3: Regional breakdown of changes in applications and decisions

Quarter ending June 2020 to quarter ending June 2021

	Total applications received, April to June 2020	Total applications received, April to June 2021	Percentage change	Total decisions, April to June 2020	Total decisions, April to June 2021	Percentage change
England	88,300	128,400	45	82,000	111,900	36
North East	2,500	4,000	59	2,300	3,500	53
North West	8,500	13,000	53	7,600	11,000	44
Yorkshire and the Humber	7,000	10,500	50	6,100	9,300	53
East Midlands	6,800	10,100	50	6,500	8,800	36
West Midlands	7,400	10,400	41	6,900	8,800	27
East of England	11,600	17,500	51	11,100	15,700	41
London	14,500	19,800	37	13,800	17,300	25
South East	17,100	25,200	47	16,000	22,000	38

South West	11,300	15,800	39	10,400	13,700	32
National Parks	1,700	2,200	29	1,400	1,900	34

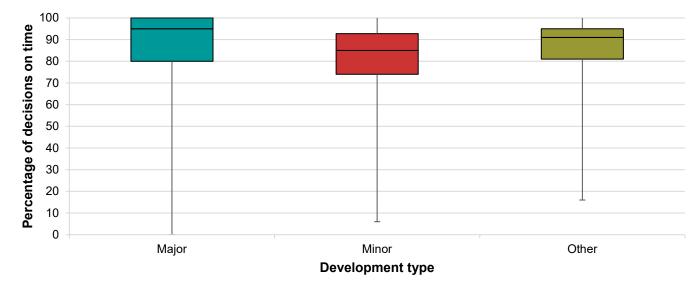
Speed of decisions

- In April to June 2021, 87 per cent of major applications were decided within 13 weeks or within the agreed time³, down two percentage points from the same quarter a year earlier.
- In the same quarter, 81 per cent of minor applications were decided within eight weeks or the agreed time, down five percentage points from a year earlier.
- Also in the same quarter, 86 per cent of other applications were decided within eight weeks or the agreed time, down four percentage points from a year earlier.

Figure 3 summarises the distribution of the percentage of decisions made in time across authorities for major, minor and other developments using box and whisker plots. The ends of the box are the upper and lower quartiles, meaning that 50 per cent of local authorities fall within this range. The whiskers are the two lines above and below the box that extend to the highest and lowest observations (the range). Figure 3 shows that the variation in percentage of decisions made in time this quarter is widest between authorities for major developments (0 to 100 per cent), followed by minor developments (6 to 100 per cent) and other developments (16 to 100 per cent). **(Live Table P120 and the PS2 local planning authorities dashboard)**.

Figure 3: Speed of decision-making, by type of development

Local planning authorities, quarter ending June 2021



³ This is the agreed time for applications for major developments associated with a Planning Performance Agreement (PPAs), Extension of Time (EoT) or Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).

Use of performance agreements

Table 4 summarises the recent use of performance agreements⁴. It shows that they are more commonly used for major developments than minor or other developments, with 70 per cent of major decisions made during April to June 2021 involving a planning agreement, compared with 47 per cent of minor decisions and 33 per cent of other decisions. **Figure 4** shows, from 2010, numbers of decisions on major developments made involving a performance agreement, both in absolute terms and as a percentage of all decisions on major developments. The underlying historical figures are available in the PS2 development type dashboard. Notwithstanding definitional changes, there has been a marked increase in the use of agreements since early 2013. In reality, this longer upward trend has been driven by both the additional scope for recording them and their additional use.

The three final columns in Live Table P120 give corresponding totals for planning applications involving a planning agreement for all types of development (major, minor and 'other' combined), showing numbers of decisions and percentages decided within time.

	Quarter ending		Year ending	
	2021 Q2	2020 Q2	2021 Q2	2020 Q2
Major decisions				
Total	2,955	2,547	12,375	12,686
Number involving a performance agreement	2,081	1,740	8,897	8,641
% involving a performance agreement	70	68	72	68
Minor decisions				
Total	26,102	23,718	102,418	108,765
Number involving a performance agreement	12,282	11,185	48,761	47,058
% involving a performance agreement	47	47	48	43
Other decisions				
Total	82,802	55,777	284,738	247,953
Number involving a performance agreement	27,529	18,000	92,178	68,056
% involving a performance agreement	33	32	32	27

Table 4: Use of performance agreements with planning applications

England, quarters and years ending June 2020 and June 2021 P

P = Provisional; R = Revised

⁴ 'Performance agreement' is an umbrella term used to refer to Planning Performance Agreements, Extensions of Time and Environmental Impact Assessments.

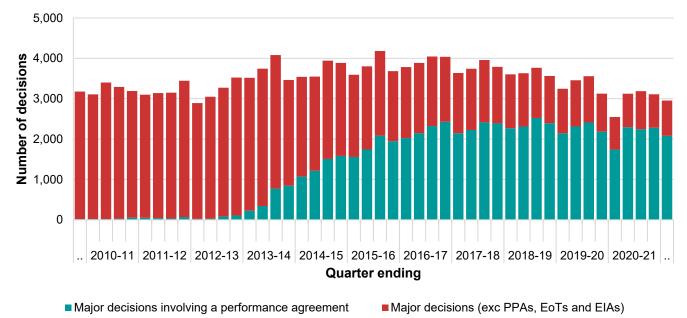


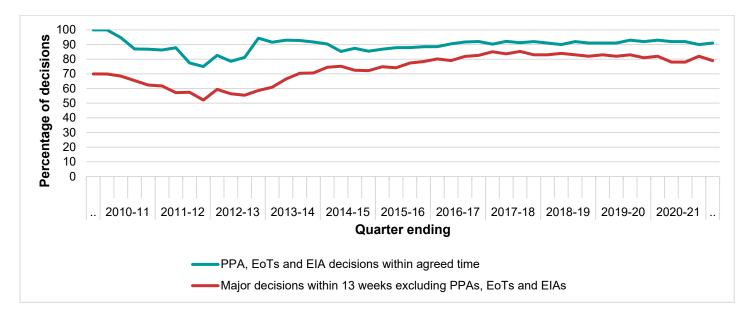
Figure 4: Use of performance agreements with applications for major developments¹ England, quarter ending June 2010 to quarter ending June 2021

1. Figures cover agreed extensions of time and environmental impact assessments from 1 April 2013

Figure 5 and **Reference Table 2** show that in the quarter to June 2021, 91 per cent of major development decisions involving performance agreements were made on time. In comparison, 79 per cent of major decisions not involving performance agreements were made within the statutory time limit of 13 weeks. The underlying figures are available in the **PS2 development type dashboard**.

Figure 5: Percentage of major development decisions made within time¹

England, quarter ending June 2010 to quarter ending June 2021



1. Figures cover agreed extensions of time and environmental impact assessments from 1 April 2013

Performance of individual district level local planning authorities

Live Tables P151a and P153 present data on the performance of district level local planning authorities against the latest published criterion in <u>Improving planning performance: criteria for designation</u> on the speed of decision-making for informing decisions on the designation of poorly performing local planning authorities under section 62B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. In particular, Live Table P151a gives detailed figures for the time taken for **major** decisions to be made over the eight most recent quarters and Live Table P153 presents data for the time taken by district level local planning authorities for decisions on '**non-major developments**' (defined as minor developments, changes of use and householder developments) to be made over the eight most recent quarters.

Similarly, **Live Table P152a**, presents data on the performance of district level local planning authorities against the latest published criterion in <u>Improving planning performance: criteria for designation</u> on the quality of decision-making for assessing performance under section 62B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. In particular, it gives detailed figures for the percentage of **major** decisions subject to a successful planning appeal, by matching eight quarters of the department's data on decisions and all available quarters of Planning Inspectorate data on appeals. This table is usually published a few weeks after the statistical release and most of the other live tables, to take account of the latest appeals data.

Live Table P154 presents data for the percentage of decisions on non-major developments (as defined for Table P153) subject to a successful planning appeal, by matching eight quarters of the department's data on decisions and all available quarters of Planning Inspectorate data on appeals. Like Table P152a, this table is usually published a few weeks after the statistical release and most of the other live tables, to take account of the latest appeals data.

Residential decisions

In April to June 2021, 13,000 decisions were made on applications for residential ⁵ developments, of which 9,600 (74 per cent) were granted. The number of residential decisions made increased by five per cent from the March quarter of 2020, with the number granted also increasing by five per cent.

The number of major residential decisions granted increased by 19 per cent to 1,200, and the number of minor residential decisions granted increased by four per cent, to 8,400 (Live Table **P120A, and the PS2 development type dashboard)**. In the year ending June 2021, authorities granted 5,100 major and 34,300 minor residential applications, down by three and six per cent respectively on the year ending June 2020 (Live Table P120A and the PS2 local planning authorities dashboard). This is equivalent to a decrease of six per cent in the overall number of residential decisions granted.

⁵ 'Residential' is used in this release to refer only to developments involving the construction or conversion of dwellings, rather than also including other developments involving people's homes, such as householder developments and some changes of use.

Residential units

The figures collected by the department are the numbers of decisions on planning applications submitted to local planning authorities, rather than the number of units included in each application, such as the number of homes in the case of housing developments. The department supplements this information by obtaining statistics on housing permissions from a contractor, Glenigan.⁶ The latest provisional figures show that permission for 312,000 homes was given in the year to 30 June 2021, up eight per cent from the 289,000 homes granted permission in the year to 30 June 2020.

On an ongoing basis, figures are revised to ensure that any duplicates are removed, and also to include any projects that local planning authorities may not have processed: they are therefore subject to change, and the latest quarter's provisional figures tend to be revised upwards. These figures are provided here to give contextual information to users and have not been designated as National Statistics.

Table 5 shows rolling annual totals to Q2 from 2009 to 2021 and **Figure 6** shows the trends in a graph.

Rolling annual total to:	Number of units	Percentage change from prior year
2009 Q2 ^R	147,000	
2010 Q2 ^R	161,000	9%
2011 Q2 ^R	163,000	2%
2012 Q2 R	178,000	9%
2013 Q2 ^R	191,000	7%
2014 Q2 ^R	217,000	14%
2015 Q2 ^R	242,000	11%
2016 Q2 ^R	298,000	24%
2017 Q2 ^R	328,000	10%
2018 Q2 ^R	303,000	-7%
2019 Q2 ^R	336,000	11%
2020 Q2 ^R	289,000	-14%
2021 Q2 P	312,000	8%

Table 5: Number of housing units granted planning permission⁷

Source: Glenigan planning permission data: snapshot as at 8 September 2021

Figures include housing units on all sites, including those with ten or fewer units.

- P Provisional
- R Revised

⁶ Glenigan routinely collects data on planning applications submitted to all English local planning authorities and records the information by maintaining a 'planning application' for every project. The data have been updated over time as subsequent applications are submitted and decisions made, with all new applications being matched against the existing database at entry stage. This has involved an automated process supplemented by manual checking to identify any further matching projects. More details are given in the Definitions section of this release.
⁷ Revisions have been made following a review by Glenigan of the most relevant types of planning approval to be included in the figures to achieve accurate measurement whilst minimising double counting

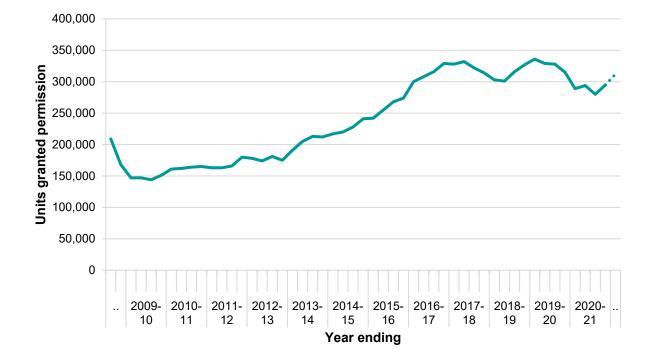


Figure 6: Number of housing units granted planning permission

Note to Figure 6: the latest reported figures are often revised upwards in later quarters.

Table 6 gives a breakdown of the annual total to Q2 2021 by size of project, whereas **Table 7** gives a breakdown by region.

Table 6: Numbers of housing units granted permission in the year to 30 June 2021: by size
and number of projects

Total	311,500	100	12,930	100
10 or more	283,500		2,990	
500+	56,800	18	70	1
200-499	85,100	27	280	2
150-199	33,500	11	200	2
100-149	31,800	10	260	2
50-99	38,100	12	540	4
11-49	36,200	12	1,450	11
10	1,900	1	190	1
	20,000	•	11,040	
9 or fewer	28,000	9	11,040	80
6-9	11,200	4	1,500	12
3-5	10,000	3	2,610	20
2	2,100	1	1,030	8
1	4,800	2	4,810	37
Number of units	(rounded to nearest 100)	% of total number of units	jects (rounded to nearest 10)	% of total num- ber of projects
	Frequency		Number of pro-	

Source: Glenigan Ltd

Region	ONS code	Number, rounded to the nearest 100	% of England total
England	E92000001	311,500	100
North East	E12000001	14,800	4
North West	E12000002	43,900	14
Yorkshire and the Humber	E12000003	25,200	8
East Midlands	E12000004	31,600	11
West Midlands	E12000005	31,000	10
East of England	E12000006	36,800	12
London	E12000007	52,500	18
South East	E12000008	45,700	15
South West	E12000009	29,600	9
National Parks	-	500	0

Table 7: Housing units granted permission in the year to 30 June 2021: by region

Source: Glengian Ltd

For comparison purposes, regional breakdowns of quarterly numbers of planning applications received, and of planning decisions made and granted, are available from the district matters planning dashboard. In addition, regional totals have been included in Live Table P133 since July to September 2020.

Commercial[®] decisions

In April to June 2021, 2,200 decisions were made on applications for commercial developments, of which 2,000 (90 per cent) were granted. The total number of commercial decisions granted increased by 19 per cent on the same quarter of 2020. In the year ending June 2021, 7,400 applications for commercial developments were granted, down seven per cent on the year ending June 2020 (Live Table P120B).

Trends in numbers of residential and commercial decisions

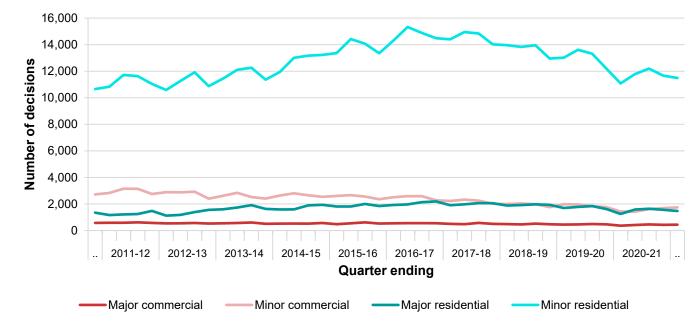
Historically, numbers of residential decisions dropped sharply during 2008 (particularly for minor decisions) then increased from 2012, before decreasing since about 2018 (major decisions) and 2019 (minor decisions).

