T240

Notice of appeal

Ask a judge from the First-tier Tribunal (Tax Chamber) to decide a dispute with HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC), UK Border Force (UKBF), Welsh Revenue Authority (WRA) or the National Crime Agency (NCA). All references below to HMRC include the UKBF, WRA and the NCA.

Reference (office use only)	

gov.uk/tax-tribunals

1. Your detailsCompany or organisation name (if applicable)	Please complete all questions in turn unless directed to move ahead to
	The tax tribunal will send correspondence to your representative and not to you directly.
Your name	
Address	
	You must enter an email address if you want the tribunal to use email as a preferred way of contact.
Postcode	
Email	
Phone	
Mobile	
2. How would you like the tax tribunal to contact you?	The tribunal will only
☐ Email (you must include an email address in questions 1 or 4) or	contact you by your preferred choice.
Post	

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3. Do you have someone to represent you?	Unless the representative
 Practising solicitor or barrister in England, Wales or Northern Ireland Practising solicitor or advocate in Scotland Other (such as tax agent, accountant, friend or family member) I do not have a representative 	is a practising solicitor, barrister or advocate, you must sign the declaration in question 20 before your representative receives correspondence.
4. Your representative's details	If you provide us with
Company or organisation name (if applicable) Representative's name	details of somebody who is representing you, you should ensure they agree for their details to be put down on the form.
nepresentative's name	If you nominate a
Address	representative all correspondence and documents, including hearing date notifications, will be sent to them and not directly to you. If you want the tribunal to use email as a preferred
Postcode	way of contact, you must enter an email address.
Email	If you change your representative, please inform us immediately in writing so that we can ensure that no
Phone	further correspondence is sent to your previous representative and we can liaise directly with your new
5. Is your appeal as a result of the exit by the United Kingdom	representative.
from the European Union?	

6.	What is your appeal about? (Tick a	all that apply)		
	A – Direct Tax Income Tax – including tax paid via pay as you earn (PAYE		ınd	
	 Capital Gains Tax National Insurance (NI) contributions Other (please write details below) 	Corporation	n Tax elated to direct tax	Check the guide for a full list of types of direct and indirect tax disputes, and other areas where the tax tribunal has jurisdiction.
		\rightarrow	go to question 7	
	B − Indirect tax Value Added Tax (VAT) Penalties related to indirect tax Other (please write details below) C − Other Information notice Restoration of seized goods	→		
7.	Did you appeal the original decision ☐ Yes → go to question 8 ☐ No	ion to HMRC?		For direct tax or information notices, you must appeal to HMRC before you can appeal to the tax tribunal.

8. What happened after you appealed to HMRC?	If HMRC reject your appeal for being late, you can	
☐ I accepted the offer of a review → go to question 10	apply to the tax tribunal to be allowed to make a late	
☐ I declined the offer of a review → go to question 11	appeal to HMRC.	
☐ I am appealing direct to the tribunal before receiving a response from HMRC → go to question 11		
☐ My appeal to HMRC was late. I am applying to be allowed to make a late appeal to HMRC ☐ My appeal to HMRC → go to question 16		
9. Did you have a review of the original decision?	For the restoration of	
☐ Yes → go to question 10	seized goods, you must ask HMRC for a review before appealing to the tribunal.	
No → go to question 11 (for restoration of seized goods)	If your request is rejected for being late, you can	
 No. I am applying to be able to request a late review (for restoration of seized goods) → go to question 16 	apply to the tribunal to request a late review.	
10.Has the review finished?	You can only appeal to	
☐ Yes. I have a review conclusion letter → go to question 11	the tax tribunal when you receive a review conclusion letter or wait 45 days or	
No. I have been waiting over 45 days → go to question 11	more without receiving the conclusion letter.	
No. I have been waiting 44 days or less STOP - see side note →		
11.What is your dispute about? (enter details for all that apply)	Check the original notice or	
☐ The amount HMRC claim I owe	review conclusion letter for details of your dispute.	
→ go to question 12 (indirect tax) → go to question 16 (direct tax)		
☐ I want HMRC to repay		
£ → go to question 16		
Penalty or surcharge of		
£ → go to question 16		
Other (please write details below)		
→ go to question 16		
\rightarrow ao to question 16		

12. Have you paid the amount HMRC claim you owe? (indirect taxes only)	For indirect taxes, you must normally pay any amount HMRC claim you
 Yes → go to question 16 No → go to question 13 	owe before you appeal. However, you may be excused for reasons of financial hardship.
13. Did you ask HMRC if you could appeal without paying the amount first?	You do not have to pay a penalty or surcharge before
☐ Yes → go to question 14	you can appeal.
No STOP – you must ask HMRC before proceeding	If payment of the tax will cause financial hardship,
14. Did HMRC allow you to defer paying because of financial hardship?	you must ask HMRC if you can defer paying before your appeal is allowed to proceed.
☐ Yes → go to question 16	If HMRC doesn't allow you
☐ Awaiting decision → go to question 16	to defer, fill in question 15 (or give reasons in a
☐ No → go to question 15	document). The judge will decide whether your appeal can go ahead without
15. Why will paying the tax under dispute cause you financial hardship?	paying the amount first.
	If you are awaiting a decision, and HMRC later refuse, you may apply to the tribunal to consider your case for financial hardship at that point.

16. Are you in time to appeal to the tax tribunal?	You have 30 calendar
 Yes. I am in time → go to question 18 No. I am late → go to question 17 I am not sure → go to question 17 	days from the date of the original decision or review conclusion letter (or expiry of the 45-day period for review if you didn't receive a review conclusion letter).
17. Why are you late or might be late, with your appeal to the tax tribunal?	The judge will consider your reasons and any response from HMRC. There may be a hearing to decide if your appeal can go ahead. If you are not allowed to appeal late, you will be told why. You can enclose a document if you need more space to write.

18.	Grounds for appeal	Clearly explain why you are appealing, giving reasons for each decision
		you dispute. The judge will want to hear things from your side.
		You can write reasons here or enclose a supporting document if you need more space.

Clearly explain the result you want in 2-3 sentences. For example, if you have received a ruling you disagree with you should tell us what you think the correct ruling should have been.
The tax tribunal is
independent and doesn't have access to files from HMRC. You must enclose a copy of the original decision notice, or review conclusion letter (if you had a review) for your appeal to be valid. This letter provides important details about your case. It will also inform you of your rights of appeal.

Declaration and statement of truth By completing this Notice of Appeal to the First-tier Tribunal (Tax Chamber), I believe the information I have given in this form is true to the best of my knowledge. I authorise the representative named in question 4 to represent me for all purposes in these proceedings. I understand that the tribunal will communicate only with my duly appointed representative. Your name Signature Date signed

Check the declaration and, if you are completing your Notice of Appeal manually, ensure that it is signed and dated by either yourself or your legal representative.

Failure to sign a postal submission will result in it being returned to you as incomplete.

If you have a representative who is not a practising solicitor, barrister or advocate, ensure that you also tick the authorisation box.

23. Where to send your completed form

Please enclose your original notice letter, or review conclusion letter (if you had a review), and any supporting documents. Send your form and documents to:

HM Courts & Tribunals Service First-tier Tribunal (Tax Chamber) PO Box 16972 Birmingham B16 6TZ

Please **do not send duplicate appeals** (for example online and post) as this is likely to result in delay in processing your appeal.

24. Next steps

The tax tribunal will:

- · check your details and may ask you for more information
- · write to confirm the next steps
- contact any other parties and ask them to respond

If you have any questions, you can contact the tax tribunal on 0300 123 1024. Call charges may apply.

We also have leaflets providing guidance on appeals and hearings.

These leaflets are available by request or for download online at HMCTS FormFinder – https://hmctsformfinder.justice.gov.uk

If you need this form in an alternative format such as large print and Braille, or require hard copies of our leaflets, please phone 0300 123 1024. Call charges may apply.

The Ministry of Justice and HM Courts and Tribunals Service processes personal information about you in the context of tribunal proceedings.

For details of the standards we follow when processing your data, please visit the following address https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/hm-courts-and-tribunals-service/about/personal-information-charter

To receive a paper copy of this privacy notice, please call 0300 123 1024/Textphone 18001 0300 123 1024. If calling from Scotland, please call 0300 790 6234 Textphone 18001 0300 790 6234.