

Construction noise and vibration Monthly Report – January 2021

Solihull Metropolitan District

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Non-Technical Summary

This Noise and Vibration Monitoring Report fulfils HS2 Limited's commitment detailed in the Environmental Minimum Requirements (EMRs), Annex 1, Code of Construction Practice, to present the results of noise and vibration monitoring carried out within the Solihull Metropolitan District (SMD) during the month of January 2021.

Within this period noise monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the following worksites:

- Park Lane Worksite (ref.: Park Lane) where the footpath and attenuation pond adjacent to the A452 north bound carriageway were completed and the site has been demobilised;
- Birmingham Interchange Highways Worksite (ref.: WP062), where roadworks, drainage and utility works were underway.

Further works, where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at:

- the Birmingham Business Park along the A452 and along East Car Park Road at the National Exhibition Centre, Birmingham, where utility works were underway.
- Park Lane (cutting preparation works) and A45-Coventry Road (overbridge preparation works).

There were no exceedances of the HS2 threshold levels for significant noise impacts during the reporting period at any monitoring position.

There were no exceedances of trigger levels as defined in Section 61 consents during the reporting period at any monitoring position.

No complaints were received during the monitoring period.

Abbreviations and Descriptions

The abbreviations, descriptions and project terminology used within this report can be found in Table 1.

Table 1: Table of Abbreviations

| Acronym/Term | Definition |
|--|--|
| $L_{Aeq,T}$ | See equivalent continuous sound pressure level |
| Ambient sound | A description of the all-encompassing sound at a given location and time which will include sound from many sources near and far. Ambient sound can be quantified in terms of the equivalent continuous sound pressure level, $L_{pAeq,T}$ |
| Decibel(s), or dB | Between the quietest audible sound and the loudest tolerable sound there is a million to one ratio in sound pressure (measured in Pascal (Pa)). Because of this wide range, a level scale called the decibel (dB) scale, based on a logarithmic ratio, is used in sound measurement. Audibility of sound covers a range of approximately 0-140dB. |
| Decibel(s) A-weighted, or dB(A) | The human ear system does not respond uniformly to sound across the detectable frequency range and consequently instrumentation used to measure sound is weighted to represent the performance of the ear. This is known as the 'A weighting' and is written as 'dB(A)'. |
| Equivalent continuous sound pressure level, or $L_{Aeq,T}$ | An index used internationally for the assessment of environmental sound impacts. It is defined as the notional unchanging level that would, over a given period of time (T), deliver the same sound energy as the actual time-varying sound over the same period. Hence fluctuating sound levels can be described in terms of an equivalent single figure value, typically expressed as a decibel level. |
| Exclusion of data | Measurement of noise levels can be affected by weather conditions such as prolonged periods of rain, winds speeds higher than 5m/s and snow/ice ground cover. Noise levels measured during these periods are considered not representative of normal noise conditions at the site and, for the purposes of this report, are excluded from the assessment of exceedances and calculation of typical noise levels and are also greyed out in charts. Identifiable incongruous noise and vibration events not attributable to HS2 construction noise are also excluded. |
| Façade | A facade noise level is the noise level 1m in front of a large reflecting surface. The effect of reflection, is to produce a slightly higher (typically +2.5 to +3 dB) sound level than it would be if the reflecting surface was not there. |
| Free-field | A free-field noise level is the noise level measured at a location where no reflective surfaces, other than the ground, lies within 3.5 metres of the microphone position. |
| LOAEL | Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which adverse effects on health and quality of life can be detected. |
| Peak particle velocity, or PPV | Instantaneous maximum velocity reached by a vibrating element as it oscillates about its rest position. The PPV is a simple indicator of perceptibility and risk of damage to structures due to vibration. It is usually measured in mm/s. |
| SOAEL | Significant Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which significant adverse effects on health and quality of life occur. |
| Sound pressure level | The parameter by which sound levels are measured in air. It is measured in decibels. The threshold of hearing has been set at 0dB, while the threshold of pain is approximately 120dB. Normal speech is approximately 60dB at a distance of 1 metre and a change of 3dB in a time varying sound signal is commonly regarded as being just detectable. A change of 10dB is subjectively twice, or half, as loud. |
| Vibration dose value, or VDV | An index used to evaluate human exposure to vibration in buildings. While the PPV provides information regarding the magnitude of single vibration events, the VDV provides a measure of the total vibration experienced over a specified period of time (typically 16h daytime and 8h night-time). It takes into account the magnitude, the number and the duration of vibration events and can be used to quantify exposure to continuous, impulsive, occasional and intermittent vibration. The vibration dose value is measured in $m/s^{1.75}$. |

1 Introduction

1.1.1 HS2 is required to undertake noise (and vibration) monitoring as necessary to comply with the requirements of the High Speed Rail (London-West Midlands) Environmental Minimum Requirements, including specifically Annex 1: Code of Construction Practice, in addition to any monitoring requirements arising from conditions imposed through consents under Section 61 of the Control of Pollution Act, 1974 or through Undertakings & Assurances given to third parties. Such monitoring may be undertaken for the following purposes:

- monitoring the impact of construction works;
- to investigate complaints, incidents and exceedance of trigger levels; or
- monitoring the effectiveness of noise and vibration control measures.

