BEIS Net Zero Innovation Portfolio: Industrial Fuel Switching

5th July 2021

Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy

5 July, 2021

Welcome, Purpose & Agenda

Purpose: to present our thinking for a speculative Industrial Fuel Switching innovation competition and seek your views.

Agenda:	Time	Item
	10:00 - 10:05	Welcome & introductions
	10:05 - 10:20	Context and background to industrial fuel switching innovation
	10:20 - 10:30	Q&A on context and background
	10:30 - 11:10	Proposed scope for industrial fuel switching innovation competition with breaks for your feedback via XLeap
	11:10 - 11:20	Break
	11:20 – 11:35	Q&A on the proposed scope
	11:35 – 12:00	Networking opportunity

Context: Industrial Decarbonisation

- 16% of greenhouse gas emissions from industry (2018), 3rd largest emitting sector in the UK¹
- As Net Zero by 2050 requires near-complete industrial decarbonisation, switching industry from high to low carbon fuels will be vital
- Industrial decarbonisation technologies need to be ready for large-scale deployment from the 2030s
- Developments in Policy landscape: Industrial Decarbonisation Strategy, upcoming Hydrogen Strategy
- Industrial Decarbonisation Strategy sets out expectation for industrial emissions reduction of two-thirds by 2035 and at least 90% by 2050 (compared to 2018)
- Energy Innovation Needs Assessment work identified fuel switching is an innovation priority

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1. The Industrial Decarbonisation Strategy, p.16 analysis based on Final UK Greenhouse Gas Emissions, 2018

Net Zero Innovation Portfolio (NZIP)

- **£1bn** of funding for **innovation** over **4 years** (2021 2025)
- As per the "Ten Point Plan for a Green Industrial Revolution"



NZIP – Industry and CCUS

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- As per the "Ten Point Plan for a Green Industrial Revolution"



Call for CCUS Innovation 2.0

- Accelerate the deployment of next-generation CCUS technology in the UK, so that it can deploy at-scale by 2030.
- £20m Call for CCUS Innovation 2.0: grant funding over two calls, to increase the TRL and CRL of next generation CCUS that can be used on industrial, waste, or power generation sites from 2030.
 - Call 1: Applications open mid July and close end of August.
 - Call 2: May 2022
- In Call 1, BEIS will consider grant application of:
 - Up to **£1 million:** projects developing/piloting mid-stage (~TRL 3-5) technology.
 - Up to **£5 million**: projects developing late-stage (~TRL 6-8) technology
- 9-month review of next generation carbon capture technology being developed in the UK and internationally, which has the potential to deploy at scale by 2035, and is of direct relevance to UK industry, waste, and power sites.
 - Up to £200,000 for an independent, third party contractor to conduct the review, working with industrial stakeholders and technology developers
 - Start in August 2021 with results available for applicants of Call 2 (May 2022)

Industry of Future

- Programme to support industrial sites by awarding funding to develop their decarbonisation pathways, through incorporating the next generation of decarbonisation & energy efficiency technologies.
- Help companies to better navigate the complex technology landscape and transition to net zero more quickly and effectively.
- Stakeholder engagement event: 13th July Event will be published on Eventbrite.
- Expect to publish competition guidance in September
- Expect to start programme in December 2021

Previous Industrial Fuel Switching Competition (2015 - 2021)200 kW





HyNet



BLA

£20m: Testing the potential of industry to switch to low carbon fuels. Supporting: 7 Feasibility Studies 4 Demonstrations







mera at 120 degree angle



MPA

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Previous Industrial Fuel Switching Competition (2015 - 2021)

What went well?

- Innovative and ground-breaking projects funded, further industrial decarbonisation knowledge.
- Trialling hydrogen, biofuels, electricity in cement, lime, glass, refining, and manufacturing sectors.

What could have been better?

- Getting hold of hydrogen for trials has been challenging.
- Wider range of fuel switches sought more diversity needed.
- Some scopes/ costs shifted as projects progressed, to be expected, but will be looking for realistic and thorough project plans.



Hanson's Ribblesdale cement production site

Q&A on the background and context?

