

April 2021

Construction noise and vibration Monthly Report – February 2021

Three Rivers District

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Non-Technical Summary

This Noise and Vibration Monitoring Report fulfils HS2 Limited's commitment detailed in the Environmental Minimum Requirements (EMRs), Annex 1, Code of Construction Practice, to present the results of noise and vibration monitoring carried out within Three Rivers District (TRD) during the month of February 2021.

Within this period noise monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the Chiltern Tunnel South Portal Compound (ref. 1MC05-ALJV), where earthworks, drainage works, road and hardstanding works, superstructure and civil works, work activities at Tilehouse Lane Overbridge, Chalfont Lane Establishment and Shire Lane Culvert, installation of tunnelling facilities and batching plant operation were undertaken.

Further works, where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at the West Hyde Pumping Station in Rickmansworth.

There were no exceedances of the HS2 threshold levels for significant noise impacts during the reporting period at any monitoring position.

There were no exceedances of trigger levels as defined in Section 61 consents during the reporting period at any monitoring position.

One complaint was received during the monitoring period. A description of the complaint, the results of investigations and any actions taken are detailed in Table 6 of this report.

Abbreviations and Descriptions

The abbreviations, descriptions and project terminology used within this report can be found in Table 1.

Table 1: Table of Abbreviations

| Acronym/Term | Definition |
|--|--|
| L _{Aeq,T} | See equivalent continuous sound pressure level |
| Ambient sound | A description of the all-encompassing sound at a given location and time which will include sound from many sources near and far. Ambient sound can be quantified in terms of the equivalent continuous sound pressure level, L _{pAeq,T} |
| Decibel(s), or dB | Between the quietest audible sound and the loudest tolerable sound there is a million to one ratio in sound pressure (measured in Pascal (Pa)). Because of this wide range, a level scale called the decibel (dB) scale, based on a logarithmic ratio, is used in sound measurement. Audibility of sound covers a range of approximately 0-140dB. |
| Decibel(s) A- weighted, or dB(A) | The human ear system does not respond uniformly to sound across the detectable frequency range and consequently instrumentation used to measure sound is weighted to represent the performance of the ear. This is known as the 'A weighting' and is written as 'dB(A)'. |
| Equivalent continuous sound pressure level, or L _{Aeq,T} | An index used internationally for the assessment of environmental sound impacts. It is defined as the notional unchanging level that would, over a given period of time (T), deliver the same sound energy as the actual time-varying sound over the same period. Hence fluctuating sound levels can be described in terms of an equivalent single figure value, typically expressed as a decibel level. |
| Exclusion of data | Measurement of noise levels can be affected by weather conditions such as prolonged periods of rain, winds speeds higher than 5m/s and snow/ice ground cover. Noise levels measured during these periods are considered not representative of normal noise conditions at the site and, for the purposes of this report, are excluded from the assessment of exceedances and calculation of typical noise levels and are also greyed out in charts. Identifiable incongruous noise and vibration events not attributable to HS2 construction noise are also excluded. |
| Façade | A facade noise level is the noise level 1m in front of a large reflecting surface. The effect of reflection, is to produce a slightly higher (typically +2.5 to +3 dB) sound level than it would be if the reflecting surface was not there. |
| Free-field | A free-field noise level is the noise level measured at a location where no reflective surfaces, other than the ground, lies within 3.5 metres of the microphone position. |
| LOAEL | Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which adverse effects on health and quality of life can be detected. |
| Peak particle velocity, or PPV | Instantaneous maximum velocity reached by a vibrating element as it oscillates about its rest position. The PPV is a simple indicator of perceptibility and risk of damage to structures due to vibration. It is usually measured in mm/s. |
| SOAEL | Significant Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which significant adverse effects on health and quality of life occur. |
| Sound pressure level | The parameter by which sound levels are measured in air. It is measured in decibels. The threshold of hearing has been set at 0dB, while the threshold of pain is approximately 120dB. Normal speech is approximately 60dB at a distance of 1 metre and a change of 3dB in a time varying sound signal is commonly regarded as being just detectable. A change of 10dB is subjectively twice, or half, as loud. |
| Vibration dose value, or VDV | An index used to evaluate human exposure to vibration in buildings. While the PPV provides information regarding the magnitude of single vibration events, the VDV provides a measure of the total vibration experienced over a specified period of time (typically 16h daytime and 8h night-time). It takes into account the magnitude, the number and the duration of vibration events and can be used to quantify exposure to continuous, impulsive, occasional and intermittent vibration. The vibration dose value is measured in m/s ^{1.75} . |

1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 HS2 is required to undertake noise (and vibration) monitoring as necessary to comply with the requirements of the High Speed Rail (London-West Midlands) Environmental Minimum Requirements, including specifically Annex 1: Code of Construction Practice, in addition to any monitoring requirements arising from conditions imposed through consents under Section 61 of the Control of Pollution Act, 1974 or through Undertakings & Assurances given to third parties. Such monitoring may be undertaken for the following purposes:
 - monitoring the impact of construction works;
 - to investigate complaints, incidents and exceedance of trigger levels; or
 - monitoring the effectiveness of noise and vibration control measures.
- 1.1.2 Monitoring data and interpretive reports are to be provided to each relevant local authority on a monthly basis and shall include a summary of the construction activities occurring, the data recorded over the monitoring period, any complaints received, any periods in exceedance of agreed trigger levels, the results of any investigations and any actions taken or mitigation measures implemented. This report provides noise data, and interpretation thereof, for monitoring carried out by HS2 within Three Rivers District (TRD) area for the period 1st to 28th February 2021.
- 1.1.3 Active construction sites in the local authority area, where monitoring was undertaken during this period include:
 - Chiltern Tunnel South Portal Compound, ref. 1MC05-ALJV (see plan 1 in Appendix A), where work activities included:
 - operation of general plant (generators, wheel washers and site wide support);
 - earthworks and drainage (soil strip, excavation, filling, subgrade and ground stabilisation);
 - road and hardstanding works (surfacing, grading and excavation);
 - superstructure and civils works (platforms, accommodation and slab construction, removal of materials);
 - bridge beam and deck works at Tilehouse Lane Overbridge;
 - fencing at Chalfont Lane Establishment;
 - batching plants activities (operation and deliveries);
 - tunnel amenities and precast factory installation;
 - preparing ground, backfilling, foundation slab, walls, roof slab, wing walls and transition for Shire Lane Culvert; and

- site installations (slurry treatment plant, tunnel boring machine and factory fitouts, tunnel boring machine and STP gantry installation).
- 1.1.4 Further works, where monitoring did not take place were also undertaken at the West Hyde Pumping Station in Rickmansworth.
- 1.1.5 The applicable standards, guidance, and monitoring methodology is outlined in the construction noise and vibration monitoring methodology report which can be found at the following location <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/monitoring-the-environmental-effects-of-hs2</u>. Noise and vibration monitoring reports for previous months can also be found at this location.

1.2 Measurement Locations

- 1.2.1 Three noise monitoring installations were active in February in the TRD area. Table 2 summarises the position of noise monitoring installations within the TRD area in February 2021.
- 1.2.2 Maps showing the position of noise monitoring installations are presented in Appendix B.

| Worksite Reference | Measurement Reference | Address |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 1MC05-ALJV | SP-NMP1 | ALIGN JV Site, Chalfont Lane, WD3 9XN (northern site boundary) |
| | SP-NMP2 | ALIGN JV Site, Chalfont Lane, WD3 9XN (eastern site boundary) |
| | SP-NMP3 | Denham Grove Hotel, Tilehouse Lane, Denham, UB95DG (southern site boundary) |

Table 2: Monitoring Locations

2 Summary of Results

2.1 Summary of Measured Noise Levels

2.1.1 Table 3 presents a summary of the measured noise levels at each monitoring location over the reporting period. The L_{Aeq,T} is presented for each of the relevant time periods averaged over the calendar month, along with the highest single period L_{Aeq,T} that was found to occur within the month.

