

# Weekly Influenza and COVID-19 Surveillance graphs

PHE publishes a weekly national influenza and COVID-19 surveillance report which summaries the information from the surveillance systems which are used to monitor influenza, COVID-19 and other seasonal respiratory viruses in England.

Additional figures based on these surveillance systems are included in this slide set.

The figures presented in this slide set are based on data from week 46 (between 9 and 15 November 2020).

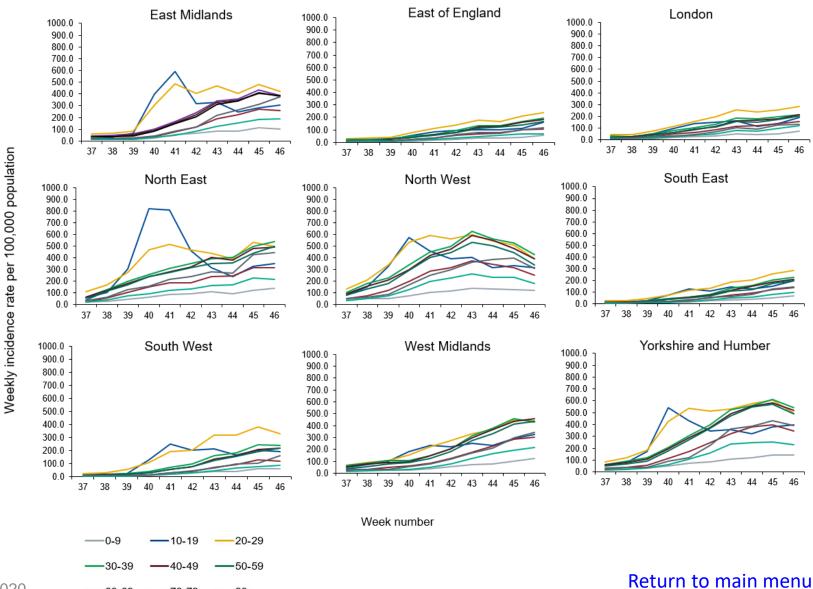


# Confirmed COVID-19 cases in England

19 November 2020

# Public Health England

# Weekly COVID-19 incidence per 100,000 population by age group and region, weeks 37-46



19 November 2020

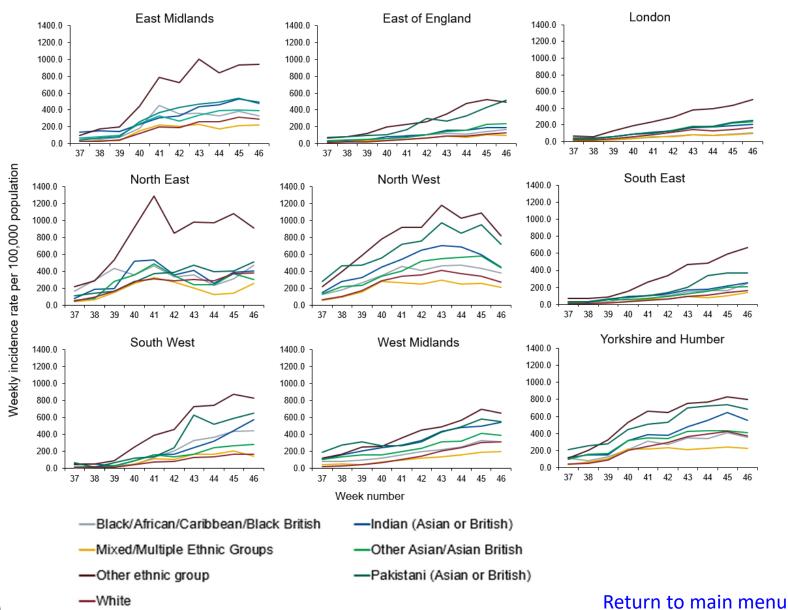
60-69

70-79

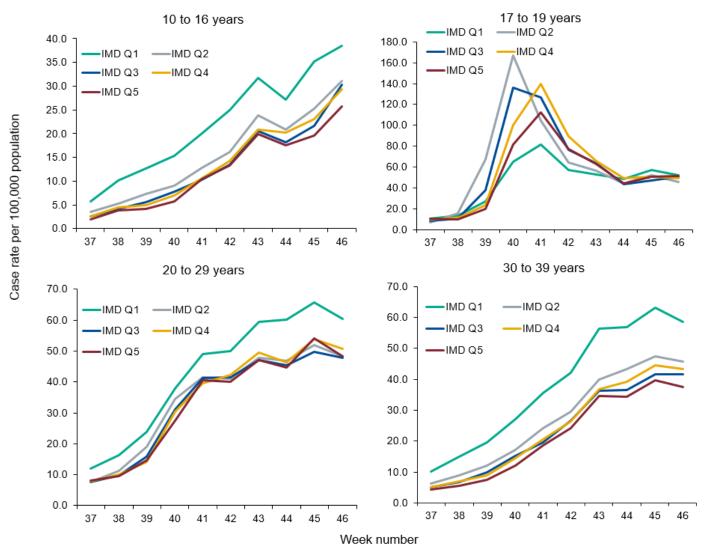
-80+

With Health England

# Weekly COVID-19 incidence per 100,000 population by ethnicity and region, weeks 37-46



Weekly COVID-19 rate per 100,000 population by IMD quintile (1 being the most deprived and 5 being the least deprived), weeks 37-46 Public Health England



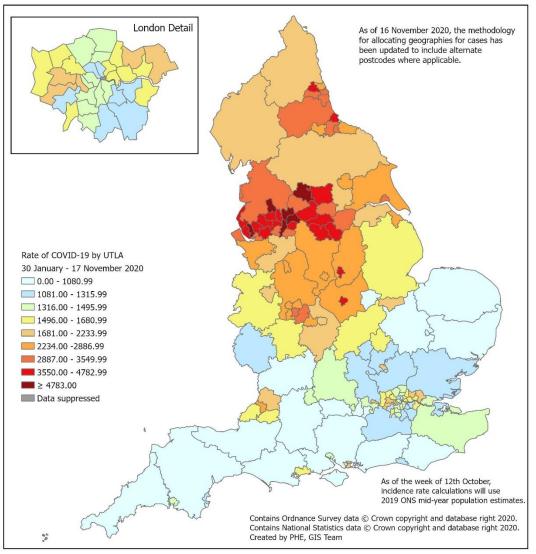
### Return to main menu

19 November 2020

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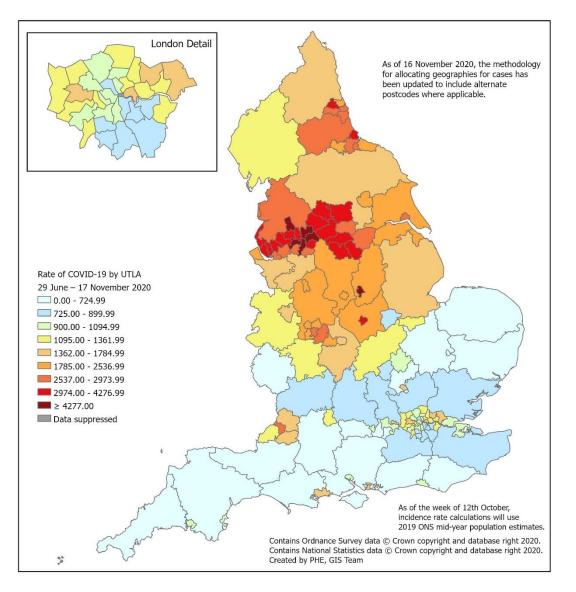
Public Health England

Cumulative rate of COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population tested under Pillar 1 and 2, by upper-tier local authority, England (box shows enlarged map of London area)



Willic Health England

Cumulative rate (from week 27) of COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population tested under Pillar 1 and 2, by upper-tier local authority, England (box shows enlarged map of London area)

