

Emergency Department

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

12 May 2021

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Year: 2021 Week: 18

Key messages

Data to: 09 May 2021

COVID-19-like emergency department attendances during week 18 remained at a similar level to the previous week (figure 3).

Acute respiratory infections have continued to increase, particularly in child age groups, up to 14 years (figure 5a). Bronchiolitis continues to increase in children under 5 years (figure 6a).

Cardiac conditions and myocardial ischemia increased during week 18 (figures 12 & 13).

Note: during the COVID-19 pandemic, patients with COVID-19 symptoms are generally advised to initially access a COVID-19 test through the national COVID-19 testing programme. This is likely to result in lower numbers of patients accessing health advice as monitored through syndromic surveillance systems. Syndromic data should therefore be interpreted with some caution and in the context of other COVID-19 monitoring data sources.

Please see <u>notes and caveats</u> for information about the ED syndromic indicators including important caveats around the interpretation.

Diagnostic indicators at a glance:

Further details on the syndromic indicators reported can be found on page 10.

Indicator	Current trend	Level
COVID-19-like	no trend	-
Respiratory	increasing	similar to baseline
Acute Respiratory Infection	increasing	similar to baseline
Bronchiolitis	increasing	below baseline
Influenza-like Illness	no trend	below baseline
Pneumonia	increasing	below baseline
Asthma	no trend	below baseline
Gastrointestinal	no trend	similar to baseline
Gastroenteritis	no trend	below baseline
Cardiac	increasing	above basleine
Myocardial Ischaemia	increasing	above basleine
Alcohol intoxication	decreasing	below baseline

Dete	Total	Diagnoses Coded		Type 1 EDs
Date	Attendances	Number	%	Included
03/05/2021	28,837	22,218	77.0%	123
04/05/2021	32,245	23,974	74.3%	123
05/05/2021	30,813	22,518	73.1%	123
06/05/2021	30,722	22,253	72.4%	123
07/05/2021	30,890	22,541	73.0%	123
08/05/2021	27,705	20,104	72.6%	123
09/05/2021	29,160	21,408	73.4%	123
Total	210,372	155,016	73.7%	(max)* 123

EDSSS weekly report statistics

Only Type 1 EDs meeting the weekly reporting criteria are included (see page 10 for details).

*max EDs included across full time period reported in charts, individual days may include fewer EDs.

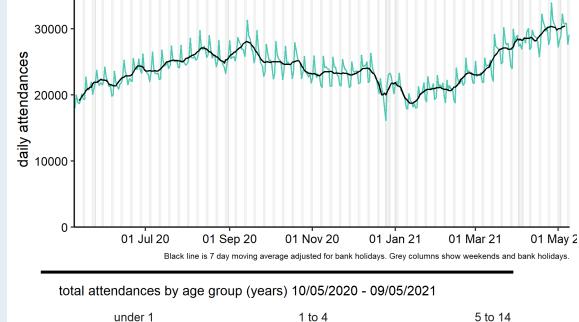


12 May 2021

1: Total attendances.

Daily number of total attendances recorded, across the EDSSS network.

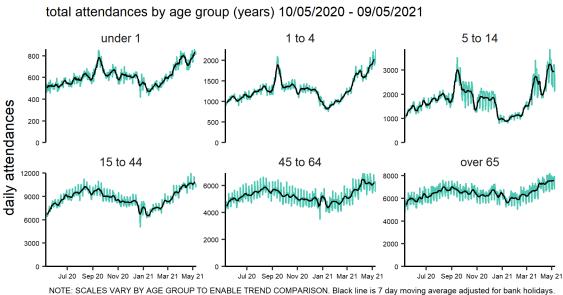
(see page 6 for ED inclusion criteria).



Total attendances 10/05/2020 - 09/05/2021

1a: Daily attendances by age: numbers.

Daily number and 7-day moving average of total attendances, by age group.





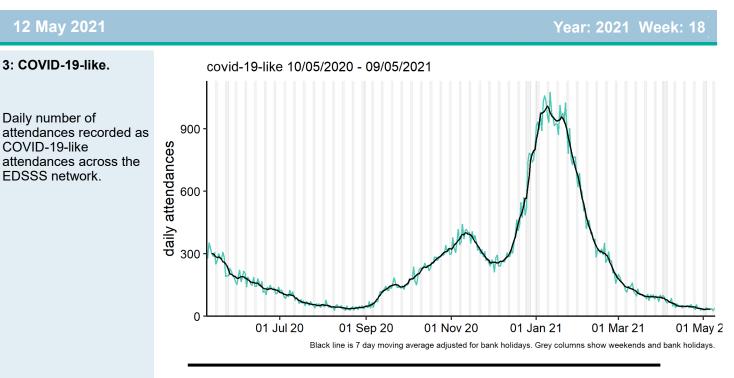
2: Daily attendances by gender: numbers

Daily number of total attendances by gender, recorded across the EDSSS network (shown as a 7-day moving average). Please note: indeterminate gender is not shown due to small numbers

