



DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS  
SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT  
WELSH GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ENVIRONMENT AND RURAL AFFAIRS - NORTHERN IRELAND

NO: .....

IMPORT PERMIT NO:

EXPORT OF PRIMATES FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM TO AUSTRALIA

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

EXPORTING COUNTRY: UNITED KINGDOM

FOR COMPLETION BY: OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

I. Number and identification of the animal(s)

Number	Microchip number and Site of Implantation	Species/Breed	Sex	Age

II. Origin of the animal(s)

(a) Name and address of exporter:

(b) Address of premises of origin where the animal(s) was/were\*  
examined:

III. Destination of the animal(s)

(a) Name and address of consignee:

(b) Means of transport:

#### IV. Health Information

I, the undersigned Official Veterinarian, hereby certify that:

- a) All pre-export quarantine (PEQ) requirements for captive non-human primates as specified in the Australian Government Biosecurity Import Conditions have been met;
- b) the animal(s) for export originate from a zoo, wildlife park, scientific or other institution which is approved by the UK Government for the holding of primates;
- c) the premises of origin provides separation of the animal(s) for export from other animal populations. The premises of origin is under veterinary supervision, where the health of the animal(s) is/are\* monitored so that incursions of disease are identified, and control and/or eradication measures can be applied. The premises of origin operates a documented animal health monitoring programme, which includes microbiological and parasitological test and necropsies;
- d) each animal for export has been continuously resident in the premises of origin since birth or for the two years prior to shipment;
- e) the animal(s) for export is/are\* not wild caught;
- f) each animal for export has been individually identified with an ISO-compliant microchip, and the microchip number and site of implantation for each animal is recorded in paragraph I of this certificate;
- g) rabies is compulsorily notifiable in the UK, and since birth or for 180 days immediately before export, the animal(s) for export did not reside on any premises in the UK where clinical, epidemiological or other evidence of rabies occurred in the previous 180 days before export;
- h) for two years before export, or since birth if less than two years of age, the animal(s) for export did not reside on any premises in the country of export where clinical, epidemiological or other evidence of tuberculosis (*Mycobacterium tuberculosis* complex) has occurred in the previous two years prior before export;
- j) excluding un-weaned animals accompanying eligible females, each animal for export has undergone testing for tuberculosis, with negative results, with **one** of the three testing protocols outlined below:

\*(i) During pre-export quarantine each animal for export was subjected to a combination of **two** of the following **tests** for tuberculosis, at least 14 days apart, both with negative results. If a gamma interferon assay was used, the second test during pre-arrival quarantine was an intradermal or comparative tuberculin skin test.

- a) \*An intradermal tuberculin test using 0.1 ml Mammalian Old Tuberculin.

Test date(s):

and/or

- b) \*An intradermal tuberculin test using 0.1 ml bovine PPD tuberculin containing at least 25,000 IU/ml.

Test date(s):

and/or

- c) \*A comparative tuberculin skin test using 0.1 ml bovine PPD tuberculin containing at least 20,000 IU/ml in one site and 0.1 ml of avian PPD tuberculin containing at least 20,000 IU/ml in another site.

Test date(s):

and/or

- d) \*A gamma interferon assay that has been approved for use by the Australian Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment.

Test date:

OR

\*(ii) During pre-export quarantine each animal for export was subjected to a gamma interferon assay that has been approved for use by the Australian Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment and a **second test** as follows for tuberculosis, both with negative results:

a) \*An intradermal tuberculin test using 0.1 ml Mammalian Old Tuberculin.

Test date:

or

b) \*An intradermal tuberculin test using 0.1 ml bovine PPD tuberculin containing at least 25 000 IU/ml.

Test date:

or

c) \*A comparative tuberculin skin test using 0.1 ml bovine PPD tuberculin containing at least 20 000 IU/ml in one site and 0.1 ml of avian PPD tuberculin containing at least 20 000 IU/ml in another site.

Test date:

OR

\*(iii) Each animal for export was subjected to **two tests** for tuberculosis, with negative results, with the first test during the six months before export and the second test during pre-export quarantine. The second test during pre-arrival quarantine was an intradermal or comparative tuberculin skin test:

a) \*An intradermal tuberculin test using 0.1 ml Mammalian Old Tuberculin.

Test date(s):

and/or

b) \*An intradermal tuberculin test using 0.1 ml bovine PPD tuberculin containing at least 25 000 IU/ml.

Test date(s):

and/or

c) \*A comparative tuberculin skin test using 0.1 ml bovine PPD tuberculin containing at least 20 000 IU/ml in one site and 0.1 ml of avian PPD tuberculin containing at least 20 000 IU/ml in another site.

Test date(s):

and/or

d) \*A gamma interferon assay that has been approved for use by the Australian Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment.

Test date:

k) all tuberculin testing was carried out by the certifying Official Veterinarian, or a veterinarian authorised by the certifying Official Veterinarian and all samples for laboratory testing were taken by the certifying Official Veterinarian, or a veterinarian authorised by the certifying Official Veterinarian, and all laboratory testing was conducted by a laboratory recognised and monitored by the UK government;

l) each animal for export has been kept in isolation from other non-human primates not of the same health status for at least 30 days immediately prior to the scheduled date of export, was not vaccinated during this time and has remained free from evidence of clinical signs of infectious or contagious disease;

m) each animal for export has been treated with appropriate broad-spectrum parasiticides for internal and external parasites within 30 days immediately prior to export;

(i) **External Parasiticide**, name

active ingredient

dose date(s) of treatment

(ii) **Internal Parasiticide**, name

active ingredient

dose date(s) of treatment

n) I have examined each of the animals for export within 72 hours prior to departure from the pre-export quarantine facility and found them to be healthy, free from clinical signs of infectious or contagious disease, visibly free of external parasites, and fit for transport;

o) after due enquiry I am satisfied that the vehicles and transport containers used for transporting the animal(s) for export from the pre-export quarantine facility to the port of export, and to Australia, were new or cleaned and disinfected before entering the pre-export quarantine facility to load the animal(s) for export;

p) I have received a declaration from the exporter that any part of the container(s) used for transport was/were constructed of timber which was treated against insect infestation or fumigated according to the requirements of the Australian Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment prior to loading;

q) the animal(s) has/have\* been sealed into their travel crate(s) prior to leaving the pre-export quarantine facility for the port of export using a tamper evident seal. I have received a declaration from the exporter that the seal will remain intact on arrival at the port of export;

Seal number(s)

r) after due enquiry I am satisfied that during transport to the port of export, the animal(s) for export will have no contact with other animals not of the same export consignment. A declaration has been received from the exporter to this effect.

\* Delete as applicable

V. This certificate is valid for 10 (ten) days from the date of signature.

Stamp Signed.....RCVS

Name in block letters

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Official Veterinarian

Date..... Address.....

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