

FIRST-TIER TRIBUNAL **PROPERTY CHAMBER** (RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY)

Case Reference CHI/00HX/MNR/2020/0062

73 Lansdown Road

Swindon **Property** Wiltshire

SN1 3ND

Applicant Mrs Joanna Hyde

Representative None

Ms Elaine Campbell Respondent

Representative None

Determination of a Market Rent Type of Application

sections 13 & 14 of the Housing Act

1988

Tribunal Members Mr I R Perry BSc FRICS

Date of Inspection None, determined on papers

Date of Decision 16th October 2020

DECISION

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Summary of Decision

1. On 16th October 2020 the Tribunal determined a market rent of £750 per month to take effect from 1st August 2020.

Background

- 2. The case concerned the determination of a market rent for the subject property following a referral of the Landlord's notice of increase of rent by the Tenant pursuant to sections 13 and 14 Housing Act 1988.
- 3. On 12th May 2020 the Landlord served a notice under Section 13(2) of the Housing Act 1988 which proposed a new rent of £830 per month in place of the existing rent of £750 per month to take effect from 1st August 2020. The notice complied with the legal requirements.
- 4. On 27th July 2020 the Tribunal received an application from the Tenant under Section 13(4) (a) of the Housing Act 1988.
- 5. The Tribunal office informed the parties that the Tribunal intended to determine the rent on the basis of written representations only, subject to an objection from either party. No objection was made. The parties submitted written representations, copies of which were sent to each other.

Evidence

- 6. On 16 October 2020 the Tribunal considered the papers submitted by the parties which included copious photographs and evidence of other properties presently to let in the general area submitted by the Applicant.
- 7. Having considered the representations the Tribunal first considered whether it could reasonably decide the matter based on the papers provided and decided that it was appropriate to proceed to a determination.
- 8. The property is an end-terraced house described as comprising a living room, two double bedrooms, a single bedroom and an upstairs bathroom with WC. Outside there is a yard and garage. A kitchen is also referred to in the application form.
- 9. From an on-line search the property seems to be an Edwardian or late Victorian house with brick elevations all beneath a pitched tiled roof with a pedestrian alley to one side. It is in an area of similar properties close to the centre of Swindon.
- 10. Within the papers it is stated that the Landlord has recently replaced a gas boiler. The applicant submitted many photographs which indicate that the property is somewhat neglected with broken concrete in the garden, internal dampness and poor external decorations.

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- 11. The property was first let to the Applicant in August 1990 when it was carpeted. A second-hand cooker, settee and two wardrobes were provided by the Landlord but these have been replaced by the Tenant over the years to the effect that carpets, curtains and white goods are all now provided by the Tenant.
- 12. The Landlord provided no comment on the Tenants representations nor any evidence to justify an increase in the rent. The Tenant had written to the Landlord stating that she would continue to pay £750 per month.

The law

S14 Determination of Rent by First-tier Tribunal

- (1) Where, under subsection (4) (a) of section 13 above, a tenant refers to a First-tier Tribunal a notice under subsection (2) of that section, the Tribunal shall determine the rent at which, subject to subsections (2) and (4) below, the Tribunal consider that the dwelling-house concerned might reasonably be expected to be let in the open market by a willing landlord under an assured tenancy-
 - (a) which is a periodic tenancy having the same periods as those of the tenancy to which the notice relates;
 - (b) which begins at the beginning of the new period specified in the notice;
 - (c) the terms of which (other than relating to the amount of the rent) are the same as those of the tenancy to which the notice relates; and
 - (d) in respect of which the same notices, if any, have been given under any of Grounds 1 to 5 of Schedule 2 to this Act, as have been given (or have effect as if given) in relation to the tenancy to which the notice relates.
- (2) In making a determination under this section, there shall be disregarded-
 - (a) any effect on the rent attributable to the granting of a tenancy to a sitting tenant;
 - (b) any increase in the value of the dwelling-house attributable to a relevant improvement carried out by a person who at the time it was carried out was the tenant, if the improvement-
 - (i) was carried out otherwise than in pursuance of an obligation to his immediate landlord, or
 - (ii) was carried out pursuant to an obligation to his immediate landlord being an obligation which did not relate to the specific improvement concerned but arose by reference to consent given to the carrying out of that improvement; and
 - (c) any reduction in the value of the dwelling-house attributable to a failure by the tenant to comply with any terms of the tenancy.

- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2)(b) above, in relation to a notice which is referred by a tenant as mentioned in subsection (1) above, an improvement is a relevant improvement if either it was carried out during the tenancy to which the notice relates, or the following conditions are satisfied, namely-
 - (a) that it was carried out not more than twenty-one years before the date of service of the notice; and
 - (b) that, at all times during the period beginning when the improvement was carried out and ending on the date of service of the notice, the dwelling-house has been let under an assured tenancy; and
 - (c) that, on the coming to an end of an assured tenancy at any time during that period, the tenant (or, in the case of joint tenants, at least one of them) did not quit.
- (4) In this section "rent" does not include any service charge, within the meaning of section 18 of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1985, but, subject to that, includes any sums payable by the tenant to the landlord on account of the use of furniture, in respect of council tax or for any of the matters referred to in subsection (1) (a) of that section, whether or not those sums are separate from the sums payable for the occupation.

Consideration and Valuation

- 13. The Tribunal is required to determine the rent at which the subject property might reasonably be expected to be let in the open market by a willing Landlord under an assured tenancy. The personal circumstances of the Tenant are not relevant to this issue.
- 14. Having carefully considered the representations from the parties and associated correspondence and using its own judgement and knowledge of rental values in Swindon the Tribunal decided that the market rent for the subject property if let today in a condition that was usual for such an open market letting would be £850 per month.
- 15. From the evidence supplied it is clear that the property is not in such a condition and some adjustment to this market rent should be made to reflect the condition of the property at today's date.
- 16. In addition, the Tribunal needs to reflect the Tenant's provision of white goods, carpets and curtains and the dated fittings in the kitchen and bathroom.
- 17. Using its experience the Tribunal decided that the following adjustments should be made:

Tenant's provision of white goods £10
Tenant's provision of carpets and curtains £20

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Dated kitchen and bathroom	£20
Poor external decoration	£25
Internal dampness	£25
TOTAL	£100

18. The Tenant made no representation that the starting date for the new rent specified in the Landlord's notice would cause the Tenant undue hardship.

Determination

- 19. The Tribunal therefore decided that the rent at which the subject property might reasonably be expected to be let in the open market by a willing Landlord under the terms of this assured tenancy was £750 per month.
- 20. The Tribunal directed that the new rent of £750 per month should take effect from 1st August 2020, this being the date specified in the notice.

Chairman: I R Perry BSc FRICS

Date: 16th October 2020

RIGHTS OF APPEAL

- 1. A person wishing to appeal this decision to the Upper Tribunal (Lands Chamber) must seek permission to do so by making written application to the First-tier Tribunal at the Regional office which has been dealing with the case.
- 2. The application must arrive at the Tribunal within 28 days after the Tribunal sends to the person making the application written reasons for the decision.
- 3. If the person wishing to appeal does not comply with the 28-day time limit, the person shall include with the application for permission to appeal a request for an extension of time and the reason for not complying with the 28-day time limit; the Tribunal will then decide whether to extend time or not to allow the application for permission to appeal to proceed.
- 4. The application for permission to appeal must identify the decision of the Tribunal to which it relates, state the grounds of appeal, and state the result the party making the application is seeking