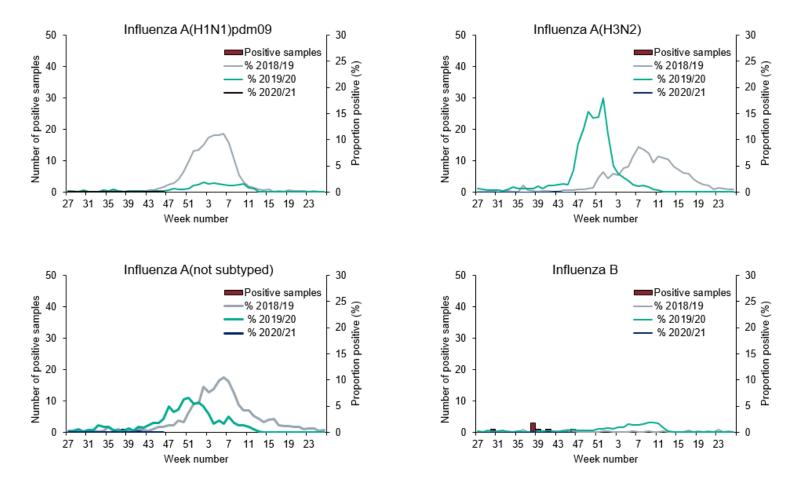




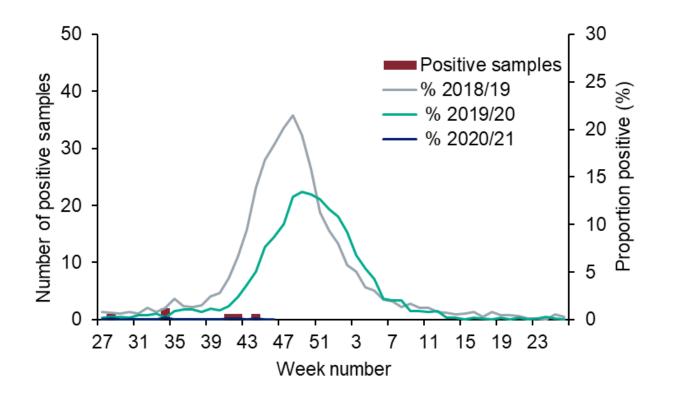
# Respiratory Datamart system (England)

19 November 2020

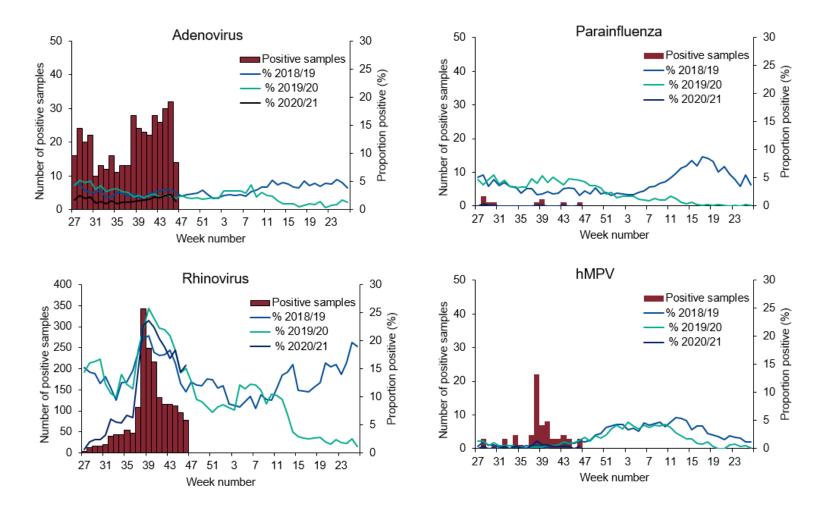
# Public Health England Respiratory DataMart – Influenza subtypes







# Public Health England Respiratory DataMart – other respiratory viruses

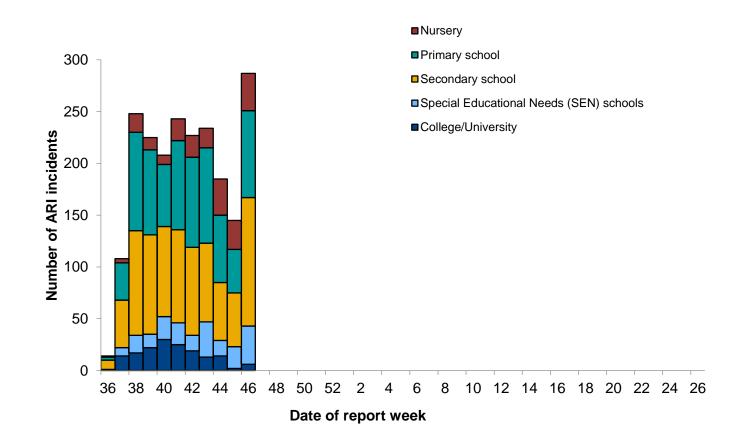




# **Community surveillance**

19 November 2020

Number of COVID-19 confirmed clusters or outbreaks by type of educational setting, England



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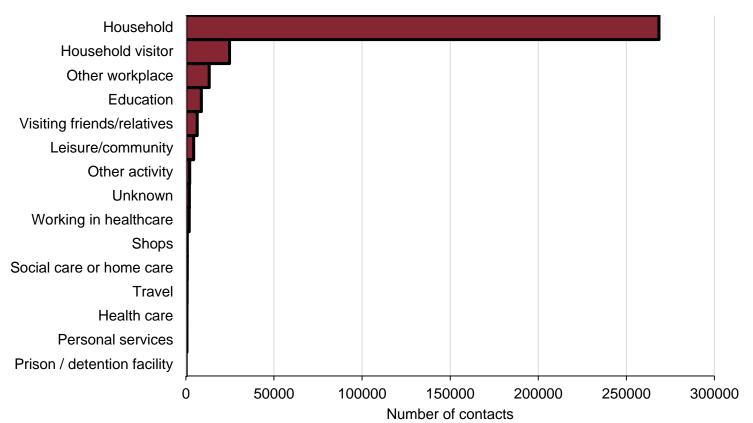
# Cumulative number of confirmed COVID-19 clusters or outbreaks by type of educational setting and PHE Centre since week 36, England

PHE Centres	Nursery	Primary school	Secondary school	Special Educational Needs (SEN) schools	College/University	Total
East of England	5 (0)	13 (1)	33 (3)	7 (1)	11 (0)	69 (5)
East Midlands	33 (9)	110 (17)	84 (18)	22 (5)	19 (1)	268 (50)
London	31 (7)	130 (14)	171 (18)	29 (4)	34 (0)	395 (43)
North East	1 (0)	16 (0)	19 (0)	7 (0)	5 (0)	48 (0)
North West	15 (0)	57 (0)	75 (1)	35 (4)	9 (0)	193 (5)
South East	46 (12)	111 (33)	160 (56)	26 (6)	21 (3)	362 (110)
South West	15 (2)	44 (4)	56 (7)	11 (7)	20 (1)	156 (21)
West Midlands	28 (3)	150 (9)	137 (9)	26 (6)	21 (0)	362 (27)
Yorkshire and Humber	30 (3)	101 (6)	87 (12)	31 (4)	22 (1)	271 (26)
<u>Total</u>	204 (36)	732 (84)	822 (124)	204 (37)	162 (6)	2124 (287)

\*Number of outbreaks for Week 46 in brackets

# With Public Health England

# Contacts by exposure/activity setting in week 46, England (Data source: NHS Test and Trace)

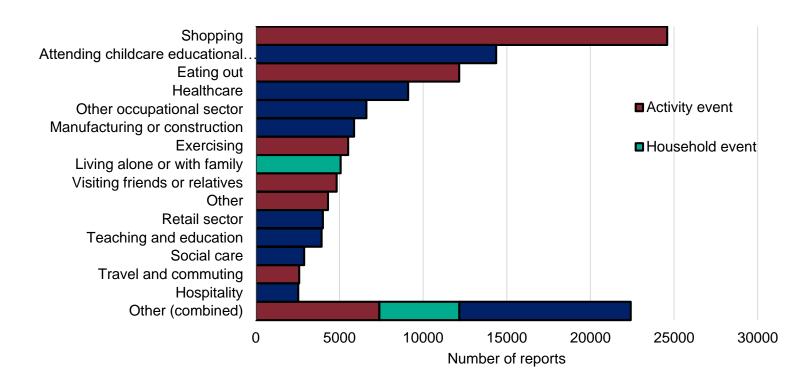


Note: categories have been grouped as follows: leisure / community includes eating out, attending events and celebrations, exercising, worship, arts, entertainment or recreation, community activities and attending play groups or organised trips; other workplace includes: retail, manufacturing or construction, hospitality, transport, emergency services or border force, food production and agriculture, prison, financial services, civil service or local government, information and communication, military, critical national infrastructure. Personal services includes hairdressers, barbers, tattooists and nail bars.

Nublic Health England

Events and activities reported by people testing positive, prior to symptom onset in week 46, England

(Data source: NHS Test and Trace)



Note: 'Other' includes a wide range of different activities and settings, each of which has small numbers of individuals, as well as activities which did not fit any specific category and were added as Other by the case. This includes:

(all within 'activities': Arts entertainment or recreation; Civil service or government; Close contact services; Community and charity activities; Critical national infrastructure; Emergency services; Financial services;

Food production; Hospitality; Immigration border services; Information and communication; Military; Personal care;

Prison; Private events and celebrations; Public events and mass gathering; event within a shared household;

Sport events; Supported living; Teaching and education; Transport;

'Other (combined)' includes all exposure group types that have small counts such as "went to church", "went to the zoo" within that event type.



Common locations reported by people testing positive in week 46, England (Data source: NHS Test and Trace)

Of the 128808 cases reported for contact tracing between 09 November to 15 November 2020, 34,328 (26.7%) had a common exposure with at least 1 other case. 9789 common locations/settings were reported in total (of which the table calculates % of the most frequent). Supermarkets (visiting and working) were the most frequent common exposure setting followed by attending secondary school.

Setting	Number of common locations reported	Proportion of all common locations reported
Supermarket (visiting and working)	1796	18.3%
Secondary school (attending)	1240	12.7%
Primary school (attending)	984	10.1%
Hospital (visiting)	356	3.6%
Care home (working)	277	2.8%
College (attending)	236	2.4%
Warehouse (working)	215	2.2%
Nursery preschool (attending)	178	1.8%
Pub or bar (visiting)	161	1.6%
Hospitality (working)	145	1.5%
University (attending)	139	1.4%
Manufacture engineering (working)	134	1.4%
Household fewer than 5 (home/shared)	117	1.2%
General practice (visiting)	112	1.1%
Gym (visiting)	104	1.1%
Restaurant or cafe (visiting)	98	1.0%

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Common Exposure Reports use NHS Test and Trace enhanced contact tracing data to identify locations or activities reported by 2 or more cases. Once a case enters the NHS Test and Trace system, enhanced contact tracing information is collected on household, workplace, education and activities in the 7-2 day period before symptom onset (or date of test if onset date is not provided). Data collected for this period is primarily used to identify where someone may have caught their infection.

Data presented are for common exposures within the enhanced contact tracing data with a known postcode only. Activities, household and workplace events reported by cases are grouped based on a shared postcode. Any event with >=2 cases associated with it (>=2 persons declaring the same postcode with onsets (or date tested if unavailable) the last 7 days) is defined as a common exposure and is included in this report.

Locations with more visitors are more likely to be identified as common exposures. No adjustment has been made for how commonly a location is visited. The exposure category selected is the most commonly identified among all individuals with an event at that postcode. The exposure category can change retrospectivity therefore, changing the most common exposure as reported here.

Common exposures identified in this way are not always indicative of epidemiological linkage between the cases and require further investigation. Some will be coincidental rather than relating to potential/actual transmission events.



# Surveillance in 'educational-age' cohorts

19 November 2020



# Methodology and limitations

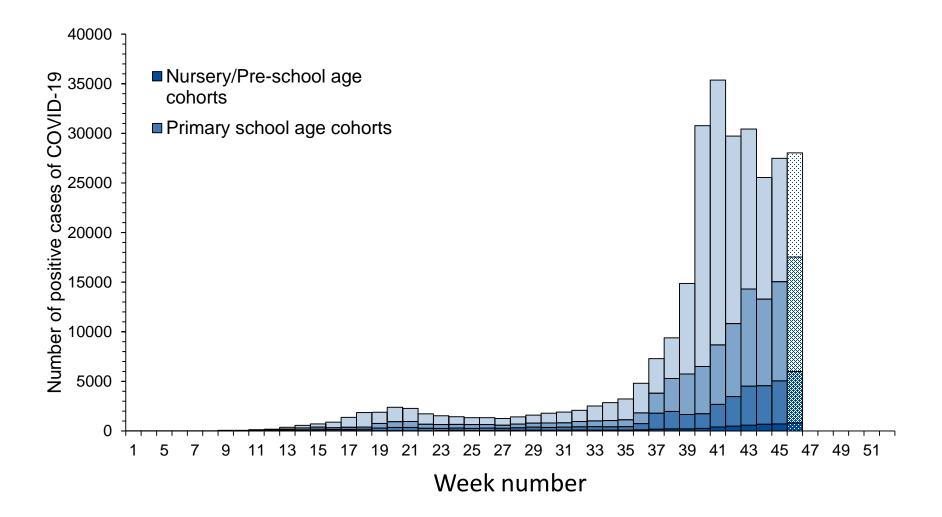
- Data source: SGSS Pillar 1 (NHS and PHE testing) and Pillar 2 (community testing) England
- Educational-age cohorts have been calculated using dates of birth that correspond to a particular year group. School year groups run from 1 September to 31 of August of the following calendar year.
- We include all cases regardless of whether or not they attended an educational setting or whether or not the educational setting was open during the reporting period
- Data for the most recent week are provisional and likely to be an underestimate



• The table aside represents the birth cohorts for each year group

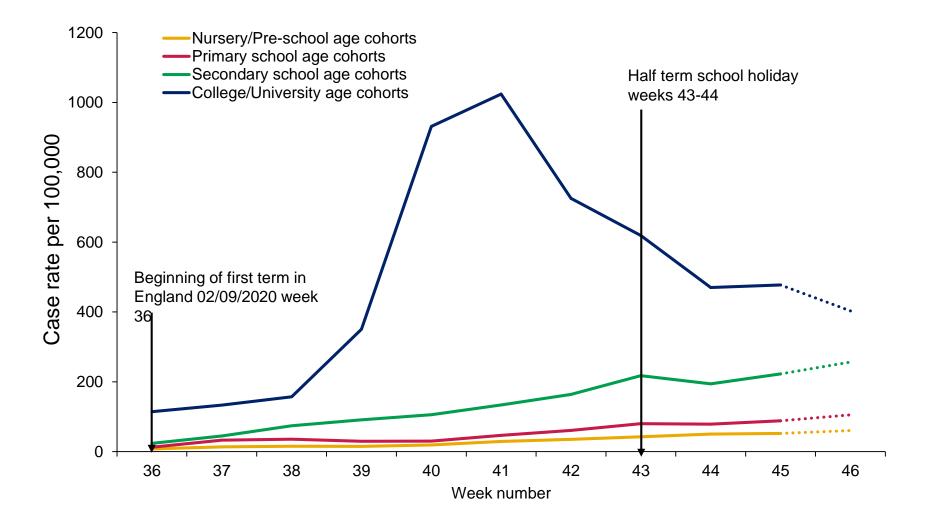
[				
Birth cohort			Year group	
01/09/1998	to	31/08/1999	Uni Year 4	
01/09/1999	to	31/08/2000	Uni Year 3	
01/09/2000	to	31/08/2001	Uni Year 2	
01/09/2001	to	31/08/2002	Uni Year 1	
01/09/2002	to	31/08/2003	Year 13	
01/09/2003	to	31/08/2004	Year 12	
01/09/2004	to	31/08/2005	Year 11	
01/09/2005	to	31/08/2006	Year 10	
01/09/2006	to	31/08/2007	Year 9	
01/09/2007	to	31/08/2008	Year 8	
01/09/2008	to	31/08/2009	Year 7	
01/09/2009	to	31/08/2010	Year 6	
01/09/2010	to	31/08/2011	Year 5	
01/09/2011	to	31/08/2012	Year 4	
01/09/2012	to	31/08/2013	Year 3	
01/09/2013	to	31/08/2014	Year 2	
01/09/2014	to	31/08/2015	Year 1	
01/09/2015	to	31/08/2016	Reception	
01/09/2016	to	31/08/2017	Pre-school	
01/09/2017	to	31/08/2018	Nursery	

Weekly number of laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases in nursery/preschool, England primary, secondary and college/university age cohorts



Weekl Public Health England

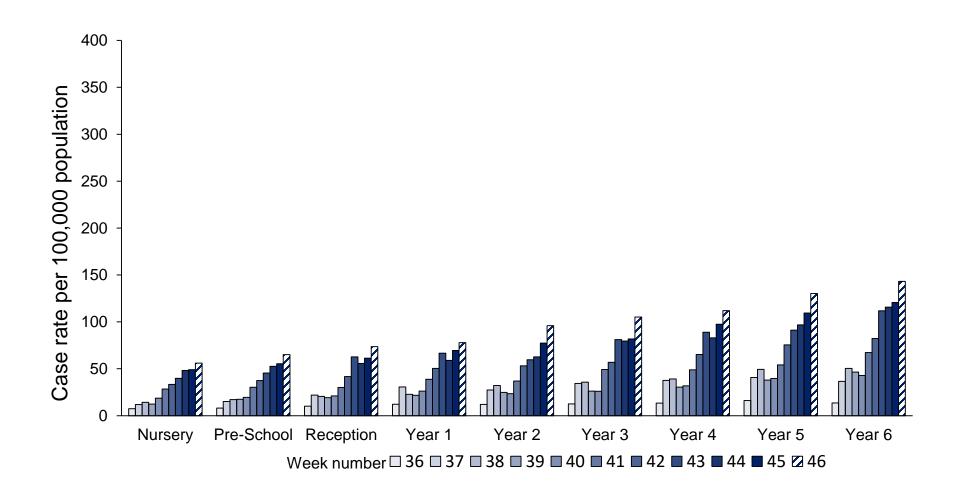
Weekly incidence of laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population in nursery/preschool, primary school, secondary school and college/university age cohorts, week 36 to 46



19 November 2020

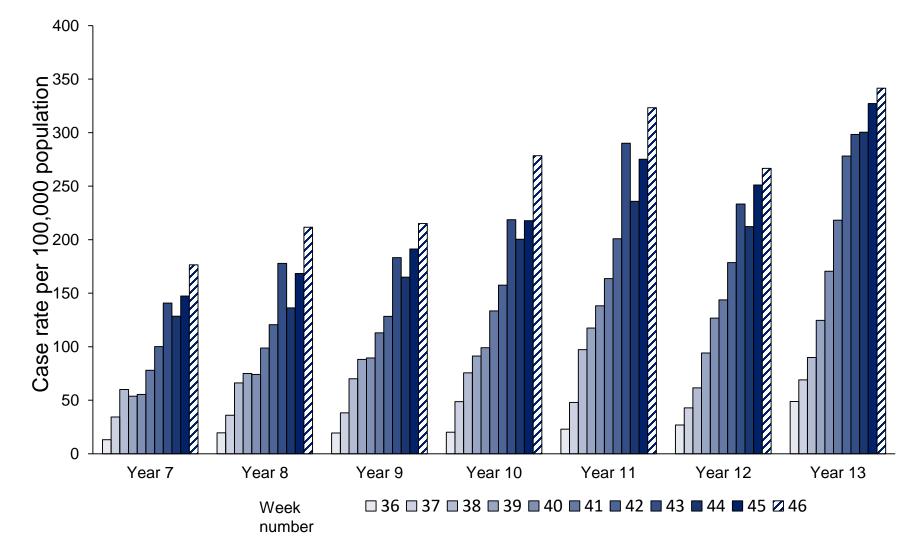
Public Health
England

Weekly incidence of laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population in educational age cohorts presented by Year group, from nursery to Year 6, week 36 to 46



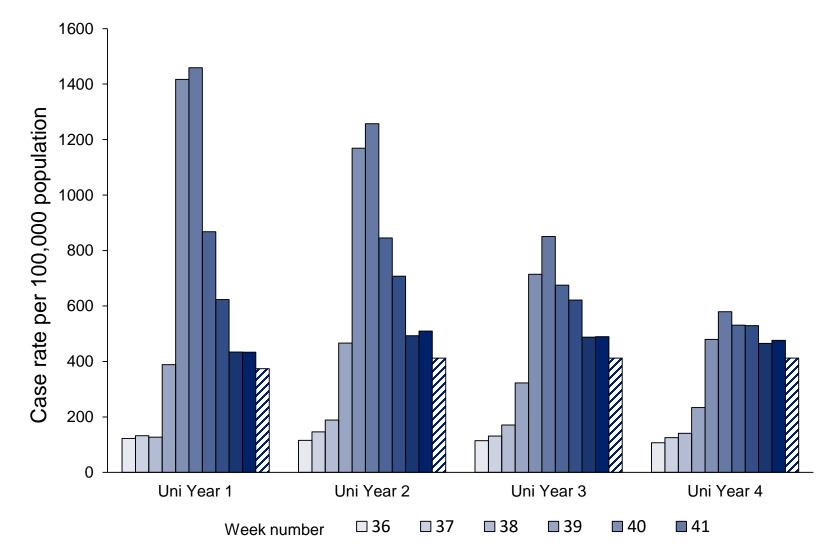
# Public Health England

Weekly incidence of laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population in educational age groups presented by secondary school year groups (Year 7 to Year 13), week 36 to 46



19 November 2020

Weekly incidence of laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population in educational age cohorts corresponding to university/college year **Public Health** groups, week 36 to 46

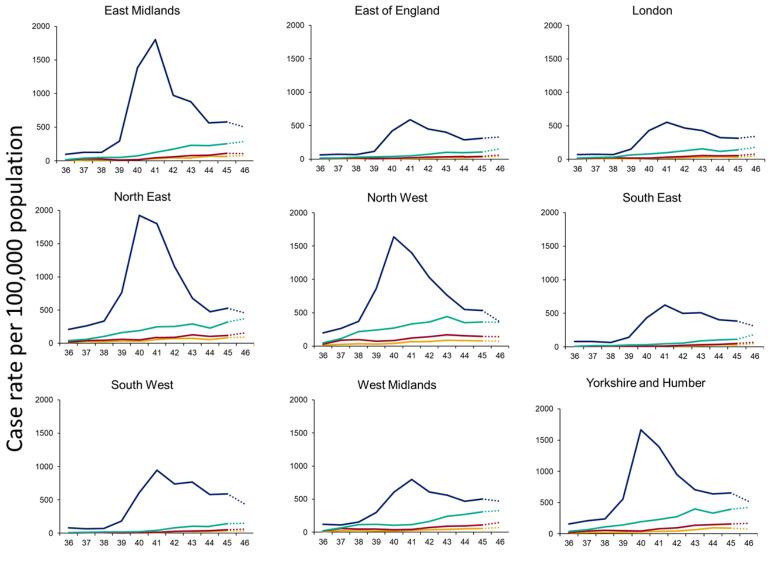


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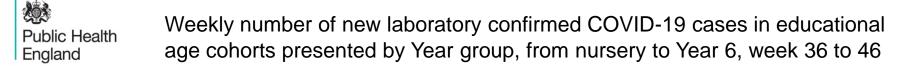
England

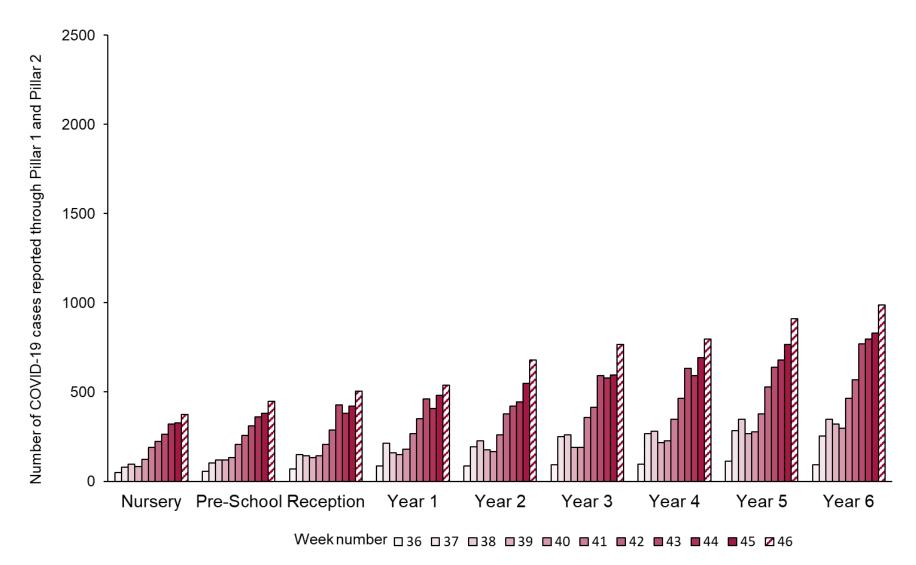
Ś **Public Health** England

Weekly incidence of laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population by educational age cohorts and PHE region, week 36 to 46



Nursery/Pre-school age cohorts — Primary school age cohorts — Secondary school age cohorts — College/University age cohorts

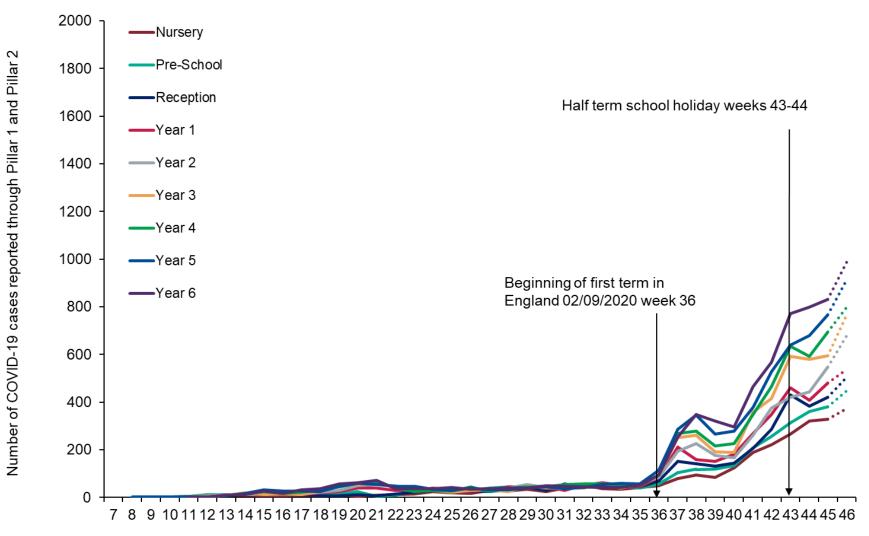




#### 19 November 2020

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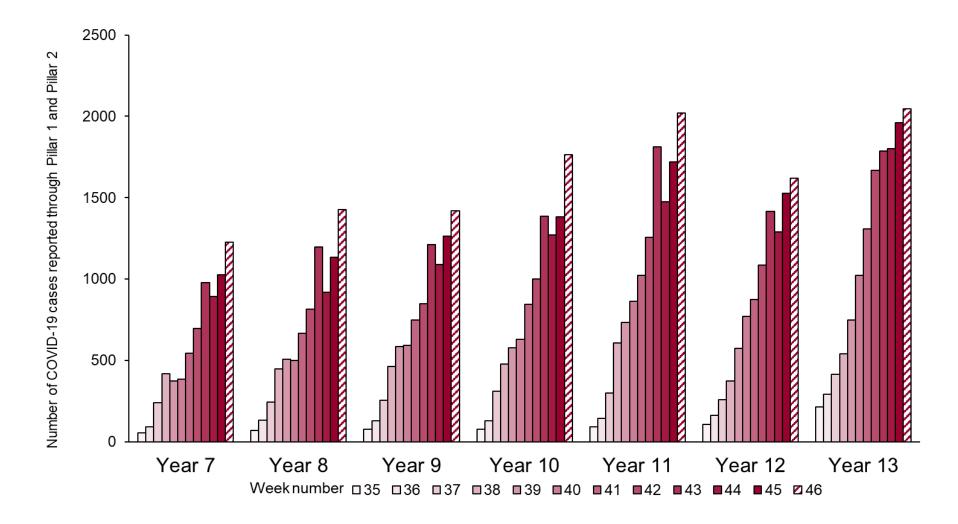
Weekly number of new laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases in educational age cohorts presented by Year group, from nursery to Year 6



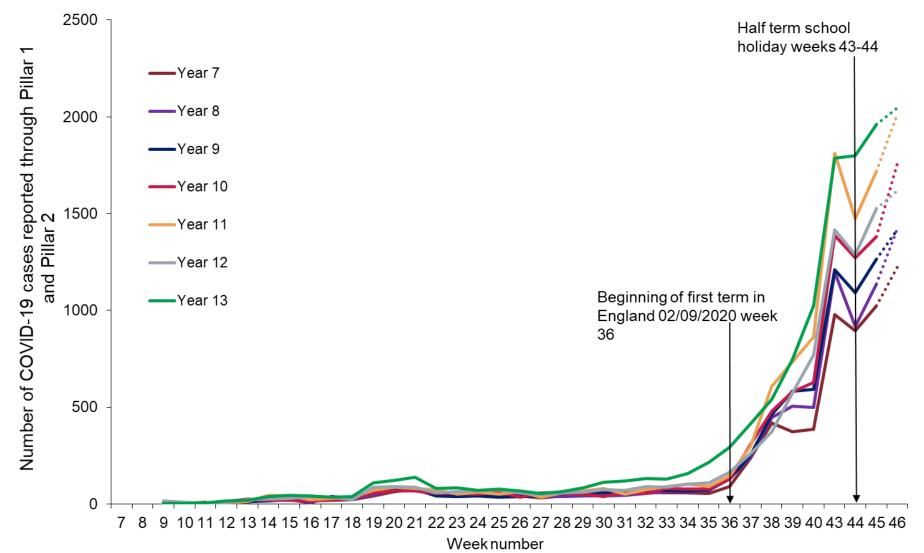
Week number

Public Health England

Weekly number of new laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases in educational age groups presented by secondary school year groups (Year 7 to Year 13), week 36 to 46



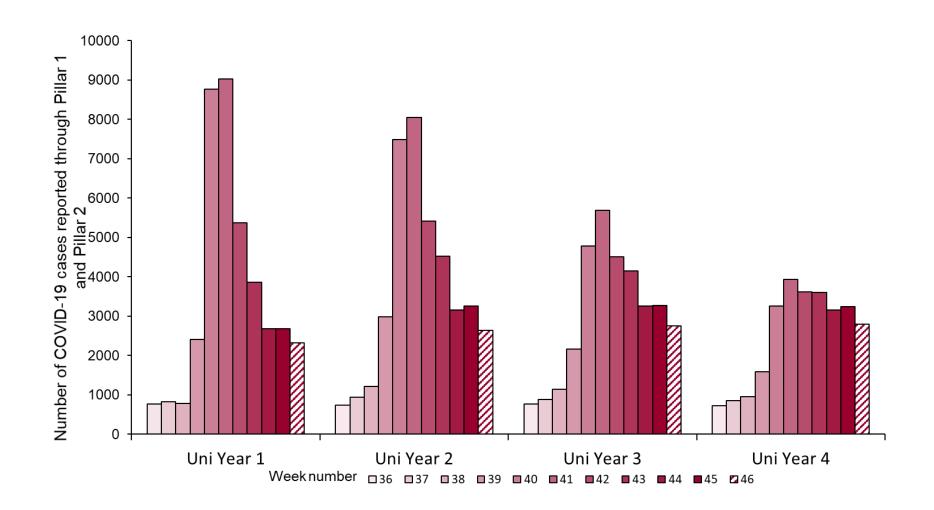
Public Health England Weekly number of new laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases in educational age groups presented by secondary school year groups (Year 7 to Year 13)



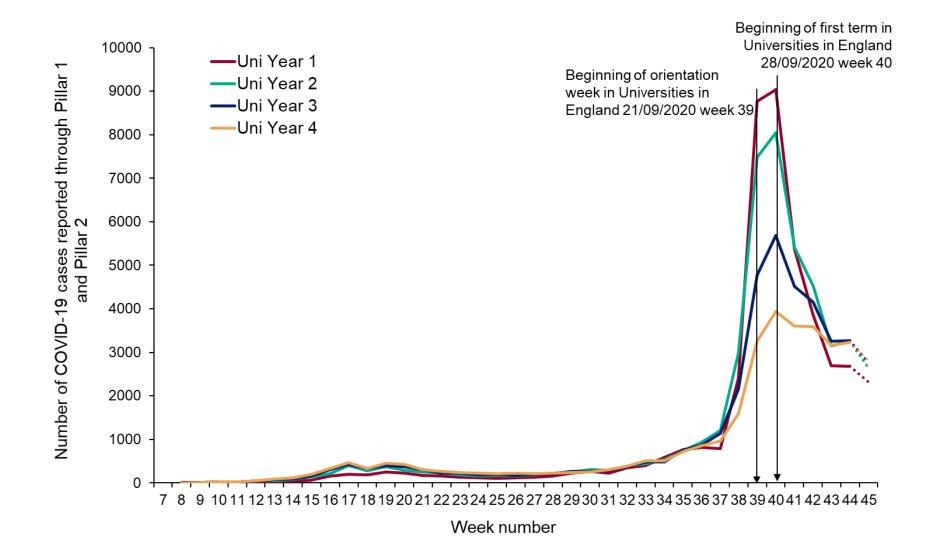
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WWW Public Health England

