

Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

E.ON UK CHP Limited

Port of Liverpool CHP Regent Road Bootle Liverpool L20 1ED

Variation application number

EPR/BK3506IS/V007

Permit number

EPR/BK3506IS

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Port of Liverpool CHP Permit number EPR/BK3506IS

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the notice.

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 2 of the notice comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

Article 21(3) of the Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) requires the Environment Agency to review conditions in permits that it has issued and to ensure that the permit delivers compliance with relevant standards, within four years of the publication of updated decisions on Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions. We have reviewed the permit for this installation against the revised BAT Conclusions for the large combustion plant sector published on 17th August 2017. Only activities covered by this BAT Reference Document have been reviewed and assessed.

This variation makes the below changes following the review under Article 21(3) of the IED and the consolidation of the Environmental Permitting Regulations that came into force on the 4 January 2017:

- This site was in the Transitional National Plan and LCP115 already met Chapter III requirements therefore no changes to limits have been made in Table S3.1. The Chapter III emission limit value for oxides of nitrogen for LCP417 has been added to table S3.1;
- Revised emission limits and monitoring requirements for emissions from the BAT Conclusions and which are applicable from 17 August 2021 have been added in to table S3.1a;
- Gasoil is no longer used on site so reference to this fuel have been removed from the permit except
 for within an improvement condition requiring a plan for the decommissioning and subsequent
 removal of the standby gas oil tanks; and
- Inclusion of process monitoring for energy efficiency in table S3.5.

The rest of the installation is unchanged and continues to be operated as follows:

The Port of Liverpool Combined Heat and Power Station (CHP) is situated in the Liverpool Docks along the east bank of the River Mersey. The site is located in an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) for NOx in Liverpool. The main purpose of the activity at the installation is:

- To generate electricity to meet the electrical requirements of local customers and the Mersey Docks and Harbour Company; (LCP115 = Combined Cycle Gas Turbine (80MWth) or Open Cycle Gas Turbine and Heat Recovery Steam Generator (22MWth))
- To generate steam to meet the requirements of local customers and the Mersey Docks and Harbour Company; (LCP417 = 3 x Boilers 25MWth each)
- To provide for the future energy needs of the Port of Liverpool.

The main plant components consist of natural gas compressors, gas turbine generator (GT), heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) with supplementary gas firing, gas fired auxiliary package boilers x 3 at 25MWth, water treatment plant and steam supply and condensate return pipe work between client plants.

Operation

During normal operation, the steam and electricity demands are met with the GT on full load and with modulating supplementary firing of the HRSG. The auxiliary boilers are maintained on hot standby to quickly pick up the steam load should a trip occur on the GT and/or HRSG. Peak steam demands are met by full supplementary firing of the HRSG and modulated gas firing of one of the auxiliary boilers.

In combined cycle operation (CCGT) the GT generates a net power output of 32.1 MWe. The gas fuel combustor incorporates dry low emission technology to control the emissions of carbon monoxide and oxides of nitrogen. The hot exhaust gases from the turbine pass to the HRSG at between 480°C and 530°C. During plant start up or emergency or essential maintenance periods the hot gases can be diverted in open cycle operation (OCGT) from the HRSG via the 40 m high bypass stack.

The Heat Recovery Steam Generator (HRSG) can generate steam at 20.8 kg/s (75 tph) at 18 barA and 230°C. Flue gases pass from the HRSG to air through another 40 m high stack. The HRSG has no auxiliary (fresh air) firing facility and therefore cannot operate independently of the GT.

Three auxiliary boilers are installed to form an independent back up steam raising facility and when all are in service full steam production, up to 28 tonnes per hour each, can be maintained. Flue gases from each of these boilers are released to air in individual flues via a 40 m high multi flue shared windshield stack.

Cooling for the LCP system is by Fin Fan Coolers consisting of heat exchangers with forced draught cooling provided by numerous fans.

There is a requirement to make up water losses from blow down and the proportion of steam consumed at the customer's sites. An ion exchange water treatment plant prepares incoming towns water and recycled condensate for re-use as boiler feed water. The ion exchange plant requires periodic regenerating with hydrochloric acid and sodium hydroxide. Effluent from the regeneration process is neutralised and discharged into the plant drainage system along with other wastewater arisings.

Emissions

The firing of natural gas forms carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen. Establishing good combustion condition controls carbon monoxide levels. Releases of carbon dioxide may be allied to electrical and steam energy output to derive a measurement of overall efficiency of the process. Oxides of nitrogen (NOx) are formed in high temperature reactions between nitrogen in the fuel, combustion air and oxygen. The formation of NOx is reduced by the use of low NOx burner technology in the GT.

No substances prescribed for release to water are used as part of the installation. Water treatment chemicals may have traces of metals in them and releases of these are controlled by product specification. There are no releases to controlled waters. There are releases to sewer.

