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Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

Mr Ian Bond, Mrs Caroline Bond and Mr Harry Bond

Stanley's Quarry Westington Hill Chipping Campden Gloucestershire GL55 6UR

Variation application number

EPR/KP3308PM/V002

Permit number

EPR/KP3308PM

Stanley's Quarry Permit number EPR/KP3308PM

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the notice

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

Changes introduced by this variation notice/statutory review

The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) came into force on 7 January 2014 with the requirement to implement all relevant Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision. Article 21(3) of the IED requires the Environment Agency to review conditions in permits that it has issued and to ensure that the permit delivers compliance with relevant standards, within four years of the publication of updated decisions on Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions. The BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment (the BREF) was published on 17 August 2018 following a European Union wide review of BAT, implementing decision (EU) 2018/1147 of 10 August 2018.

The scope of the permit review also covers the assessment of:

- the bioaerosols monitoring and compliance with M9 bioaerosols monitoring requirements;
- the design and construction of secondary containment and storage lagoons;
- the available storage facilities and measures to reduce ammonia emissions from storage; and
- information on existing medium combustion plant and/or specified generators on site.

This variation has been issued to update some of the conditions following a statutory review of the permits in the industry sector for biowaste treatment. The opportunity has also been taken to consolidate the original permit and subsequent variations.

A solid waste storage unit serving the screw press on the external yard area for the storage of solid waste was previously proposed and subject to a pre-operational condition in the permit variation EPR/GP3893MX/V006. The operator no longer has plans to install this infrastructure. We have therefore removed the pre-operational measure and related permit condition.

Brief description of the process

The installation is an anaerobic digestion facility located in an old quarry basin within the Northwick Estate which covers 3,500 acres, approximately 2.8 km south of Chipping Campden at National Grid Reference SP 14977 36276. The quarry basin is about 21 metres below ground level. The nearest residential receptor is Campden Hill Farmhouse which is located 190 metres from the site boundary. Under the Environmental Permitting Regulations, the installation activity is defined as Section 5.4 A(1) (b) (i) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment.

The Installation comprises the following operations:

- · Anaerobic digestion plant (three digesters);
- Storage of waste in an enclosed reception building;
- Three pasteurisation units;

- Combustion plant consisting of three combined heat and power (CHP) engines (7.8 MWth) and two
 emergency flares;
- Biogas upgrading plant;
- · Heat recovery from CHP engines 1 and 2 using organic rankine cycle system; and
- A digestate storage tank and one lagoon.

The feedstock is imported biodegradable matter sourced from local businesses. The permit allows annual throughput of 70,000 tonnes and daily treatment capacity up to 190 tonnes.

Main releases to air are odour emissions from the processing of waste and odour extraction and emissions from the combustion and upgrading of biogas (CHP engines, emergency flares and upgrading plant). Oxides of nitrogen, sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide and total volatile organic compounds are monitored periodically. There is no discharge of effluent to controlled waters or to land.

The site is provided with an impermeable surface and secondary containment constructed in line with industry best practice standards to reduce the impact of pollution to surface water and groundwater.

There are four habitat sites identified within 2 km of four local wildlife sites (LWS) – Campden Wood LWS, Sedgecombe Wood LWS, Norcombe Wood LWS and Bourton Wood LWS. Assessment by the Environment Agency shows that emissions from the Installation are unlikely to have an adverse impact on interest features of the ecological sites.

The schedules specify the changes made to the permit.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit			
Description	Date	Comments	
Application EPR/GP3893MX/A001	Duly made 05/05/2010	Permit for an anaerobic digestion facility including combustion of resultant biogas.	
Permit determined EPR/GP3893MX	13/10/2010	Permit issued to Mr Ian Bond and Mrs Caroline Bond.	
Variation Application EPR/GP3893MX/V002	11/07/2013	Variation to add digestate storage lagoon and extend site boundary.	
Variation Application returned EPR/GP3893MX	24/10/2013	Application returned to the operator as not duly made.	
Variation Application EPR/GP3893MX/V003	Duly Made 26/11/2013	Application to increase annual throughput, increase daily treatment capacity, increase waste codes, increase site boundary and add a digestate storage lagoon.	
Additional information received	04/03/2014	Schedule 5 notice response for odour management plan, risk assessment and lagoon engineering details.	
Additional information received	19/06/2014	Schedule 5 notice response for air emissions risk assessment and detailed air dispersal modelling.	
Variation determined EPR/GP3893MX	14/07/2014	Varied permit issued.	
Variation Application EPR/GP3893MX/V004	Duly Made 02/09/2014	Application to add waste codes.	
Variation determined EPR/GP3893MX	03/10/2014	Varied permit issued.	

Status log of the permit				
Description	Date	Comments		
Application EPR/GP3893MX/V005 (variation and consolidation)	Duly Made 30/09/2014	Application to vary permit to include a newly prescribed activity under the Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) and update the permit to modern conditions.		
Variation determined EPR/GP3893MX	09/10/2015	Varied and consolidated permit issued in modern condition format.		
Application EPR/GP3893MX/V006 (variation and consolidation)	06/09/2018	Application to vary permit to add a third CHP engine, organic rankine cycle (ORC) system, gas to grid plant (including biogas upgrading), screw press and air ventilation/extraction system in the reception building. Also to replace existing emergency flare with two new ones and two pasteurisation units with three units. Also incorporate improvements to the site drainage and secondary containment.		
Additional information received	21/01/2019	Response to Schedule 5 Notice including information on biogas upgrading plant emissions, noise risk assessment, air extraction system and odour abatement and screw press. Submission of a site plan.		
Variation determined EPR/GP3893MX	19/06/2019	Varied and consolidated permit issued in modern condition format.		
Application EPR/KP3308PM/T001 (full transfer of permit EPR/GP3893MX)	Duly made 22/05/2019	Application to transfer the permit in full to Mr Ian Bond, Mrs Caroline Bond and Mr Harry Bond.		
Transfer determined EPR/KP3308PM	19/06/2019	Full transfer of permit complete.		
Regulation 61 Notice sent to operator	21/10/2019	Regulation 61 Notice requiring information for statutory review of permit.		
Regulation 61 Notice response	08/06/2020	Response received from the operator.		
Application EPR/KP3308PM/V002 (variation and consolidation)	Environment Agency Initiated Variation	Statutory review of permit occasioned by Waste Treatment BAT Conclusions published on 17 August 2018.		
Environment Agency Biowaste Treatment Sector Review Permit reviewed Variation determined EPR/KP3308PM (Billing Ref. MP3907BS)	06/07/2021	Varied and consolidated permit issued.		