Weekly number of new laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases in educational age cohorts corresponding to university/college year groups, week 36 to 46



Weekly number of new laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases in educational age cohorts corresponding to university/college year groups **Public Health** England

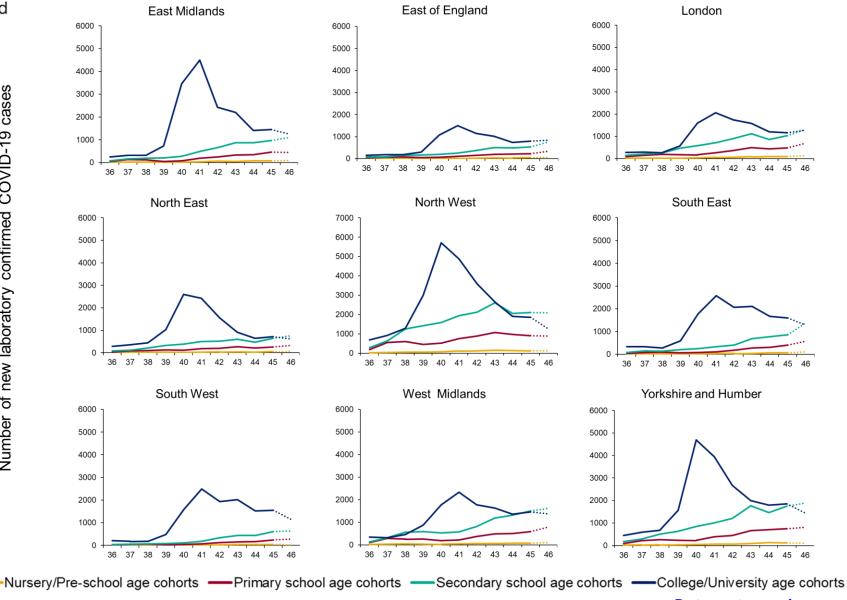


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### Ŵ **Public Health** England

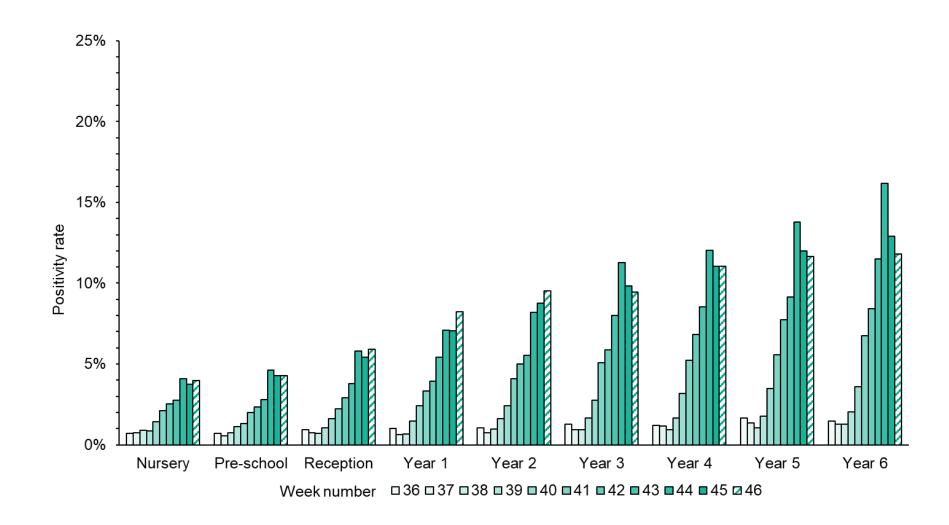
Number of new laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases

# Weekly number of new laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases by educational age cohorts and PHE region, week 36 to 46



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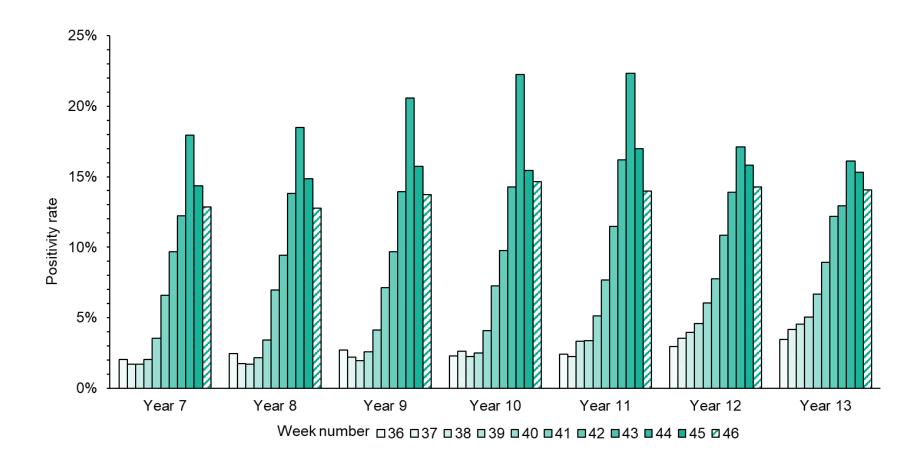
Weekly positivity rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases in educational age cohorts Public Health presented by Year group, from nursery to Year 6, week 36 to 46 England



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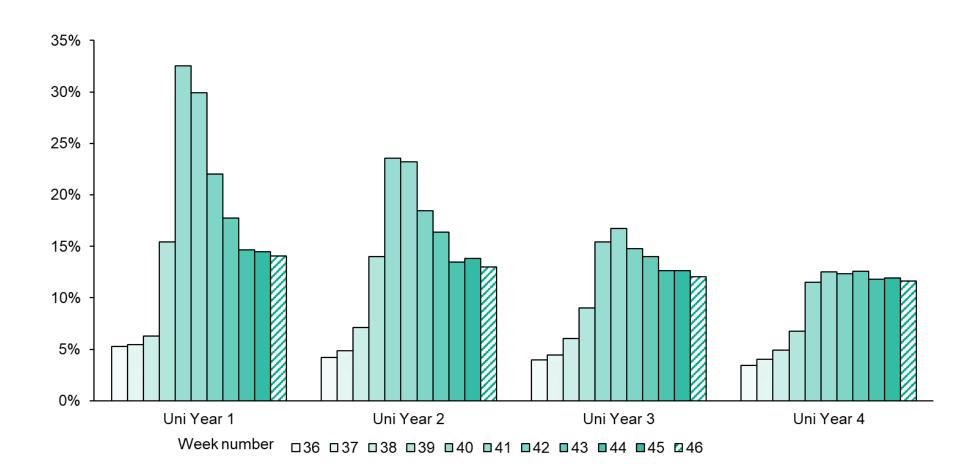
With Public Health England

Weekly positivity rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases in educational age cohorts presented by secondary school year group (Year 7 to Year 13), week 36 to 46



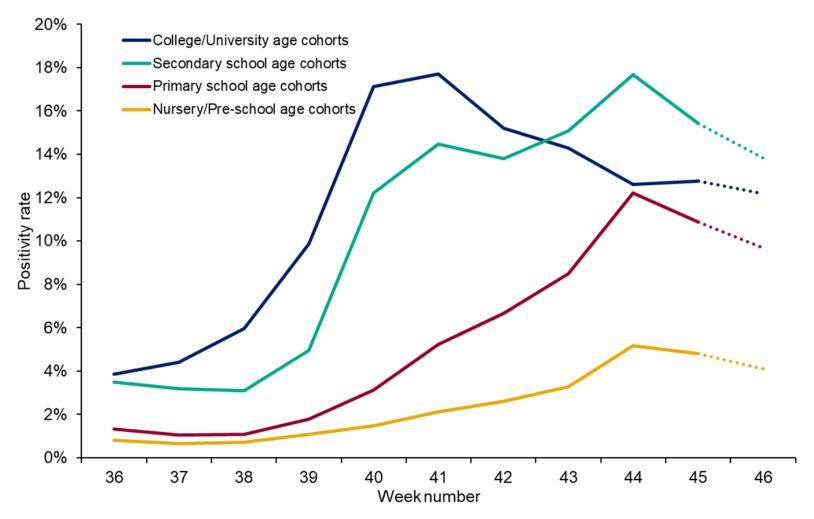
With Public Health England

Weekly positivity rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases in educational age cohorts corresponding to university/college year groups, week 36 to 46



WWW Public Health England

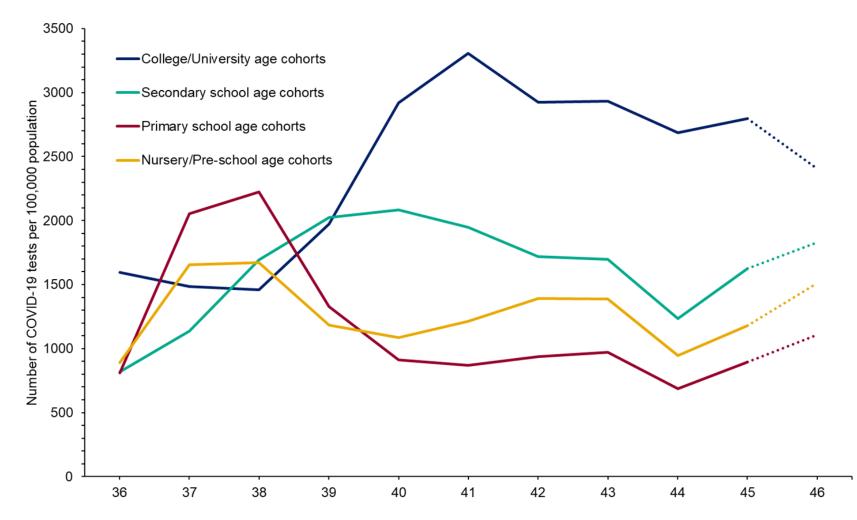
Weekly positivity rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases, in nursery/preschool, primary school, secondary school and college/University age cohorts, week 36 to 46



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Public Health England

Weekly rate of new COVID-19 tests performed per 100,000 population in nursery/preschool, primary school, secondary school and college/University age cohorts, week 36 to 46

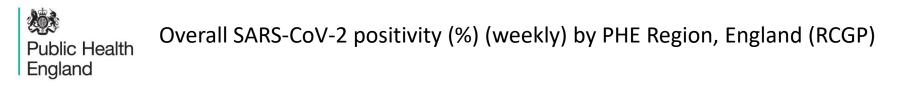


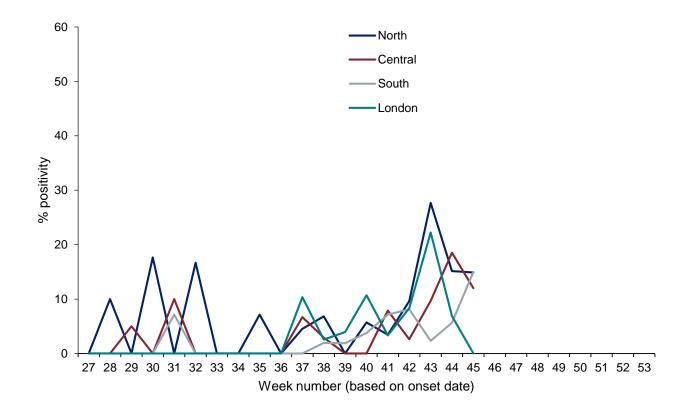
19 November 2020



## Primary care surveillance

19 November 2020

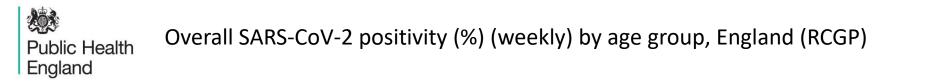


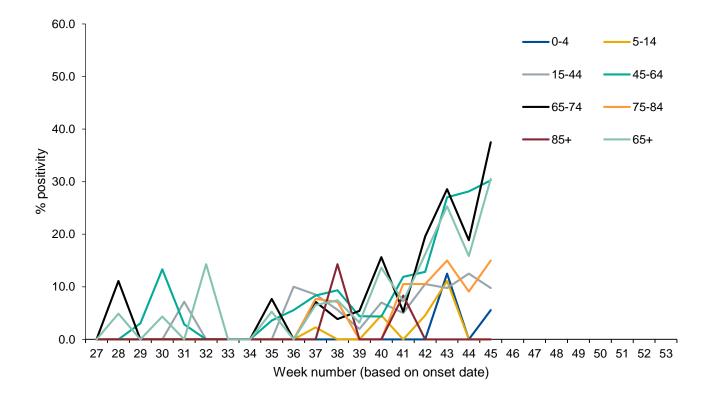


For the most recent week, more samples are expected to be tested therefore the graph should be interpreted with caution.

Positivity (%) is not calculated when the total number tested is less than 10

#### 19 November 2020





For the most recent week, more samples are expected to be tested therefore the graph should be interpreted with caution.

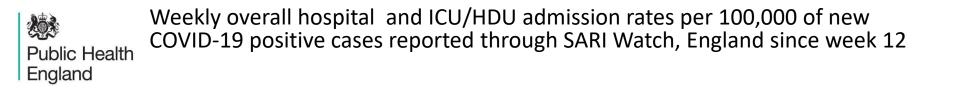
Positivity (%) is not calculated when the total number tested is less than 10

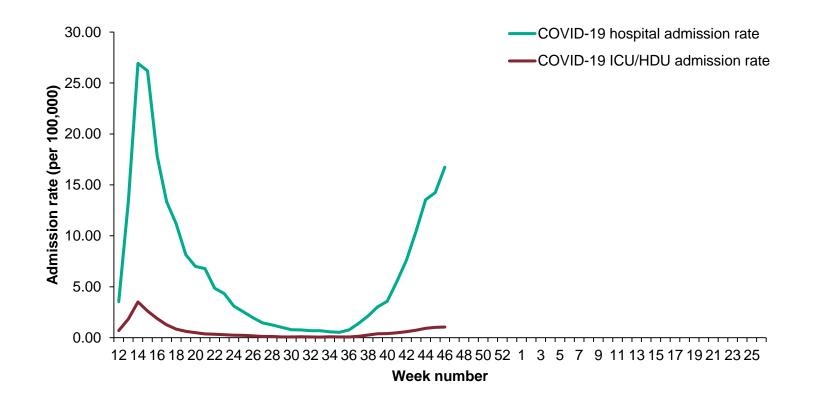
#### 19 November 2020



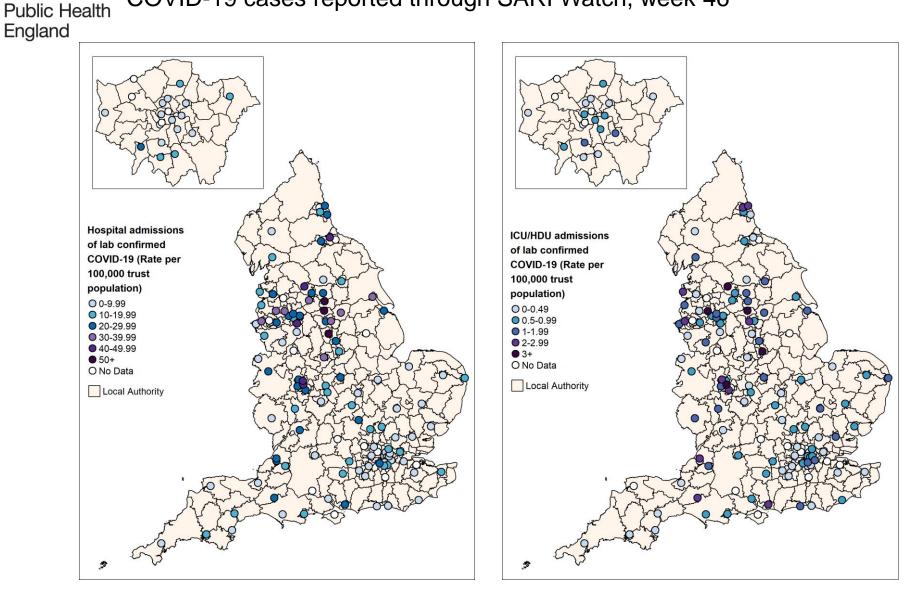
## Secondary Care surveillance

19 November 2020

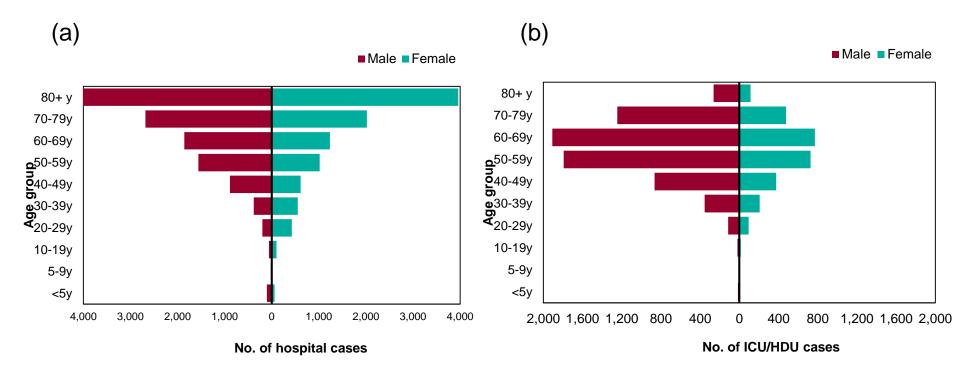




## Weekly admission rates for hospital and ICU/HDU laboratory confirmed COVID-19 cases reported through SARI Watch, week 46



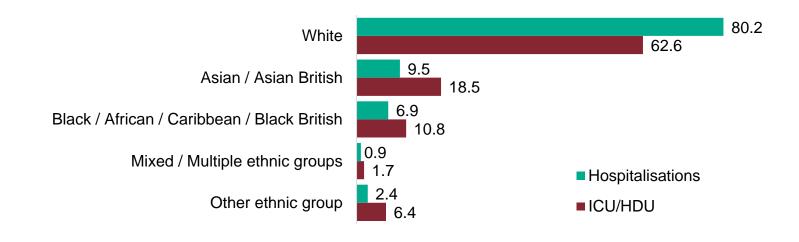
Age/sex pyramid of new (a) hospital (lower level of care) (n=21,823) and (b) Public Health England



This figure is based on individual patient level data which are provided to SARI Watch from a subset of NHS Acute Trusts, therefore the data should be interpreted with caution as the distribution of age, sex and ethnic group may not be representative of all hospitalised patients.

19 November 2020

# Ethnic group of new hospitalisations (lower level of care) (n=20,970) and ICU/HDU (n=8,563) COVID-19 cases reported through SARI Watch, England

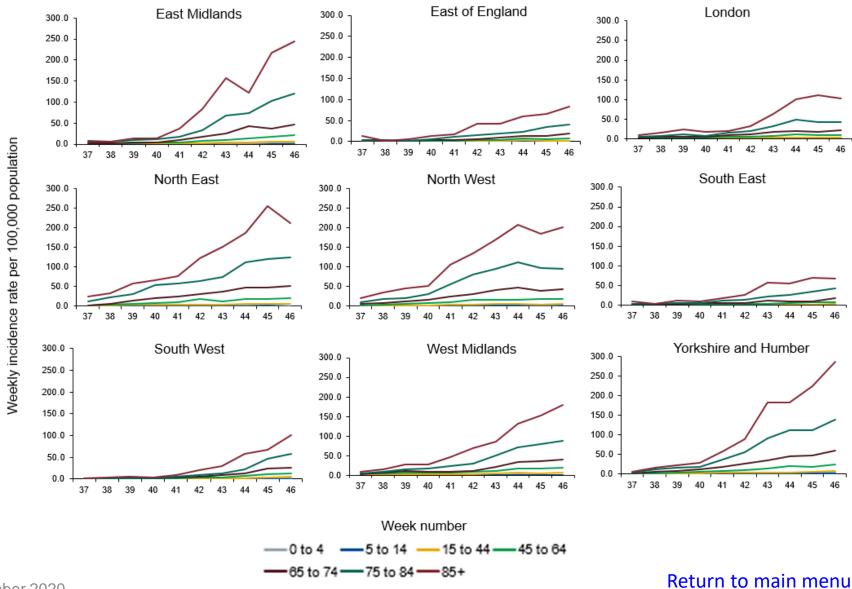


proportion of admitted cases (%)

This figure is based on individual patient level data which are provided to SARI Watch from a subset of NHS Acute Trusts, therefore the data should be interpreted with caution as the distribution of age, sex and ethnic group may not be representative of all hospitalised patients.

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### Weekly COVID-19 hospitalisation rate per 100,000 trust catchment population by age group and region, weeks 37-46

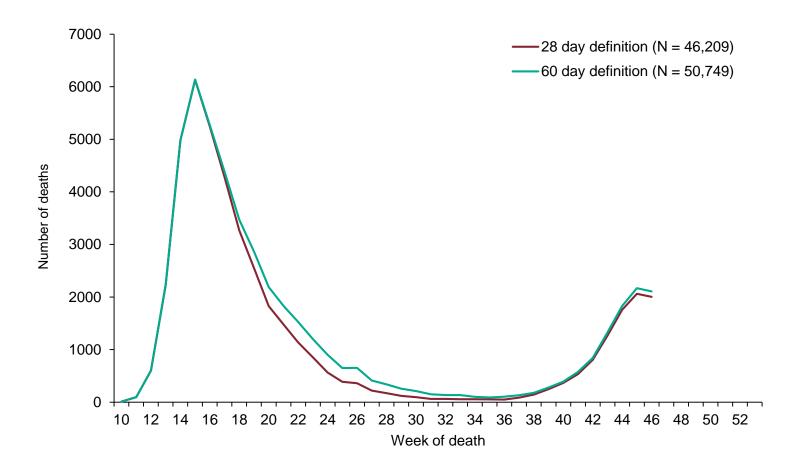




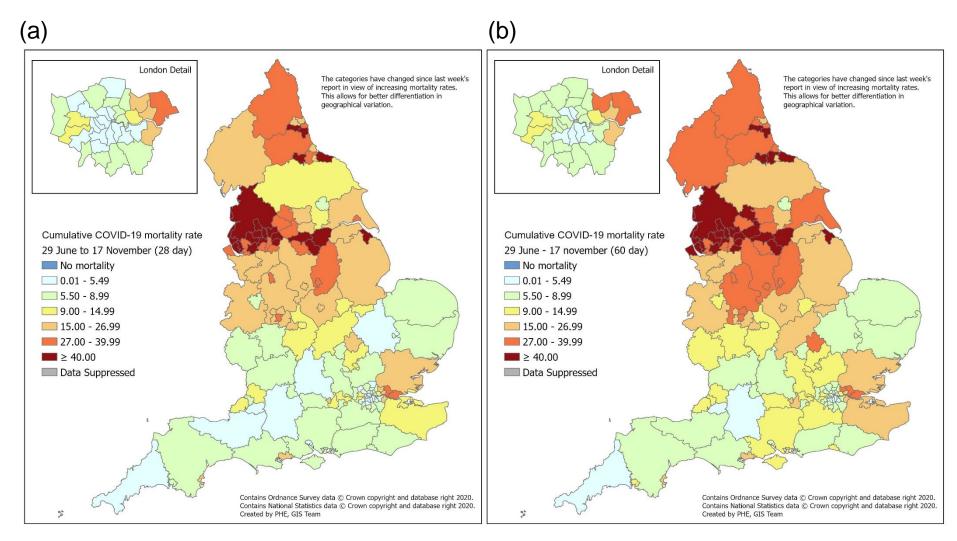
# Mortality surveillance

19 November 2020

Number of deaths since week 10 by week of death and time since laboratory confirmation of COVID-19, England COVID-19, England



Cumulative mortality rate of COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population tested under Public Health England



From this report onwards, rates have been calculated using mid-2019 ONS population estimates

#### 19 November 2020