10

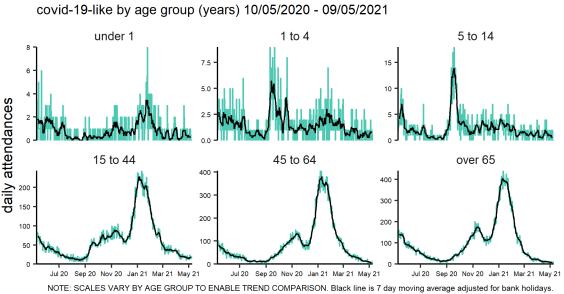
EDSSS

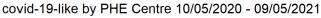
EDSSS

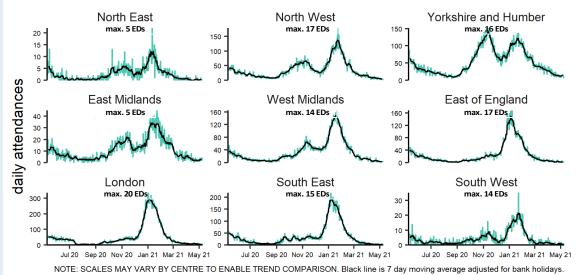


3a: COVID-19-like by age group.

Daily number and 7 day moving average of COVID-19-like attendances within each age group.







COVID-19-like attendances within each PHE Centre (with the maximum number of EDs included in each time series). Please see '<u>notes and</u> <u>caveats'</u> for information on how EDs are selected for inclusion each week.

3b: COVID-19-like by PHE Centre

Daily attendances and 7

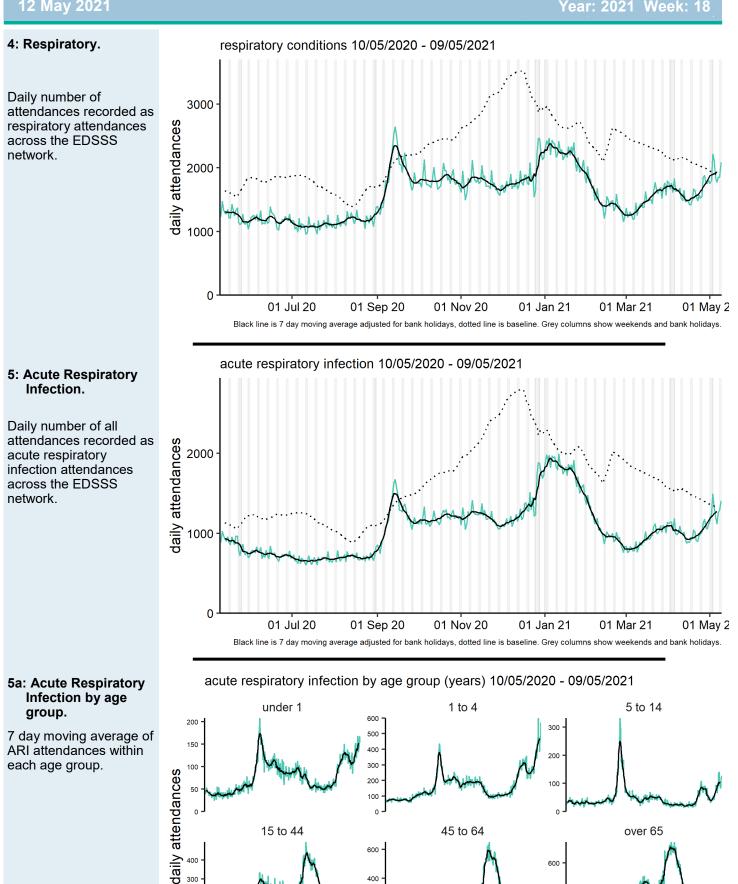
day moving average of

nonua

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EDSSS



400

200

0

Jul 20 Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21

400

300

200

100 0

NOTE: SCALES VARY BY AGE GROUP TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays

Jul 20 Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21

600

400

0

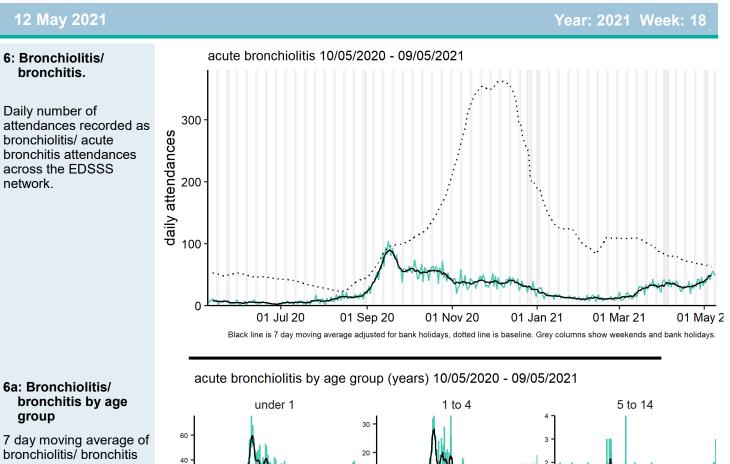
Jul 20 Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21

4



over 65

Jul 20 Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21



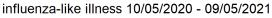
bronchiolitis/ bronchitis attendances within each age group.

daily attendances

20 0

2

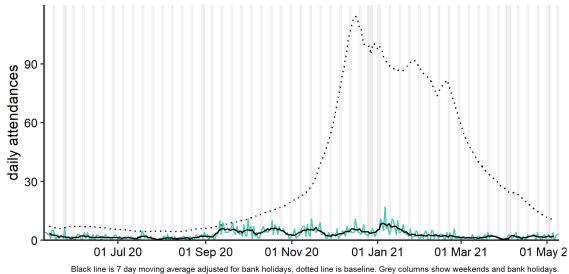
Jul 20



Jul 20

15 to 44

Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21



45 to 64

Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21

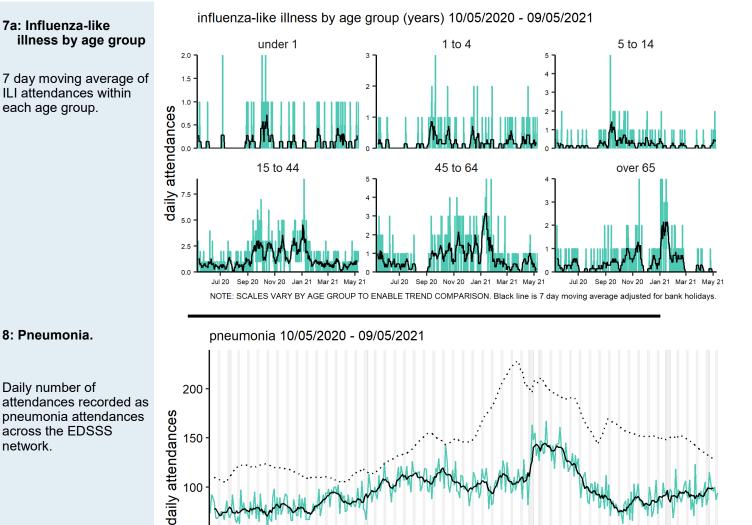
NOTE: SCALES VARY BY AGE GROUP TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

7: Influenza-like Illness.

Daily number of attendances recorded as influenza-like illness attendances across the EDSSS network.

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EDSSS



8a: Pneumonia by age group.

100

50

0

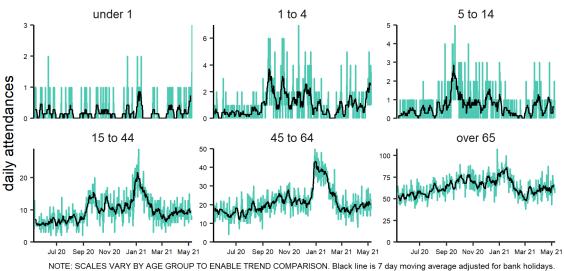
01 Jul 20

network.

7 day moving average of pneumonia attendances within each age group.

pneumonia by age group (years) 10/05/2020 - 09/05/2021

01 Sep 20



01 Nov 20

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays, dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