1.1.2 Monitoring data and interpretive reports are to be provided to each relevant local authority on a monthly basis and shall include a summary of the construction activities occurring, the data recorded over the monitoring period, any complaints received, any periods in exceedance of agreed trigger levels, the results of any investigations and any actions taken or mitigation measures implemented. This report provides noise data, and interpretation thereof, for monitoring carried out by HS2 within the Solihull Metropolitan District (SMD) for the period 1st to 31st January 2021.

1.1.3 Active construction sites in the local authority area where monitoring was undertaken during this period include:

- Park Lane (see plan 1 in Appendix A), where work activities included:
 - completion of the footpath and attenuation pond adjacent to the A452 north bound carriageway;
 - demobilisation and tidying of the site.
- Birmingham Interchange Highway / WP062 (see plan 2 in Appendix A), where work activities included:
 - utility works and asphalt surfacing of the B4438 to the east of the Holiday Inn Hotel;
 - utilities works between the B4438 and the Multi-Utility Tunnel (MUT) trench to the west of the site;
 - drainage works along the A452 (Chester Road) by the Fujitsu factory.

1.1.4 Further works, where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at the following locations:

- Birmingham Business Park and by Birmingham NEC (high voltage overhead line works).
- Park Lane (cutting preparation works)
- A45-Coventry Road (overbridge preparation works).

1.1.5 The applicable standards, guidance, and monitoring methodology is outlined in the construction noise and vibration monitoring methodology report which can be found at the following location <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/monitoring-the-environmental-effects-of-hs2>. Noise and vibration monitoring reports for previous months can also be found at this location.

1.2 Measurement Locations

1.2.1 Three noise monitoring installations were active in January in the SMD area. Table 2 summarises the position of noise monitoring installations within the SMD area in January 2021.

1.2.2 Maps showing the position of noise monitoring installations are presented in Appendix B.

Table 2: Monitoring Locations

| Worksite Reference | Measurement Reference | Address |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Park Lane | PL-1 | Willow Cottage |
| WP062 | WP062-1 | Birmingham Business Park, Solihull Parkway, Solihull, B37 7YU |
| | WP062-2 | Holiday Inn Express, Bickenhill Parkway, Solihull, B40 1QA |

2 Summary of Results

2.1 Summary of Measured Noise Levels

2.1.1 Table 3 presents a summary of the measured noise levels at each monitoring location over the reporting period. The $L_{Aeq,T}$ is presented for each of the relevant time periods averaged over the calendar month, along with the highest single period $L_{Aeq,T}$ that was found to occur within the month.

Table 3: Summary of Measured dB LAeq Data over the Monitoring Period

| Worksite Reference | Measurement Reference | Site Address | Free-field or Façade Measurement | Weekly Average LAeq,T (highest Day LAeq,T) | | | | | Saturday Average LAeq,T (highest day LAeq,T) | | | | | Sunday / Public Holiday Average LAeq,T (highest day LAeq,T) | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|----------------|
| | | | | 0700 - 0800 | 0800 - 1800 | 1800 - 1900 | 1900 - 2200 | 2200 - 0700 | 0700 - 0800 | 0800 - 1300 | 1300 - 1400 | 1400 - 2200 | 2200 - 0700 | 0700 - 2200 | 2200 - 0700 |
| Park Lane | PL-1 | Willow Cottage | Free-field | 57.3 (61.2) | 57.6 (60.4) | 55.1 (57.8) | 52.1 (57.0) | 49.8 (58.8) | 53.7 (55.5) | 55.3 (56.5) | 56.2 (58.2) | 54.0 (58.7) | 45.5 (51.4) | 52.0 (56.7) | 47.8 (56.5) |
| WP062 | WP062-1 | Birmingham Business Park | Free-field | 67.5 (69.7) | 66.4 (70.5) | 64.3 (68.3) | 62.7 (66.5) | 61.0 (67.8) | 63.2 (66.8) | 63.0 (68.4) | 63.3 (69.3) | 61.8 (68.8) | 56.3 (61.7) | 61.9 (69.4) | 59.5 (65.6) |
| | WP062-2 | Holiday Inn Express | Free-field | 61.8 (65.9) | 63.7 (69.6) | 61.6 (65.4) | 60.0 (65.1) | 58.6 (64.1) | 58.3 (62.5) | 59.4 (63.0) | 61.4 (64.7) | 58.0 (64.3) | 52.8 (56.2) | 56.9 (61.9) | 57.0 (68.6) |

2.1.2 Appendix C presents graphs of the noise monitoring data over the month for each of the measurement locations. Noise data presented consists of the hourly L_{Aeq} values and, where relevant, the $L_{Aeq,T}$ values (where the time period T has been taken to be the averaging period as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23). The full data set for the monitoring equipment can be found at the following location: <https://data.gov.uk/dataset/24542ae7-dd44-444f-b259-871c4cc43b5e/environmental-monitoring-data>.