The permitted activity has the potential to create ground contamination and consequently all plant and equipment associated with the CHP are built or contained on bunded concrete areas.

The Operator's environmental management system (EMS) ISO 14001 addresses the identification, assessment, reduction and mitigation of risk of accidents potentially affecting the environment.

Energy

Individual sections of the CHP plant have the following thermal ratings:

		Net rated thermal input for	Net rated thermal
Quantity	Appliance	individual combustion units	input for each LCP
1	Gas Turbine	80 MWth	
1	Heat Recovery Steam Generator	22 MWth	102 MWth (LCP115)
3	Auxiliary boilers	25 MWth each	75 MWth (LCP417)
Total	CHP Total	177 MWth	177 MWth

The CHP can achieve an overall efficiency of greater than 75% (meaning that more than 75% of the energy of the natural gas fuel is converted into electrical and heat (steam) energy) and this is considered 'good quality' in terms of Government requirements.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status Log			
Detail	Date	Comments	
Application BK3506IS	Received		
	19/12/2001		
Response to request for	07/05/2002	Response dated 29/05/02	
Permit BK3506IS (A001)	31/07/2002	Determined	
Variation BU3884 (V002)	01/07/2003	Effective date	
Variation JP3730BK (V003)	01/01/2005	Effective date	
Variation FP3931MY (V004)	14/02/2007	Effective date	
Variation application received EPR/BK3506IS/V005	05/05/2009		
Variation determined EPR/BK3506IS/V005	13/08/2009	Consolidated permit issued	
Regulation 60 Notice sent to the	31/10/2014	Issue of a Notice under Regulation 60(1) of the EPR.	
Operator		Environment Agency Initiated review and variation to vary the permit under IED to implement the special provisions for LCP under Chapter III, introducing new Emission Limit Values (ELVs) applicable to LCP, referred to in Article 30(2) and set out in Annex V. The permit is also updated to modern conditions	
Application for Minor Operational Change	05/01/2015	Request granted to carry out trials regarding partial load operation. Trials time limited to be completed by 31/12/15.	
Regulation 60 Notice response	27/03/2015	Response received from the Operator.	
Additional information received	30/06/2015	Response to request for further information (RFI) dated 20/05/2015.	
	12/11/2015	Response to request for clarification dated 10/11/15.	
Variation determined EPR/BK3506IS/V006	29/12/2015	Varied and consolidated permit, issued in modern condition format. Variation effective from 01/01/2016.	
Regulation 61 Notice sent to the Operator	01/05/2018		
Regulation 61 Notice response.	14/11/2018	Response received from the Operator.	
Further information received	03/06/2020	Confirmation that gas oil will no longer be used on site.	
Variation determined EPR/BK3506IS/V007 (Billing reference RP3807PR)	04/06/2020	Varied and consolidated permit issued. Variation effective from 01/07/2020.	

End of introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies

Permit number

EPR/BK3506IS

Issued to

E.ON UK CHP Limited ("the operator")

whose registered office is

Westwood Way
Westwood Business Park
Coventry
West Midlands
CV4 8LG

company registration number 02684288

to operate a regulated facility at

Port of Liverpool CHP Regent Road Bootle Liverpool L20 1ED

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 01/07/2020.

Name	Date	
David Griffiths	04/06/2020	

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of an Environment Agency initiated variation.

Schedule 2 - consolidated permit

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Permit number

EPR/BK3506IS

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application EPR/BK3506IS/V007 authorising,

E.ON UK CHP Limited ("the operator"),

whose registered office is

Westwood Way Westwood Business Park Coventry West Midlands CV4 8LG

company registration number 02684288

to operate a regulated facility at

Port of Liverpool CHP Regent Road Bootle Liverpool L20 1ED

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
David Griffiths	04/06/2020

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
 - in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.

1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) take appropriate measures to ensure the efficiency of energy generation at the permitted installation is maximised:
 - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
 - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
 - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
 - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
 - (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities;
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and

- (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.
- 1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the "activities").

2.2 The site

2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 LCP115 and LCP417: without prejudice to condition 2.3.1, the activities shall be operated in accordance with the "Electricity Supply Industry IED Compliance Protocol for Utility Boilers and Gas Turbines" dated December 2015 or any later version unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation ("plan") specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.4 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.5 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1: LCP115 operating in open cycle mode. The activities shall not operate for more than 500 hours per year.
- 2.3.6 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1: LCP115 and LCP417. The end of the start up period and the start of the shutdown period shall conform to the specifications set out in Schedule 1, tables S1.2 and S1.4.
- 2.3.7 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1: LCP LCP115. The effective Dry Low NOx threshold shall conform to the specifications set out in Schedule 1, tables S1.2 and S1.5.
- 2.3.8 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
 - (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
 - (b) the composition of the waste;
 - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;

- (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and
- (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.9 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.

2.4 Improvement programme

- 2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

2.5 Pre-operational conditions

There are no pre-operational conditions

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.1a, S3.2 and S3.3.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Total annual emissions from the LCP emission points set out in schedule 3 table S3.1 of a substance listed in schedule 3 table S3.4 shall not exceed the relevant limit in table S3.4.
- 3.1.4 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
 - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.

3.3 Odour

3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.

3.3.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
- (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.4 Noise and vibration

3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.

3.4.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
- (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1, S3.1a, and S3.2; and
 - (b) surface water or groundwater specified in table S3.3.
- 3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continuous), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.1a, S3.2 and S3.3 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.6 Monitoring for Large Combustion Plant

- 3.6.1 All monitoring required by this permit shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of Annex V of the Industrial Emissions Directive and the Large Combustion Plant Best Available Techniques Conclusions.
- 3.6.2 If the monitoring results for more than 10 days a year are invalidated within the meaning set out in condition 3.6.7, the operator shall:
 - (a) within 28 days of becoming aware of this fact, review the causes of the invalidations and submit to the Environment Agency for approval, proposals for measures to improve the reliability of the continuous measurement systems, including a timetable for the implementation of those measures: and
 - (b) implement the approved proposals.
- 3.6.3 Continuous measurement systems on emission points from the LCP shall be subject to quality control by means of parallel measurements with reference methods at least once every calendar year.
- 3.6.4 Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency in accordance with condition 3.6.5 below, the operator shall carry out the methods, including the reference measurement methods, to use and calibrate continuous measurement systems in accordance with the appropriate CEN standards.
- 3.6.5 If CEN standards are not available, ISO standards, national or international standards which will ensure the provision of data of an equivalent scientific quality shall be used, as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
- 3.6.6 Where required by a condition of this permit to check the measurement equipment, the operator shall submit a report to the Environment Agency in writing, within 28 days of the completion of the check.
- 3.6.7 Where Continuous Emission Monitors are installed to comply with the monitoring requirements in schedule 3, table(s) S3.1 and S3.1a; the Continuous Emission Monitors shall be used such that:
 - (a) for the continuous measurement systems fitted to the LCP release points defined in table(s) S3.1 and S3.1a the validated hourly, monthly, yearly and daily averages shall be determined from the measured valid hourly average values after having subtracted the value of the 95% confidence interval;
 - (b) the 95% confidence interval for nitrogen oxides and sulphur dioxide of a single measured result shall be taken to be 20%;
 - (c) the 95% confidence interval for dust releases of a single measured result shall be taken to be 30%;
 - (d) the 95% confidence interval for carbon monoxide releases of a single measured result shall be taken to be 10%;
 - (e) an invalid hourly average means an hourly average period invalidated due to malfunction of, or maintenance work being carried out on, the continuous measurement system. However, to allow some discretion for zero and span gas checking, or cleaning (by flushing), an hourly average period will count as valid as long as data has been accumulated for at least two thirds of the period. Such discretionary periods are not to exceed more than 5 in any one 24-hour period unless agreed in writing. Where plant may be operating for less than the 24-hour period, such discretionary periods are not to exceed more than one quarter of the overall valid hourly average periods unless agreed in writing; and
 - (f) any day, in which more than three hourly average values are invalid shall be invalidated.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
 - (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 A report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:
 - (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
 - (b) the resource efficiency metrics set out in schedule 4 table S4.2;
 - (c) where condition 2.3.6 applies, the hours of operation in any year
- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
 - (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
 - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
 - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.
- 4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.
- 4.2.5 For the following the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1: LCP115 and LCP417. Unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Environment Agency, within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form IED RTA1, listed in table S4.4, the information specified on the form relating to the site's mass emissions.

4.3 Notifications

4.3.1 In the event:

- (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
 - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
- (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
- (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.
- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1(a)(i), 4.3.1 (b)(i) where the information relates to the breach of a condition specified in the permit, shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.4 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (c) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (d) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.
- 4.3.5 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:
 - (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
 - (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.
- 4.3.6 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.
- 4.3.7 The operator shall inform the Environment Agency in writing of the closure of any LCP within 28 days of the date of closure.

4.4 Interpretation

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.
- 4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made immediately, in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity	Limits of specified activity
AR1	Section 1.1 A(1) (a): Burning any fuel in an appliance with a rated thermal input of 50 megawatts or more.	LCP115: (CCGT operation) Operation of a combined cycle gas turbine and (HRSG) Heat recovery Steam Generator burning natural gas for production of electricity (including partial load and partial bypass operation) and steam. Overall net thermal input 102 MWth	Receipt of natural gas from the national transmission system (NTS) to supply of electricity to the regional transmission network and steam for export. Partial by-pass is limited to a maximum of 50% of the by-pass damper position.
		LCP115: GT (OCGT operation) operation in full by-pass mode of the gas turbine power plant burning natural gas to produce electricity	Receipt of natural gas from the national transmission system (NTS) to supply of electricity to the regional transmission network and steam for export.
			The plant shall be operated in full by-pass mode for <500 hours per year and only for emergency or essential maintenance periods as specified in condition 2.3.6.
		LCP417: three 25MWth package boilers comprising: LCP417-1, LCP417-2 and LCP417-3	Receipt of natural gas from the national transmission system (NTS) to the supply of steam for export.
		Burning natural gas for the production of steam.	
		Overall net thermal input 75 MWth.	
	Directly Associated Activity		
AR2	Water Treatment		From receipt of raw materials to ion exchange and water polishing and discharge to effluent system.

Table S1.2 Operating techniques			
Description	Parts	Date	
		Received	
Application for permit	The responses to questions given in the following sections of the application for the permit: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10 and 2.11	19/12/2001	
Response to Schedule 4 Part 1 Notice	The responses to the following questions of the notice: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7	31/05/2002	
Variation application FP3931MY	The responses to questions given in the following sections of the application for the variation: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 and 1.6	22/01/2007	
Response to regulation 60(1) Notice – request for information dated 31/10/2014	Compliance routes and operating techniques identified in response to notice questions 2 (compliance route), 4 (plant configuration), 5 (net rated thermal input), 6 (MSUL/MSDL), 9 (proposed ELVs), 10 (standby fuel derogations) and 11 (monitoring requirements).	Received 27/03/2015	
Receipt of additional information to the regulation 60(1) Notice - requested by letter dated 20/05/2015	Compliance routes and operating techniques identified in response to notice questions 4 (plant configuration), 5 (net rated thermal input), 6 (MSUL/MSDL), 9 (proposed ELVs) and 11 (monitoring requirements).	30/06/2015	
Receipt of additional information to the regulation 60(1) Notice - requested by email dated 10/11/2015	Compliance routes and operating techniques identified in response to email questions 1 and 2 (proposed ELVs), 3 (net rated thermal input), 7 and 10 (MSUL/MSDL) and 9 (excluding <1500 hour compliance route).	12/11/2015	
Receipt of additional information to the regulation 60(1) Notice	Confirmation of the compliance route chosen for LCP115 and LCP417.	21/12/2015	
Response to regulation 61(1) Notice – request for information dated 01/05/2018	Compliance and operating techniques identified in response to the BAT Conclusions for large combustion plant published on 17th August 2017.	14/11/2018	
Further information received EPR/BK3506IS/V006	Confirmation by email that gas oil will no longer be used as a fuel on site.	03/06/2020	

Table S1.3 Impro	ovement programme requirements	
Reference	Requirement	Date
IC1 (formerly 9.1)	The Operator shall submit written proposals for a baseline noise survey of the installation after commissioning. The survey shall	Complete
	a) identify the main sources of noise and vibration, operational times of the noise and details of the nearest noise sensitive receptors	
	b) compare actual noise emissions against those predicted in the design stage of the project	
	c) include proposals, if appropriate, for noise control techniques and remedial measures	
IC2 (formerly 9.2)	The Operator shall develop a noise management plan taking account of the BAT guidance in section 2.9 of the (General) Sector Guidance note and the Agency Noise Guidance Note IPPC H3	Complete
IC3 (formerly	The Operator shall	Complete
9.3)	a) provide a written site closure plan that considers the aspects described in the Indicative BAT Requirements of section 2.11 of the (General) Sector Guidance	
	b) programme into the site management system a requirement to submit an update of this plan every 5 years, from the date of this permit, to the Agency.	
IC4	For LCPD LCP166 (now LCP115 under IED) and LCP (previously unlabelled, now LCP417 under IED). Annual emissions of dust, sulphur dioxide and oxides of nitrogen including energy usage for the year 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015 shall be submitted to the Environment Agency using form AAE1 via the NERP Registry. If the LPCD LCP was a NERP plant the final quarter submissions shall be provided on the RTA 1 form to the NERP Registry.	Complete
IC5	The Operator shall investigate options to increase the steam demand and reduce the requirement for operation of partial by-pass operation. The Operator shall provide a report with details and conclusions of the investigation in writing to the Environment Agency.	
IC6	The Operator shall submit a report to the Environment Agency for their approval confirming that the standby gas oil tanks any associated pipework/ infrastructure have been decommissioned. This report should include all works to be carried out ensuring minimising risks of pollution, the report should include timelines for the works to be carried out and on approval, shall be carried out to the timelines specified.	6 months from issue of this variation EPR/BK3506I S/V006

Table S1.4 Start-up and Shut-down thresholds				
Emission Point and Unit Minimum start up load Minimum shut-down loa				
Reference				
A1:	22.4 MWe; 70%	22.4 Mwe; 70%		
LCP115 (CCGT operation)	(Load in MW and as percent	(Load in MW and as percent		
A2:	of rated power output (%))	of rated power output (%))		
LCP115 (OCGT operation)				

A3, A4, A5:	7 tph; approx. 25%	7 tph; approx. 25%
LCP417	(Steam flow rate from each boiler, in tonnes per hour and approximate percent of rated thermal output (%))	(Steam flow rate from each boiler, in tonnes per hour and approximate percent of rated thermal output (%))

Table S1.5	Table S1.5 Dry Low NOx effective definition		
Emission Point and Unit Reference	Load in MW and as percent of rated power output (%) or when two of the criteria listed below for the LCP or unit have been met		
A1, A2 LCP115	Load: 22.4 MWe; 44%		

Schedule 2 - Raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels			
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification		
Natural gas	-		

Schedule 3 - Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements shall apply until 16th August 2021 Limits -**Emission** Source **Parameter** Reference Monitoring Monitoring standard or point ref. **These** frequency period & location limits do method not apply during start up or shut down A1, A2 LCP115 Oxides of Monthly Continuous [2] BS EN 14181 60 mg/m³ mean of Gas turbine Nitrogen validated fired on (NO and NO2 hourly natural gas Plant expressed as averages operating NO2) mode [1]: 66 mg/m³ Daily mean Continuous [2] BS EN 14181 1, 2, 4 of validated hourly averages 120 95% of Continuous [2] BS EN 14181 mg/m³ validated hourly averages within a calendar 100 Carbon Continuous [2] BS EN 14181 Monthly mg/m³ mean of Monoxide validated hourly averages 110 Daily mean Continuous [2] BS EN 14181 of validated mg/m³ hourly averages 200 95% of Continuous [2] BS EN 14181 validated mg/m³ hourly averages within a calendar year Sulphur At least every 6 Concentration dioxide months by calculation, as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements shall apply until 16th August 2021 **Parameter** Limits -**Emission** Source Reference Monitoring Monitoring point ref. These frequency standard or period & location limits do method not apply during start up or shut down Oxygen Continuous BS EN 14181 As appropriate to reference Water vapour Continuous BS EN 14181 As appropriate to reference Stack gas Continuous Traceable to temperature national As appropriate standards to reference Stack gas Continuous Traceable to pressure national As appropriate standards to reference A3, A4, A5 LCP417 Oxides of 110 At least every 6 BS EN 14792 nitrogen (NO months mg/m³ Boiler plant and NO₂ fired on expressed as natural gas Plant NO₂) operating mode [1]: Carbon 110 At least every 6 BS EN 15058 2 and 5 monoxide mg/m³ months Sulphur At least every 6 Concentration dioxide months by calculation, as agreed in Dust writing with the Environment Agency Periodic BS EN 14789 Oxygen As appropriate to reference Water vapour Periodic BS EN 14790 As appropriate to reference Stack gas BS EN 16911 volume flow

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements shall apply until $16^{\rm th}$ August 2021

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limits - These limits do not apply during start up or shut down	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
		As required by the Method Implementation Document for BS EN 15259	-	-	Pre-operation and when there is a significant operational change	BS EN 15259
Plant operating mode: [1] 3	LCP115 (complete OCGT operation): Gas turbine fired on natural gas	Oxides of nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂) Sulphur dioxide	No limits set	-	Concentration by calculation, every 2 years	Agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
		Carbon monoxide				

Note [1]: See table S3.1.1

Note [2]: When in partial by-pass mode 4, monitoring of emissions at A1 is used for A2

Table S3.1a Point source emissions to air - emission limits and monitoring requirements shall apply from 17th August 2021

apply from	apply from 17 th August 2021					
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit) - these limits do not apply during start up or shut down	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
A1, A2 Plant operating	LCP115 Gas turbine fired on natural gas	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO2 expressed as NO2)	55mg/m³ DLN effective to baseload [3]	Yearly average	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
mode [1]: 1, 2, 4			60 mg/m³ DLN effective to baseload [3]	Monthly mean of validated hourly averages	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
			DLN effective to baseload [3]	Daily mean of validated hourly averages	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
			66 mg/m ³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload [4]			
			80 mg/m ³ DLN effective to baseload [3]	95% of validated hourly averages within a calendar year	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
		Carbon monoxide	30mg/m³ DLN effective to baseload [3]	Yearly average	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
			DLN effective to baseload [3]	Monthly mean of validated hourly averages	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
			DLN effective to baseload [3]	Daily mean of validated hourly averages	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181

1		<u> </u>		
	110 mg/m ³			
	MSUL/MSDL to baseload [4]			
	DLN effective to baseload [3]	95% of validated hourly averages within a calendar year	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
Sulphur dioxide	-	-	At least every 6 months	Concentration by calculation, as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
Dust	-	-	At least every 6 months	Concentration by calculation, as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
Oxygen	-	-	Continuous As appropriate to reference	BS EN 14181
Flow	-	-	Continuous As appropriate to reference	BS EN 14181
Water vapour	-	-	Continuous As appropriate to reference	BS EN 14181
Stack gas temperature	-	-	Continuous As appropriate to reference	Traceable to national standards

		Stack gas pressure	-	-	Continuous As appropriate to reference	Traceable to national standards
A3, A4, A5	LCP417 Boiler plant fired on natural gas	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO2 expressed as NO2)	100 mg/m ³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload	Yearly average	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
operating mode [1]: 2 and 5		Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO2 expressed as NO2)	100 mg/m ³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload	Monthly mean of validated hourly averages	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
		Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO2 expressed as NO2)	110 mg/m³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload	Daily mean of validated hourly averages	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
		Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO2 expressed as NO2)	200 mg/m ³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload	95% of validated hourly averages within a calendar year	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
		Carbon Monoxide	40mg/m³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload	Yearly average	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
		Carbon monoxide	100 mg/m ³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload	Monthly mean of validated hourly averages	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
		Carbon monoxide	110mg/m³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload 110mg/m³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload	Daily mean of validated hourly averages	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181
		Carbon monoxide	200mg/m³ MSUL/MSDL to baseload	95% of validated hourly averages within a calendar year	Continuous [2]	BS EN 14181

		Sulphur dioxide	38.5mg/m ³	-	At least every 6 months	Concentration by calculation, as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
		Dust	5.5mg/m ³	-	At least every 6 months	Concentration by calculation, as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
		Oxygen	-	-	Periodic As appropriate to reference	BS EN 14789
		Water vapour	-	-	Periodic As appropriate to reference	BS EN 14790
		Stack gas volume flow	-	-	-	BS EN 16911
		As required by the Method Implementation Document for BS EN 15259	-	-	Pre-operation and when there is a significant operational change	BS EN 15259
Plant operating mode: [1]	LCP115 (complete OCGT operation): Gas turbine fired on natural gas;	Oxides of nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	No limits set	-	Concentration by calculation, every 2 years	Agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
3	naturaryas,	Sulphur dioxide				
		Carbon monoxide				

Note [1]: See table S3.1.1

Note [2]: When in partial by-pass mode 4, monitoring of emissions at A1 is used for A2

Note [3]: This ELV applies when DLN is effective throughout the reference period. DLN effective is defined in table S1.5 of this permit.

Note [4]: This ELV applies when the load varies between MSUL/MSDL and base load during the daily reference period. MSUL and MSDL are defined in table S1.4 of this permit.

Operating Plant	Mode of operation [1]	Emission points
GT & HRB	Mode 1 – Normal steam demand; closed cycle (GT & HRB with or without supplementary firing); natural gas fired; normal operation	A1
GT, HRB & Auxiliary	Mode 2 – High steam demand; closed cycle (GT & HRB with or without supplementary firing) plus Auxiliary Boilers; natural gas fired	A1, A3, A4, A5
GT	Mode 3 – Electricity only, no steam: open cycle (GT only); damper position 100% open; natural gas fired; condition 2.3.6 applies	A2
GT & HRB	Mode 4 – Low steam demand; partial load and partial by-pass (maximum damper position 50% open) at low steam demand; natural gas fired; no time restriction	A1 & A2
Auxiliary Boilers	Mode 5 – Auxiliary Boilers fired on natural gas; GT and HRB off-line	A3, A4, A5

Note [1]: In the event the HRB unit is off line with a plant requirement to produce steam and electricity the operator shall notify the Environment Agency.

Table S3.2 Point source er	nissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site	Э
emission limits and monite	oring requirements	

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Concentration limit	Limit (incl. Unit)	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
S1	Trade Effluent Interceptor discharging	Mercury	0.001mg/l	0.1 kg/year	Annual	[1]
to United Utilities Ltd	Cadmium	0.0025mg/l	0.1 kg/year	Annual	[1]	
S2	Surface Water Interceptor discharging	Mercury	0.001mg/l	0.1 kg/year	Annual	[1]
	to United Utilities Ltd sewer	Cadmium	0.0025mg/l	0.1 kg/year	Annual	[1]

Note [1]: By calculation using annual throughput of raw materials and the contamination levels.

Table S3.3 point source emissions to surface water or groundwater			
Location or description of point of measurement	Source	Soakaways	
W1	Steam traps along steam pipeline	Adjacent steam pipeline route to steam users.	

Table S3.4 Annual limits (excluding start up and shut down except where otherwise stated).					
Substance	Medium	Limit		Emission Points	
Oxides of	Air	Assessment year	LCP TNP Limit	LCP115: A1, A2	
nitrogen		01/01/16 and subsequent years until 31/12/19 01/01/20-30/06/20	Emission allowance figure shown in the TNP Register as at 30 April the following year	LCP417: A3, A4, A5	

Table S3.5 Process monitoring requirements				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
LCP 115 and LCP 417	Net total fuel utilisation	After each modification that could significantly affect these parameters	EN Standards or equivalent	-

Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring	g data		
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins
Oxides of nitrogen	A1, A2	Every 3 months	1 January, 1 April, 1 July, 1 October
		Every year	1 January
		Every 2 years	1 January
Carbon monoxide	A1, A2	Every 3 months	1 January, 1 April, 1 July, 1 October
		Every year	1 January
		Every 2 years	1 January
Oxides of nitrogen	A3, A4, A5	Every 3 months	1 January, 1 April, 1 July, 1 October
Carbon monoxide	A3, A4, A5	Every 3 months	1 January, 1 April, 1 July, 1 October
Sulphur dioxide	A1, A2, A3, A4, A5	Every 6 months	1 January, 1 July
Dust	A3, A4, A5	Every 6 months	1 January, 1 July
Mass release of cadmium to sewer	S1	Every 12 months	1 January
Mass release of mercury to sewer	S1	Every 12 months	1 January

Table S4.2 Resource Efficiency Metrics	
Parameter	Units
Electricity Exported	GWhr
Heat Exported	GWhr
Mechanical Power Provided	GWhr
Fossil Fuel Energy Consumption	GWhr
Non-Fossil Fuel Energy Consumption	GWhr
Annual Operating Hours	hr
Water Abstracted from Fresh Water Source	m ³
Water Abstracted from Borehole Source	m ³
Water Abstracted from Estuarine Water Source	m ³
Water Abstracted from Sea Water Source	m ³
Water Abstracted from Mains Water Source	m ³
Gross Total Water Used	m ³
Net Water Used	m ³

Table S4.2 Resource Efficiency Metrics	
Parameter	Units
Hazardous Waste Transferred for Disposal at another installation	t
Hazardous Waste Transferred for Recovery at another installation	t
Non-Hazardous Waste Transferred for Disposal at another installation	t
Non-Hazardous Waste Transferred for Recovery at another installation	t
Waste recovered to Quality Protocol Specification and transferred off-site	t
Waste transferred directly off-site for use under an exemption / position statement	t

Table S4.3 Large Combustion Plant P	erformance parameters for reporting to DEF	RA
Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units
Thermal Input Capacity for each LCP	Annually	MW
Annual Fuel Usage for each LCP	Annually	TJ
Total Emissions to Air of NOx for each LCP	Annually	t
Total Emissions to Air of SO2 for each LCP	Annually	t
Total Emissions to Air of Dust for each LCP	Annually	t
Operating Hours for each LCP	Annually	hr

Table S4.4 R	eporting forms	
Media/ parameter	Reporting format	Agency recipient
Air & Energy	Form IED AR1 $-$ SO ₂ , NO _x and dust mass emission and energy. Form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.(For all LCP's)	National and Area Office
LCP	Form IED HR1 – operating hours. 9For all LCP's) Form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	National and Area Office
Air	Form IED RTA1 – TNP quarterly emissions summary log (For all LCP's under the TNP)	National and Area Office
Air	Form IED CON 1 – continuous monitoring. Form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	Area Office
Air	Form IED CON 2 – continuous monitoring. Form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency (For LCP115)	Area Office
CEMs	Form IED CEM – invalidation Log. Form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	Area Office
Air	Form IED PM1 - discontinuous monitoring and load. Form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency. Only for sites with periodic monitoring requirements.	Area Office
Resource Efficiency	Form REM1 – resource efficiency annual report Form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	National and Area Office

Table S4.4 R	Reporting forms	
Media/ parameter	Reporting format	Agency recipient
Sewer	Form sewer 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	Area Office

Schedule 5 - Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number

Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	
	ny malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, nce not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is pollution
To be notified within 24 hours of o	detection
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	
(b) Notification requirements for t	he breach of a limit

To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below

Emission point reference/ source

Measured value and uncertainty

Date and time of monitoring

Parameter(s)

EPR/BK3506IIS/V007

Limit

	wise specified below
Time periods for notification following detection of a breach	of a limit
Parameter	Notification period
(c) Notification requirements for the detection of any s	gnificant adverse environmental effec
To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected	
Substances(s) detected	
Concentrations of substances detected	
Date of monitoring/sampling	
Part B – to be submitted as soon a Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	s practicable
Any more accurate information on the matters for	s practicable
Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A. Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent	s practicable
notification under Part A. Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment	s practicable
Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A. Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the	s practicable
Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A. Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the	s practicable
Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A. Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.	s practicable

Date

^{*} authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 - Interpretation

"accident" means an accident that may result in pollution.

"Air Quality Risk Assessment" has the meaning given in Annex D of IED Compliance Protocol for Utility Boilers and Gas Turbines.

"application" means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

"authorised officer" means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

"base load" means: (i) as a mode of operation, operating for >4000hrs pa; and (ii) as a load, the maximum load under ISO conditions that can be sustained continuously, i.e. maximum continuous rating.

"Black Start" means the procedure to recover from a total or partial shutdown of the UK Transmission System which has caused an extensive loss of supplies. This entails isolated power stations being started individually and gradually being reconnected to other power stations and substations in order to form an interconnected system again.

"calendar monthly mean" means the value across a calendar month of all validated hourly means.

"CEN" means Commité Européen de Normalisation.

"Combustion Technical Guidance Note" means IPPC Sector Guidance Note Combustion Activities, version 2.03 dated 27th July 2005 published by Environment Agency.

"commissioning" means testing of the installation that involves any operation of a Large Combustion Plant referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 or as agreed with the Environment Agency.

"daily average" means the average over a period of 24 hours of validated hourly averages obtained by continuous measurements. Only include the daily average definition where CEMS is in place on site.

"disposal" means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"DLN" means dry, low NO_x burners.

"emergency plant" means a plant which operates for the sole purpose of providing power at a site during an onsite emergency and/or during a black start and which does not provide balancing services or demand side response services.

"emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits" means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission or background concentration limit.

"emissions to land" includes emissions to groundwater.

"Energy efficiency" means the annual net plant energy efficiency, the value for which is calculated from the operational data collected over the year.

"EP Regulations" means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

"groundwater" means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

"Industrial Emissions Directive" means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions.

"large combustion plant" or "LCP" is a combustion plant or group of combustion plants discharging waste gases through a common windshield or stack, where the total thermal input is 50 MW or more, based on net

calorific value. The calculation of thermal input, excludes individual combustion plants with a rated thermal input below 15MW.

"MCERTS" means the Environment Agency's Monitoring Certification Scheme.

"MCR" means maximum continuous rating.

"MSDL" means minimum shut-down load as defined in Implementing Decision 2012/249/EU.

"MSUL" means minimum start-up load as defined in Implementing Decision 2012/249/EU.

"Natural gas" means naturally occurring methane with no more than 20% by volume of inert or other constituents.

"ncv" means net calorific value.

"Net total fuel utilisation" means the ratio between the net produced energy minus the imported electrical and/or thermal energy and the fuel energy input at the combustion unit boundary over a given period of time. For a combustion unit.

"non-emergency plant" means a plant which provides balancing services or demand side response services.

"operational hours" are whole hours commencing from the first unit ending start up and ending when the last unit commences shut down.

"quarter" means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

"recovery" means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"SI" means site inspector.

"Standby fuel" means alternative liquid fuels that are used in emergency situations when the gas fuel which is normally used, is not available.

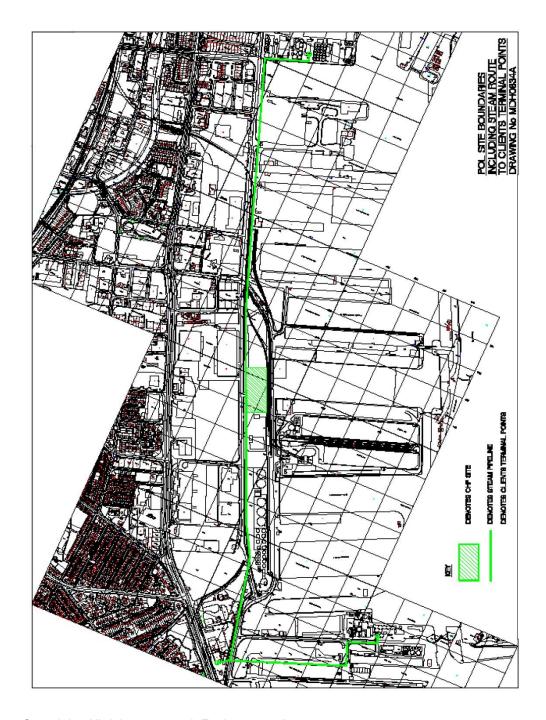
"TNP Register" means the register maintained by the Environment Agency in accordance with regulation 4 of Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from gas turbine or compression ignition engine combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3kPa and with an oxygen content of 15% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from combustion processes comprising a gas turbine with a waste heat boiler, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3kPa and with an oxygen content of 15% dry, unless the waste heat boiler is operating alone, in which case, with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.

"year" means calendar year ending 31 December.

"yearly average" means the average over a period of one year of validated hourly averages obtained by continuous measurements.

Schedule 7 – Site plan



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END OF PERMIT