

GP In Hours

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

31 August 2021

Year: 2021 Week: 34

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Key messages

data to

30/08/2021

During week 34, GP consultations for upper and lower respiratory tract infections increased slightly in those aged 15-44 years (figures 2a & 6a).

Baselines have been remodelled to account for changes due to COVID-19 and additional, new modelled lines have been added to the charts to represent expected levels if COVID-19 had not occurred

Please see 'notes and caveats' for information about the COVID-19-like GPIH syndromic indicator including important caveats around the interpretation of this indicator.

A Heat-Health Watch system operates in England from 1 June to 15 September each year. As part of the Heatwave Plan for England, the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be routinely monitoring the public health impact of hot weather using syndromic surveillance data during this period.

Heat-health watch level (current reporting week): Level 1 Summer preparedness.

http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/heathealth/

Diagnostic indicators at a glance:

Indicator	Trend	Level
COVID-19-like	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Upper respiratory tract infection	no trend	above baseline levels
Influenza-like illness	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Pharyngitis	no trend	above baseline levels
Scarlet fever	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Lower respiratory tract infection	no trend	above baseline levels
Pneumonia	no trend	above baseline levels
Gastroenteritis	no trend	above baseline levels
Vomiting	no trend	above baseline levels
Diarrhoea	decreasing	above baseline levels
Asthma	decreasing	above baseline levels
Conjunctivitis	no trend	above baseline levels
Mumps	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Measles	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Whooping cough	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Chickenpox	no trend	above baseline levels
Herpes zoster	no trend	above baseline levels
Cellulitis	no trend	above baseline levels
Impetigo	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Allergic rhinitis	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Heat/sunstroke	no trend	similar to baseline levels

GP practices and denominator population:

Year	Week	GP Practices Reporting**	Population size**
2021	34	677	6.7 million

^{**}based on the average number of practices and denominator population in the reporting working week.



1. COVID-19-like consultations

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Covid-19-like 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021 per 100,000 registered patients All ages ate

Apr 21

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

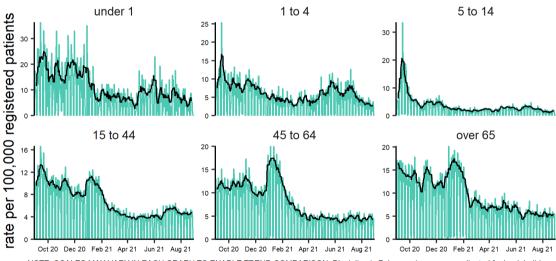
Jun 21

1a: COVID-19-like consultations by age group

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) by age group per 100,000 population (all England).

Covid-19-like by age group (years) 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

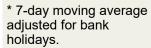
Feb 21



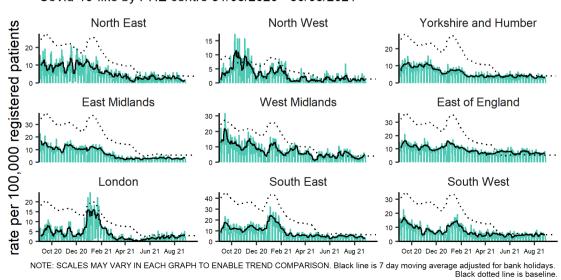
NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

1b: COVID-19-like consultations by **PHE Centre**

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all ages).



Covid-19-like by PHE centre 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

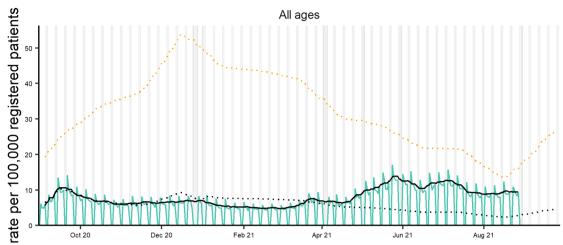




2: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI)

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Upper respiratory tract infection 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

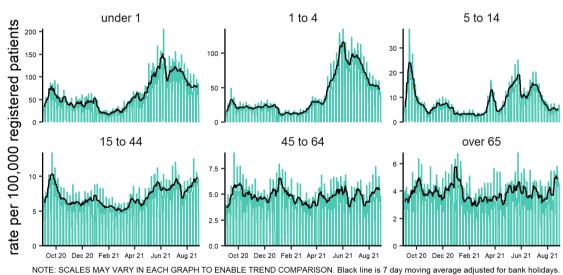


Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

2a: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI) by age

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) by age group per 100,000 population (all England).