2.2 Exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL

2.2.1 The lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) is defined in the Planning Practice Guidance – Noise (PPG) as the level above which "noise starts to cause small changes in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. turning up volume of television; speaking more loudly; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to close windows for some of the time because of the noise. Potential for some reported sleep disturbance. Affects the acoustic character of the area such that there is a perceived change in the quality of life".

2.2.2 The significant observed adverse effect level (SOAEL) is defined in the 'Planning Practice Guidance – Noise' as the level above which "noise causes a material change in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. avoiding certain activities during periods of intrusion; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to keep windows closed most of the time because of the noise. Potential for sleep disturbance resulting in difficulty in getting to sleep, premature awakening and difficulty in getting back to sleep. Quality of life diminished due to change in acoustic character of the area."

2.2.3 HS2 Phase One Information Paper E23: Control of Construction Noise and Vibration sets out the LOAELs and SOAELs for construction noise.

2.2.4 Where reported construction noise levels exceed the LOAEL and SOAEL, relevant periods will be identified. Summary statistics to evaluate ongoing qualification for noise insulation and temporary rehousing are also presented where relevant.

2.2.5 Table 4 presents a summary of recorded exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL at each measurement location over the reporting period, including the number of exceedances during each time period.

Table 4: Summary of Exceedances of LOAEL and SOAEL

| Worksite Reference | Measurement Reference | Site Address | Day (Weekday, Saturday, Sunday, Night) | Time period | Number of exceedances of LOAEL | Number of exceedances of SOAEL |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Park Lane | PL-1 | Willow Cottage | All Days | All Periods | No exceedance | No exceedance |
| WP062 | WP062-1 | Birmingham Business Park | All Days | All Periods | Not applicable* | Not applicable* |
| | WP062-2 | Holiday Inn Express | All Days | All Periods | Not applicable* | Not applicable* |

*The defined LOAEL and SOAEL criteria are not applicable to non-residential properties.

2.2.6 No exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL were recorded due to HS2 construction works during January 2021.

2.3 Exceedances of Trigger Level

2.3.1 Table 5 provides a summary of exceedances of the S61 trigger noise levels determined to be due to HS2 related construction noise measured during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

Table 5: Summary of Exceedances of Trigger Levels

| Complaint Reference Number (if applicable) | Worksite Reference | Date and Time Period | Identified Source | Results of Investigation (including noise monitoring results) | Actions Taken |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---|---------------|
| - | - | - | - | - | - |

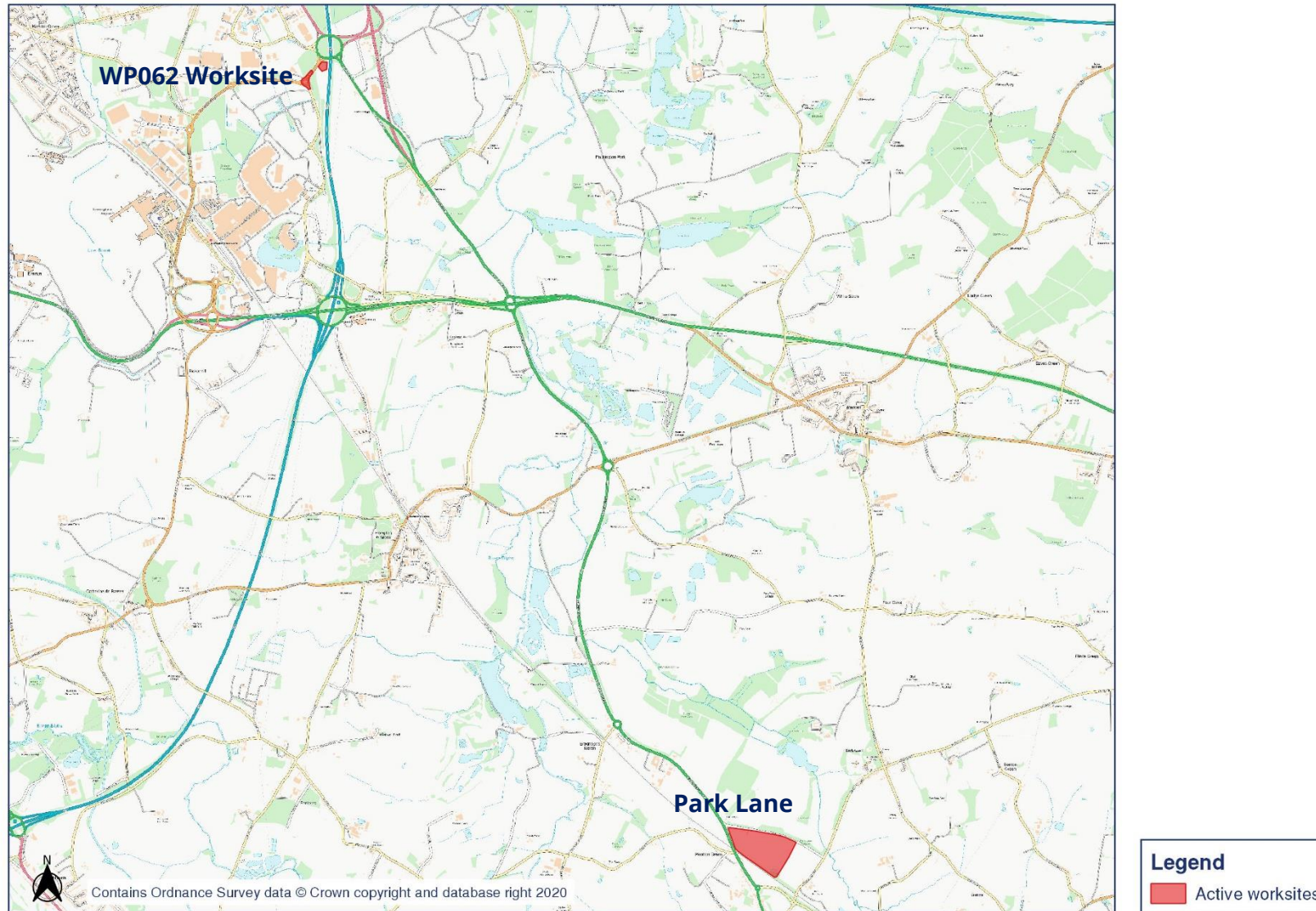
2.4 Complaints

2.4.1 Table 6 provides a summary of complaint information related to noise and vibration received during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

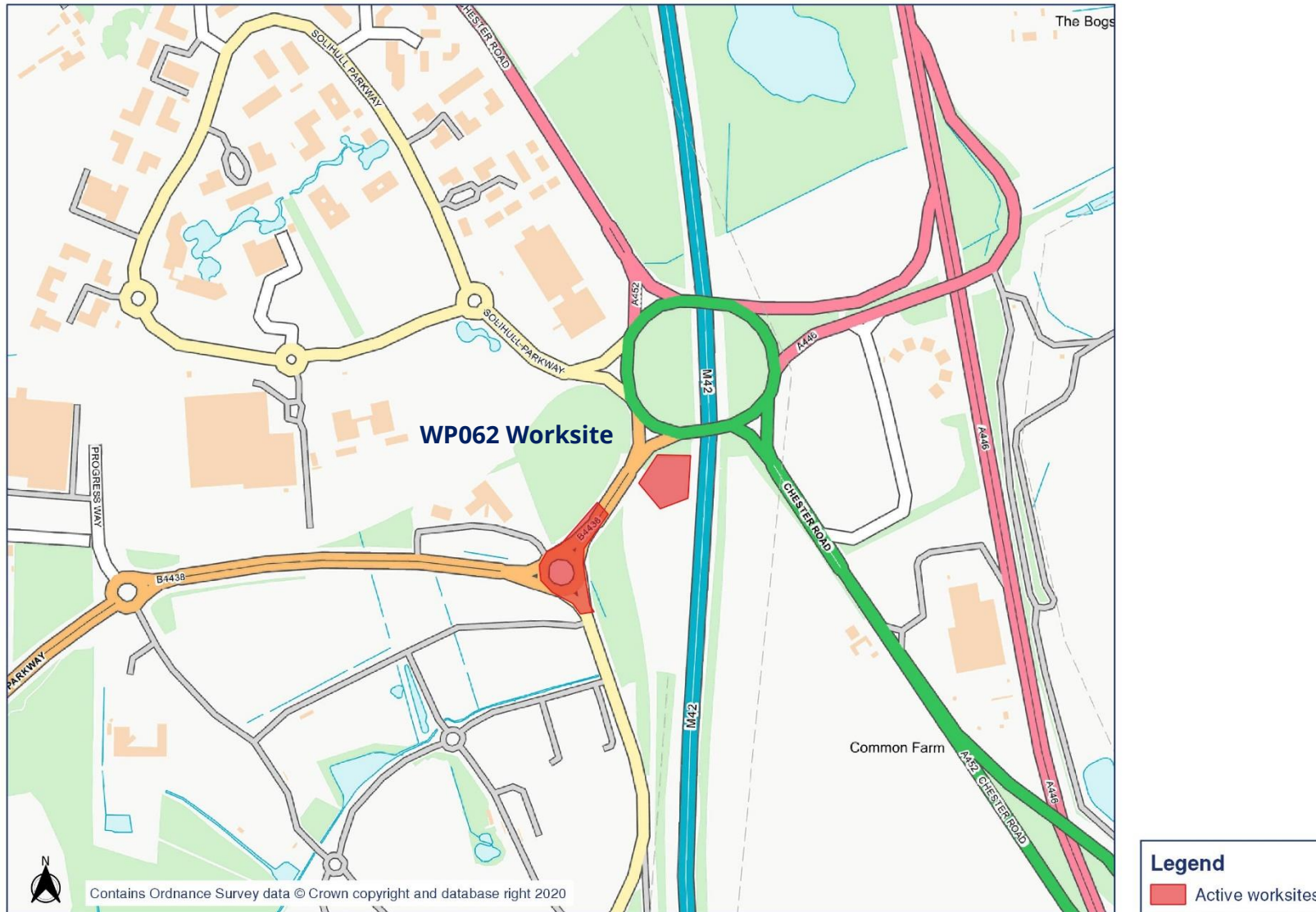
Table 6: Summary of Complaints

| Complaint Reference Number | Worksite Reference | Description of Complaint | Results of Investigation | Actions Taken |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| - | - | - | - | - |