01 Jan 21

01 Mar 21

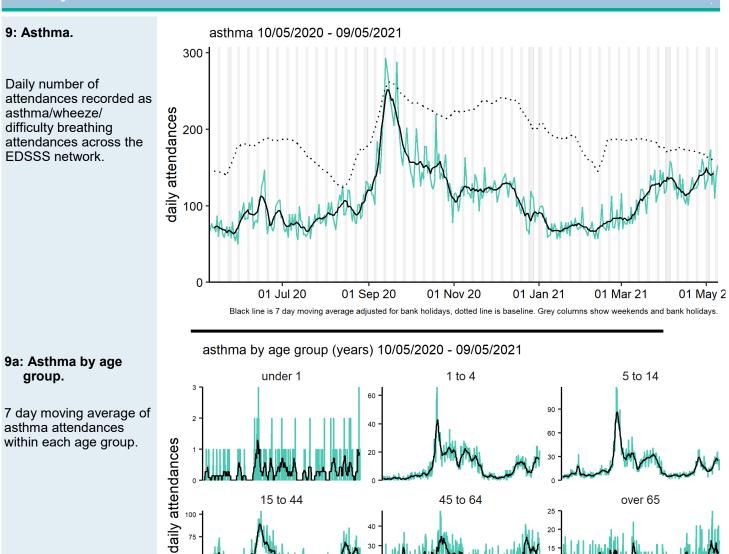


01 May 2

WW Public Health England

12 May 2021

Year: 2021 Week: 18



Jul 20 Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21

NOTE: SCALES VARY BY AGE GROUP TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON. Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

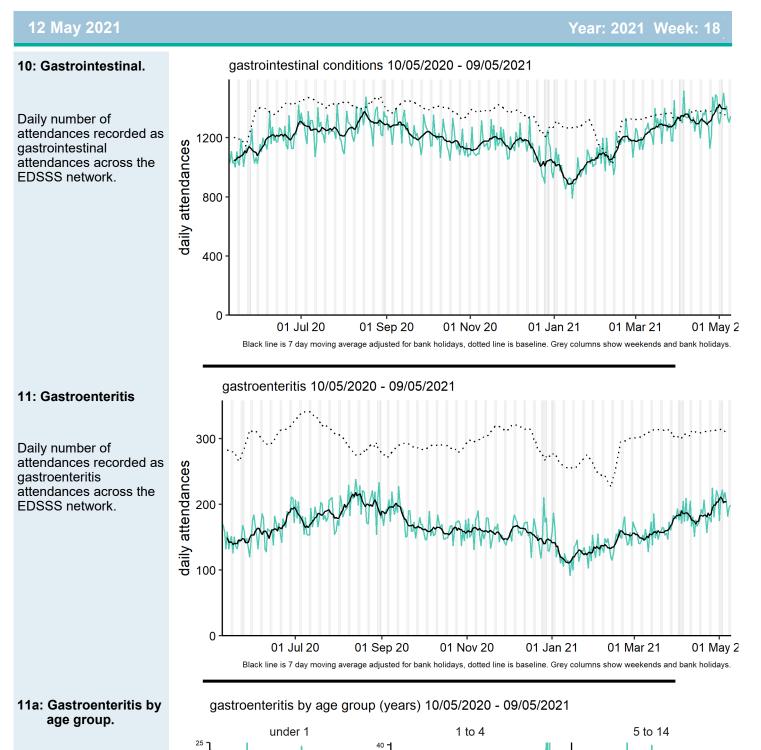
Jul 20 Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21

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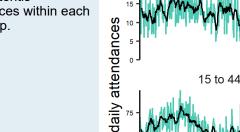
Jul 20 Sep 20 Nov 20 Jan 21 Mar 21 May 21

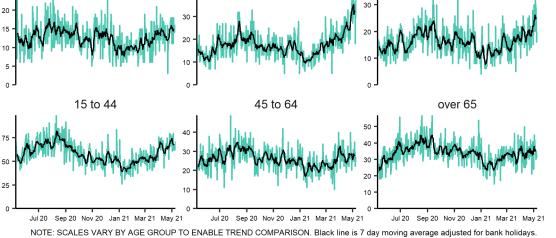


EDSSS



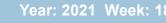
7 day moving average of gastroenteritis attendances within each age group.