(10 minutes)

NZIP Industrial Fuel Switching Competition:

Proposed Scope

This is speculative, and subject to change

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What we Can/Cannot Change

When giving feedback, please bear in mind:

- Our remit is to fund innovation projects
- We cannot change policy or the market conditions
- We cannot change the overall competition objectives
- We cannot change the overall competition budget (TBA)
- We cannot change the length of the competition the funding period ends on 31st March 2025
- We can tweak the design of the competition based on your views



Competition Objectives

- Demonstrate **potential for industrial GHG emission reductions** via fuel switching technologies, to contribute to Net Zero by 2050.
- Demonstrate the **potential commercial viability** of industrial fuel switching solutions.
- Increase awareness of potential industrial fuel switching solutions and technologies, by collecting and disseminating findings to industry and investors.
- Strengthen supply chains and skills for industrial decarbonisation around the UK.
- Gather evidence to inform future industrial decarbonisation policy making.

Technology & Lots (1)

- We will look for innovative **fuel switching and fuel switching enabling solutions**, at **TRL 4 to 7 at** the **start of the projects**.
- Competition open to industrial sectors/industrial fuel switching technology developers.
- Academic, research and public sector organisations must work as part of project consortium with private sector organisations.
- Funding divided into **3 Lots to increase diversity** of funded solutions.
- Soft ringfence, funding could be shifted between Lots depending on volume/ quality of applications.

Technology & Lots (2)

Lot	Examples (not exhaustive)	% of funding
1: Hydrogen Industrial fuel switch to hydrogen, or technology to enable this.	 Trial fuel switching appliances from natural gas to hydrogen. Develop and test industrial hydrogen appliances (e.g. hydrogen boilers/furnaces). Direct reduction with hydrogen (steel manufacturing). Develop and test onsite hydrogen storage solutions for industrial sites. 	~45%
2: Electrification Industrial fuel switch to electricity (grid or local renewable), or technology to enable this.	 Develop and test industrial electric appliances (e.g. electric boilers, kilns, furnaces). Develop and test microwave, infrared or induction heating systems. Storage systems to support fuel switching to renewable electricity. Develop and trial industrial heat pumps. 	~36%
3: Biomass, Waste, Other Industrial fuel switch to biomass or waste fuel, or technology to enable this. Fuel switch to another fuel not listed, which must be compatible with Net Zero.	 Direct reduction of solid biomass/waste materials. Sustainably sourced biomass or waste combustion (where other low carbon options are not viable). 	~19%

Feedback on Technology & Lots

Questions (15 mins):

1. Do you have any general comments about the technology scope?

2. Do you have any comments on the Lots by fuel type approach?

3. If you are involved in hydrogen, do you have any thoughts on how to mitigate the risks with hydrogen supply for hydrogen fuel switching trials? If known, what are the approximate volumes of hydrogen you would need?

4. Do you foresee any technical barriers to carrying out innovation projects under these Lots (e.g., electricity grid connection constraints)?

Technology Exclusions

The following are excluded from this competition:

- Energy and resource efficiency projects without a fuel switch (inc. waste heat recovery) a fuel switch that results in energy efficiency is encouraged.
- Fuel switches that increase GHG emissions.
- Fuel switches to unsustainable biomass sources.
- Switching of feedstocks, except where feedstock provides chemical energy to drive the process (e.g., reduction of iron).
- Biomethane & synthetic methane (this is essentially chemically identical to methane, with little or no innovation needed for end users).
- Fuel production for the fuel switch (e.g., hydrogen production, which is the focus of the Low Carbon Hydrogen Supply 2 Competition).
- Carbon capture, utilisation, storage (CCUS) projects (this is the focus of a separate competition Call for CCUS Innovation 2.0).

Feedback on Exclusions

Questions (5 mins):

5. Do you think there are any issues with this list of excluded technologies?

- energy and resource efficiency projects without a fuel switch.
- fuel switches that increase GHG emissions.
- fuel switches to unsustainable biomass sources.
- switching of feedstocks, except where feedstock provides chemical energy to drive the process.
- biomethane & synthetic methane.
- fuel production for the fuel switch.
- CCUS projects.

Procurement Route: SBRI

What is an SBRI?

- Small Business Research Initiative (it is open to organisations of any size)
- Pre-commercial procurement aimed at solutions which are not yet ready for the commercial market
- Projects must be 100% funded by BEIS
- Sharing of risks and benefits suppliers receive financial support and retain arising IP (certain rights of use retained by BEIS). SBRI contracts are therefore expected to be priced below market rates, reflecting these benefits to the supplier

Procurement Route

- 2-Phase SBRI, funding 100% of eligible project costs:
 - Phase 1: feasibility studies, minimum £50k, maximum £300k per study*.
 - Phase 2: demonstration projects, minimum £1m, maximum £6m project*.
- Standard practice for SBRI contracts is to have Phase 2 applications closed to those successful in Phase 1.
- Currently considering having Phase 2 open to the market, if a separate market for proven technologies exists alongside those requiring feasibility studies.

*Based on the previous round of the fuel switching competition

Feedback on Procurement Route

Questions (5 mins):

6. Do you have any comments on the minimum/ maximum funding amount per project for Phase 1 (£50k - £300k) and Phase 2 (£1m - £6m)?

7. Do you have any comments on whether Phase 2 should be closed, i.e., only those who participate in Phase 1 can apply for Phase 2, or does a market exist to keep Phase 2 open?

Proposed Timeline (subject to change)

A	ctivity	Date	
	Open to Applicants	Sept/Oct 2021	6-8 weeks to
Phase 1	Closes to Applicants	Nov/ Dec 2021	complete applications
(reasibility)	Projects Start	Jan/ Feb 2022	
	Projects Complete	Nov 2022	~10 months for
	Open to Applicants	Dec 2022	Phase 1
Phase 2	Closes to Applicants	Feb 2023	
(Demonstration)	Projects Start	Apr 2023	~21 months for Phase 2
	Projects Complete	Dec 2024	
Programme close		Mar 2025	

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Feedback on Timeline

Questions (5 mins):

8. Do you have any comments on the proposed timeline?

9. Does the split between Phase 1 and Phase 2 seem appropriate?

Note: we cannot change the end date of 31/03/2025

Eligibility for Funding (1 of 3)

Item	Subject	Eligibility
1.	Technology Scope	The technology must be in scope for this competition – fuel switch/ fuel switch enabling technology, not on exclusion list
2.	Innovation and technology readiness	TRL 4-7 at the start of the project, targeting increase in TRL by the end of project.
3.	Retrospective Work	BEIS is unable to fund retrospective work on projects
4.	Additionality	Evidence must be provided to show that innovation would not progress without public funding

Eligibility for Funding (2 of 3)

Item	Subject	Eligibility
6.	Contract size	Aligns with min/ max funding amounts
7.	Eligible project costs	Projects requesting funding for commercialisation activities are not eligible. SBRI funding only available for R&D activities of an innovative process, material, device, product, or service prior to commercialisation
8.	Project end date	Completion by December 2024
9.	Risk benefit sharing	Projects receive financial support and retain any intellectual property generated, with certain rights of use retained by BEIS. Project outputs are also expected to be shared widely and publicly and project teams are not permitted to include profit in the eligible project costs



Eligibility for Funding (3 of 3)

Item	Subject	Eligibility
11.	Delivering multiple projects	If project consortium member(s) are part of multiple successful applications they must be able to deliver on them and they must not have applied for funding for the same piece of work more than once
12.	Multiple applications	If the intention is to submit multiple applications, lead organisations may only enter one application into each Lot as the project lead. Technology providers/OEMs are limited to one application for a particular technology/solution requiring development per Lot.
13.	Prompt Payment (for contracts > £5m)	For contracts > £5m, if you intend to use a supply chain for this contract, you must demonstrate you have effective systems in place to ensure a reliable supply chain.

Assessment Criteria

Crite	ria
1	Technical and regulatory feasibility, and performance of fuel switching solution – theoretical feasibility, novelty, impact on product cost/ quality, lifetime costs, emissions savings, barriers to implementation
2	Dissemination and Development plan – dissemination, commercialisation plans
3	Social Value - wider value to society (i.e., jobs, education etc.)
4	Project financing – project costs, value for money, additionality
5	Project delivery – Team, project plan and risks

Minimum score of 60% in application to be eligible for funding

Feedback on Eligibility & Assessment Criteria

Questions (8 mins):

10. Do you have any comments on eligibility criteria?

11. Do you have any comments on assessment criteria?

Additional question on testing facilities:

12. If it existed, would your organisation be interested in using a centralised industrial equipment testing facility for demonstration purposes (complete with a supply of hydrogen/large electricity grid connection)? Why/ why not?





(10 minutes)

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BEIS Next Steps

- Publish this presentation and Q&A
- Internal agreement on competition
- Announce/launch later this year
- Run launch events with final competition details

Q&A on the proposed competition scope?

(15 minutes)

Networking

- Random Breakout rooms
- Discussion:
 - Introductions: 30s intro to yourself and your organisation
 - What potential is there for IFS in your sector/organisation?
 - What could your organisation do relating to IFS innovation?
 - Thoughts on the scope for the speculative IFS competition?

Thank You For Joining, BEIS

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