Appendix A Site Locations







Appendix B Monitoring Locations

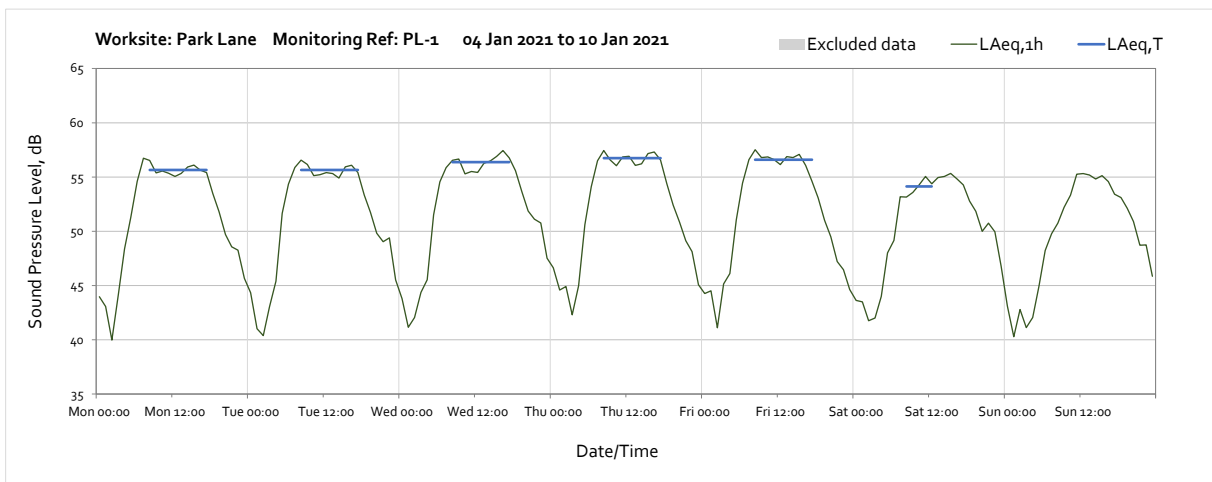
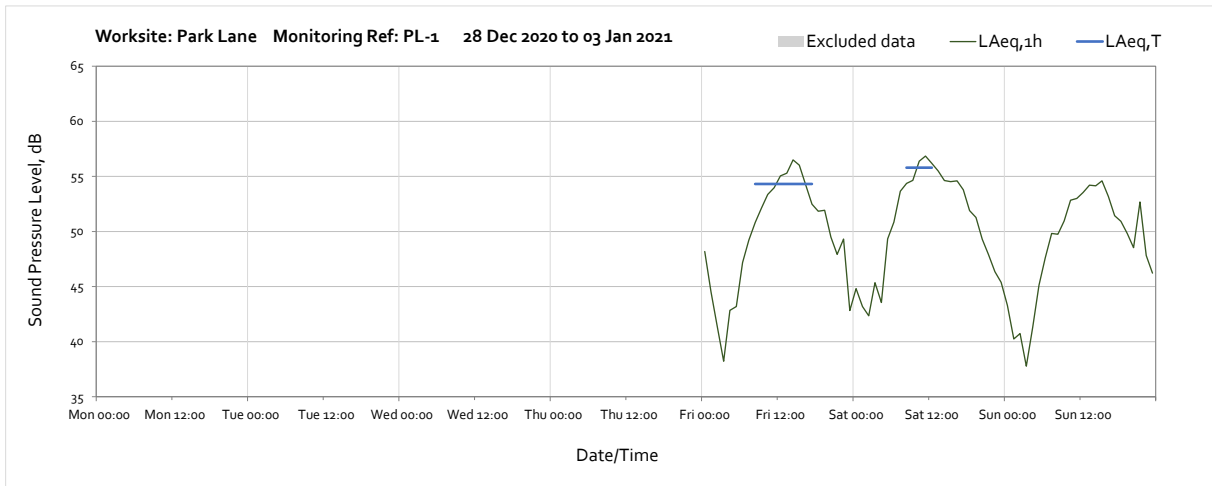