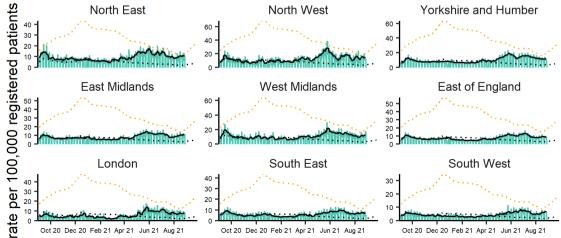
Upper respiratory tract infection by age group (years) 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



2b: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI) by PHE centre

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all ages).





NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays
Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level

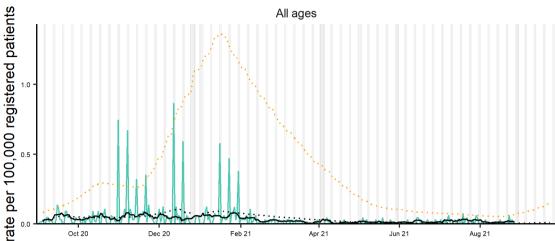
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



3: Influenza-like illness (ILI)

Daily incidence rates (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Influenza-like illness 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



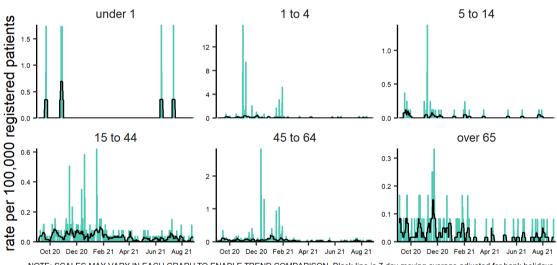
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

3a: ILI by age group

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) by age group per 100,000 population (all England).

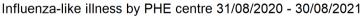
Influenza-like illness by age group (years) 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

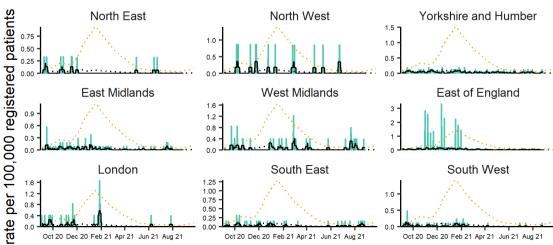


NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays

3b: ILI by PHE centre

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all ages).





NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

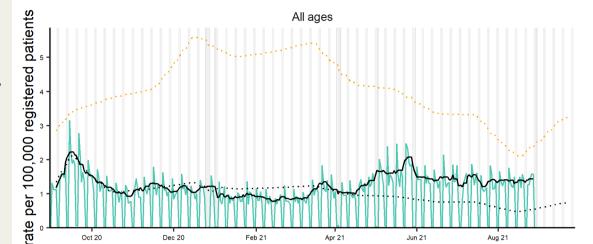
Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

Pharyngitis or scarlet fever 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

4: Pharyngitis or scarlet fever

Daily incidence rates (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



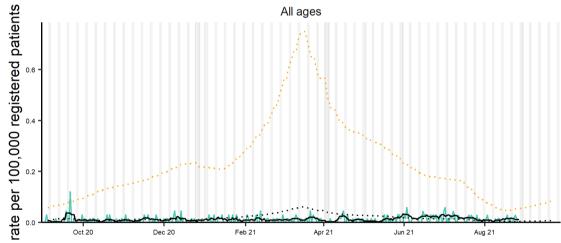
Feb 21

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

5: Scarlet fever

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Scarlet fever 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

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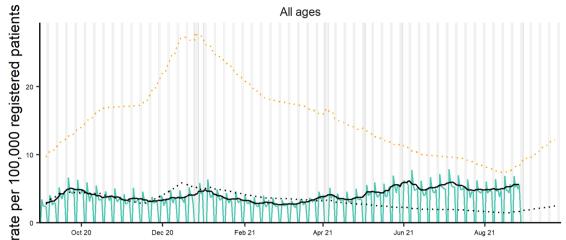
^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



6: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI)

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Lower respiratory tract infection 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

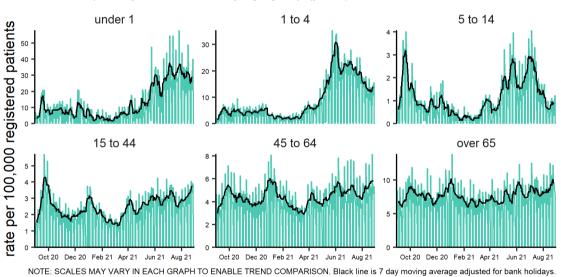


Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

6a: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI) by age

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) by age group per 100,000 population (all England).

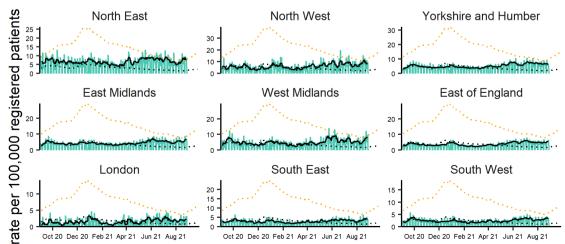
Lower respiratory tract infection by age group (years) 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



6b: LRTI by PHE centre

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all ages).

Lower respiratory tract infection by PHE centre 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

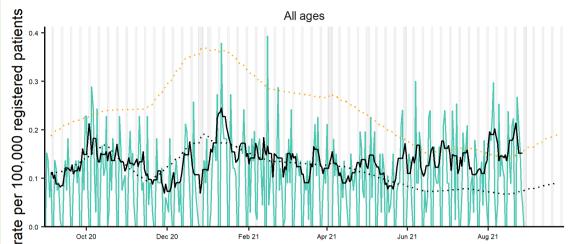
^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



7: Pneumonia

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Pneumonia 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

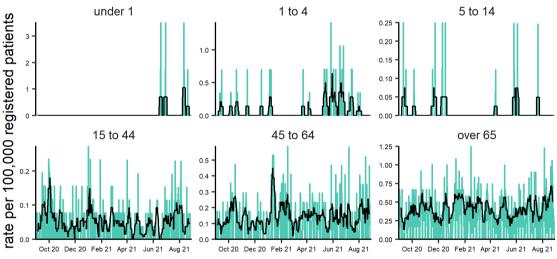
Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

7a: Pneumonia by age

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) by age group per 100,000 population (all England).

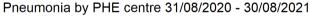
Pneumonia by age group (years) 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

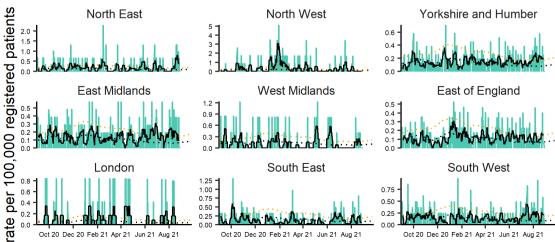


NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

7b: Pneumonia by PHE centre

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all ages).





NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

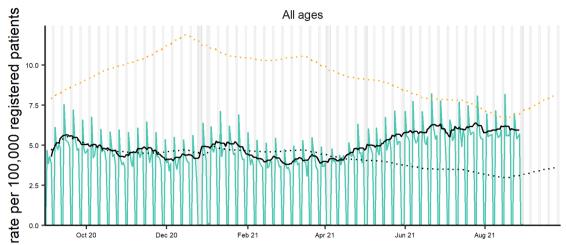
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



8: Gastroenteritis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Gastroenteritis 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



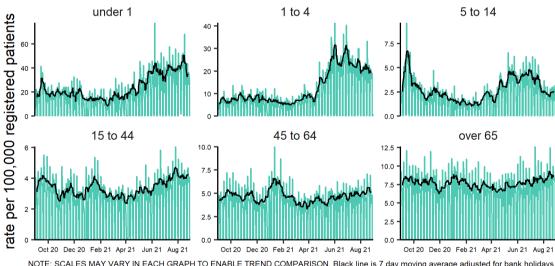
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

8a: Gastroenteritis by age

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) by age group per 100,000 population (all England).

Gastroenteritis by age group (years) 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

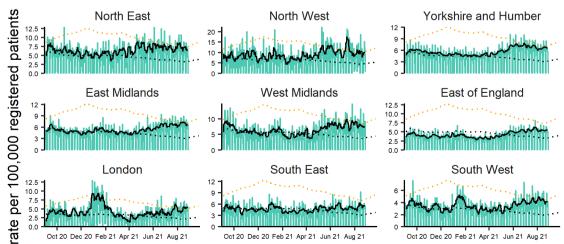


NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays

8b: Gastroenteritis by **PHE** centre

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all ages).





NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level

^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

9: Vomiting

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

All ages Out 20 Dec 20 Feb 21 Apr 21 Jun 21 Aug 21

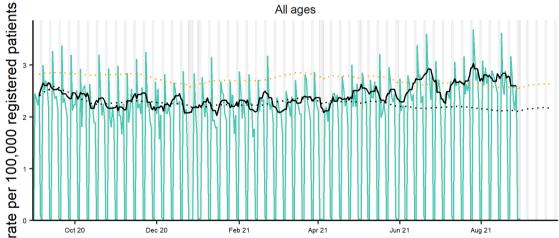
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

10: Diarrhoea

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Diarrhoea 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

Vomiting 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

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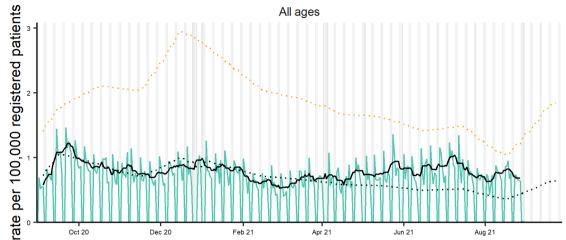
^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



11: Asthma

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Acute presenting asthma 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

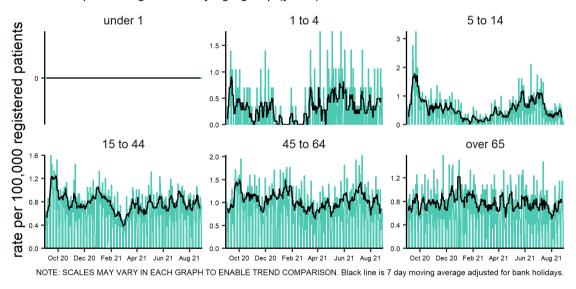


Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

11a: Asthma by age

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) by age group per 100,000 population (all England).

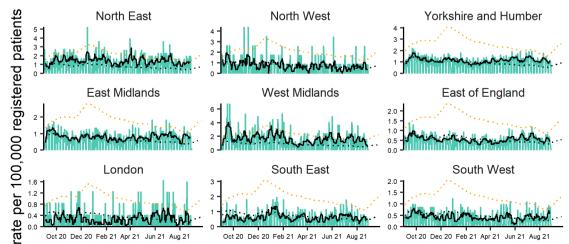
Acute presenting asthma by age group (years) 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



11b: Asthma by PHE centre

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all ages).

Acute presenting asthma by PHE centre 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

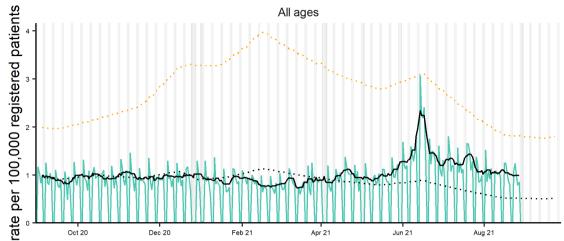
^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



12: Conjunctivitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Conjunctivitis 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

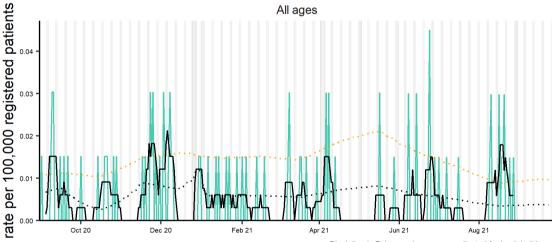


Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

13: Mumps

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Mumps 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



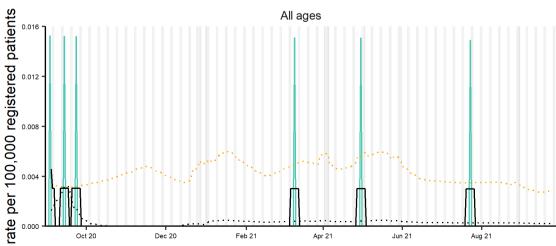
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

14: Measles

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Measles 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays

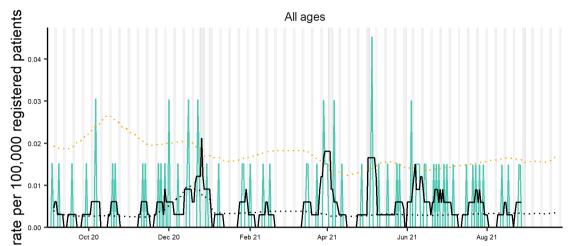
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



16: Whooping cough

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Whooping cough 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021

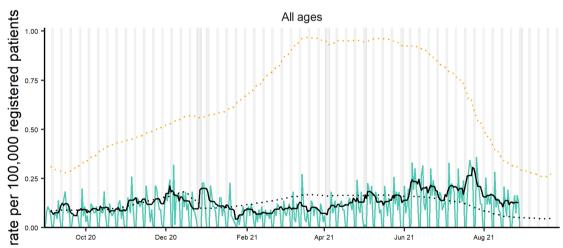


Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays

17: Chickenpox

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Chickenpox 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



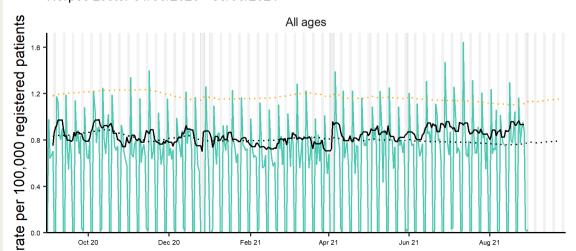
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

18: Herpes zoster

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

Herpes zoster 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



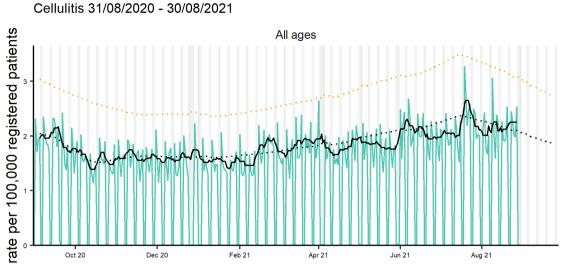
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



19 Cellulitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



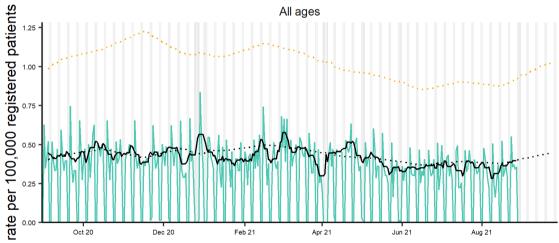
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level.

Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

20: Impetigo

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

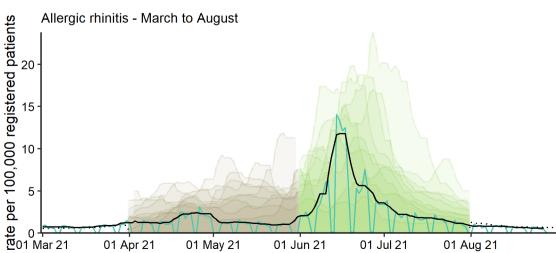
Impetigo 31/08/2020 - 30/08/2021



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

21: Allergic Rhinitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays, dotted line is out-of-season baseline. Shading shows historical 7 day moving averages,

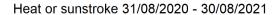
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

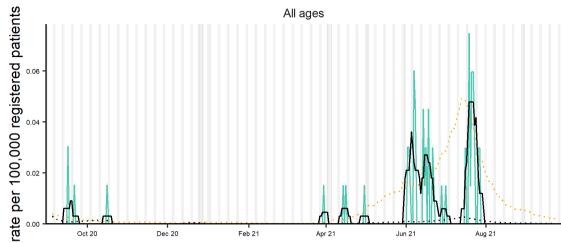
lightest shades are peaks seen once since 2012, darkest shades show levels reached every year since 2012.

April-May (brown) is associated with tree pollen peaks, June-July (green) with grass pollen.

22 Heat/sunstroke

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).





Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Orange dotted line is expected pre-covid-19 level. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

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^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



31 August 2021

Year: 2021 Week: 34

Notes and further information

- The PHE GP in hours surveillance system monitors the number of visits to general practitioners (GP) during regular surgery hours for known clinical indicators.
- This system captures anonymised GP morbidity data TPP SystmOneGP clinical software system including approximately 12% of the England population.
- Baselines are modelled from historical data to give current seasonally expected levels. Baselines have been remodelled to account for changes due to COVID-19 and the orange dotted lines are counter-factual models showing seasonally expected levels if covid-19 had not occurred.
- Each day, syndromic surveillance data are interrogated by a statistical algorithm to
 detect statistically significant exceedances (compared to baselines derived from
 historical data) in syndromic signals e.g. 'influenza-like illness GP consultations in
 London'. Each statistical exceedance is risk assessed by the ReSST using a
 published framework. Following the risk assessment, any exceedances requiring
 further action are communicated to relevant PHE colleagues for investigation.
 Further information about the methodology is available:
 - Morbey RA et al. The application of a novel rising activity, multi-level mixed effects, indicator emphasis' (RAMMIE) method for syndromic surveillance in England. Bioinformatics 2015;31: 3660-3665. 10.1093/bioinformatics/btv418
 - Smith GE et al. Novel public health risk assessment process developed to support syndromic surveillance for the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games. Journal of Public Health (Oxford) 2017;39: e111-e117. 10.1093/pubmed/fdw054

COVID-19 consultations

- A collection of new COVID-19 Snomed codes were released in March 2020 to facilitate the recording of patients presenting to primary care services with symptoms of COVID-19. The GPIH surveillance system monitors the use of these codes in a selection of TPP practices across England:
 - However, patients presenting with COVID-19 symptoms may be diagnosed using other clinical codes used by the GP.
 - Therefore, the COVID-19-like indicator presented in this report is primarily for monitoring trends in GP consultations, and it must be interpreted in context with the other respiratory syndromic indicators presented in this report. The number/rate of COVID-19-like consultations should therefore not be used as an absolute count of those patients with COVID-19.
- All indicator trends reported here should be interpreted with caution due to current national advice and guidance regarding access to GP surgeries and changes in clinical coding for COVID-19.

Acknowledgements:

We thank TPP, ResearchOne and the SystmOne GP practices contributing to this surveillance system.

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GP In Hours Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin.

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Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses