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Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

A W Jenkinson (Woodwaste) Limited

Hespin Wood Todhills Carlisle Cumbria CA6 4BJ

Variation application number

EPR/YP3393ZL/V011

Permit number

EPR/YP3393ZL

Hespin Wood Permit number EPR/YP3393ZL

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the notice

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

Changes introduced by this variation notice/statutory review

The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) came into force on 7 January 2014 with the requirement to implement all relevant Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision. Article 21(3) of the IED requires the Environment Agency to review conditions in permits that it has issued and to ensure that the permit delivers compliance with relevant standards, within four years of the publication of updated decisions on Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions. The BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment (the BREF) was published on 17 August 2018 following a European Union wide review of BAT, implementing decision (EU) 2018/1147 of 10 August 2018.

The scope of the permit review also covers the assessment of:

- the bioaerosols monitoring and compliance with M9 bioaerosols monitoring requirements;
- the design and construction of secondary containment and storage lagoons;
- the available storage facilities and measures to reduce ammonia emissions from storage; and
- information on existing medium combustion plant and/or specified generators on site.

This variation has been issued to update some of the conditions following a statutory review of the permits in the industry sector for biowaste treatment. The opportunity has also been taken to consolidate the original permit and subsequent variations.

Brief description of the process

Most of the green waste received at the site is supplied through Cumbria Waste Recycling (who own the Hespin Wood site and operate the weighbridge). Most of the green waste received at the site is either from Council-run kerbside collections from households across Cumbria, or from household waste recycling centres throughout the County.

Windrows are formed outside using a loading shovel. They can contain around approximately 500 tonnes of material. A proportion of the organic waste can be shredded, prior to composting. The windrows are monitored regularly for temperature, moisture and oxygen content. The composting process is undertaken over an 8 week period, compost is moved to the 'Maturation Shed' after approximately 5 weeks. The compost is then screened, firstly with a 40mm screen and secondly with a 10mm screen. This produces two finished products of 0-10 mm soil conditioner and 10-40 mm mulch. The green waste is PAS 100:2011 accredited.

The second activity taking place on site is the processing of wood wastes consisting only of sorting, separation, cutting, pulverising, shredding and chipping for recovery. The wood is stored in a separate area to the composting process area, this area being delineated by a surface water drain. The wood is stored in two separate piles, one for clean A grade wood and the other for low grade wood. The waste wood is loaded into a shredding machine at the entrance to the RCF preparation building. It then passes over various magnets (to remove any metals) and through screening equipment to produce the desired specification of wood chip required. The processing of wood on site remains as a waste operation.

The nearest human receptor is a waste management facility located adjacent to the site boundary. The nearest residential receptors are Blackrigg bungalow (NY365625) and residences at Todhills (NY371628). Both are located approximately 250 metres from the composting site, although the full permit site boundary covers an extended area which is approximately 70 metres from residences at Todhills at the closest proximity. Upper Solway Flats Marshes (SSSI) and River Eden and Tributaries (SSSI) are located within 2 km distance of the site. A Local Wildlife Site (Rockcliffe Moss) is located around 240 metres from the south west site boundary.

The schedules specify the changes made to the permit.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit					
Description	Date	Comments			
Licence EAWML 57541 Issued (EPR/YP3393ZL/A001)	23/02/04	Original permit issued to AW Jenkinson Woodwaste Limited			
Licence EAWML 57541 modified (EPR/YP3393ZL/V002)	20/03/08				
Variation issued (EPR/YP3393ZL/V003)	19/01/09	Environment Agency initiated variation to add waste types omitted from permit			
Surrender notice issued (EPR/YP3393ZL/S004)	14/03/11	Partial surrender			
Environment Agency initiated application (EPR/YP3393ZL/V005)	28/01/11	Environment Agency initiated variation to add bioaerosols monitoring requirements to permit			
Environment Agency initiated variation determined (EPR/YP3393ZL/V005)	01/04/11				
Application received (EPR/YP3393ZL/V006)	06/03/12	Application to vary the permit to include a chipping activity previously regulated under paragraph 13 exemption			
Additional information received	Duly made 23/03/12	Confirmation of wood chipping facility			
Variation determined EPR/YP3393ZL/V006	08/06/12				
Application received (EPR/YP3393ZL/V007)	16/09/13	Administrative variation to add a new EWC code 03 03 01			
Administrative variation determined (EPR/YP3393ZL/V007)	24/10/13				
Application EPR/YP3393ZL/V008 (variation and consolidation)	Duly made 29/11/14	Application to vary and update the permit to modern conditions and implement the changes introduced by IED.			
Variation determined EPR/YP3393ZL	22/03/16	Varied and consolidated permit issued in modern condition format.			
Application EPR/YP3393ZL/V009	04/11/15	Application returned by permitting officer 09/12/15. (Ref: REGIS EAWML 57541)			
Application EPR/YP3393ZL/V010 (variation and consolidation)	Duly made 18/07/16	Application to add the List of Waste activity code 19 05 03 to the permit.			
Administrative variation determined (EPR/YP3393ZL/V010)	28/07/16				

Status log of the permit				
Description	Date	Comments		
PAS ref: TP3536WQ				
Regulation 61 Notice sent to Operator	21/10/19	Regulation 61 Notice requiring information for statutory review of permit.		
Regulation 61 Notice response	30/04/19	Response received from the operator.		
Application EPR/YP3393ZL/V011 (variation and consolidation)	Environment Agency Initiated Variation	Statutory review of permit occasioned by Waste Treatment BAT Conclusions published on 17 August 2018.		
Environment Agency Biowaste Treatment Sector Review Permit reviewed Variation determined EPR/YP3393ZL (Billing Ref: MP3002SE)	13/08/21	Varied and consolidated permit issued.		

End of introductory note

Notice of variation and consolidation

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies and consolidates

Permit number

EPR/YP3393ZL

Issued to

A W Jenkinson (Woodwaste) Limited ("the operator")

whose registered office is

Carriden Industrial Estate Bridgeness Road Bo'Ness West Lothian EH51 9LH

company registration number SC166685

to operate a regulated facility at

Hespin Wood Todhills Carlisle Cumbria CA6 4BJ

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 13/08/2021

Name	Date
J Linton	13/08/2021

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of an Environment Agency initiated variation.

Schedule 2 – consolidated permit

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Permit number

EPR/YP3393ZL

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application EPR/YP3393ZL/V011 authorising,

A W Jenkinson (Woodwaste) Limited ("the operator"),

whose registered office is

Carriden Industrial Estate Bridgeness Road Bo'Ness West Lothian EH51 9LH

company registration number SC166685

to operate an installation and waste operation at

Hespin Wood Todhills

Carlisle

Cumbria

CA6 4BJ

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
J Linton	13/08/2021

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
 - (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR7), the operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
 - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR7), the operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
 - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
 - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
 - (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the "activities").
- 2.1.2 The activities shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.
- 2.1.3 All process plant and equipment shall be commissioned, operated and maintained and shall be fully documented and recorded in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 2.1.4 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR7), waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.

2.2 The site

2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation ("plan") specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:
 - (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 tables S2.2 and S2.3; and
 - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.
 - (c) the facility has sufficient free capacity to store and treat the waste.
- 2.3.5 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
 - (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
 - (b) the composition of the waste;
 - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
 - (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and
 - (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.6 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.

2.3.7 Waste pre-acceptance and acceptance procedures shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.

2.4 Improvement programme

- 2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 table S3.1.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
 - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.

3.3 Odour

3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.

3.4 Noise and vibration

3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.

3.4.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
- (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in table S3.1;
 - (b) process monitoring specified in table S3.2;
 - (c) bioaerosols monitoring specified in table S3.3.
- 3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 table S3.1 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.6 Bioaerosols

- 3.6.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the release of bioaerosols. Emissions of bioaerosols from the operational activities shall not exceed the emission action levels specified in table S3.3.
- 3.6.2 The operator shall where the emission action levels are exceeded:
 - (a) notify the Environment Agency and investigate and take remedial action;
 - (b) submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a bioaerosols management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from bioaerosols; and
 - (c) implement the bioaerosols management plan from the date of approval and revise the plan periodically, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.7 Pests

- 3.7.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.7.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) only use approved products for pest control;
 - (b) treat pest infestations promptly;
 - (c) reject pest-infected incoming waste;
 - (d) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
 - (e) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.8 Fire prevention

- 3.8.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.
- 3.8.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;
 - (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
 - (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR7), a report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:
 - (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
 - (b) the annual production/treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2; and
 - (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3 using the forms specified in table S4.4 of that schedule.
- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
 - (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
 - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
 - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.
- 4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.
- 4.2.5 Within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.
- 4.2.6 The operator shall keep records of non-waste materials leaving the site, including the type of material, the batch number, the date of export off-site and the tonnage exported on that date. These records shall be maintained for at least 2 years.

4.3 Notifications

- 4.3.1 In the event:
 - (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
 - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
 - (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time:

- (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.
- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 (a)(i), or 4.3.1 (b)(i) where the information relates to the breach of a limit specified in the permit, shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 Following the detection of an issue listed in condition 4.3.1, the operator shall review and revise the management system and implement any changes as necessary to minimise the risk of reoccurrence of the issue
- 4.3.4 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.5 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual):
- (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.
- 4.3.6 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:
 - (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
 - (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.
- 4.3.7 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days' notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.

4.4 Interpretation

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.
- 4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately", in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Table S1.1 Act			1	
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types	
AR1 – Open Windrow Process	S5.4 A(1)(b)(i) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment.	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From receipt of waste through to composting and recovery of by-products. Composting of waste under aerobic conditions in open systems such as outdoor turned windrows or aerated static piles on impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.	
	Directly Associated Activity			
AR2	Storage of waste pending recovery or disposal	R13: Storage of waste pending the R3 operation (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	From the receipt of waste to despatch for composting or despatch off site for recovery and/or disposal. Storage of waste on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2. The maximum quantity of waste being stored prior to composting, composted, and stored for maturation, shall not exceed a total of 10,000 tonnes at any one time.	
AR3	Physical treatment for the purposes of recycling	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From the receipt of waste to despatch for composting or despatch off site for recovery. Pre-treatment of waste prior to composting on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system	

Raw material storage			including shredding and screening. Post-treatment of processed compost on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system including screening to remove contraries. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.	
Raw material storage			processed compost on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system including screening to remove contraries. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table	
Raw material storage			acceptance are limited to those specified in Table	
Raw material storage				
	Storage of raw materials including lubrication oil, antifreeze, activated carbon, diesel.		From the receipt of raw materials to despatch for use within the facility.	
Storage of finished compost and non-composted fraction	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)		From the receipt of processed uncertified compost and non-composted fraction produced at the facility to treatment on site and despatch for use off-site.	
			Storage of processed uncertified compost in an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface.	
Process water collection and storage	Collection and storage of compost liquor/leachate in two storage tanks.		From the receipt of composite leachate produced at the facility to re-use within the facility or despatch off site for recovery or disposal.	
Surface water collection and storage	Collection and storage of uncontaminated roof and site surface water.		From the collection of uncontaminated roof and site surface water from non-operational areas only to reuse within the facility or discharge off-site.	
Description of activities for operations	or waste Limits of		vities	
operations numbered R1 to R	R12 (excluding collection, on	table S2.3 cor separation, cu and chipping	ment of wood wastes listed in nsisting only of sorting, utting, pulverising, shredding, for recovery. ge of wastes listed in table	
	Process water collection and storage Surface water collection and storage Description of activities for operations R13: Storage of waste pending operations numbered R1 to Ftemporary storage, pending of the storage	Storage of finished compost and non-composted fraction Process water collection and storage Surface water collection and storage Surface water collection and storage Collection and uncontaminate site surface w Description of activities for waste operations R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on	antifreeze, activated carbon, diesel. Storage of finished compost and non-composted fraction R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced) Process water collection and storage of compost liquor/leachate in two storage tanks. Collection and storage of uncontaminated roof and site surface water. Description of activities for waste operations R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced) Physical treat table S2.3 cor separation, on and chipping to the operations of the operations of the site where it is produced)	

Table S1.1 Activities					
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations		Limits of specified activity and waste types	
	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents		Quantities of wood waste stored shall not exceed 10,000 tonnes in total at any one time. No waste must be stored for more than 3 months.		

Table S1.2 Operating techniques			
Description	Parts	Date Received	
Application forms and supporting documents	Application Part C4	06/03/12	
Email	Confirmation of woodchipping activity	23/03/12	
Email	Confirmation of waste storage limits	15/05/12	
Odour Management Plan	Odour Management Plan version 5 and subsequent amendments as approved by the Environment Agency.	06/11/14	
Application	Section 3 of the application document in response to section 3a – technical standards and Appendix 5, Part C3 of the application form	29/11/14	
Response to Improvement Condition (IC1)	Dust Management Plan produced under Improvement Condition IC1 and subsequent amendments as approved by the Environment Agency	09/06/17	
Response to Regulation 61 Notice dated 21/10/19	 Annex 1 Returns Spreadsheet Compliance and operating techniques identified in response to BAT Conclusions 1 to 8, 10 to 24 and 33 to 38 in the Waste Treatment BREF published on 17 August 2018. 	Received 30/04/20	

Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements				
Reference	Requirement	Date		
Improvement	Improvement condition for progress report to achieve BAT-AELs			
IC1	The operator shall submit a Dust Management Plan to the Environment Agency for approval in writing. The plan shall contain details of appropriate measures to be used for the prevention and suppression of dust. It shall also include details of monitoring and inspections by the operator and shall also contain dates for the implementation of the measures identified in the plan. Once approved in writing, the operator shall implement the agreed plan.	Completed		
Improvement condition for progress report to achieve Narrative BAT				
IC2	The operator shall submit, for approval by Environment Agency, a report setting out progress to achieving the 'Narrative' BAT where BAT	Progress reports at three		

Reference	Requirement	Date
	is currently not achieved, but will be achieved before 17 August 2022. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following: 1) Methodology for achieving BAT	monthly intervals from date of permit
	2) Associated targets /timelines for reaching compliance by 17 August 2022	issue: 11/11/2021
	3) Any alterations to the initial plan (in progress reports).	11/02/2022
	The report shall address the BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment with respect to BAT 1 to 4, 14, 19, 21, 23 and 35 to 37.	11/05/2022
	Refer to BAT Conclusions for a full description of the BAT requirement.	
Improvemen	t condition for primary containment	
IC3	The operator shall submit a written 'primary containment plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by a qualified engineer, and shall assess the extent design specification and condition of primary containment systems where polluting liquids and solids are being stored, treated, and/or handled.	11/08/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
	The plan shall include:	
	 an assessment of the physical condition of all primary containment systems (storage and treatment vessels) using a Written Scheme of Examination and their suitability for providing primary containment when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by catastrophic tank failure; 	
	 a program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary to demonstrate that the primary containment is fit for purpose or alternative appropriate measures to ensure all polluting materials will be contained on site; and 	
	a preventative maintenance and inspection regime	
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	
Improvemen	t condition for secondary containment design	
IC4	The operator shall submit a written 'secondary and tertiary containment plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by a competent structural engineer, in accordance with the risk assessment methodology detailed within CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, of the condition and extent of secondary and tertiary containment systems where all polluting liquids and solids are being stored, treated, and/or handled.	11/08/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
	The inspection shall consider, but not be limited to, the storage vessels, bunds, loading and unloading areas, transfer pipework/pumps, temporary storage areas, and liners underlying the site.	
	The plan shall include:	
	 an assessment of the physical condition of all secondary and/or tertiary containment systems, using a Written Scheme of Examination and their suitability for providing containment 	

Reference	Requirement	Date
	 when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by catastrophic tank failure; a program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary for the secondary and/or tertiary containment systems to comply with CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, or equivalent. 	
	a preventative maintenance and inspection regime	
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	

Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels	
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification

Table S2.2 Permitte	d waste types and quantities for composting in open systems
Maximum quantity	The total quantity of waste aggregated (Table S2.2 and S2.3) on the site shall be less than 100,000 tonnes a year.
Exclusions	 Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432 co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432 food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025. wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood wastes containing persistent organic pollutants wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014 manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013.
Waste code	Description
02	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing, food preparation and processing
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 02 01 03	
	fishing
02 01 03	fishing plant-tissue waste
02 01 03 02 01 07	plant-tissue waste wastes from forestry (biodegradable only) wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast
02 01 03 02 01 07 02 03	plant-tissue waste wastes from forestry (biodegradable only) wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation
02 01 03 02 01 07 02 03 02 03 04	plant-tissue waste wastes from forestry (biodegradable only) wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (biodegradable only) Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture,
02 01 03 02 01 07 02 03 02 03 04 03	plant-tissue waste wastes from forestry (biodegradable only) wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (biodegradable only) Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture, pulp, paper and cardboard
02 01 03 02 01 07 02 03 02 03 04 03 03 01	plant-tissue waste wastes from forestry (biodegradable only) wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (biodegradable only) Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture, pulp, paper and cardboard wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture
02 01 03 02 01 07 02 03 02 03 04 03 03 01 03 01 01	plant-tissue waste wastes from forestry (biodegradable only) wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (biodegradable only) Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture, pulp, paper and cardboard wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture waste bark and cork – virgin timber only sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood and particle board other than those mentioned in
02 01 03 02 01 07 02 03 02 03 04 03 03 01 03 01 01 03 01 05	plant-tissue waste wastes from forestry (biodegradable only) wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (biodegradable only) Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture, pulp, paper and cardboard wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture waste bark and cork – virgin timber only sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood and particle board other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 – virgin timber only

Maximum quantity The total quantity of waste aggregated (Table S2.2 and S2.3) on the sit be less than 100,000 tonnes a year.				
Exclusions	 Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432 co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432 food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025. wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood wastes containing persistent organic pollutants wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014 manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013. 			
Waste code	Description			
03 03 10	fibre rejects only – virgin timber and biodegradable only			
15	Waste packaging, absorbents, wiping cloths, filter materials and protective clothing not otherwise specified			
15 01	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)			
15 01 03	wooden packaging – untreated timber only			
17	Construction and demolition wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)			
17 02	wood, glass and plastic			
17 02 01	wood			
19	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use			
19 05	Wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes			
19 05 03	off-specification compost from a composting process that accepts waste input types listed in this table, made up of previously sanitised and stabilised batches only			
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified			
19 12 07	wood other than that mentioned in 19 12 06			
20	Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions			
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)			
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37			
20 02	garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)			
20 02 01	biodegradable waste (plant matter only)			

Maximum quantity	The total quantity of waste aggregated (Table S2.2 and S2.3) on the site shall be less than 100,000 tonnes a year.
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:
	- consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders, or loose fibres;
	- wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid;
	- wastes containing persistent organic pollutants, Japanese Knotweed;
	- hazardous wastes; - odour producing or likely to be odour producing.
Waste code	Description
02	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing, food preparation and processing
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 03	plant-tissue waste
02 01 07	wastes from forestry (biodegradable only)
03	Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture, pulp, paper and cardboard
03 01	wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture
03 01 01	waste bark and cork – virgin timber only
03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood and particle board other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 – virgin timber only
03 03	wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing
03 03 01	waste bark and wood – virgin timber only
03 03 10	fibre rejects only – virgin timber and biodegradable only
15	Waste packaging, absorbents, wiping cloths, filter materials and protective clothing not otherwise specified
15 01	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)
15 01 03	wooden packaging – untreated timber only
17	Construction and demolition wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
17 02	wood, glass and plastic
17 02 01	wood
19	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified
19 12 07	wood other than that mentioned in 19 12 06
20	Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
20 02	garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)
20 02 01	biodegradable waste (plant matter only)

Schedule 3 - Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to water (other than sewer) and land – emission limits and monitoring requirements

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (incl. unit)	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
W1 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to ground via interceptor and drainage ditch	Uncontaminated site surface water from roofs and non-operational areas	No parameter set	No limit set		Weekly	Visual assessment – no visible oil or grease

Note 1 – Clean surface water from roofs, or from areas of the site that are not being used in connection with storing and treating waste can be discharged directly to surface waters, or to groundwater by seepage through the soil via a soakaway.

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
Meteorological conditions	Wind speed, Air temperature, Wind direction	Continuous	As specified in the Environmental Management System	Weather station or anemometer and wind sock
Stock piles prior to composting including	Temperature	Daily prior to processing	Temperature probe	Monitoring equipment shall be
screened and shredded material	Moisture	Daily prior to processing	Squeeze test, or drying oven in accordance with BS EN 13040	available on site and used as required to maintai aerobic conditions and ensure compliance with theses standard rules. Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency. Uncontrolled self-heating and decomposition must be prevented in accordance with the Accident
	C:N Total Organic Carbon and Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	As agreed in the Environmental Management System	Total Organic Carbon using recognised industry method Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen in accordance with BS EN 13654-1	

Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
				Management Plan and/or Fire Prevention Plan. Process shall be controlled in accordance with permit condition 3.3 and the Odour Management Plan. Sampling of waste shall be in accordance with EN14899. Anaerobic conditions shall be prevented.
	Fly infestation or pupa formation	Daily – for stock piles in storage prior to preparation and stock piles in sanitisation stage Weekly – for stock piles in stabilisation stage	Visual inspection	Records of fly count must be maintained as necessary and infested waste should be rejected in accordance waste acceptance procedures and in accordance with permit condition 3.7.
Representative internal core for each composting batch during sanitisation and stabilisation stage	Temperature	Daily	Temperature probe Temperature probe shall record core waste temperature and probe placement must be sufficient to record temperature uniformly.	Monitoring equipment shall be available on site and used as required to maintain aerobic conditions and ensure compliance with this permit. Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the Environment
	Moisture	Daily during sanitisation and stabilisation stage	Squeeze test, or drying oven in accordance with BS EN 13040	Agency. Process shall be controlled in accordance with permit condition 3.3

Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
	C:N Total Organic Carbon and Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	As agreed in the Environmental Management System	Total Organic Carbon using recognised industry method Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen in accordance with BS EN 13654-1	and the Odour Management Plan. Sampling of waste shall be in accordance with EN14899. Anaerobic conditions shall be prevented.
Representative internal core for each composting batch during further maturation stage	Temperature	Once per week	Temperature probe Temperature probe shall record core waste temperature and probe placement must be sufficient to record temperature uniformly	Process shall be controlled in accordance with permit condition 3.3 and the Odour Management Plan.
	Moisture	Once per week	Squeeze test, or drying oven in accordance with BS EN 13040	
Internal core for oversize storage piles	Temperature	Once per week	Temperature probe As specified in the Environmental Management System	Uncontrolled self-heating and decomposition must be prevented in accordance permit condition 3.8, the Fire Prevention Plan and/or Accident Management Plan.
Leachate and dirty water storage capacity	Level	At least daily	Visual or capacity measurement	750 mm freeboard must be maintained for storage lagoons.
Waste reception building; Storage tank(s); Maturation area	Odour	Daily	Olfactory monitoring	Odour detection at the site boundary
Storage tank(s)	Integrity checks	Weekly	Visual assessment	

Table S3.3 Bioaerosols monitoring requirements – ambient monitoring						
Location or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Bioaerosols action levels (CFU m ⁻³)	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications	
Upwind of the operational area, as described in the Technical Guidance Note M9	Total bacteria	1000 Note 1	Twice a year, unless otherwise advised in writing by the Environment	unless with Techni otherwise Guidance N advised in writing by the Environment monitoring of	In accordance with Technical Guidance Note M9 – Environmental monitoring of bioaerosols at	As described in the Technical Guidance Note M9, including all the additional data requirements
Downwind of the operational area, as described in the Technical Guidance Note M9	Aspergillus Fumigatus	500 Note 1		regulated facilities.	specified therein.	

Note 1- The bioaerosols action levels are only applicable at downwind sampling locations equivalent to the distance of the nearest sensitive receptor. Where these action levels are elevated, the operator must take action to mitigate the impact on sensitive receptors. Assessment of compliance will be based on risk and in line with guidance.

Note 2. Where the bioaerosols action levels are exceeded, then monitoring will remain quarterly until such time that it is demonstrated that the site has adequate mitigation for a 12 month period.

Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data				
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins	
Process monitoring Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.2	Every 12 months	1 January	
Bioaerosols monitoring Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table \$3.3	Twice a year, unless otherwise advised in writing by the Environment Agency	1 January, 1 July	

Table S4.2 Annual production/treatment		
Parameter	Units	
Processed compost	tonnes	
Non-waste outputs	tonnes	

Table S4.3 Performance parameters			
Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units	
Water usage	Annually	tonnes or m ³	
Energy usage	Annually	MWh	
Total raw material used	Annually	tonnes	

Table S4.4 Reporting forms			
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form	
Bioaerosols	As specified in the Technical Guidance Note M9 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency		
Process monitoring	Form process 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	11/08/2021	
Water usage	Water Usage Reporting Form, or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	11/08/2021	
Energy usage	Form water usage 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	11/08/2021	
Other performance indicators	Form performance 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	11/08/2021	
Waste Returns	E-waste Returns Form or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency		

Schedule 5 - Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number

Name of operator				
Location of Facility				
Time and date of the detection				
	any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, ince not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is pollution			
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection			
Date and time of the event				
Reference or description of the location of the event				
Description of where any release into the environment took place				
Substances(s) potentially released				
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances				
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission				
Description of the failure or accident.				
(b) Notification requirements for t	the breach of a limit			
To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below				
Emission point reference/ source				
Parameter(s)				
Limit				

Measured value and uncertainty

Date and time of monitoring

(b) Notification requirements for	the breach of a li	imit	
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless	s otherwise specified	below
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission			
Time periods for notification follo	owing detection of	of a breach of a limit	
Parameter			Notification period
(c) Notification requirements for		any significant adver	se environmental effect
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection		
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected			
Substances(s) detected			
Concentrations of substances detected			
Date of monitoring/sampling			
Part B – to be submit		n as practica	ble
Any more accurate information on t notification under Part A.	he matters for		
Measures taken, or intended to be a recurrence of the incident	taken, to prevent		
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission			
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.			
Name*			
Post			
Signature			
Date			

^{*} authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 - Interpretation

"accident" means an accident that may result in pollution.

"accident management plan" means a plan that identifies risks and failures which can have an impact on the environment or have environmental consequences. The plan forms part of the management system. The plan must minimise the potential causes and consequences and identify clearly the roles, responsibilities and action to be taken to minimise the consequences of accidents. This includes measures to prevent and control fires on site, DSEAR assessment and clearly marked zones.

"Animal By-Products Regulations" means The Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2011 (SI 2013 No.2952).

"animal waste" means any waste consisting of animal matter that has not been processed into food for human consumption. This does include blood, feathers, uncooked butchers waste and any other animal waste that is not catering waste or former foodstuffs. This does not include faecal matter from animals (e.g. chicken litter or farmyard manure).

"application" means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

"authorised officer" means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

"best available techniques" means the most effective and advanced stage in the development of activities and their methods of operation which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques for providing the basis for emission limit values and other permit conditions designed to prevent and, where that is not practicable, to reduce emissions and the impact on the environment as a whole:

- a) 'techniques' includes both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned;
- b) 'available techniques' means those developed on a scale which allows implementation in the relevant industrial sector, under economically and technically viable conditions, taking into consideration the costs and the advantages, whether or not the techniques are used or produced inside the Member State in question, as long as they are reasonably accessible to the operator;
- 'best' means most effective in achieving high general level of protection of the environment as a whole.

"bioaerosols action levels" means the maximum acceptable bioaerosol concentrations at the nearest sensitive receptor, or at an equivalent distance downwind of the biowaste treatment operations, which are attributable to the biowaste treatment operations. The maximum acceptable concentrations are respectively 1000 and 500 CFU m⁻³ for total bacteria and Aspergillus fumigatus. Where these action levels are elevated, the operator must take action to mitigate the impact on sensitive receptors.

"biodegradable" means a material is capable of undergoing biological anaerobic or aerobic degradation leading to the production of CO₂, H₂O, methane, biomass and mineral salts depending on the environmental conditions of the process.

"building" means a construction that has the objective of providing sheltering cover and minimising emissions of noise, particulate matter, odour and litter.

"capacity" means the potential capacity and not historical or actual production levels or throughput. This means that the designed capacity is the maximum rate at which the site can operate. Biological treatment of waste usually takes place over more than one day, so the physical daily capacity can be calculated by dividing the maximum quantity of waste that could be subject to biological treatment at aby one time by the minimum residence time. For in-vessel composting, the residence time for sanitisation should be calculated separately and then aggregated to the complete composting time.

"channelled emissions" means the emissions of pollutants into the environment through any kind of duct, pipe, stack, etc. This also includes emissions from open top biofilters.

"closed system" means a closed composting reactor or closed area (such as a building) in which waste is fully contained and efficient air management abatement systems are demonstrated. This may cover a wide range of technology and where necessary is in compliance with the Animal By-Products Regulations.

"competent persons and resources" means that a technically competent person accredited to a relevant scheme must attend site and record their attendance, and that all roles and responsibilities are clearly stated in the management systems along with records of operatives' training.

"compost" means solid particulate material that is the result of composting, which has been sanitised and stabilised, and which confers beneficial effects when added to soil, used as a component of growing media or used in another way in conjunction with plants.

"compostable plastics" means plastics that are certified to meet the standards of EN 13432, EN 14995 or equivalent.

"composting" means the biological decomposition of organic materials, under conditions that are predominantly aerobic and that allow the development of thermophilic temperatures as a result of biologically produced heat and that result in compost.

"composting batch" means an identifiable quantity of material that progresses through the composting system and when fully processed has similar characteristics throughout. For composting systems that operate on a continuous or a plug-flow basis, batches will be taken to mean a series of "portions of production".

"disposal" means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits" means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

"emissions to land" includes emissions to groundwater.

"EP Regulations" means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

"ground water" means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

"hazardous waste" has the meaning given in the Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations as amended.

"impermeable surface" means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface.

"incidental contamination" means low levels of incidental waste, for example plastic that may be contained within the feedstock waste.

"Industrial Emissions Directive" means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

"maturation" means a stage when by agitating and turning the compost, it no longer results in reheating and the monitored temperature falls to ambient without the compost being too dry or anaerobic. Phytotoxin that are formed during the active composting phase are metabolised by microorganisms, which will result in the final material not being too harmful to plants. This usually coincides with a drop in pH toward neutral, and the conversion of ammonia into nitrates and recolonization of beneficial microorganisms. The maturation phase may need active management by turning to prevent the material becoming anaerobic.

MCERTS" means the Environment Agency's Monitoring Certification Scheme.

"operational area" means any part of a facility used for the handling, storing and treatment of waste.

"operator" means in relation to a regulated facility:

- (a) the person who has control over the operation of the regulated facility,
- (b) if the regulated facility has not yet been put into operation, the person who will have control over the regulated facility when it is put into operation, or
- (c) if a regulated facility authorised by an environmental permit ceases to be in operation, the person who holds the environmental permit

"pests" means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

"pollution" means emissions as a result of human activity which may-

- (a) be harmful to human health or the quality of the environment,
- (b) cause offence to human sense.
- (c) result in damage to material property, or
- (d) impair or interfere with amenities and other legitimate uses of the environment.

"post-consumer wood" means manufactured treated wooden materials and products that have been discarded.

"guarter" means a calendar year guarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

"recovery" means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"representative internal" means representative monitoring at a point internally of the windrows that will give a representative assessment of temperature. Note: Larger windrows will require more bespoke temperature equipment to adequately assess temperature profiles accurately.

"sanitisation" means the actively managed and intensive stage of composting, lasting for at least five days, characterised by high oxygen demand and temperatures of over 55 °C, during which biological processes, together with conditions in the composting mass, eradicate human and animal pathogens or reduce them to acceptably low levels.

"sealed drainage system" in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

- · no liquids will run off the surface otherwise than via the system
- all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump, except where liquids may be lawfully discharged to foul sewer.

"secondary containment" – means a systems that is capable of containing loss from all above ground and underground storage tanks and that complies with CIRIA standard 736 or equivalent standard of design and construction.

"stable, stabilised" means the degree of processing and biodegradation at which the rate of biological activity has slowed to an acceptably low and consistent level and will not significantly increase under favourable, altered conditions.

"stabilisation stage" means the stage of composting following sanitisation, during which biological conditions in the composting mass, give rise to compost that is nominally stable. Soluble carbon is usually not fully used and material is still considered to be in treatment. This stage is a managed process to prevent odours, dust and bioaerosols. There is also a residual risk of reheating and leachate breakout.

"treated wood" means any wood that has been chemically treated (e.g. to enhance or alter the performance of the original wood). Treatments may include penetrating oils, tar oil preservatives, water-borne preservatives, organic-based preservatives, boron and organo-metallic based preservatives, boron and halogenated flame retardants and surface treatments (including paint and venner).

"Waste code" means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England)Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

"Waste Framework Directive" or "WFD" means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

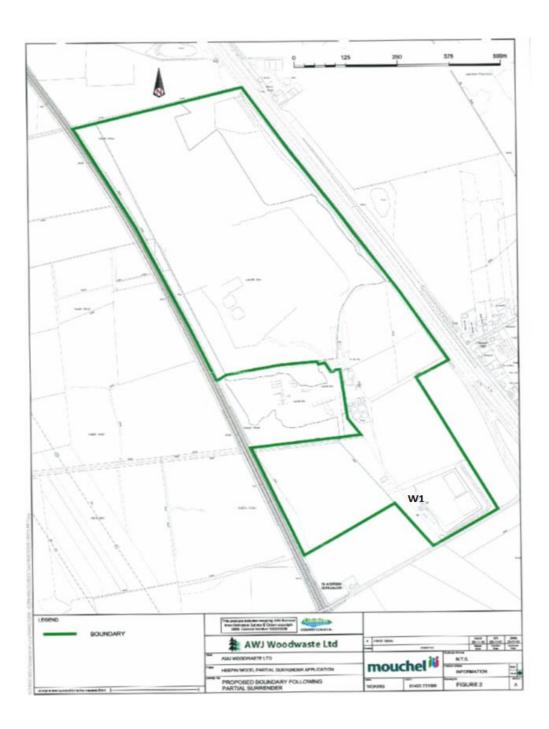
Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid fuels and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.

"year" means calendar year ending 31 December.

Schedule 7 – Site plan



END OF PERMIT