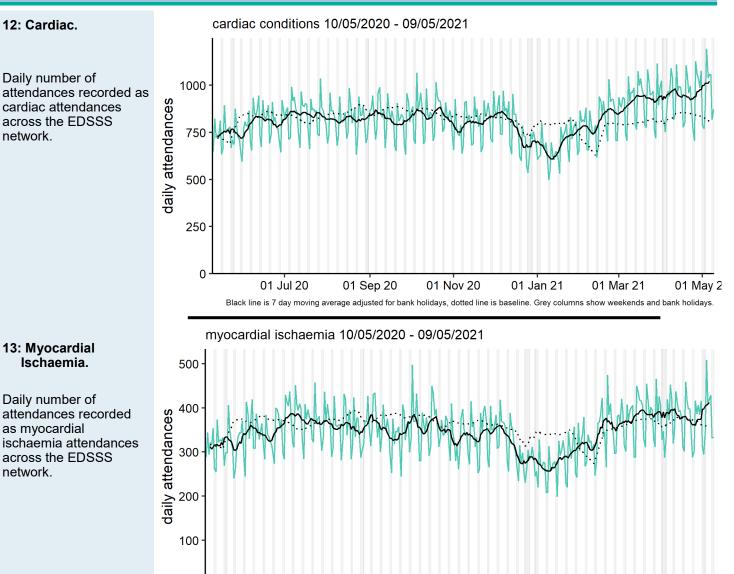






12 May 2021



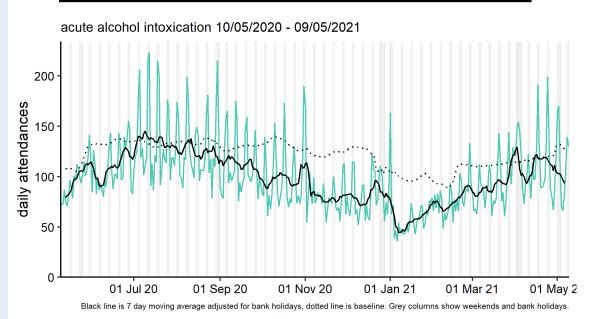


01 Sep 20

14. Acute alcohol intoxication

Daily number of attendances recorded as acute alcohol intoxication attendances across the EDSSS network. 0

01 Jul 20



01 Nov 20

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays, dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

01 Jan 21

01 Mar 21

01 May 2

12 May 2021	Year: 2021 Week: 18		
Notes and caveats:	 National EDSSS began operating in April 2018. Following the introduction of the Emergency Care Data Set (ECDS) the: <u>https://www.england.nhs.uk/ourwork/tsd/ec-data-set/</u> EDSSS receives an automated daily transfer of anonymised ED data from NHS Digital 		
	► Not all EDs currently provide data through ECDS on a daily basis		
	 EDs are eligible for inclusion in this report only where the EDSSS reporting criteria have been met during the surveillance week reported: 		
	Data relates to attendances at a type 1 ED Data for 7 of the 7 most recent days was received by PHE Data for those days was received within 2 calendar days of the patient arrival		
	► Where an ED meets these criteria, all data received from that ED previous to the current surveillance week is included. EDs eligible for inclusion is likely to change each week, which will in turn affect the historical data inclusion		
	Individual EDs will not be identified in syndromic surveillance reporting in these bulletins		
	► All EDs report diagnoses to EDSSS using SnomedCT codes		
	►Not all diagnoses are confirmed		
	The syndromic indicators presented in this bulletin are based on the primary diagnosis of each attendance as reported by EDs using SnomedCT codes:		
	Respiratory: All respiratory diseases and conditions (infectious and non infectious). Asthma: As indicated by title. Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI): All acute infectious respiratory diseases.		
	Bronchiolitis/ bronchitis: As indicated by title (excluding 'chronic'). Influenza-like Illness (ILI): As indicated by title. Pneumonia: As indicated by title.		
	COVID-19-like: Coronavirus* or Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS). *Please note: not all EDs have reported a coronavirus diagnosis code.		
	Gastrointestinal: All gastrointestinal diseases and conditions (infectious and non infectious). Gastroenteritis: All infectious gastrointestinal diseases.		
	Cardiac: All cardiac conditions. Myocardial Ischaemia: All ischaemic heart disease.		
	Acute alcohol intoxication: As indicated by title (excluding 'chronic')		
	► EDSSS indicators are likely to be an underestimation of number attendances as they are based on primary diagnosis only.		
	► The EDSSS should therefore be used to monitor trends in ED attendances and not numbers of 'cases'.		
	►Baselines: Last refreshed: 1 February 2021		
	- Represent seasonally expected levels of activity		
	- Constructed from historical data, taking into account:		
	change from sentinel to National EDSSS		
	coverage (numbers of attendances and the individual type 1 EDs included)		
	- Gastroenteritis baseline accounts for rotavirus vaccine introduction (July 2013)		
	- Exclude data from 2020 due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on ED		
	services and patient healthcare seeking behaviour		
	Sentinel EDSSS ran from July 2010 to March 2018, collected data through a bespoke, voluntary network of EDs across England and Northern Ireland:		
	https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses		
Acknowledgements:	We are grateful to the clinicians in each ED and other staff within each Trust for their continued involvement in the EDSSS.		
	We thank the Royal College of Emergency Medicine, NHS Digital and NHS England for their support in the development of national EDSSS, using anonymised data collection from ECDS.		
	Emergency Department Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin.		
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 Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses