



SARS-CoV-2 inactivation testing: interim report

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| Report identifier | HCM/CoV/001/v4 |
| Report date | 12 June 2020 |
| Undertaken by High Containment Microbiology, NIS Laboratories, National Infection Service, Public Health England N.B. This is an interim report and may be updated as further results are obtained | |

| Product/treatment details | |
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| Product/treatment | Nuclisens® Lysis Buffer |
| Manufacturer | Biomerieux |
| Product code | SKU #200292 |
| Composition of product, as supplied | 50% guanidine thiocyanate <2% Triton X-100 <1% EDTA |
| Manufacturer's recommended ratio of sample to product | 1:2 to 1:200 |

| Sample details | |
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| Sample type tested | Tissue culture fluid containing 5% (v/v) foetal calf serum |
| Virus strain tested | SARS-CoV-2 England 2 |
| Ratio of spiked virus stock to sample matrix | Not applicable; tissue culture fluid used undiluted |

| Experimental conditions | |
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| Ratio of sample to product tested | 1 volume sample:1 volume product (N.B. This ratio is outside the manufacturer's recommended range, and was tested following a specific request for information) |
| Contact times | 10 minutes 30 minutes |
| Temperature of incubation | Room temperature |
| Brief description of tests performed | <p>Triplicate samples were treated with test buffer for indicated contact time/s or mock-treated in triplicate with an equivalent volume of PBS. Samples were then subjected to a purification step to remove cytotoxic buffer components. PBS-treated samples were subjected to the same purification procedure in parallel.</p> <p>Test 1: Purified samples were immediately titrated on Vero E6 cells to establish virus titre. This test is quantitative and reports the titre of virus in each treatment condition in plaque forming units (PFU) per ml. Reduction in virus titre following treatment is given as the difference between the mean log₁₀ PFU/ml for treated conditions and the PBS control.</p> <p>Test 2: In parallel, purified samples were seeded onto Vero E6 monolayers to amplify any remaining virus over the course of up to four serial passages. Virus amplification over each passage was detected by visual (microscopic) examination of monolayers for cytopathic effect, and confirmed by SARS-CoV-2-specific real-time PCR. This test is qualitative and reports either the presence or absence of virus amplification. This test may detect levels of virus that are below the detection limit of the titration assay (test 1) due to a greater sample plating volume and the opportunity for any virus present to amplify over serial passages.</p> |

| Table of results | | | |
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| Maximum detectable virus reduction in test (log ₁₀ PFU/ml) | | | 5.1 |
| | Test 1: Virus titration post-treatment | | Test 2: Passage of samples in cell culture |
| | Mean virus titre (log ₁₀ PFU/ml) | Titre reduction (log ₁₀ PFU/ml) | Virus detected/ Virus not detected |
| PBS-treated | 5.6 | - | Virus detected (all replicates) |
| Test buffer-treated (10 minute contact time) | ≤0.6 | ≥5.0 | Virus detected (1 replicate) |
| Test buffer-treated (30 minute contact time) | ≤0.5 | ≥5.1 | Virus detected (1 replicate) |

| Interpretation |
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| <p>Test 1: Both 10 and 30 minute contact times resulted in ≥5 log reduction in infectious virus titre. The maximum detectable virus reduction in this test was 5.1 log₁₀ PFU/ml.</p> <p>Test 2: Infectious virus was recoverable from one out of three sample replicates for each condition following four serial passages in cell culture, indicating that virus inactivation by this treatment was incomplete.</p> <p>Demonstrating complete inactivation is dependent on the starting titre of virus used for testing, and it is likely that complete inactivation could be achieved if samples contained lower levels of infectious virus than those tested here. Conversely, sample treatments that inactivate virus effectively in our testing may fail to inactivate samples containing higher levels of virus than those evaluated in this study.</p> <p>These tests have been performed on tissue culture fluid containing 5% (v/v) foetal calf serum. The effectiveness of this treatment against SARS-CoV-2 may vary when used to inactivate clinical samples or other types of sample matrix. Any results of inactivation testing using other sample matrices will be released as they become available.</p> <p>Inactivation reagents should not be assumed to be 100% effective against SARS-CoV-2.</p> <p>Suitability of products and treatments for inactivation of other pathogens has not been evaluated in this study.</p> |

All COVID-19 laboratory testing workflows must be subjected to suitable and sufficient risk assessment, with consideration given to any inactivation step. Risk assessments should be reviewed regularly as new information on the inactivation of SARS-CoV-2 becomes available.

The impact of chosen inactivation method on the sensitivity of subsequent SARS-CoV-2 detection should also be assessed locally.

Disclaimer

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Summary of revisions

Version 1: New document
Version 2: Footer edited; additional product information fields added
Version 3: Header and disclaimer edited; date issued to PHE's COVID Incident Virology Cell added; key guidance points added to interpretation; data from Test 2 updated
Version 4: Reformatted for publication

Queries regarding this report or HCM inactivation testing should be directed to

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