End of introductory note

Notice of variation and consolidation

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies and consolidates

Permit number

EPR/KP3308PM

Issued to

Mr Ian Bond, Mrs Caroline Bond and Mr Harry Bond ("the operator")

of

Northwick Estate The Estate Office Upton Wold Moreton-In-Marsh Gloucestershire GL56 9TR

to operate a regulated facility at

Stanley's Quarry Westington Hill Chipping Campden Gloucestershire GL55 6UR

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 06 July 2021

Name	Date
Rebecca Warren	06 July 2021

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of an Environment Agency initiated variation.

Schedule 2 – consolidated permit

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Permit number

EPR/KP3308PM

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application EPR/KP3308PM/V002 authorising,

Mr Ian Bond, Mrs Caroline Bond and Mr Harry Bond ("the operator"),

of

Northwick Estate The Estate Office Upton Wold Moreton-In-Marsh Gloucestershire GL56 9TR

to operate an installation at

Stanley's Quarry Westington Hill Chipping Campden Gloucestershire GL55 6UR

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Rebecca Warren	06 July 2021

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
 - (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
 - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
 - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
 - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
 - (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the "activities").
- 2.1.2 The activities shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.
- 2.1.3 All process plant and equipment shall be commissioned, operated and maintained and shall be fully documented and recorded in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

2.2 The site

2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation ("plan") specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:
 - (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 table S2.2; and
 - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.
 - (c) the facility has sufficient free capacity to store and treat the waste.
- 2.3.5 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
 - (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
 - (b) the composition of the waste;
 - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
 - (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and
 - (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.6 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.
- 2.3.7 Waste pre-acceptance and acceptance procedures shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.

- 2.3.8 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR4):
 - (a) each MCP must be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and records must be made and retained to demonstrate this.
 - (b) the operator must keep periods of start-up and shut-down of each MCP as short as possible.
 - (c) there must be no persistent emission of 'dark smoke' as defined in section 3(1) of the Clean Air Act 1993.

2.4 Improvement programme

- 2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 table S3.1.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
 - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.
- 3.2.4 The operator shall implement a leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme to detect and mitigate the release of volatile organic compounds, including methane from diffuse sources.

3.3 Odour

3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used

appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.

3.4 Noise and vibration

3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.

3.4.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
- (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in table S3.1;
 - (b) process monitoring specified in table S3.2.
- 3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 table S3.1 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.5 In the case of new medium combustion plant, the first monitoring measurements shall be carried out within four months of the issue date of the permit or the date when the MCP is first put into operation, whichever is later.
- 3.5.6 Monitoring shall not take place during periods of start-up or shut-down.

3.6 Pests

- 3.6.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.6.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) only use approved products for pest control;
 - (b) treat pest infestations promptly;

- (c) reject pest-infected incoming waste;
- if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
- (e) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
 - (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 A report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:
 - (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
 - (b) the annual production/treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2; and
 - (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3 using the forms specified in table S4.4 of that schedule.
- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
 - (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
 - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
 - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.
- 4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report

- assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.
- 4.2.5 Within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.
- 4.2.6 The operator shall keep records of non-waste materials leaving the site, including the type of material, the batch number, the date of export off-site and the tonnage exported on that date. These records shall be maintained for at least 2 years.

4.3 Notifications

4.3.1 In the event:

- (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
 - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
- (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
- (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.
- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 (a)(i), or 4.3.1 (b)(i) where the information relates to the breach of a limit specified in the permit, shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 Following the detection of an issue listed in condition 4.3.1, the operator shall review and revise the management system and implement any changes as necessary to minimise the risk of reoccurrence of the issue.
- 4.3.4 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.5 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
- (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.
- 4.3.6 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:
 - (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
 - (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.
- 4.3.7 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days' notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.
- 4.3.8 The operator shall notify the Environment Agency as soon as is practicable, in writing of any change of the medium combustion plant.

4.4 Interpretation

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.
- 4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately", in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Table S1.1 ac	Table S1.1 activities			
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types	
AR1	S5.4 A(1) (b) (i) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From receipt of waste through to digestion and recovery of by-products (digestate). Anaerobic digestion of	
	waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment.		waste in three tanks followed by burning of biogas produced from the process.	
			The total maximum throughput shall not exceed 190 tonnes per day.	
			Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.	
	Directly Associated Activity	/		
AR2	Storage of waste pending recovery or disposal	R13: Storage of waste pending the operations numbered R1 and R3 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	From the receipt of permitted waste to pre-treatment and despatch for anaerobic digestion on site.	
			Storage of residual wastes from pre-treatment to despatch off-site for recovery.	
			Storage of waste in an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage.	
			Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.	
AR3	Physical treatment for the purpose of recycling	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From the receipt of waste to despatch for anaerobic digestion or despatch off site for recovery.	
			Pre-treatment of waste in enclosed building and on	

Activity				
reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	activity and waste types	
			impermeable surface with sealed drainage system including shredding, sorting, screening, compaction, baling, mixing and maceration.	
			Post-treatment of digestate in an enclosed building and on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage system, including screening to remove contraries or centrifuge or pressing and addition of thickening agents (polymers) or drying for use as a fertiliser or soil conditioner (drying for the purpose of use as a fuel is not permitted).	
			Heat treatment (pasteurisation) of waste in three tanks for the purpose of recovery.	
			Gas cleaning by biological or physical (carbon filtration) or chemical scrubbing.	
			Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.	
AR4	Steam and electrical power supply	R1:Use principally as a fuel to generate energy	From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to combustion with the release of combustion gases.	
			Combustion of biogas in three combined heat and power (CHP) engines (2.6 MWth each) with an aggregated thermal input of 7.8 MWth.	
			Recovery of heat from CHP engine using organic rankine cycle system.	

Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types
AR5	Emergency flare operation	D10: Incineration on land	From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to incineration with the release of combustion gases.
			Use of two auxiliary flares required only during periods of breakdown or maintenance of the CHP engines and biogas upgrading plant.
AR6	Gas upgrading	Upgrading of biogas to biomethane (including the removal of moisture and other substances such as carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulphide and Volatile organic compounds) for injection into the National Grid.	From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to injection into the National Grid. This includes return of off-specification biogas for combustion to the on-site CHP engines and/or emergency flare.
AR7	Raw material storage	Storage of raw materials including lubrication oil, antifreeze, propane, ferric chloride, activated carbon, diesel, trace elements, odorant and disinfectant.	From the receipt of raw materials to despatch for use within the facility.
AR8	Gas storage	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Storage of biogas produced from on-site anaerobic digestion of permitted waste in the roof space of digesters. From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use within the facility.
AR9	Digestate storage	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	From the receipt of processed uncertified digestate produced from the on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use off-site.
			Storage of processed uncertified liquid digestate in one lagoon.
AR10	Air treatment	Collection and treatment of air from the buildings or plant using abatement	From the collection of air from site processes to

Table S1.1 activities				
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types	
		system – [as implemented in line with IC3 and IC4] prior to release to atmosphere.	treatment and release of treated air to atmosphere.	

Table S1.2 Operating techniques			
Description	Parts	Date Received	
Application	Application and supporting documentation submitted, including fugitive emission management plan ref <i>NGB 010</i> , dated May 2010 or otherwise agreed in writing with the Agency.	05/05/2010	
Application	The response to section 5a table 2 of Part B of the application form – technical standards.	05/05/2010	
Variation application	Appendix 7 Lagoon Management Plan	11/11/2013	
Variation application EPR/GP3893MX/V003 Response to Schedule 5	Schedule 5 responses	09/01/2014	
Notice	Schedule 5: Request for information" – reply to question 3a of Schedule 5 request for information	15/01/2014	
Compliance. Submission of bund design and construction details to the Environment Agency	 Clegg Associates Report - Northwick AD Plant. Bund to AD Plant for Northwick Biogas Ltd. Document Version 02. 06/07/2018. Project Ref: 2017-074. Document Reference: SE-02-P02, and associated Drawings No 101, 102 & 103 Integrale Geotechnical Report – Report 1958, July 2018 	11/07/2018	
Variation application EPR/GP3893MX/V006 Response to Schedule 5 Notice dated 13/12/2018	 Section 5 Operating Techniques and Monitoring Plan of Environmental Permit Variation Application Report CRM 071 002 dated January 2019. Odour Management Plan, Document ref. CRM 071 002 PE R 008 C dated January 2019. 	21/01/2019	
Response to Regulation 61 Notice dated 21/10/2019	 Annex 1 Returns Spreadsheet. Responses to BAT conclusion number 11 and 22. 	Received 08/06/2020	

Table S1.3 Im	Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements			
Reference	Requirement	Date		
IC1	The operator shall carry out a monitoring study to verify the assumptions made in the application in relation to the releases of pollutants to air. The study shall include the monitoring of point source releases to air from the biogas upgrading plant emission point A6 during normal operation, having regard to the Environment Agency technical guidance M2 and to MCERTS standards. As a minimum, two separate monitoring campaigns in a year shall be completed (one monitoring survey six months following commissioning of the biogas upgrading plant).	06/01/2022 or otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency		
	The pollutants to be monitored shall include:			
	 Total volatile organic compounds. Hydrogen sulphide. 			
IC2	Following the completion of IC1, the operator shall undertake an impact assessment of all point source releases to air, using the information obtained through the emissions monitoring. The environmental impact assessment report and all associated monitoring reports and assessments shall be submitted in writing to the Environment Agency for review.	3 months from the completion of IC1 or otherwise agreed in writing by the		
	The environmental impact assessment shall, as a minimum, include:	Environment		
	 Reports showing details of the monitoring undertaken and the results obtained. 	Agency		
	 Results of the assessment of long and short term impacts from the emissions in accordance with Environment Agency Guidance – Air emissions risk assessment for your environmental permit. 			
	 A completed H1 assessment software tool. 			
	If the H1 assessment shows potential long or short term impacts from the emissions, the operator shall complete and submit an action plan to reduce the impacts of the substances identified.			
Improvement	t condition for progress report to achieve BAT-AELs	L		
IC3	The operator shall submit, for approval by the Environment Agency, a report setting out progress to achieving the Best Available Techniques Conclusion Associated Emission Levels (BAT-AELs) where BAT is currently not achieved, but will be achieved before 17 August 2022. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following: 1) Current performance against the BAT-AELs. 2) Methodology for reaching the BAT-AELs by 17 August 2022. 3) Associated targets/timelines for reaching compliance by 17 August 2022. 4) Any alterations to the initial plan (in progress reports).	Progress reports at three monthly intervals from date of permit issue: Initial plan: 06/10/2021 Progress report: 06/01/2022 Progress report:		
	The report shall address the BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment with respect to the following:	06/04/2022		
	 BAT 34 Table 6.7 (compliance with BAT-AELs for channelled NH₃, odour, dust and TVOC emissions to air from the biological treatment of waste). 			
	Refer to BAT Conclusions for a full description of the BAT requirement.			
Improvement	condition for progress report to achieve Narrative BAT			
IC4	The operator shall submit, for approval by Environment Agency, a report setting out progress to achieving the 'Narrative' BAT where BAT	Progress reports at three monthly		

	mprovement programme requirements	D-1-
Reference	Requirement	Date
	is currently not achieved, but will be achieved before 17 August 2022. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:	intervals from date of permit issue:
	 Methodology for achieving BAT by 17 August 2022. Associated targets/timelines for reaching compliance by 17 August 2022. 	Initial plan: 06/10/2021
	3) Any alterations to the initial plan (in progress reports).	Progress report:
	The report shall address the BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment	06/01/2022
	with respect to BAT 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 33, 34, 35 and 38.	Progress report: 06/04/2022
Improvemen		lution
IC5	The operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval a risk assessment considering the possibility of soil and groundwater contamination at the installation where the activity involves the use, production or release of a relevant hazardous substance (as defined in Article 3(18) of the Industrial Emissions Directive). The risk assessment shall clearly establish with appropriate evidence whether or not there is a risk of contamination of soil and groundwater and should follow the Defra Guidance – Industrial Emissions Directive EPR Guidance on Part A Installations (Section 5.10-5.15, pages 28-29 - Baseline Reports and Permit Surrender).	Agency
IC6	Where the risk assessment carried out under IC5 above establishes a risk to soil and groundwater, the operator shall: a) prepare and submit a baseline report compliant with Article 22 of the Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) containing information necessary to determine the current state of soil and	06/04/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment
	b) provide a summary report referring to information previously submitted where the operator is satisfied that such information represents the current state of soil and groundwater contamination, so as to enable a quantified comparison to be made with the state of soil and groundwater contamination upon definitive cessation of	Agency
Improvemen	activity.	
<u> </u>	t condition for primary containment	00/04/0000
IC7	The operator shall submit a written 'primary containment plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by a qualified engineer, and shall assess the extent design specification and condition of primary containment systems where polluting liquids and solids are being stored, treated, and/or handled.	o6/04/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
	The plan shall include:	
	 An assessment of the physical condition of all primary containment systems (storage and treatment vessels) using a Written Scheme of Examination and their suitability for 	

Reference	Requirement	Date
	providing primary containment when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by catastrophic tank failure.	
	 A program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary to demonstrate that the primary containment is fit for purpose or alternative appropriate measures to ensure all polluting materials will be contained on site. 	
	A preventative maintenance and inspection regime.	
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	
Improvemen	t condition for secondary containment design	
IC8	The operator shall submit a written 'secondary and tertiary containment plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by a competent structural engineer, in accordance with the risk assessment methodology detailed within CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, of the condition and extent of secondary and tertiary containment systems where all polluting liquids and solids are being stored, treated, and/or handled.	06/04/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
	The inspection shall consider, but not be limited to, the storage vessels, bunds, loading and unloading areas, transfer pipework/pumps, temporary storage areas, and liners underlying the site.	
	 An assessment of the physical condition of all secondary and/or tertiary containment systems, using a Written Scheme of Examination and their suitability for providing containment when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by catastrophic tank failure. A program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary for the secondary and/or tertiary containment systems to comply with CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, or equivalent. 	
	A preventative maintenance and inspection regime. The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	
Improvemen	t condition for storage lagoon design	l
IC9	The operator shall submit a written 'storage lagoon plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by a competent structural engineer, in accordance with the risk assessment methodology detailed within CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, of the condition and extent of the existing site lagoon where digestate or compost leachate are being stored, treated, and/or handled. The inspection shall consider, but not be limited to, the transfer	06/04/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency

Table S1.3 In	nprovement programme requirements	
Reference	Requirement	Date
	 An assessment of the physical condition of the existing storage lagoon, using a Written Scheme of Examination and the suitability for providing containment when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by the digestate or compost leachate. A program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary for the existing storage lagoon to comply with CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, or equivalent. A preventative maintenance and inspection regime. The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	
Improvemen	t condition for lagoon cover and operational storage capacity	
IC10	The operator shall provide a written "digestate storage plan" and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of a review of the current storage of digestate produced from site operations. The review shall examine site contingency arrangements in the event of closed landspreading periods, extreme weather conditions, site closure, and disease outbreak. The storage plan shall include: • A review of existing cover arrangements on the existing storage lagoon used to store digestate and/or compost liquor to minimise odour, ammonia and methane emissions. • Proposals to install a cover on the existing lagoon with a timeframe for its installation. • Additional storage capacity on-site (at least 2 months storage) and storage capacity off-site. • Identification of alternative outlets for digestate and/or compost liquor — identify companies/permitted waste facilities that would be able to manage the digestate and/or liquor outputs, taking into account their permits and capacity constraints. The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	06/04/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
Improvemen	t condition for review of effectiveness of abatement plant Following the installation of odour abatement on site (IC3 and IC4), the operator shall carry out a review of the abatement plant on site in	06/04/2022 or other date as
	operator shall carry out a review of the abatement plant on site, in order to determine whether the measures have been effective and adequate to prevent and where not possible minimise emissions released to air including but not limited to odour and ammonia. The operator shall submit a written report to the Environment Agency following this review for assessment and approval. The report shall include but not limited to the following aspects:	other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency

Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements					
Reference	Requirement	Date			
	 Full investigation and characterisation of the waste gas streams. Abatement stack monitoring results (not limited to odour and 				
	 ammonia). Abatement process monitoring results (not limited to odour and ammonia). 				
	Details of air quality quantitative impact assessment including modelling and a proposal for site-specific "action levels" (not limited to odour concentration, hydrogen sulphide and ammonia).				
	Odour monitoring results at the site boundary.				
	Records of odour complaints and odour related incidents.				
	 Recommendations for improvement including the replacement or upgrading the abatement plant. 				
	 Timescales for implementation of improvements to the abatement plant. 				
	The operator shall implement the improvements in line with the timescales as approved by the Environment Agency.				
Improvemen	t condition for assessment of methane slip				
IC12	The operator shall establish the methane emissions in the exhaust gas from engines burning biogas and compare these to the manufacturer's specification and benchmark levels agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. The operator shall, as part of the methane leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme, develop proposals to assess the potential for methane slip and take corrective actions where emissions above the manufacturer's specification or appropriate benchmark levels are identified.	06/04/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency			

Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels				
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification			
Fuel oil	Sulphur content not exceeding 0.1% by mass			

Table S2.2 Permitte	d waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion		
Maximum quantity	Annual throughput shall not exceed 70,000 tonnes		
Exclusions	 Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432 co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432 food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025. wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood wastes containing persistent organic pollutants wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014 manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013. 		
Waste code	Description		
02	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing, food preparation and processing		
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing		
02 01 01	sludges from washing and cleaning – vegetables, fruit and other crops		
02 01 02	animal tissue waste		
02 01 03	plant tissue waste		
02 01 06	animal faeces, urine and manure (including spoiled straw) only		
02 02	wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin		
02 02 01	sludges from washing and cleaning		
02 02 02	animal tissue waste		
02 02 03	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing		
02 02 04	sludges from on-site effluent treatment		
02 03	wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation		
02 03 01	sludges from washing, cleaning, peeling, centrifuging and separation		
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing		

Table S2.2 Permitte	d waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion		
Maximum quantity	Annual throughput shall not exceed 70,000 tonnes		
Exclusions	 Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432 co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432 food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficie technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year year by 2025. wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood wastes containing persistent organic pollutants wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species li in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014 manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where anim have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013. 		
Waste code	Description		
02 03 05	sludges from on-site effluent treatment		
02 05	wastes from the dairy products industry		
02 05 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing		
02 05 02	sludges from on-site effluent treatment		
02 06	wastes from the baking and confectionery industry		
02 06 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing		
02 06 02	waste from preserving agents		
02 06 03	sludges from on-site effluent treatment		
02 07	wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)		
02 07 01	wastes from washing, cleaning and mechanical reduction of raw materials		
02 07 02	wastes from spirits distillation		
02 07 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing		
02 07 05	sludges from on-site effluent treatment		
16	Wastes not otherwise specified in the list		
16 10	aqueous liquid wastes destined for off-site treatment		
16 10 02	liquor/leachate from a composting process that accepts waste input types listed in this table only		
19	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use		
19 05	wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes		
19 05 01	non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes		
19 05 02	non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste		
19 05 03	off-specification compost		
19 06	wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste		

Table S2.2 Permitte	d waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion			
Maximum quantity	Annual throughput shall not exceed 70,000 tonnes			
Exclusions	 Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432 co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432 food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025. wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood wastes containing persistent organic pollutants wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014 manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013. 			
Waste code	Description			
19 06 03	liquor from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only)			
19 06 04	digestate from anaerobic treatment of source segregated biodegradable waste (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only)			
19 06 05	liquor from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only)			
19 06 06	digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only)			
19 08	wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified			
19 08 09	grease and oil mixture from oil/water separation containing only edible oil and fats			
19 08 12	sludges from biological treatment of industrial waste water (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only).			
20	Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions			
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)			
20 01 08	biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste			
20 01 25	edible oil and fat			
20 03	other municipal wastes			
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste – only separately collected biodegradable wastes of types listed within this table, Table S2.2			

Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements							
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	
Existing med	Existing medium combustion plant which are engines fuelled on biogas (1 MW to 5 MW)						
Point A1 on site plan in Schedule 7	Exhaust stack from Engine 1 & 2 via ORC* [note 1]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	500 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Annual	BS EN 14792	
		Sulphur dioxide	350 mg/m ³ [note 2]			BS EN 14791	
		Sulphur dioxide	162 mg/m ³ [note 3]			or CEN TS 17021	
						by calculation based on fuel sulphur	
		Carbon monoxide	1400 mg/m ³			BS EN 15058	
		Total VOCs	No limit set			BS EN 12619	
Point A2 on site plan in Schedule 7	Exhaust Stack from Engine 3 [note 1]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	500 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Annual	BS EN 14792	
		Sulphur dioxide	350 mg/m ³ [note 2]			BS EN 14791	
		Sulphur dioxide	162 mg/m ³ [note 3]			or CEN TS 17021 or	
						by calculation based on fuel sulphur	
		Carbon monoxide	1400 mg/m ³			BS EN 15058	
		Total VOCs	No limit set			BS EN 12619	
Point A3a on site plan in schedule 7	Emergency flare stack 1 [note 5]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	150 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	[note 6]	BS EN 14792	

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
		Carbon monoxide	50 mg/m ³			BS EN 15058
		Total VOCs	10 mg/m ³			BS EN 12619
Point A3b on site plan in schedule 7	Emergency flare stack 2 [note 5]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	150 mg/m ³	Average [n over sample period	[note 6]	BS EN 14792
		Carbon monoxide	50 mg/m ³			BS EN 15058
		Total VOCs	10 mg/m ³			BS EN 12619
Point A4 on site plan in schedule 7	Reception Building Air Extraction System stack [via an abatement system as implemented in line with IC3 and IC4]	Hydrogen sulphide	No limit set	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013 for analysis
		Ammonia	20 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN ISO 21877
		Odour concentration	No limit set		Once every 6 months	BS EN 13725
Point A6 on site plan in schedule 7	Biogas upgrading plant stack	VOCs including methane	No limit set	Leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme	In accordance with written management system	BS EN15446
Pressure relief valves	Digesters/Digestate storage tanks	Biogas release and operational events	No limit set	Recorded duration and frequency	Daily inspection	
Vents from tanks	Oil/Fuel Storage tanks	No parameter set	No limit set			

Note 1 – These emission limits are based on normal operating conditions and load - temperature 0°C (273 K); pressure 101.3 kPa and oxygen 5% (for gas engines burning biogas) and oxygen 3% (for medium combustion plants other than engines and gas turbines burning biogas).

- Note 2 This emission limit applies until 31 December 2029, unless the gas engine is replaced.
- Note 3 This emission limit applies from 1 January 2030, unless otherwise advised by the Environment Agency.
- Note 5 These emission limits are based on normal operating conditions and load temperature 0°C (273K); pressure 101.3 kPa and oxygen 3%.

Note 6 – Following commissioning, monitoring to be undertaken in the event the emergency flare has been operational for more than 10 per cent of a year (876 hours). Record of operating hours to be submitted annually to the Environment Agency.

