UNITED KINGDOM **Animal health certificate to the EU**

Part I: Description of consignment

I.1 Consignor/Exporter Name Address Country ISO country code	**I.2 Certificate reference** **I.2a** **I.3 Central Competent Authority** DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD & RURAL AFFAIRS **I.4 Local Competent Authority** ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH AGENCY
I.5 Consignee/Importer Name Address Country ISO country code	**I.6 Operator responsible for the consignment** Name Address Country ISO country code
I.7 Country of origin ISO country code	**I.9 Country of destination** ISO country code
I.8 Region of origin Code	**I.10 Region of destination** Code
I.11 Place of dispatch Registration/Approval No Name Address Country ISO country code	**I.12 Place of destination** Registration/Approval No Name Address Country ISO country code
I.13 Place of loading	**I.14 Date and time of departure**
I.15 Means of transport ☐ Aircraft ☐ Vessel ☐ Railway ☐ Road vehicle Identification	**I.16 Entry Border Control Post** **I.17**
I.18 Transport conditions ☐ Ambient ☐ Chilled ☐ Frozen	
I.19 Container number/Seal number Container No Seal No	
I.20 Certified as or for ☐ Germinal products	
I.21 ☐ **For transit** Third country ISO country code	**I.22** ☐ **For internal market** **I.23**
I.24 Total number of packages	**I.25 Total quantity** **I.26**

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I.27 Description of consignment

1

CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Type	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre		Identification mark	Date of collection/production

2

CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Type	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre		Identification mark	Date of collection/production

3

CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Type	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre		Identification mark	Date of collection/production

4

CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Type	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre		Identification mark	Date of collection/production

5

CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Type	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre		Identification mark	Date of collection/production

Certificate model EQUI-OOCYTES-EMB-C-ENTRY

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Part II: Certification

II. Health information

I, the undersigned, official veterinarian, of the exporting country[1] …… hereby (*name of exporting country*)

certify that:

II.1. The ova[2]/embryos[2] described in Part I:

II.1.2. were collected[2]/produced[2] by the team[3] described in Box I.11, which had been approved and supervised in accordance with Chapter I(III) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC and was subject to inspection by an official veterinarian at least once every calendar year;

II.1.3. were collected[2]/produced[2], processed and stored in accordance with the requirements of Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;

II.1.4. were collected at a place separated from other parts of the premises or holding which is in good repair and was cleaned and disinfected prior to the collection;

II.1.5. were examined, processed and packed in laboratory facilities which are not situated in a zone subject to prohibition or quarantine measures as set out in Box II.1.6., in a section which is separated from the section for storing equipment and materials used in contact with donor animals and from the area where the donor animals are handled;

II.1.6. come from donor mares which:

II.1.6.1. were continuously resident for three months (or since entry if they were directly imported from a Member State of the European Union during the three months period) in the exporting country or, in the case of regionalisation according to Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC[4], in that part of the territory of the exporting country which was during that period

– not considered to be infected with African horse sickness in accordance with Article 5(2)(a) and (b) of Directive 2009/156/EC,

– free from Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for at least 2 years,

– free from glanders and dourine for at least 6 months;

[2]*either* [II.1.6.2. originated from a country of export which was on the day of collection free of vesicular stomatitis for at least 6 months;]

[2]*or* [II.1.6.2. were tested by a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis on a blood sample taken on ……[5] within 30 days prior to collection, with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 12;]

[2]*either* [II.1.6.3. during the past 30 day period prior to collection have been located in holdings under veterinary supervision which fulfilled from the day of collection of ova[2]/embryos[2] until the date of their dispatch the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/156/EC, and in particular:]

[2]*or* [II.1.6.3. during the past 30 day period prior to collection have been located in holdings under veterinary supervision which fulfilled from the day of collection of ova[2]/embryos[2] until, in the case of frozen ova[2]/embryos[2], the period of 30 days mandatory storage at approved premises elapsed, the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/156/EC and in particular:]

[2]*either* [II.1.6.3.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered or killed and the holding has been free:

– from any type of equine encephalomyelitis for at least 6 months, beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered,

– from equine infectious anaemia for at least the period required to obtain a negative result in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins tests) carried out on samples taken after the infected animals were slaughtered on two occasions three months apart from each of the remaining equidae;

– from vesicular stomatitis for at least 6 months from the last recorded case,

– from rabies for at least one month from the last recorded case,

– from anthrax for at least 15 days from the last recorded case,]

[2]*or* [II.1.6.3.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located in the holding have been slaughtered or killed and the premises disinfected, the holding has been free for at least 30 days from any type of equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis and rabies or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;]

II.1.6.4. during the past 30 days prior to collection have been kept in holdings each of them having been free from clinical signs of contagious equine metritis for at least 60 days;

II.1.6.5. have not been used for natural breeding during at least 30 days prior to the date of collection of ova or embryos and between the date of the first samples referred to in points II.1.6.6. and II.1.6.7. and the date of the collection of ova and embryos;

II.1.6.6. have been subjected with negative result to an agar-gel immuno-diffusion test (Coggins test) or an ELISA for equine infectious anaemia carried out on a blood sample taken on ……[5], being during the past 30 days prior to the date of the first collection of ova or embryos and the test was last carried out on a sample of blood taken on ……[5], being not more than 90 days before the ova or embryos were collected[6];

II.1.6.7. have been subjected to an agent identification test for contagious equine metritis by isolation of *Taylorella equigenitalis* after a cultivation of 7 to 14 days carried out with negative results in each case on samples taken during the past 30 days prior to the date of the first collection of ova or embryos from mucosal surfaces of the clitoral fossa and clitoral sinuses on two consecutives oestrus periods on……[5] and on……..[5], and on an additional culture specimen taken during one of the oestrus periods from the endometrial cervix on……[5];

II.1.6.8. to the best of my knowledge and as far as I could ascertain, have not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease during the 15 days immediately preceding the collection;

II.1.6.9. have on the day of collection of ova[2]/embryos[2] not shown clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease;

II.1.7. were collected[2]/produced[2] after the date on which the embryo collection[2]/production[2] team described in Box I.11 was approved by the competent authority of the exporting country;

II.1.8. were processed and stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after their collection[2]/production[2], and were transported under conditions which satisfy the terms laid down in Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;

II.2. The embryos described in Part I were conceived by artificial insemination[2]/as a result of *in vitro* fertilisation[2] using semen meeting the requirements of Directive 92/65/EEC and coming from semen collection centres approved in accordance with Article 11(2) or 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC and located respectively in a Member State of the European Union or in a third country or parts of the territory of third country listed in columns 2 and 4 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 from which the import of equine semen collected from registered horses, registered equidae or equidae for breeding and production is authorised in accordance with Article 4 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 and indicated in columns 11, 12 and 13 of Annex I thereto.[7][8];

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II.3. The ova used for *in vitro* production of the embryos described above comply with the requirements of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC and in particular the requirements set up in points II.1.1. to II.1.8. of this certificate(2).

Notes

This certificate is intended for entry into the Union of oocytes and embryos of equine animals, including when the Union is not the final destination of the oocytes and embryos.

In accordance with the Agreement on the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 5(4) of the Protocol on Ireland / Northern Ireland in conjunction with Annex 2 to that Protocol, references to European Union in this certificate include the United Kingdom in respect of Northern Ireland.

This animal health certificate shall be completed according to the notes for the completion of certificates provided for in Chapter 4 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2235.

Part I:

Box I.11: The place of dispatch shall correspond to the embryo collection team or embryo production team by which the ova/embryos were collected/produced, processed, stored and approved in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Council Directive 92/65/EEC and listed on the Commission website:
http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen_ova/equine/index_en.htm.

Box I.19: The identification of container and seal number shall be indicated.

Box I.24: Total number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers.

Box I.27: "Type": specify if *in vivo* derived embryos, *in vivo* derived oocytes, *in vitro* produced embryos or micromanipulated embryos.
"*Identification number"*: The donor identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal.
"*Date of collection/production":* The date of collection shall be indicate in the following format: dd/mm/yyyy.

Part II:

(1) Only third countries or parts of the territory of third countries listed in column 1 of Annex XII to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404 from which entry into the Union of equine animals not for slaughter are also authorised and as indicated in column 3 of that Annex.

(2) Delete as appropriate.

(3) Only embryo collection or production teams listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission website:
https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/semen/equine_en

(4) OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1.

(5) Insert date.

(6) The agar gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infectious anaemia are not required for donor equine animals which have continuously resided in Iceland since birth, provided that Iceland has remained officially free of equine infectious anaemia and no equidae and their semen, oocytes and embryos have been introduced into Iceland from outside prior to and during the period the semen was collected.

(7) Only semen collection centres approved by the competent authority of a third country, territory or zone thereof listed in Annex XII to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404 for semen of equine animals or by the competent authority of a Member State.

(8) Does not apply to ova.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters)

Date

Qualification and title

Stamp

Signature