Table 3: Summary of Measured dB $\mathsf{L}_{\mathsf{Aeq}}$ Data over the Monitoring Period

| Worksite Reference | Measurement Reference | nt Site Address | Free-field or Façade Measurement | (Highest Day L _{Aeq,T}) | | | Saturday Average L _{Aeq,T} (highest day L _{Aeq,T}) | | | Sunday / Public Holiday Average L _{Aeq,T} (highest day L _{Aeq,T}) | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|----------------|----------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | | | 0700 - 0800 | 0800 - 1800 | 1800 - 1900 | 1900 - 2200 | 2200 - 0700 | 0700 - 0800 | 0800 - 1300 | 1300 - 1400 | 1400 - 2200 | 2200 - 0700 | 0700 - 2200 | 2200 - 0700 |
| 1MC05- ALJV | SP-NMP1 | ALIGN JV Site (northern site boundary) | Free-field | 57.8 (59.5) | 60.1 (66.8) | 59.2 (62.1) | 55.2 (59.9) | 52.4 (57.7) | 55.5 (58.0) | 56.2 (59.1) | 55.7 (56.3) | 54.7 (64.2) | 51.3 (55.1) | 53.3 (56.9) | 52.2 (55.5) |
| | SP-NMP2 | ALIGN JV Site (eastern site boundary) | Free-field | 62.4 (63.6) | 67.1 (69.2) | 65.5 (69.9) | 59.6 (62.2) | 54.5 (59.7) | 60.5 (62.6) | 62.3 (64.3) | 64.3 (66.0) | 61.1 (66.3) | 52.5 (58.0) | 59.0 (61.8) | 53.3 (59.4) |
| | SP-NMP3 | Denham Grove Hotel (southern site boundary) | Free-field | 52.2 (56.3) | 53.1 (55.9) | 51.3 (54.5) | 47.7 (51.0) | 44.6 (52.0) | 51.5 (54.7) | 51.8 (53.4) | 54.3 (59.0) | 50.5 (64.2) | 43.8 (51.4) | 49.2 (53.5) | 45.0 (51.6) |

2.1.2 Appendix C presents graphs of the noise monitoring data over the month for each of the measurement locations. Noise data presented consists of the hourly L_{Aeq} values and, where relevant, the L_{Aeq,T} values (where the time period T has been taken to be the averaging period as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23). The full data set for the monitoring equipment can be found at the following location: https://data.gov.uk/dataset/24542ae7-dd44-444f-b259-871c4cc43b5e/environmental-monitoring-data.

2.2 Exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL

- 2.2.1 The lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) is defined in the Planning Practice Guidance – Noise (PPG) as the level above which "noise starts to cause small changes in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. turning up volume of television; speaking more loudly; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to close windows for some of the time because of the noise. Potential for some reported sleep disturbance. Affects the acoustic character of the area such that there is a perceived change in the quality of life".
- 2.2.2 The significant observed adverse effect level (SOAEL) is defined in the 'Planning Practice Guidance – Noise' as the level above which "noise causes a material change in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. avoiding certain activities during periods of intrusion; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to keep windows closed most of the time because of the noise. Potential for sleep disturbance resulting in difficulty in getting to sleep, premature awakening and difficulty in getting back to sleep. Quality of life diminished due to change in acoustic character of the area."
- 2.2.3 HS2 Phase One Information Paper E23: Control of Construction Noise and Vibration sets out the LOAELs and SOAELs for construction noise.
- 2.2.4 Where reported construction noise levels exceed the LOAEL and SOAEL, relevant periods will be identified. Summary statistics to evaluate ongoing qualification for noise insulation and temporary rehousing are also presented where relevant.
- 2.2.5 Table 4 presents a summary of recorded exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL at each measurement location over the reporting period, including the number of exceedances during each time period.

Table 4: Summary of Exceedances of LOAEL and SOAEL

| Worksite Reference | Measurement Reference | Site Address | Day (Weekday, Saturday, Sunday, Night) | Time period | Number of exceedances of LOAEL | Number of exceedances of SOAEL |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1MC05- ALJV | SP-NMP1 | ALIGN JV Site (northern site boundary) | Weekday Saturday | 0800-1800 1400-2200 | 2 1 | No exceedance 1* |
| | SP-NMP2 | ALIGN JV Site (eastern site boundary) | Weekday | 0800-1800 | 20 | No exceedance |
| | SP-NMP3 | Denham Grove Hotel (southern site boundary) | All days | All periods | Not applicable** | Not applicable** |

* In consideration of the separation distance between the monitor and nearby receptors (approximately 35m), noise levels at receptor locations are calculated to be below the SOAEL.

**The defined LOAEL and SOAEL criteria are not applicable to non-residential properties.

2.2.6 No exceedances of the SOAEL were recorded due to HS2 construction works at the sensitive receptors during February 2021. A number of exceedances of the LOAEL were recorded at monitoring positions SP-NMP1 and SP-NMP2 in February 2021 during working hours.

2.3 Exceedances of Trigger Level

2.3.1 Table 5 provides a summary of exceedances of the Section 61 trigger noise levels determined to be due to HS2 related construction noise measured during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

| Complaint Reference Number (if applicable) | Worksite Reference | Date and Time Period | ldentified Source | Results of Investigation (including noise monitoring results) | Actions Taken |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------|
| - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 5: Summary of Exceedances of Trigger Levels

2.4 **Complaints**

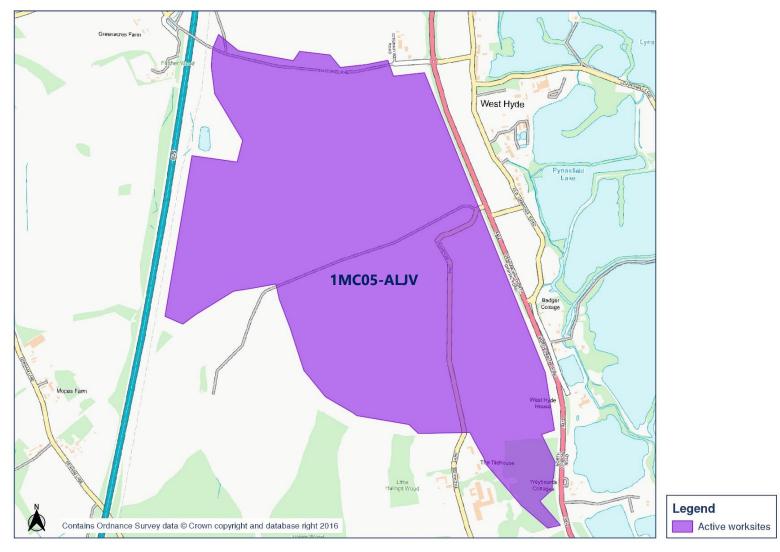
2.4.1 Table 6 provides a summary of complaint information related to noise and vibration received during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

Table 6: Summary of Complaints

| Complaint Reference Number | Worksite Reference | Description of Complaint | Results of Investigation | Actions Taken |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|---------------|
| HS2-21-41198-C | S2-21-41198-C 1MC05-ALJV Early evening: Jet Engine, clang and underground rumbling | | Noise was discovered to be generated by Thames Water utility works happening nearby the resident's property. | - |

Appendix A Site Locations

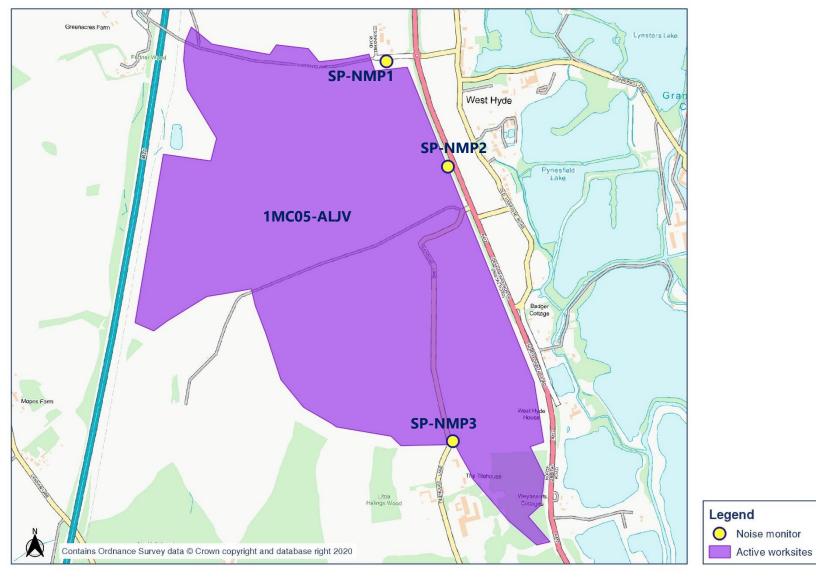
HS2 Worksite identification plan - 1



Appendix B Monitoring Locations

HS2

Noise monitoring plan - 1

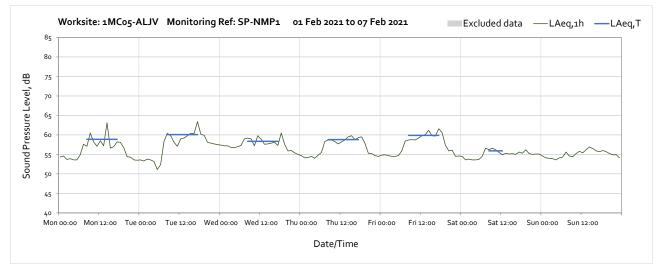


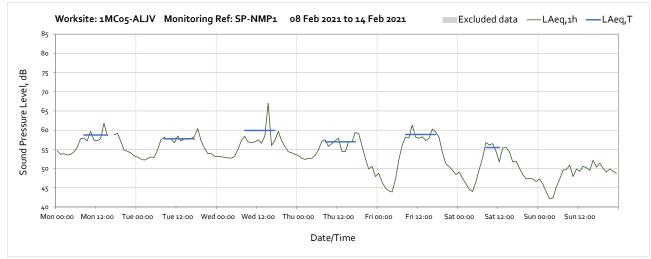


Appendix C Data

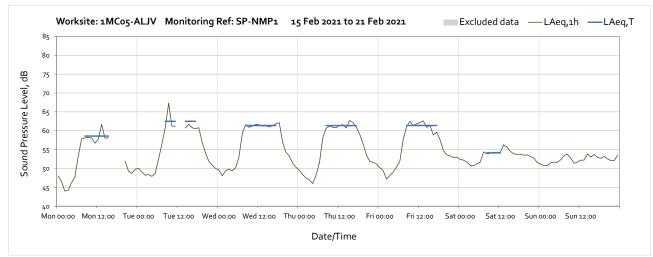
The following graphs show the hourly measured ambient noise level $L_{Aeq,1h}$ and, where relevant, the averaged noise level $L_{Aeq,T}$ values, where the time period T is as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23. Periods with adversely weather affected noise levels are greyed out and have been excluded from the calculation of the $L_{Aeq,T}$ values in Table 3 of the main report.



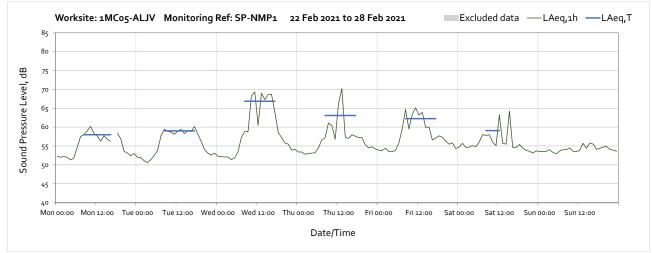




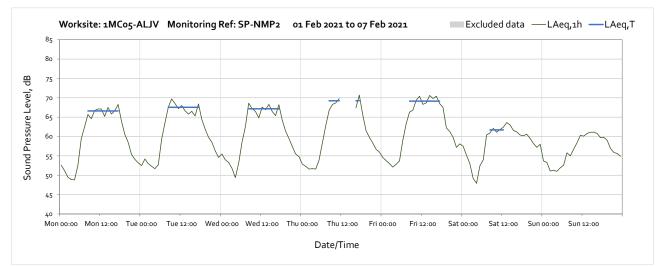
Note: Missing data between 16:00 and 17:00 on Monday 8th February was due to the monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments.



Note: Missing data between 16:00 and 20:00 on Monday 15th February and between 12:00 and 14:00 on Tuesday 16th February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .

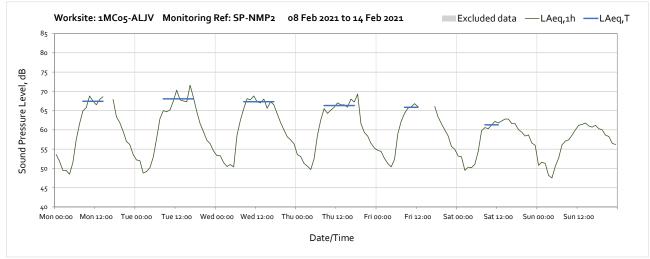


Note: Missing data between 17:00 and 18:00 on Monday 22nd February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .

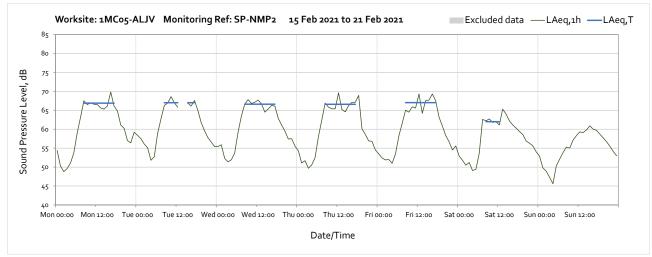


Worksite: 1MC05-ALJV – Monitoring Ref: SP-NMP2

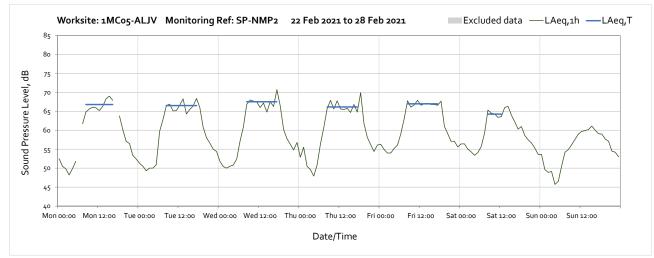
Note: Missing data between 12:00 and 16:00 on Thursday 4th February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .



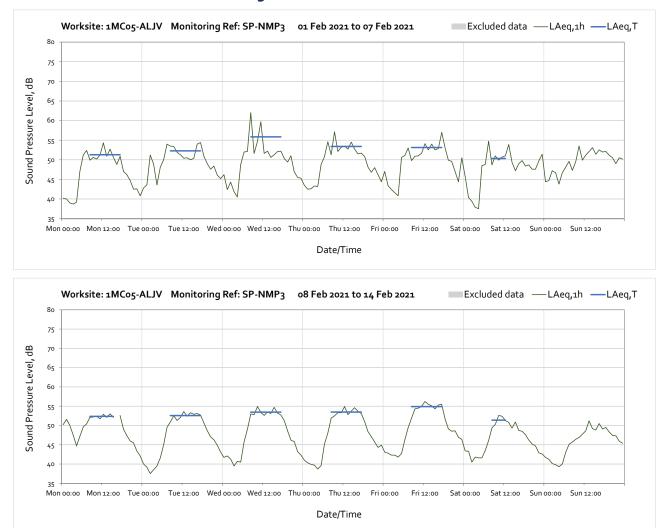
Note: Missing data between 15:00 and 17:00 on Monday 8th February and between 13:00 and 17:00 on Friday 12th February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .



Note: Missing data between 13:00 and 15:00 on Tuesday 16th February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .

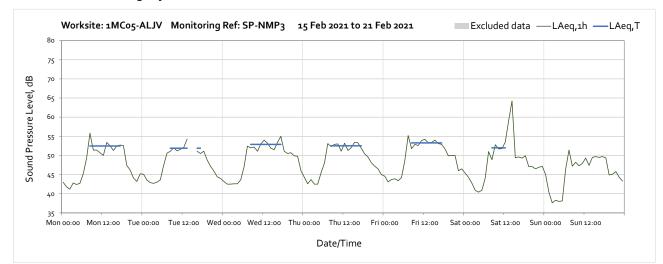


Note: Missing data between 06:00 and 07:00 and between 17:00 and 18:00 on Monday 22nd February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .

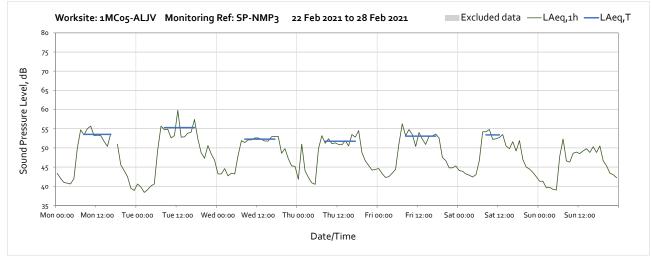


Worksite: 1MC05-ALJV – Monitoring Ref: SP-NMP3

Note: Missing data between 16:00 and 17:00 on Monday 8th February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .



Note: Missing data between 14:00 and 16:00 on Tuesday 16th February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .



Note: Missing data between 17:00 and 18:00 on Monday 22^{nd} February was due to monitoring being paused for maintenance and setting adjustments .