Public Health England

Remote Health Advice

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

19 April 2021

In this issue:

Key messages.

a glance.

Data summary.

Week: 15

Key messages

Data to: 18 April 2021

During week 15, NHS 111 respiratory calls (including cold/flu, cough and difficulty breathing) decreased or remained stable overall. Eye problems calls increased in week 15 in line with seasonal expectations (figure 11). NHS 111 'potential COVID-19' calls remained stable (figure 8). All NHS 111 online assessment indicators were stable or decreasing during week 15 (figures 12-17).

NHS 111 telephone calls:

Syndromic indicators at

Indicators by syndrome.

Cold/flu

Fever

Cough

- Loss of taste or smell
- Difficulty breathing
- Sore throat

Potential COVID-19

Diarrhoea

Vomiting

NHS 111 online assessments:

Notes and further information.

Acknowledgements.

Please note: owing to technical issues data for 18th April are incomplete and should be treated with caution. Please note: due to technical issues, syndromic call numbers for the North West are currently incomplete and should be treated with caution.

Note: during the COVID-19 pandemic, patients with COVID-19 symptoms are generally advised to initially access a COVID-19 test through the national COVID-19 testing programme. This is likely to result in lower numbers of patients accessing health advice as monitored through syndromic surveillance systems. Syndromic data should therefore be interpreted with some caution and in the context of other COVID-19 monitoring data sources. Please see notes and caveats section for more information about the 'potential COVID-19' and standard NHS 111 syndromic indicators.

Syndromic indicators at a glance:

Eye problems	Indicator	Trend*	Level
Heat/sun impact	Cold/flu calls	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Insect bites	Fever calls	increasing	below baseline levels
	Cough calls	no trend	below baseline levels
	Loss of taste or smell calls	no trend	below baseline levels
NHS 111 online assessments:	Difficulty breathing calls	no trend	below baseline levels
	Sore throat calls	increasing	below baseline levels
Cold/flu	Potential COVID-19' calls	no trend	below baseline levels
Fever	Diarrhoea calls	increasing	below baseline levels
Cough	Vomiting calls	no trend	below baseline levels
Loss of taste or smell	Eye problems calls	increasing	similar to baseline levels
Difficulty breathing	Cold/flu online assessments	decreasing	*
Potential COVID-19 Introduction to charts and caveats.	Fever online assessments	no trend	*
	Cough online assessments	no trend	*
	Loss of taste or smell online assessments	decreasing	*
	Difficulty breathing online asssessments	no trend	*
	'Potential COVID-19' online assessments	no trend	*
Notes and further			

Data summary

* Indicators where there are no historical data to allow assessment of 'level' compared to baseline

Year	Week	Total calls	Total online assessments
2021	15	297,000	83,247

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1. Total NHS 111 calls

The total number of syndromic calls recorded each day by NHS 111.

Number of calls

9.0

8.0

7.0

Percentage of total calls (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

2.0

1.0

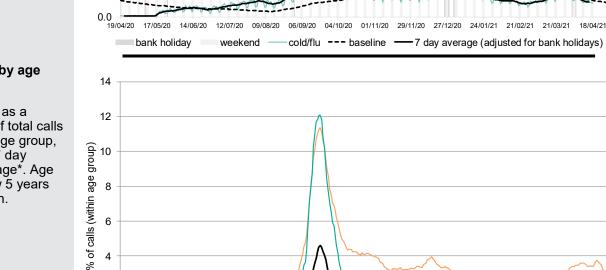
Week: 15 2021 100,000 90,000 80,000 70,000 60.000 50,000 40,000 30,000 20,000 10,000 0 19/04/20 06/09/20 04/10/20 01/11/20 29/11/20 27/12/20 24/01/21 21/02/21 21/03/21 18/04/21 17/05/20 14/06/20 12/07/20 09/08/20 bank holiday weekend total calls 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays)

2: Cold/flu

Daily 'cold/flu' calls as a percentage of total calls (and 7-day moving average*). Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



Cold/flu calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average*. Age groups below 5 years old not shown.



6 4 2 0 19/04/20 17/05/20 14/06/20 12/07/20 09/08/20 06/09/20 04/10/20 01/11/20 29/11/20 27/12/20 24/01/21 21/02/21 21/03/21 18/04/21 - 5 to 14 -- 15 to 44 -45 to 64 65 to 74 ----- >74 -- All ages - 1 to 4 -<1-

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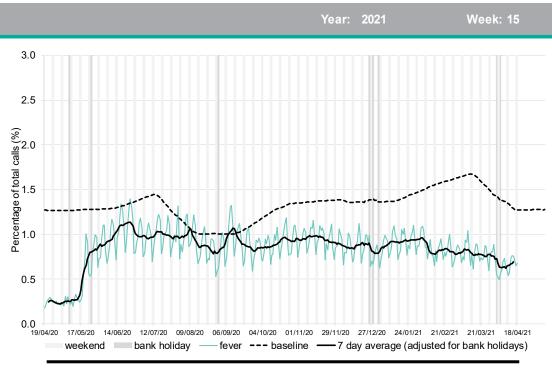
*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

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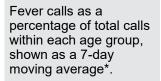
19 April 2021

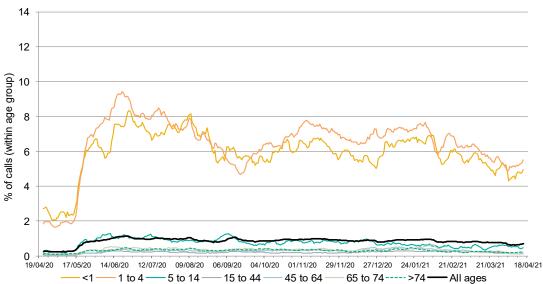
3: Fever

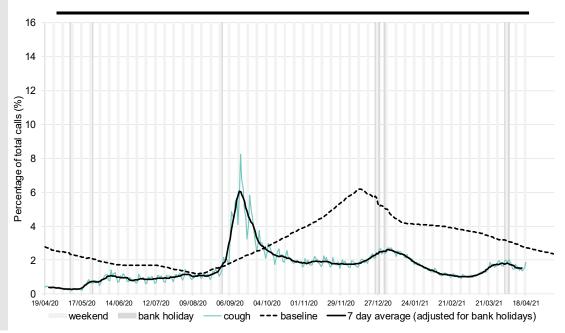
Daily 'fever' calls as a percentage of total calls (and 7-day moving average*). Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



3a: Fever calls by age group







4: Cough

Daily 'cough' calls as a percentage of total calls (and 7-day moving average*). Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.

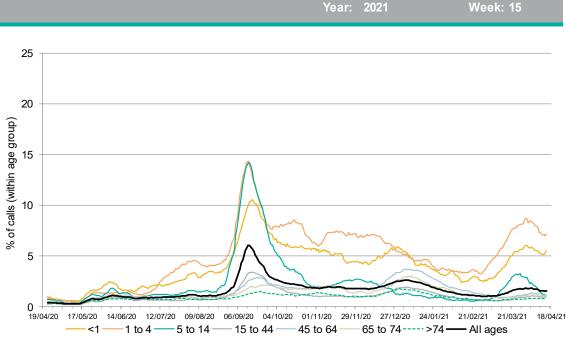
*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

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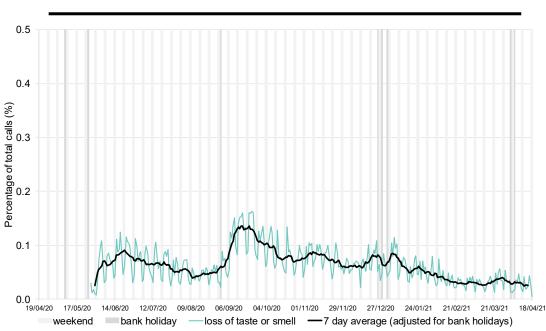
4a: Cough calls by age group

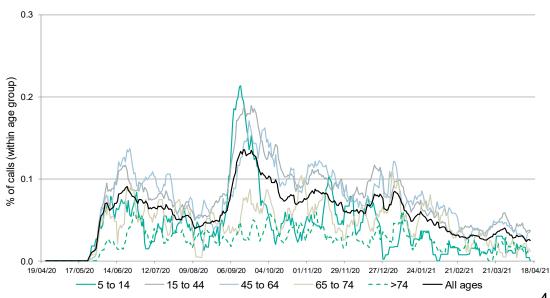
Cough calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7-day moving average*.



5: Loss of taste or smell

Daily 'loss of taste or smell' calls as a percentage of total calls (and 7-day moving average*).





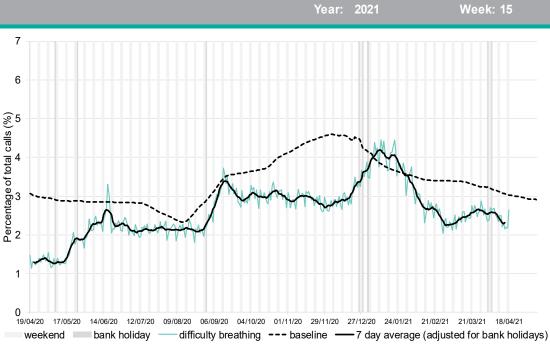
5a: Loss of taste or smell by age group

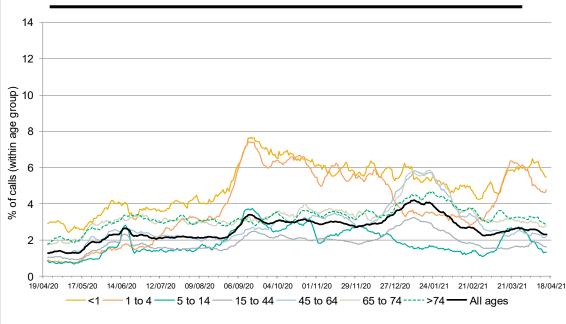
'Loss of taste or smell' calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7-day moving average*.

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6a: Difficulty breathing calls by age group

Difficulty breathing calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7day moving average*.





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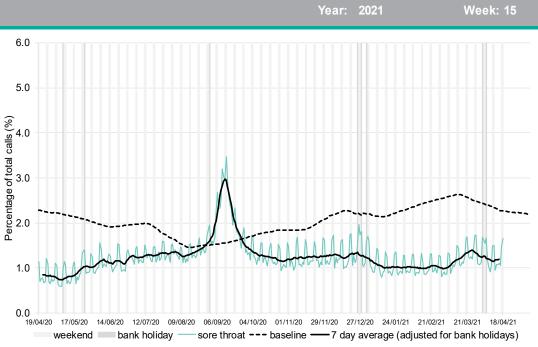
19 April 2021

6: Difficulty breathing

Daily 'difficulty breathing' calls as a percentage of total calls (and 7-day moving average*). Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.

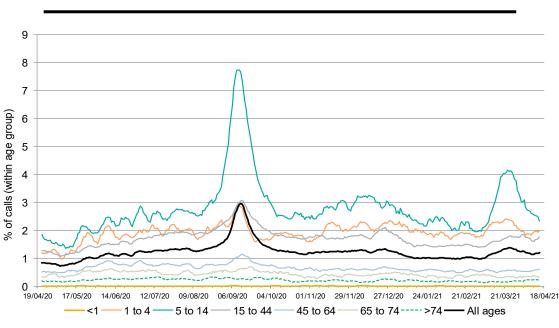
7: Sore throat

Daily 'sore throat' calls as a percentage of total calls(and 7-day moving average*). Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



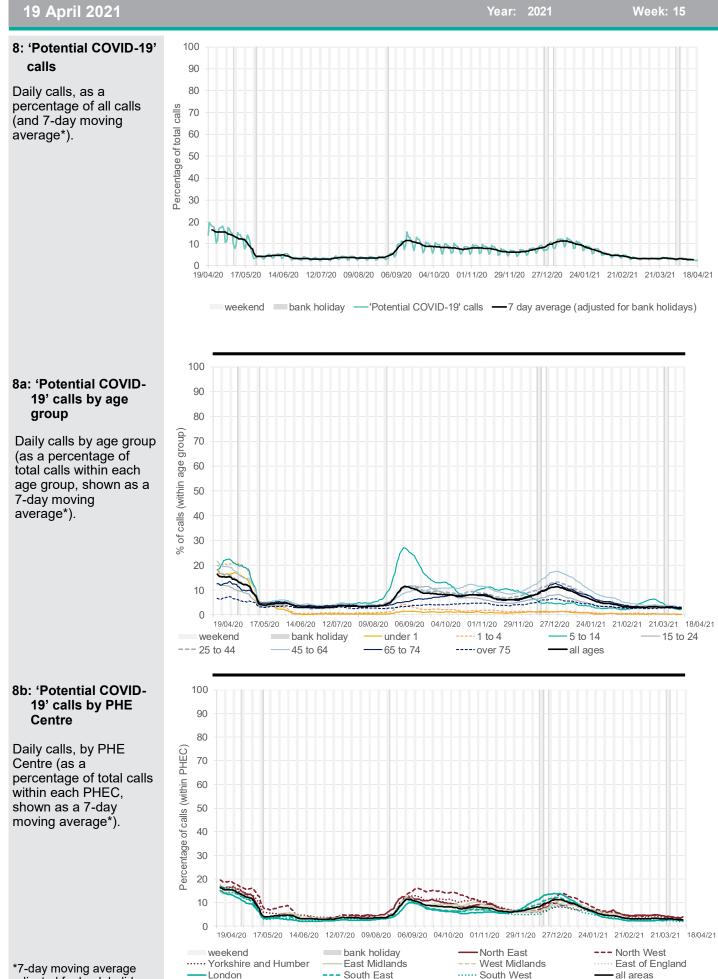
7a: Sore throat calls by age group

Sore throat calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7-day moving average*.



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adjusted for bank holidays.

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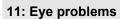


9. Diarrhoea

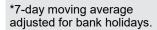
Daily 'diarrhoea' calls as a percentage of total calls (and 7-day moving average*). Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.

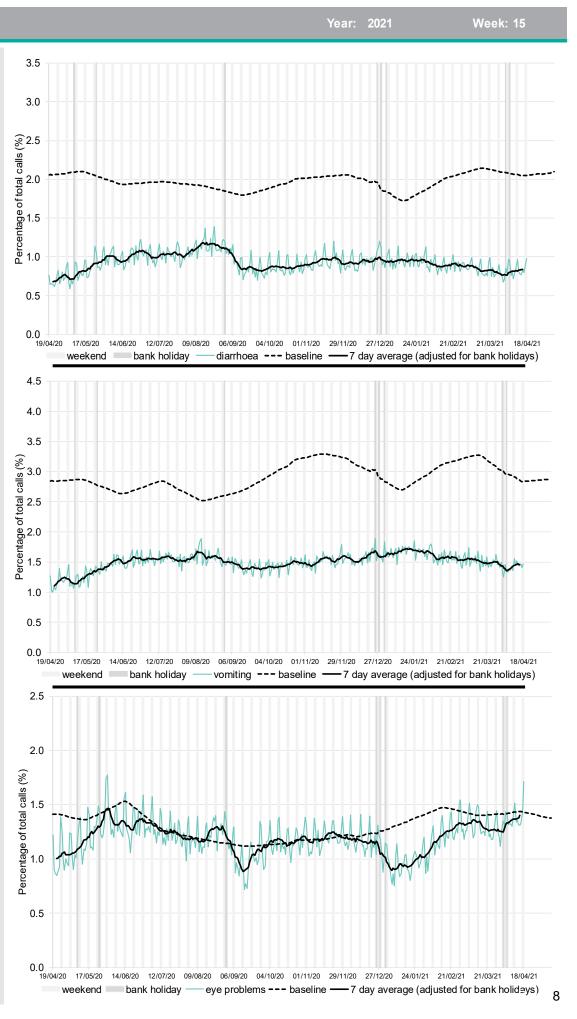
10: Vomiting calls

Daily 'vomiting' calls as a percentage of total calls (and 7-day moving average*). Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



Daily 'eye problems' calls as a percentage of total calls (and 7-day moving average*). Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.









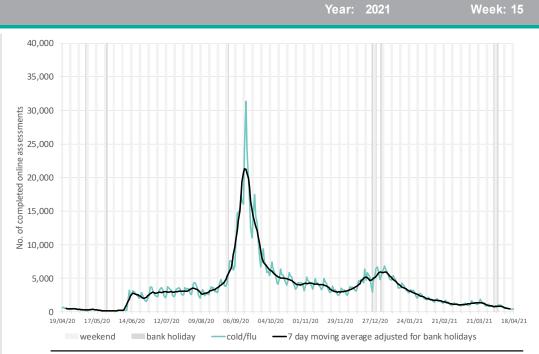
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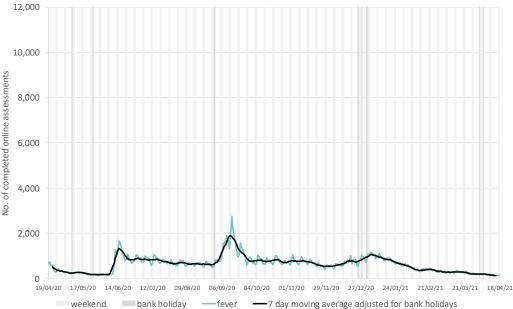
12: NHS 111 online cold/flu

Number of 'cold/flu' online completed assessments, with 7day moving average*.



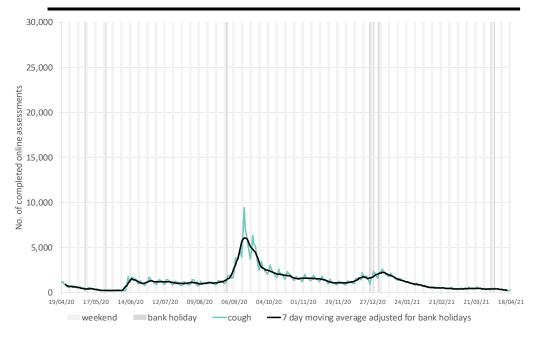
13: NHS 111 online fever

Number of 'fever' online completed assessments, with 7day moving average*.



14: NHS 111 online cough

Number of 'cough' online completed assessments, with 7day moving average*.



*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

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2021

Week: 15

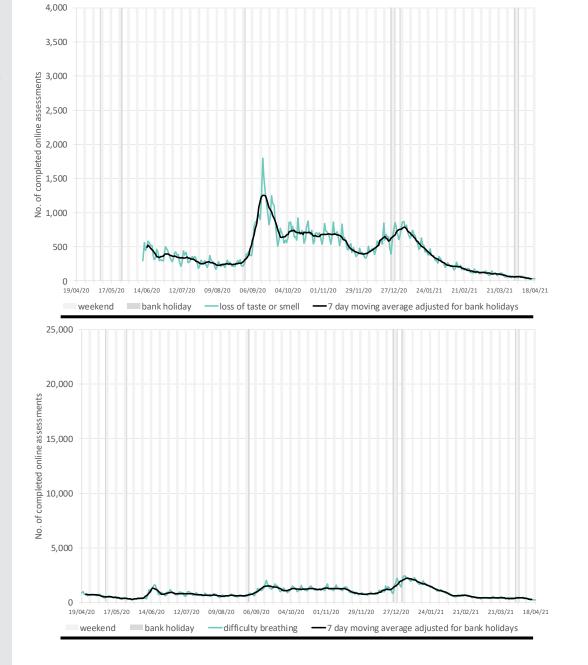
Number of 'loss of taste or smell' online completed assessments, with 7-

day moving average*.

loss of taste or

16: NHS 111 online difficulty breathing

Number of 'difficulty breathing' online completed assessments, with 7day moving average*.



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smell

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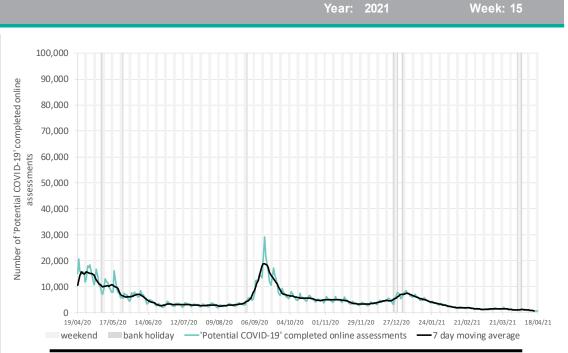
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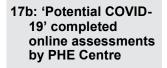
17: 'Potential COVID-19' completed online assessments

Number of completed NHS 111 online assessments which have a 'potential COVID -19' final disposition (and 7-day moving average*).



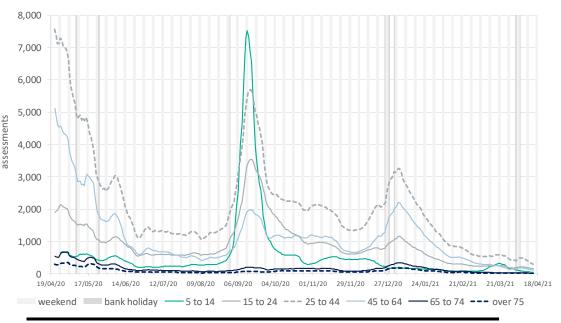
17a: 'Potential COVID-19' completed online assessments by age group

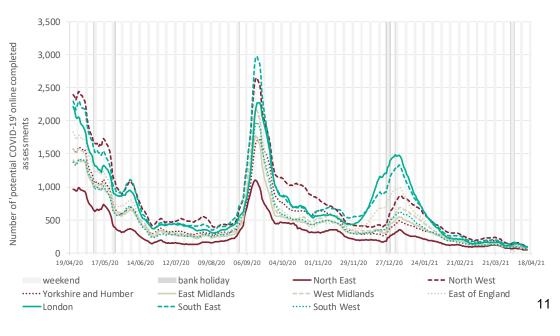
Number of completed NHS 111 online assessments which have a 'potential COVID -19' final disposition, by age group (as a percentage of total assessments within each age group) for ages 15 years and over, shown as a 7-day moving average*. Number of 'potential COVID-19' completed online



Number of completed NHS 111 online assessments which have a 'potential COVID -19' final disposition, by PHE Centre (as a percentage of total assessments within each PHEC, shown as a 7-day moving average*).

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.





19 April 2021	Year: 2021 Week: 15			
Introduction to charts and caveats:	COVID-19 syndromic surveillance data: During the current COVID-19 pandemic, NHS 111 are triaging 'potential COVID-19' patients using new and evolving telephone and online systems. PHE are working with NHS 111 and NHS England to ensure that syndromic surveillance indicators monitor trends in these calls and online assessments. However, changes within the NHS 111 triaging systems will be reflected in our routine syndromic indicators and 'potential COVID-19' indicators.			
	An individual may use both the NHS 111 Online and NHS 111 telephony services. Therefore, counts of individuals from the two services cannot be considered as distinct counts of individuals with potential COVID-19 symptoms. All NHS 111 syndromic trends should be interpreted with caution due to current national advice and guidance regarding access to health care services during the COVID-19 pandemic.			
	 NHS 111 'potential COVID-19' call data The NHS 111 'potential COVID-19' syndromic indicator may not include all NHS 111 integrated urgent care service calls and therefore should be used to monitor trends in calls rather than numbers. 			
	 The 'Potential COVID-19' syndromic indicator includes NHS 111 calls triaged using NHS Pathways and given a COVID-19 disposition (call outcome). These data are based on potential COVID-19 symptoms reported by callers and are not based on outcomes of tests for coronavirus. Prior to 11 May 2020 callers with COVID-19-like symptoms were assessed via COVID-19 Pathways. From 11 May 2020 callers who are assessed as having probable COVID-19 symptoms are triaged in symptom specific pathways which are included in our routine syndromic indicators. 			
	 NHS 111 'potential COVID-19' completed online assessment data The NHS 111 online data presented in this report are based on 'potential COVID-19' symptoms reported by the public via the NHS 111 Online service or the COVID-19 Response Centre and are not based on outcomes of tests for coronavirus. Any user that launches a COVID-19 online assessment may access the service multiple times and can change their answers and follow multiple journeys through the online system. The data presented are therefore completed online assessments rather than counts of individuals and should be used to monitor trends rather than numbers. From 11 June 2020 online users who are assessed as having probable COVID-19 symptoms will be triaged using symptom specific pathways. 			
	 Notes on charts Weekends and bank holidays are marked by vertical grey lines (bank holidays darker grey). A 7-day moving average (adjusted for bank holidays) is overlaid on the daily data reported in each chart, unless specified. Baselines represent seasonally expected levels of activity and are constructed from historical data since September 2013. They take account of any known substantial changes in data collection, population coverage or reporting practices. Baselines are refreshed using the latest data on a regular basis however they currently exclude data from 2020 due to 			
	 COVID-19 affecting the NHS 111 service and patient health care seeking behaviour NHS 111 call data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team. 			
Notes and further information:	 Further information about NHS 111 can be found at: <u>https://www.nhs.uk/using-the-nhs/nhs-services/urgent-and-emergency-care/nhs-111/</u> The Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses</u> 			
Acknowledgements: Contact ReSST:	We are grateful to NHS 111 and to NHS Digital for their assistance and support in providing the anonymised data that underpin the Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System.			
syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk	Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team			

Web: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses</u> 12