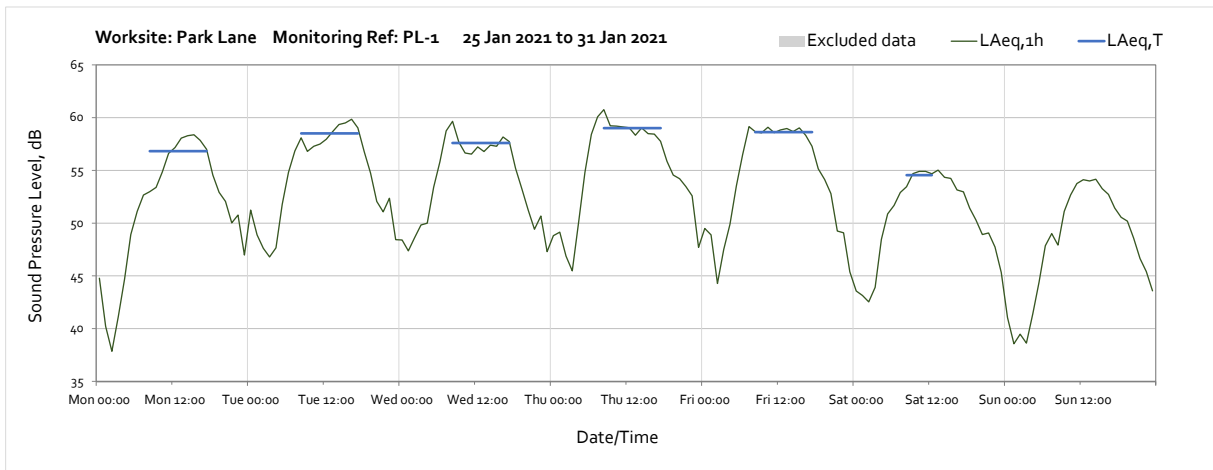
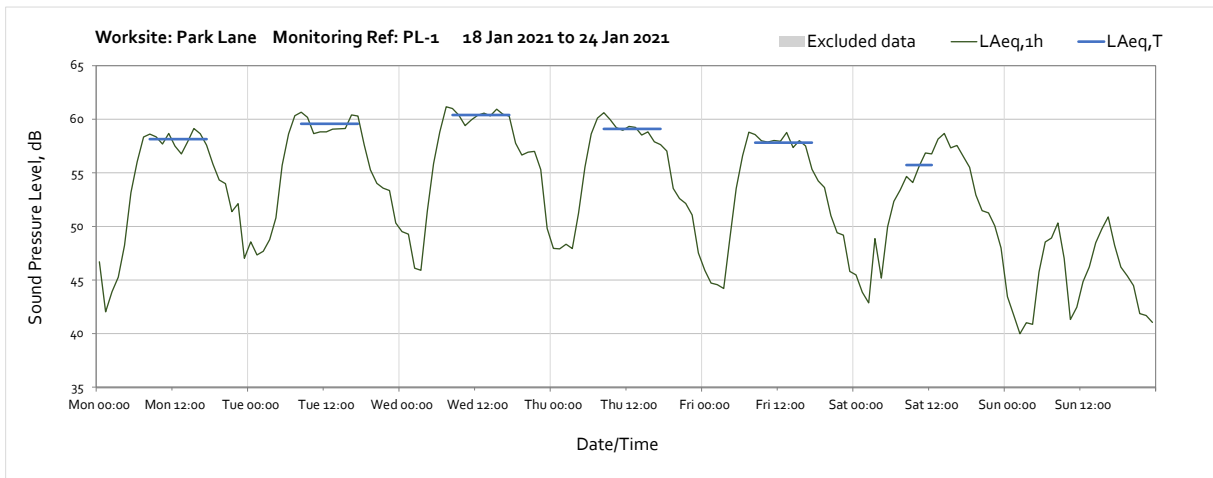
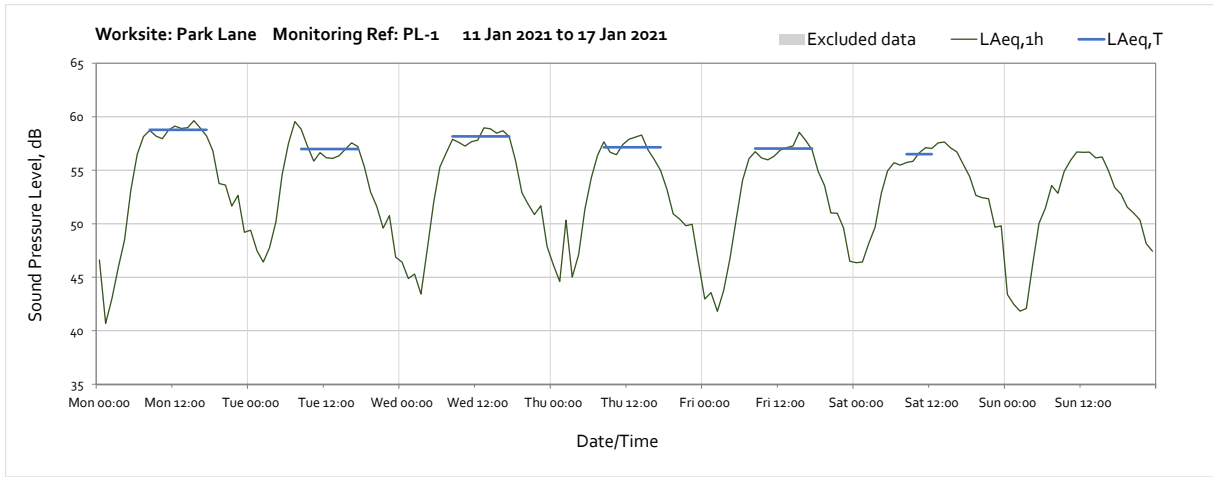


Appendix C Data

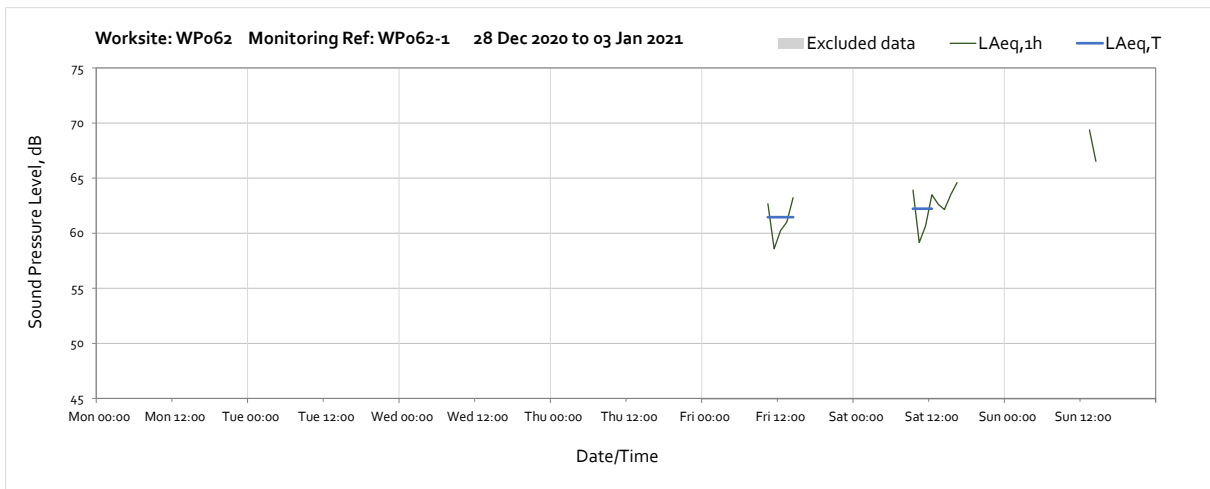
The following graphs show the hourly measured ambient noise level $L_{Aeq,1h}$ and, where relevant, the averaged noise level $L_{Aeq,T}$ values, where the time period T is as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23. Periods with adversely weather affected noise levels are greyed out and have been excluded from the calculation of the $L_{Aeq,T}$ values in Table 3 of the main report.

Worksite: Park Lane - Monitoring Ref: PL-1

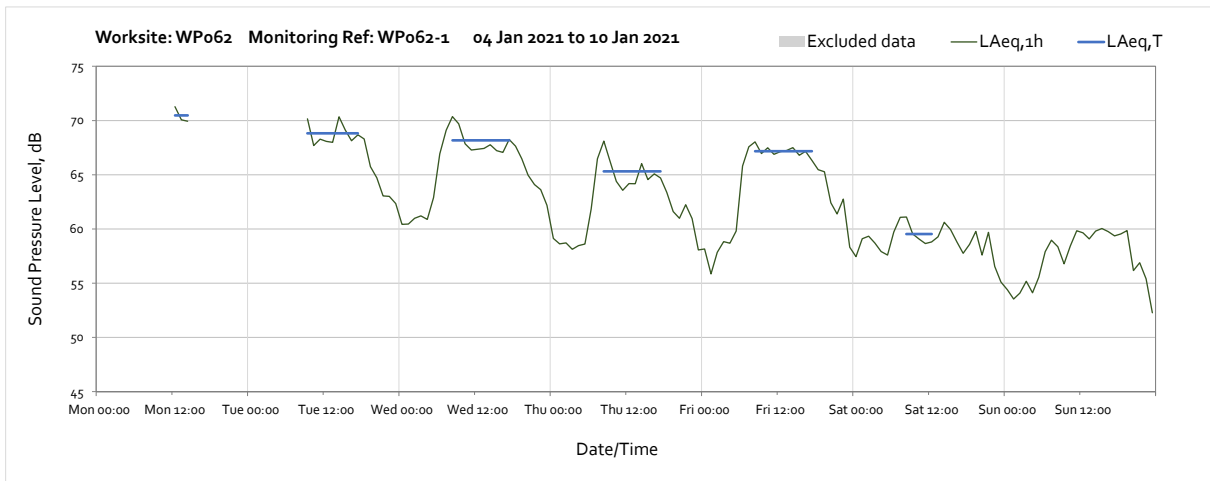




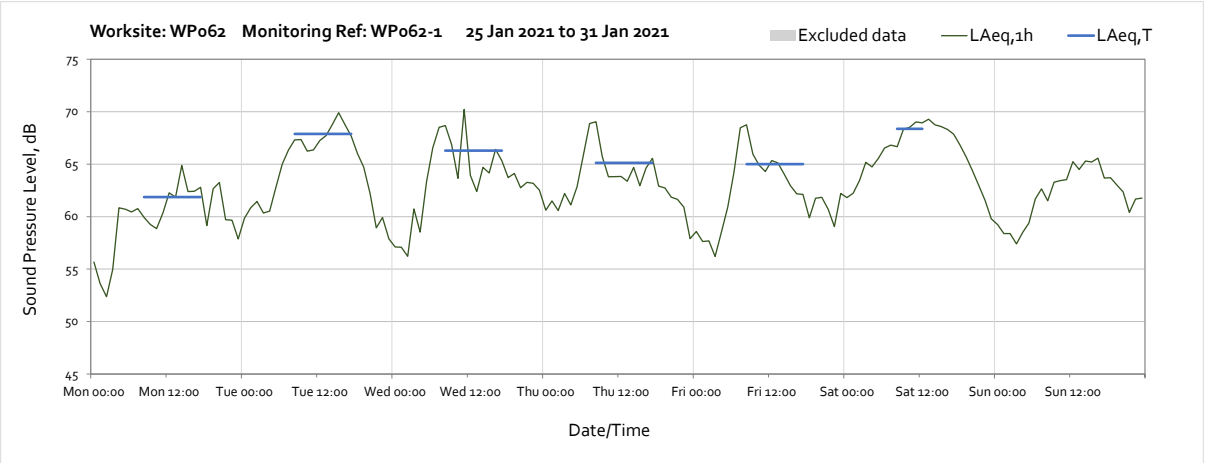
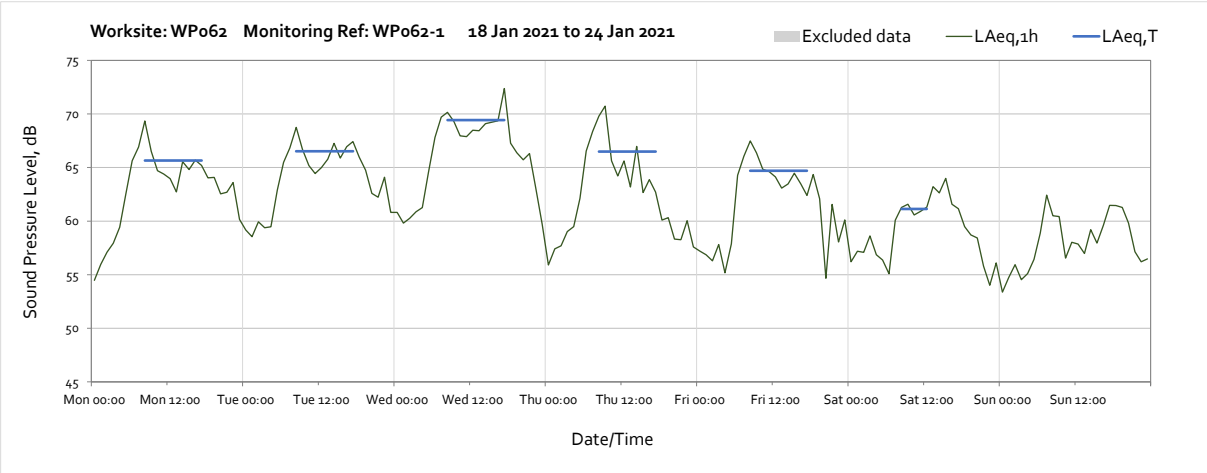
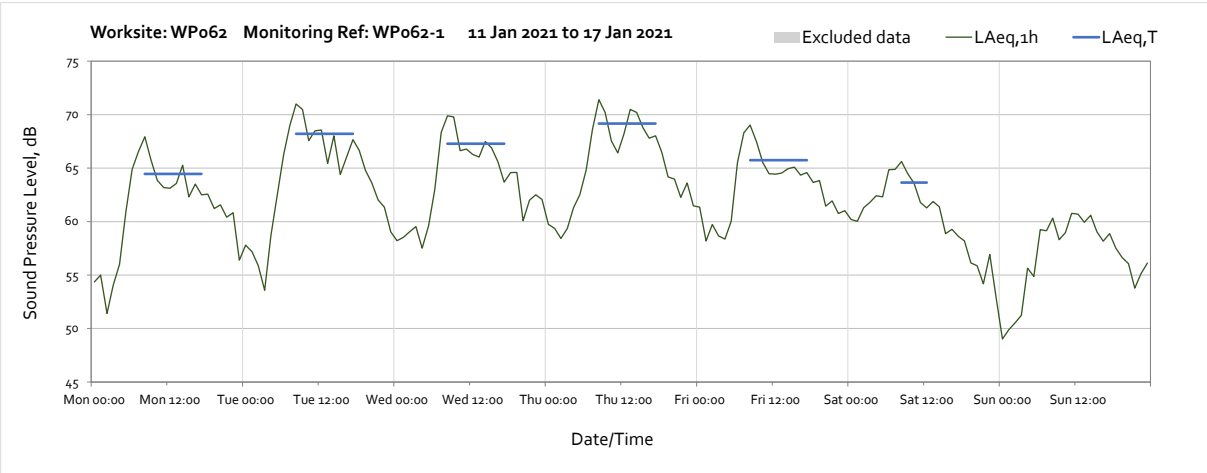
Worksite: WP062 – Monitoring Ref: WP062-1



Note: Missing data throughout the week was due to an outage caused by poor weather and insufficient solar energy to charge the ancillary batteries. Provisions are made to change the batteries more frequently during cloudy and rainy weather to ensure continuous power supply to the noise monitor.



Note: Missing data on Monday 4th and Tuesday 5th of January was due to an outage caused by poor weather and insufficient solar energy to charge the ancillary batteries. Provisions are made to change the batteries more frequently during cloudy and rainy weather to ensure continuous power supply to the noise monitor.



Worksite: WP062 – Monitoring Ref: WP062-2