Table S3.2 Process mon	itoring requirements			
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
Digester feed	рН	As described in	As described in site operating	Process monitoring to be recorded using a SCADA system
(digestion process)	Alkalinity	site operating techniques		
	Temperature		techniques	
	Hydraulic loading rate			where relevant.
	Organic loading rate			
	Volatile fatty acids concentration			
	Ammonia			
	Liquid /foam level			
Biogas in digester	Flow	Continuous	In accordance with EU weights and measures Regulations	Process monitoring to be recorded using a SCADA system where relevant.
	Methane	Continuous	None specified	Gas monitors to
	CO ₂	Continuous	None specified	be calibrated every 6 months or in accordance with
	O ₂	Continuous	None specified	the manufacturer's recommendations.
	Hydrogen sulphide	Daily	None specified	
	Pressure	Continuous	None specified	
Digestate batch	Volatile fatty acids concentration	One sample at the end of each	As described in site operating techniques	
	Ammonia	batch (hydraulic retention time) cycle.		
Digesters and storage tanks	Integrity checks	Weekly	Visual assessment	
Digesters	Agitation /mixing	Continuous Systems controls. Yearly lithium or thermal	Records maintained in daily operational records.	
	Tank capacity and sediment assessment	Once a year	imaging	In accordance with design specification and tank integrity checks.
Waste reception building or area; Digesters and storage tanks	Odour	Daily	Olfactory monitoring	Odour detection at the site boundary.

Table S3.2 Process mor	 	T	T	T
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
Diffuse emissions from all sources identified in the Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) programme	VOCs including methane	Every 6 months or otherwise agreed in accordance with the LDAR programme	In accordance with the LDAR programme	Leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme in accordance with permit condition 3.2.4.
CHP engine stacks	VOCs including methane	Annually	BS EN 12619	Total annual VOCs emissions from the CHP engine(s) to be calculated and submitted to the Environment Agency.
	Exhaust gas temperature		Traceable to National Standards	
	Exhaust gas pressure		Traceable to National Standards	
	Exhaust gas water vapour content		BS EN 14790- 1	Unless gas is dried before analysis of emissions.
	Exhaust gas oxygen		BS EN 14789	
	Exhaust gas flow		BS EN 16911- 1	
Meteorological conditions	Wind speed, air temperature, wind direction	Continuous	Method as specified in management system	Conditions to be recorded in operational diary and records.
				Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
Emergency flare	Operating hours	Continuous	Recorded duration and frequency. Recording using a	Date, time and duration of use of auxiliary flare shall be recorded.

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
	Quantity of gas sent to emergency flare		SCADA system or similar system	Quantity can be estimated from gas flow composition, heat content, ratio of assistance, velocity, purge gas flow rate, pollutant emissions.
Pressure relief valves and vacuum systems	Re-seating	Weekly inspection	Visual and gas pressure	Continuous gas pressure shall be monitored. Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release in accordance with the manufacturer's design.
	Maintenance	Written scheme of examination in accordance with condition 1.1.1	Written scheme of examination in accordance with condition 1.1.1	Continuous gas pressure shall be monitored. Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release in accordance with the manufacturer's design.
	Inspection calibration and validation report	In accordance with design and construction specifications or after over topping or foaming event		Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release, after a foaming event or sticking, build-up of debris, obstructions or damage.
				Operator must ensure that PRV function remains within designed operation gas pressure in accordance with the manufacturer's design by suitably trained/qualified personnel.
				Inspection, calibration and

Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements					
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications	
				validation report. In accordance with industry Approved Code of Practice.	
Storage lagoon and storage tanks	Volume	Daily	Visual or flow metre measurement	750 mm freeboard must be maintained for the storage lagoon.	

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC3 and IC4)						
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications		
Odour abatement plant	Odour abatement plant					
Open biofilters						
Biofilter 1	Surface condition (signs of vegetation and channelling)	Daily	Visual assessment	4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.		
	Gas temperature – inlet	Daily	Temperature probe / Traceable to national standards			
	Biofilter media moisture	Daily	Moisture meter or recognised industry method			
	Thatching /compaction	Weekly	Back pressure			
	Gas flow rate – inlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter			
	pH (biofilter drainage effluent)	Daily	pH metre			
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Media health, air-flow distribution and emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)			

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC3 and IC4)				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	As agreed in the odour management plan and approved by the Environment Agency	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC11 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	As agreed in the odour management plan and approved by the Environment Agency	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC11 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Odour concentration – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	BS EN 13725	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC11 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
Closed biofilters	Τ_	T	F	Γ
Biofilter 1	Gas temperature – inlet and outlet	Daily	Temperature probe /	Odour abatement plant shall be

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC3 and IC4)

Emission point Parameter Monitoring Monitoring Other

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
			Traceable to national standards	regularly checked and maintained to ensure appropriate temperature and moisture content. Odour abatement
	Biofilter media moisture	Daily	Moisture meter or recognised industry method	
	Thatching /compaction	Weekly	Back pressure	plant shall be managed in accordance with
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter	permit condition 3.3, the odour
	pH (biofilter drainage effluent)	Daily	pH metre	management plan and manufacturer's
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Media health, air-flow distribution and emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)	recommendations. Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, or as agreed in
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013 for analysis	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC11 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	EN ISO 21877	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC11 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC3 and IC4)					
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications	
				accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.	
	Odour concentration – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	BS EN 13725	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC11 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.	
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.	
Scrubbers (water/chemi	cal/dry)				
Scrubber 1	Gas temperature – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Temperature probe / Traceable to national standards	Odour abatement plant shall be regularly checked and maintained to ensure appropriate temperature and moisture content. Odour abatement plant shall be managed in accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour management plan and manufacturer's recommendations. Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter		
	Moisture content or humidity – inlet and outlet (for dry scrubbers only)	Daily	Moisture meter		
	Moisture content or humidity – outlet (for wet scrubbers if used before other abatement systems)	Daily	Moisture meter		
	Back pressure	Weekly	Pressure differential using sensors		
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)		
	pH scrubber solution (pre-abatement)	Continuous	pH meter		

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC3 and IC4)				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
	pH scrubber solution (post-abatement)	Continuous	pH meter	
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013 for analysis	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC11 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	EN ISO 21877	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC11 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
Carbon filters				
Carbon filter 1	Carbon bed temperature – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Temperature probe	Odour abatement plant shall be managed in accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter	
	Moisture or humidity	Daily	Moisture meter	management plan and manufacturer's
	Back pressure	Weekly	Recognised industry method	recommendations.
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for	Carbon filter(s) to be replaced in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC3 and IC4) **Parameter** Monitoring Monitoring **Emission point** Other reference or source or frequency standard or specifications description of point of method measurement odour removal) Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis. or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency. Hydrogen sulphide -Every 6 months or **CENTS** Action levels to be inlet and outlet gas as agreed in 13649 for agreed on stream writing by the completion of sampling Environment IC11 as approved Agency. in writing by the **NIOSH 6013** Environment for analysis Agency. Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan. Ammonia – inlet Every 6 months or **EN ISO** Action levels to be as agreed in 21877 agreed on writing by the completion of Environment IC11 as approved Agency. in writing by the Environment Agency. Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan. Every 6 months or BS EN 13725 Action levels to be Odour concentration as agreed in inlet and outlet gas agreed on stream writing by the completion of Environment IC11 as approved Agency. in writing by the **Environment** Agency. Action levels to be achieved in

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC3 and IC4)				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
				accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.

Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data			
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins
Emissions to air from CHP engines and flares Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1.	Point A1, Point A2, Point A3a and Point A3b	Every 12 months	1 January
Emissions to air from odour abatement plant Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1.	Point A4	Every 6 months	1 January, 1 July
Process monitoring Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.4	Every 12 months	1 January
Total annual VOCs emissions from gas engines (calculated)	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.4	Every 12 months	1 January

Table S4.2 Annual production/treatment			
Parameter	Units		
Electricity generated	MWh		
Biomethane generated	tonnes or m ³		
Whole digestate	tonnes		
Liquid digestate	tonnes or m ³		
Solid digestate	tonnes		
Non-waste outputs	tonnes		

Table S4.3 Performance parameters			
Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units	
Water usage	Annually	tonnes or m ³	
Energy usage	Annually	MWh	
Raw material usage	Annually	tonnes or m ³	
Emergency flare operation	Annually	hours	
Electricity exported	Annually	MWh	
Biomethane exported	Annually	tonnes or m ³	
CHP engine usage	Annually	hours	
CHP engine efficiency	Annually	%	

Table S4.4 Reporting forms			
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form	
Air	Form air 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	06/07/2021	
Process monitoring	Form process 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	06/07/2021	
Water usage	Form water usage 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	06/07/2021	
Energy usage	Form energy 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	06/07/2021	
Other performance indicators	Form performance 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	06/07/2021	
Waste returns	E-waste Return Form or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency		

Schedule 5 - Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	
	any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, ince not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is pollution
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	
(b) Notification requirements for t	the breach of a limit
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless otherwise specified below
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	

Date and time of monitoring

(b) Notification requirements for	the breach of a li	imit	
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless	otherwise specified	below
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission			
Time periods for notification follo	owing detection of	of a breach of a limit	
Parameter			Notification period
(c) Notification requirements for	the detection of a	any significant adver	se environmental effect
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection		
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected			
Substances(s) detected			
Concentrations of substances detected			
Date of monitoring/sampling			
Part B – to be submit		n as practica	ble
Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.			
Measures taken, or intended to be a recurrence of the incident	taken, to prevent		
Measures taken, or intended to be limit or prevent any pollution of the which has been or may be caused	environment		
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.			
Name*			
Post			
Signature			
Date			

^{*} authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 – Interpretation

"accident" means an accident that may result in pollution.

"ADQP" means Anaerobic Digestion Quality Protocol

"anaerobic digestion" means a process of controlled decomposition of biodegradable materials under managed conditions where free oxygen is absent, at temperatures suitable for naturally occurring mesophilic or thermophilic anaerobes and facultative anaerobe bacteria species, which convert the inputs to a methanerich biogas and whole digestate.

"animal waste" means any waste consisting of animal matter that has not been processed into food for human consumption.

"application" means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

"authorised officer" means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

"Best available techniques" means the most effective and advanced stage in the development of activities and their methods of operation which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques for providing the basis for emission limit values and other permit conditions designed to prevent and, where that is not practicable, to reduce emissions and the impact on the environment as a whole:

- (a) 'techniques' includes both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned;
- (b) 'available techniques' means those developed on a scale which allows implementation in the relevant industrial sector, under economically and technically viable conditions, taking into consideration the costs and advantages, whether or not the techniques are used or produced inside the Member State in question, as long as they are reasonably accessible to the operator;
- (c) 'best' means most effective in achieving a high general level of protection of the environment as a whole.

"Biodegradable" means a material is capable of undergoing biological anaerobic or aerobic degradation leading to the production of CO₂, H₂O, methane, biomass, and mineral salts, depending on the environmental conditions of the process.

"building" means a construction that has the objective of providing sheltering cover and minimising emissions of noise, particulate matter, odour and litter.

"Capacity" means the potential capacity and not historical or actual production levels or throughput. This means that the designed capacity is the maximum rate at which the site can operate. Biological treatment of waste usually takes place over more than one day, so the physical daily capacity can be calculated by dividing the maximum quantity of waste that could be subject to biological treatment at any one time by the minimum residence time. For in-vessel composting, the residence time for sanitisation should be calculated separately and then aggregated to the complete composting time.

"channelled emissions" means the emissions of pollutants into the environment through any kind of duct, pipe, stack, etc. This also includes emissions from open top biofilters.

"combined heat and power" (CHP) or Cogeneration means the simultaneous generation in one process of thermal energy and electrical or mechanical energy.

"compostable plastics" means plastics that are certified to meet the standards of EN 13432, EN 14995 or equivalent and is capable of breaking down by microbial digestion to create compost.

"diffuse emissions" mean non-channelled emissions (e.g. of dust, organic compounds, odour) which can result in 'area' sources (e.g. tanks) or 'point' sources (e.g. pipe flanges). This also includes emissions from open-air windrow composting.

"digestate" means material resulting from an anaerobic digestion process.

"disposal" means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits" means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

"emissions to land" includes emissions to groundwater.

"EP Regulations" means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

"existing medium combustion plant" means an MCP which was put into operation before 20 December 2018.

"generator" means any combustion plant which is used to generate electricity, excluding mobile, unless it is connected to the national grid.

"groundwater" means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

"impermeable surface" means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface.

"Industrial Emissions Directive" means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

"Leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme" means a structured approach to reduce fugitive emissions of organic compounds by detection and subsequent repair or replacement of leaking components. Currently, sniffing (described by EN 15446) and optical gas imaging methods are available for the identification of leaks as set out in BAT 14 and section 6.6.2 of the Waste Treatment BAT Conclusions.

"MCERTS" means the Environment Agency's Monitoring Certification Scheme.

"medium combustion plant" or "MCP" means a combustion plant with a rated thermal input equal to or greater than 1 MW but less than 50 MW.

"Medium Combustion Plant Directive" or "MCPD" means Directive 2015/2193/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the limitation of emissions of certain pollutants into the air from medium combustion plants, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

"new medium combustion plant" means an MCP which was put into operation after 20 December 2018. This includes replacement MCP and Generators.

"operational area" means any part of a facility used for the handling, storing and treatment of waste.

"operator" means in relation to a regulated facility:

- (a) the person who has control over the operation of the regulated facility,
- (b) if the regulated facility has not yet been put into operation, the person who will have control over the regulated facility when it is put into operation, or
- (c) if a regulated facility authorised by an environmental permit ceases to be in operation, the person who holds the environmental permit

"pests" means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

"pollution" means emissions as a result of human activity which may—

- (a) be harmful to human health or the quality of the environment,
- (b) cause offence to a human sense,
- (c) result in damage to material property, or
- (d) impair or interfere with amenities and other legitimate uses of the environment.

"quarter" means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

"recovery" means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"sealed drainage system" in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

- · no liquids will run off the surface otherwise than via the system
- all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump, except where liquids may be lawfully discharged to foul sewer.

"specified generator" means a group of generators other than excluded between 1 and 50 megawatts or less than 50 megawatts as defined in Schedule 25B(2) of SI 2018 No.110 of the EPR.

"treated wood" means any wood that has been chemically treated (e.g. to enhance or alter the performance of the original wood). Treatments may include penetrating oils, tar oil preservatives, water-borne preservatives, organic-based preservatives, boron and organo-metallic based preservatives, boron and halogenated flame retardants and surface treatments (including paint and venner).

"VOC" means Volatile organic compounds as defined in Article 3(45) of Directive 2010/75/EU – 'volatile organic compound' means any organic compound as well as the fraction of creosote, having at 293.15K a vapour pressure of 0.01 kPa or more, or having a corresponding volatility under the particular conditions of use.

"Waste code" means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England)Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

"Waste Framework Directive" or "WFD" means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

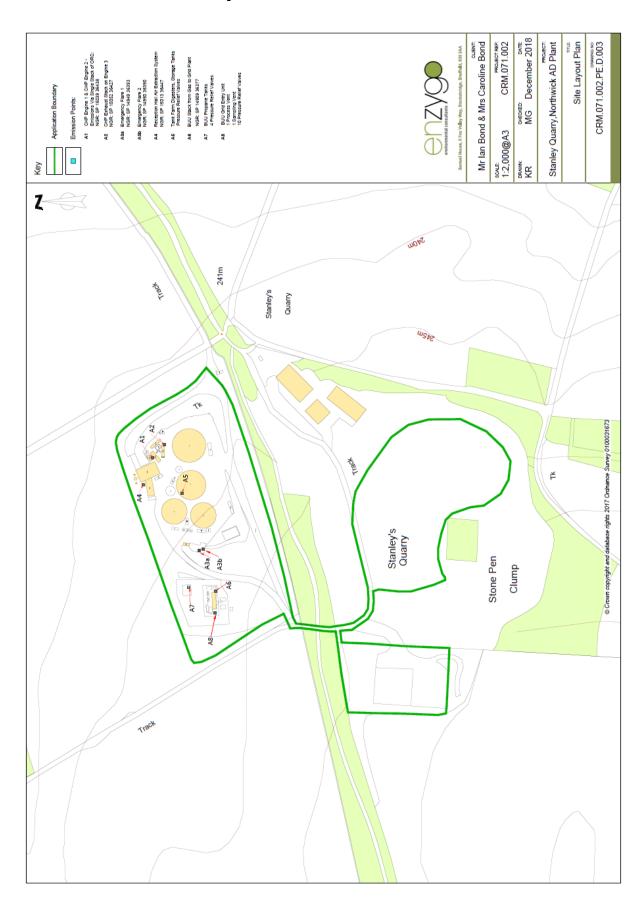
Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid fuels and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.

"year" means calendar year ending 31 December.

Schedule 7 – Site plan



Annex 1 of MCP

Rated thermal input (MW) of the medium combustion plant.	2.6 MWth (3 engines – 7.8 MWth total)	
2. Type of the medium combustion plant (diesel engine, gas turbine, dual fuel engine, other engine or other medium combustion plant).	Combined heat & power engine	
3. Type and share of fuels used according to the fuel categories laid down in Annex II.	Biogas	
4. Date of the start of the operation of the	Engine 1 – 08/10/2010	
medium combustion plant or, where the exact date of the start of the operation is unknown,	Engine 2 – 16/05/2012	
proof of the fact that the operation started before 20 December 2018.	Engine 3 – 24/10/2016	
5. Sector of activity of the medium combustion plant or the facility in which it is applied (NACE code.	D35.1.1	
6. Expected number of annual operating hours of the medium combustion plant and average load in use.	8,760 hours	
7. Where the option of exemption under Article 6(3) or Article 6(8) is used, a declaration signed by the operator that the medium combustion plant will not be operated more than the number of hours referred to in those paragraphs.		
8. Name and registered office of the operator	Operator address	
and, in the case of stationary medium combustion plants, the address where the plant	Northwick Estate	
is located.	The Estate Office	
	Upton Wold	
	Moreton-In-Marsh	
	Gloucestershire	
	GL56 9TR	
	Site address	
	Site address Stanlov's Quarry	
	Stanley's Quarry Westington Hill	
	Chipping Campden	
	Gloucestershire	
	GL55 6UR	

END OF PERMIT