Numbers of **commercial** decisions also decreased sharply during 2008 and then stabilised at around 2,100 per year for major and 10,000 per year for minor commercial decisions, but have undergone some further decreases recently, particularly for minor decisions. In 2020/21, numbers of major commercial decisions were at about 47 per cent of the pre-recession peak, with the numbers of minor commercial decisions being at about 27 per cent (Live Tables P120A and

⁸ Commercial developments are defined in this release as: 'Offices, research and development, light industry', 'General industry, storage, warehousing' and 'Retail and service'.

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P120B, Figure 7).9
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Figure 7: Number of planning applications decided by district authorities, by type of development



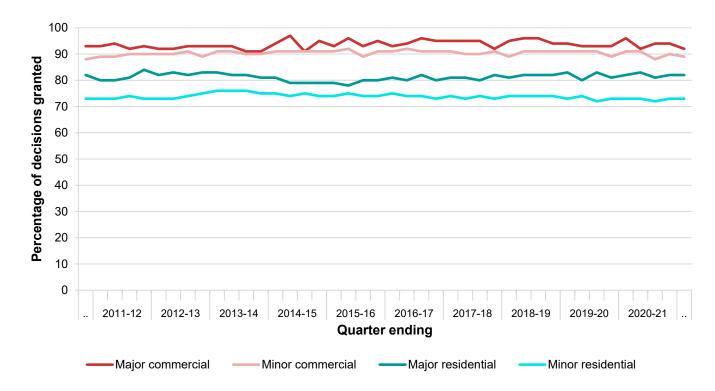
England, quarter ending June 2010 to quarter ending June 2021

Trends in the percentage of residential and commercial decisions granted

The percentages of major and minor **residential** decisions granted increased between 2008/09 (from about 65 per cent for each type) and 2010/11 (to about 80 per cent for major developments and about 75 per cent for minor developments) and have stabilised since then, at just over 80 per cent for major developments and just under 75 per cent for minor developments. The percentages of major and minor **commercial** decisions granted increased steadily, from 89 and 85 per cent respectively in 2007/08, to 94 and 91 per cent respectively in 2014/15, and have both been largely stable since then **(Live Tables P120A and P120B, Figure 8)**.

⁹ The pre-recession peak referred to differs for major and minor commercial decisions; the pre-recession peak occurred in 2006/07 for major decisions and 2007/08 for minor decisions.

Figure 8: Percentage of planning applications granted by district authorities, by type of development



England, quarter ending June 2011 to quarter ending June 2021

Householder developments

Householder developments are those developments to a residence which require planning permission such as extensions, loft conversions and conservatories (more details are in the glossary accessible from the *Definitions* section). The number of decisions made on householder developments was 68,900 in the quarter ending June 2021, accounting for 62 per cent of all decisions, up from 53 per cent of all decisions made in the quarter ending June 2020. The 68,900 decisions were up 59 per cent from the 43,400 decisions made in the quarter ending June 2020. Authorities granted 91 per cent of these applications and decided 88 per cent within eight weeks or the agreed time (**Reference Table 2 and PS2 development type dashboard**).

Permission in Principle/Technical Details consent decisions

Since 16 April 2017, local planning authorities have had the ability to grant permission in principle (PiP) to sites which have been entered on their brownfield land registers. Where sites have a grant of permission in principle, applicants have been able to submit an application for Technical Details Consent (TDC) for development on these sites. In addition, since 1 June 2018, it has also been possible to make an application for PiP for minor housing-led development as a separate application, independently of the brownfield register. Where a site has been granted PiP following an application, it is possible to apply for a TDC and a determination period of five weeks applies as it is minor development. Extensions of time may be agreed.

TDC applications have a 10-week determination period for major development and a five-week determination period for minor development. Extensions of time may be agreed and where it is an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) development, the 16-week determination period applies.

Figures on PiP/TDC decisions have been collected on the quarterly PS2 return with effect from 1 January 2020. They are provided at local planning authority level in **Live Table PiP/TDC1**. In summary, during January to March 2020, local planning authorities reported 64 PiP decisions (minor housing-led developments), five TDC (minor housing-led developments) and no TDC (major developments). The totals for the next few quarters have been similar, with 60, four and no decisions respectively in April to June 2020; 51, eight and no decisions respectively during July to September; 77, five and no decisions respectively during January to March 2021, and 87, five and no decisions respectively during January to March 2021, and 87, five and no decisions respectively during April to June 2021.

Permitted development rights

Planning permission for some types of development has been granted nationally through legislation, and the resulting rights are known as 'permitted development rights'. In some cases, if the legislation is complied with, developments can go ahead without the requirement to notify the local planning authority and hence no way of capturing data exists. In other cases, the legislation requires an application to the local planning authority to determine whether prior approval is required (more details are in the *Definitions* section). A local planning authority can withdraw specific permitted development rights across a defined geographical area, bringing these types of development within the control of the main planning process¹⁰.

The results for the latest quarter for which they have been collected (April to June 2021) are included in **Live Tables PDR1** (local authority level figures) **and PDR2** (England totals). Of the 10,400 applications reported in the April to June quarter of 2021, prior approval was not required for 6,000 and permission was granted for 2,100 and refused for 2,300. This resulted in an overall acceptance rate¹¹ of 78 per cent. Larger householder extensions accounted for 68 per cent of applications (7,100), with five per cent relating to change of use from agricultural to residential and six per cent to change of use from office to residential. 'All other' permitted development rights, accounted for 17 per cent of applications, down from 18 per cent a year earlier.

Taking i) granted applications and ii) those for which prior approval was not required together, 8,100 applications were approved without having to go through the full planning process, up 51 per cent from a year earlier. Within the 56 per cent increase in the reported total number of PDR applications between April to June 2020 and April to June 2021:

¹⁰ Under Article 4 of the General Permitted Development Order (Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015

¹¹ The acceptance rate is defined as the number of applications for which prior approval was not required, or for which permission was granted, as a percentage of the total number of applications.

- larger householder extensions increased by 66 per cent;
- change of use from office to residential increased by 41 per cent;
- change of use from agricultural to residential increased by one per cent:
- retail and sui generis increased by 55 per cent; and
- 'all other' permitted development rights increased by 42 per cent.

This quarter's publication includes separate figures for the first time for six new PDR categories that were introduced in June and July 2020, largely relating to 'building upwards'. Altogether, almost 220 applications were recorded under these categories during April to June 2020. Of these, prior approval was not required for 20, ninety were granted and 110 were refused. A breakdown by individual PDR is given in **Live Table PDR1**.¹² It was, however, optional for local planning authorities to provide figures for the six new categories, in the interests of minimising data reporting burdens. Instead, they were given the option of including the figures in the 'All Others' PDR category, with about 50 authorities taking the latter approach, as shown in **Live Table PDR1**.

Figures for the total number of permitted development right applications made for changes *to residential use* for quarters from July to September 2014 are given in the quarterly worksheets in **Live Table PDR1**. These show that a total of 1,600 applications for changes to residential use were reported in April to June 2021, of which 900 (61 per cent) were given the go-ahead without having to go through the full planning process.

Overall during the twenty-nine quarters¹³ ending June 2021, district planning authorities reported 259,200 applications for prior approvals for permitted developments. For 146,800 (57 per cent) of them prior approval was not required, 60,300 (23 per cent) were granted and 52,100 (20 per cent) were refused (**Figure 9**).

¹² Mostly as announced on 21 July 2020: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/news/new-laws-to-extend-homes-upwards-and-revitalise-town-centres.</u>

¹³ This is the period since detailed data collection started from 1 April 2014.

Figure 9: Applications for prior approvals for permitted development rights reported by district planning authorities

England, twenty-nine quarters from April 2014 to June 2021



To put these recent figures into context, **Live Table P128** and **Figure 9** show how the number of 'determination applications' received remained broadly stable at around 5,000 to 8,000 per year from 2004/05 to 2012/13, but approximately doubled to 15,700 in 2013/14, following the creation of new permitted development right categories in May 2013.

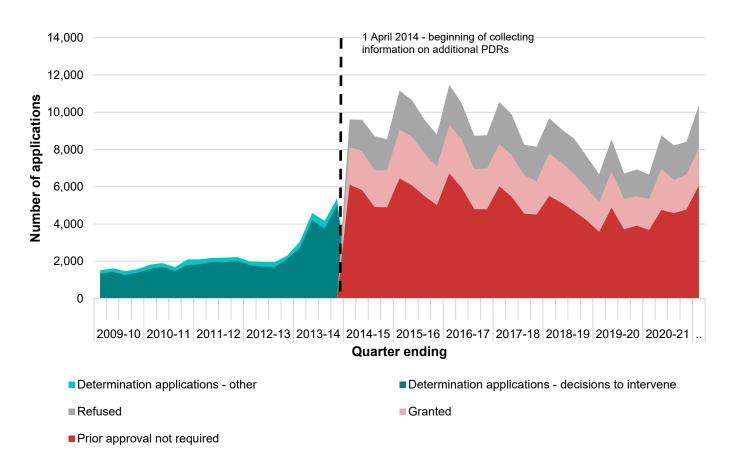
Since April 2014, there have been 36,500 PDR applications in 2014-15, 40,200 in 2015-16, 39,400 in 2016-17, 36,800 in 2017-18, 34,900 in 2018-19, 28,900 in 2019-20 and 32,000 in 2020-21. The quarterly pattern since April 2014 reflects a combination of both: i) the introduction of new permitted development right categories on several occasions; and ii) the seasonal peaks and troughs that have previously also been observed for planning applications, as shown earlier in this release, in Figure 1 (Live Table PDR 2 and Figure 10).

The initially large increase since 2014 in reported numbers of PDR applications for a change of use (e.g. office to residential), followed by a more recent decrease, is consistent with the annual numbers of dwellings added to the net housing supply as a result of a change of use. These have shown increases of 65 per cent in 2014-15, 48 per cent in 2015-16 and 22 per cent in 2016-17, and decreases of 20 per cent in 2017-18, two per cent in 2018-19, eight per cent in 2019-20 and a 12 per cent increase in 2020-21.¹⁴

¹⁴ Sources: statistical releases on Housing Supply: net additional dwellings at: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/net-supply-of-housing</u>

Figure 10: Applications for determination and prior approvals for permitted development rights decided by district planning authorities

England, quarter ending September 2009 to quarter ending June 2021



Other information

England totals for all the items of information collected on the PS1 and PS2 returns for April to June 2021 are given in **Reference Tables 1 and 2** respectively. These include the following:

Delegated decisions

• Of the 111,900 decisions made during the quarter, 108,100 (97 per cent) were delegated to officers. This percentage has been stable since 2014, having previously increased from around 75 per cent in 2000. Also see **Live Table P133**.

Enforcement activity

• During the quarter, authorities issued 795 enforcement notices and served 849 planning contravention notices, 105 breach of condition notices, 21 stop notices and 57 temporary stop notices, while nine enforcement injunctions were granted by the High/County Court and four injunctive applications refused. In recent years, this level of activity has remained broadly proportionate to the number of planning decisions made. See **Live Table P127**.

Regulation 3 and 4 decisions

 304 'Regulation 3' and 43 'Regulation 4' decisions were made. Relative to the number of planning decisions made in recent years, numbers of 'Regulation 3' decisions have dropped and those for 'Regulation 4' have remained stable. Also see Live Table P128.

Traveller pitches

- During the quarter, authorities decided three major applications for traveller pitches, granting two of them, and deciding all three of them within 13 weeks or the agreed time.
- They also decided 63 minor applications for traveller pitches, granting 29 of them and deciding 35 of them within eight weeks or the agreed time. Also see **Live Table P137**.
- For both major and minor applications for traveller pitches, the numbers of decisions, and percentages of applications granted and decided on time, have remained broadly stable since figures were first collected in 2008.

Authorities undertaking county level planning

Authorities that undertake county level planning activity – which includes counties, unitary authorities, London boroughs, metropolitan districts, national parks and development corporations - received 844 'county matters' applications in the year ending June 2021 (**CPS dashboard**). This compares with around 471,400 planning applications received by authorities that undertake district level planning activities. Statistics for 'county matters' decisions are therefore likely to be more volatile than those for districts because of the smaller numbers of such decisions. County level figures are unrounded in this publication. Recent summary statistics on numbers of applications, decisions and permissions granted are shown in **Table 8**. More historical and detailed figures are given in the accompanying **CPS dashboard**.

	Quarter ending		Year e	nding
	2021 Q2	2020 Q2	2021 Q2	2020 Q2
Number of applications received	189	239	844	920
% change in the number of applications received from previous period	-21	11	-8	-13
Number of applications decided	168	139	738	733
% change in the number of applications decided from previous period	21	-47	-1	-25
Number of applications granted	161	131	693	695
% change in the number of applications granted from previous period	23	-47	0	-26

Table 8: County level planning applications received, decided and granted England, guarters and years ending June 2020 and June 2021 ^P

P Provisional

Planning applications

In the quarter ending June 2021, authorities received 189 'county matter' applications, down 21 per cent from the same quarter last year. County councils accounted for 69 per cent of total applications received, unitary authorities for 22 per cent, metropolitan districts for seven per cent, London boroughs one per cent and National Parks one per cent. The highest number of applications was received by Nottinghamshire (with 21 applications). 109 out of the 162 responding authorities (68 per cent) did not receive any 'county matter' applications (CPS dashboard).

Planning decisions

'County matters' authorities made decisions on 168 planning applications in the June quarter of 2021, up 21 per cent from the same quarter a year earlier. Of these, 96 per cent (161) were granted **(Table 4 and the CPS dashboard)**, up two percentage points from the same quarter last

year.

Waste developments accounted for 63 per cent of the total decisions, minerals developments for 30 per cent and other developments for seven per cent (CPS dashboard).

Speed of decisions

In the quarter ending June 2021, 'county matters' planning authorities determined 89 per cent of applications within 13 weeks or the agreed time (CPS dashboard).

Performance of individual county level local planning authorities

Live Table 151b presents data on the performance of county level local planning authorities against the latest published criterion in <u>Improving planning performance: criteria for designation</u> on the speed of decision-making for informing decisions on the designation of poorly performing local planning authorities under section 62B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. In particular, it gives detailed figures for the time taken for decisions to be made over the eight most recent quarters.

Similarly, **Live Table P152b** presents data on the performance of county level local planning authorities against the latest published criterion in <u>Improving planning performance: criteria for designation</u> on the quality of decision-making for assessing performance under section 62B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. In particular, it gives detailed figures for the percentage of decisions subject to a successful planning appeal, by matching eight quarters of the department's data on decisions and all available quarters of Planning Inspectorate data on appeals. This table is usually published a few weeks after the statistical release and most of the other live tables, to take account of the latest appeals data.

Live Table P155 presents data on the time taken by county level local planning authorities to make decisions on oil and gas developments, using data from the eight most recent available quarters. The table has been produced to enable local planning authority performance to be measured, as set out in the Written Ministerial Statement of 16 December 2015, available at http://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-statement/Commons/2015-09-16/HCWS201/.

Permitted development rights

Although most activity relating to permitted development rights is concerned with 'district matters', it is also relevant for 'county matters', with the CPS1 return having been amended to collect information on prior approvals for permitted developments with effect from 1 April 2014. The results for April to June 2021 are given as additional columns in **Live Table PDR3**. They show that 10 applications for prior approval for permitted development were reported during the April to June quarter of 2021, up from six in the same quarter of 2020.

Other information

England totals for the items of information collected on the CPS1 returns for April to June 2021 are given in **Reference Table 3**. These include the following:

Delegated decisions

• Of the 168 decisions made during the quarter, 108 (64 per cent) were delegated to officers. This percentage has remained stable in recent years.

Enforcement activity

 Authorities issued 15 enforcement notices during the quarter, and served 25 planning contravention notices, eight breach of condition notices, one stop notice and four temporary stop notices. No enforcement injunctions were granted by the High Court or county courts and no injunctive applications were refused. These activities have remained stable in recent years. Also see the CPS dashboard.

Regulation 3 and 4 decisions

• 166 'Regulation 3' and no 'Regulation 4' decisions were made. The former has shown a downtrend trend in recent years. Also see the **CPS dashboard**.

Changes to accompanying tables

Until recently, the department was publishing over 40 accompanying Live Tables as individual spreadsheets for this quarterly publication, as listed below. The GSS Code of Practice for Statistics states that statistics producers should be creative and motivated to improve statistics and data. As stated in previous releases and in accordance with these guidelines, we proposed a number of changes intended to improve the accessibility, clarity and flexibility of our statistics, as well as reducing the burden on the department with regard to producing these statistics in a timely and efficient manner. The first step was to introduce three Excel spreadsheets providing district matters figures in a new **drop-down menu table format** over several quarters, between them enabling: i) breakdowns by development type to be displayed for a particular authority or type of authority during a particular period; ii) time series data to be displayed for a particular local authority, type of authority or for England; and iii) figures for residential, commercial and all district matters decisions taken within any given time period to be compared across local planning authorities.

As the most recent step in the process, the department introduced **some interactive Power BI dashboards** to complement the ongoing use of some live tables in Excel spreadsheets. In particular, dashboards were introduced covering the main data items from the PS1, PS2 and CPS1/2 returns.

Taking account of this, the current position is set out below:

- **Discontinued little-used tables**: Tables P121, P122, P123, P124, P131, P132, P135, P136, P139 to P149 are no longer routinely published, having been replaced by interactive dashboards. Further information on how the dashboards can be used to replicate information from existing live tables is available in a **short user note** on the live tables web page.
- **Combining tables with significant overlap:** it is possible that other sets of tables with significant overlap could be replaced by further dashboards in the future, such as Live Tables P127 to P130. There are, however, no immediate plans to do so.
- Retaining some of the existing tables as separate spreadsheets e.g. local authority performance tables (P151 to P155), Permitted development rights tables (PDR1 to PDR3), and Reference Tables 1 to 3.

Accompanying tables

The accompanying tables updated and available to download alongside this release are:

District planning authorities

- **P120** District planning authorities planning applications received, decided, granted, performance agreements and speed of decisions, England (time series quarterly and financial years' data)
- **P120A** District planning authorities residential planning applications decided, granted, performance agreements and speed of decisions, England (time series quarterly and financial years' data)
- **P120B** District planning authorities commercial planning applications decided, granted, performance agreements and speed of decisions, England (time series quarterly and financial years' data)
- **P124A** District planning authorities planning decisions by development type and local planning authority (yearly data)
- P127 District planning authorities enforcement action, England (quarterly and financial years' data)
- P128 District planning authorities regulation 3 and 4 decisions made and applications for determination, England (quarterly and financial years' data)
- **P129/P130** District planning authorities enforcement action by local planning authority (P129 quarterly, P130 yearly data)
- P133 District planning authorities applications received, decided, granted and delegated, environmental statements received and flow of applications by local planning authority (quarterly data)
- P134District planning authorities applications received, decided, granted and delegated
and environmental statements received, by local planning authority (yearly data)
- **P137/P138** District planning authorities planning applications decided, granted and speed of decisions on major and minor traveller caravans, by local planning authority (P137 guarterly, P138 yearly data)

District matters interactive dashboard tables:

- PS1 separate displays for:
 - PS1 summary

- o Permitted development rights
- Enforcement action

A data dictionary and two associated data files (.csv files) are also available: one csv file holds data for the four most recent quarters only, whereas the other holds data back to Q2 1996.

PS2 - separate displays for breakdowns by:

- development type
- planning authority

There is also an interactive mapping facility. It includes figures previously published in live tables P121, P122, P123, P124, P131, P132, P135 and P136. A data dictionary and two associated data files (.csv files) are also available: one csv file holds data for the four most recent quarters only, whereas the other holds data back to Q2 1979.

County matters interactive dashboard table

CPS1/2 - separate displays for breakdowns by:

- Planning authority level summary
- Time series
- Development type

There is also an interactive mapping facility. Includes figures previously published in Live Tables P139 to P149. A data dictionary and four associated data files (.csv files) are also available: one csv file holds CPS1 data for the four most recent quarters only, and the others hold: CPS2 data for the four most recent quarters only; CPS1 data going back to Q2 1979; and CPS2 data going back to Q2 1989.

Local planning authority performance tables

P151a/b District and 'county matters' planning authorities' performance - speed of major development decisions (24 months' data)
P152a/b District and 'county matters' planning authorities' performance - quality of major development decisions (24 months' data)
P153 District planning authorities' performance - speed of non-major development decisions (24 months' data)
P154 District planning authorities' performance - quality of non-major development decisions (24 months' data)
P154 District planning authorities' performance - quality of non-major development decisions (24 months' data)
P155 'County matters' planning authorities' performance - speed of decisions on oil/gas developments (24 months' data)

Permission in Principle/Technical Details Consent

PiP/TDC1 District planning authorities' - Permission in Principle and Technical Details Consents: data available for each quarter from Q1 2020

Permitted development rights

- **PDR1** District planning authorities applications for prior approvals for permitted developments, by local planning authority (all available quarters)
- **PDR2** District planning authorities applications for prior approvals for permitted developments, England (all available quarters)
- **PDR3** 'County matters' planning authorities applications for prior approvals for permitted developments, by local planning authority (all available quarters)

Reference Tables:

1	PS1 – England totals: April to June 2021
2	PS2 – England totals: April to June 2021
3	CPS1 – England totals: April to June 2021

These tables can be accessed at <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/live-tables-</u>on-planning-application-statistics

The following tables are no longer routinely updated following the review of tables described in the previous section of this release:

- **P121/P122** District planning authorities planning applications decided, granted and speed of decisions, by type of authority, England (P121 quarterly, P122 yearly data)
- P123/P124 District planning authorities planning applications decided, granted, performance agreements and speed of decisions, by type of development, England (P123 quarterly, P124 yearly data)
- **P131/P132** District planning authorities planning applications decided, granted, performance agreements and speed of decisions, by development type and local planning authority (P131 quarterly, P132 yearly data)
- **P135/P136** District planning authorities planning applications decided, granted, performance agreements and speed of decisions on major and minor residential developments, by local planning authority (P135 quarterly, P136 yearly data)
- P139 'County matters' planning authorities planning applications received, decided and granted, by type of authority, England (quarterly and financial years' data)

P140/P141	'County matters' planning authorities - planning applications decided and granted, by type of authority and type of development, England (P140 quarterly, P141 yearly data)	
P142	'County matters' planning authorities - planning decisions, by speed of decision, England (quarterly and financial years' data)	
P143/P144	'County matters' planning authorities - planning applications received, decided and granted, speed of decisions and regulation 3 and 4 decisions, by local planning authority (P143 quarterly, P144 yearly data)	
P145	'County matters' planning authorities - enforcement action, England (quarterly and financial years' data)	
P146	'County matters' planning authorities - decisions on minerals applications, by type of development, England (financial years' data)	
P147	'County matters' planning authorities - decisions on waste planning applications, by type of development, England (financial years' data)	
P148	'County matters' planning authorities - planning applications decided and granted, by nature of site, and type of development, England (yearly data)	
P149	'County matters' planning authorities - planning applications decided, granted and speed of decisions, by type of development, England (yearly data)	
The following tables remain available from the link above but cannot be updated for the reasons		

The following tables remain available from the link above but cannot be updated for the reasons given below:

- P125/P126 District planning authorities major planning decisions by speed, performance agreements and type of development: separate data on large- and small-scale major developments have not been collected since April 2014
- P150 'County matters' planning authorities reasons given for decisions taking over 8 weeks: data have not been collected since April 2014

A planning statistics **email alert** is sent to anyone wishing to be informed each time some Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities planning application statistics are published. To sign up for this free service, please send an email to <u>planning.statistics@communities.gov.uk.</u>

Data held on Open Data Communities

The following linked open data is held on **Open Data Communities** at <u>http://opendatacommuni-ties.org</u>:

- A selection of derived data on planning developments as included in planning live tables P124A and the 'Comparison between local authorities' table, at local planning authority level; and
- Rolling annual England total figures for numbers of planning permissions granted, as provided by Glenigan.

The **Open Data mobile app** provides a range of statistics published by the department for the locality and is available for download free of charge from <u>the Windows App Store</u>, the <u>Google</u> <u>Playstore</u> and the <u>Apple ITunes Store</u>. Any enquiries about the app should be sent to <u>ODC@communities.gov.uk</u>.

Technical Notes

Please see the accompanying technical notes document for further details of definitions, related statistics and other technical details.

Information on the UK Statistical System is available via the UK Statistics Authority website: <u>https://www.statisticsauthority.gov.uk/</u>

Information about statistics at Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities is available via the Department's website: www.gov.uk/government/organisations/department-for-communities-and-local-government/about/statistics



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