



Department
for Environment
Food & Rural Affairs



26th March 2020

This notice replaces the notice published at 9.30am 26th March 2020, revisions have been made to estimates for Northern Ireland.

Usage of milk by dairies in the United Kingdom – February 2020

This release shows the latest monthly information on the volume of milk used by dairies in the United Kingdom for the production of a range of milk products.

The key results for February 2020 are given below:

- In February, UK dairies processed 1,102 million litres of milk. The 12 month rolling average up to February saw a 0.1% increase on the milk processed compared to the 12 months to January (Figures 1 and 4).
- Production of liquid milk, which remains relatively constant around 500-550 million litres per month, fell 4.2% to 524 million litres in February. The 12 month rolling average up to February saw a 0.6% increase in liquid milk, a 0.5% increase in butter and a 0.2% decrease in cheese production compared to the 12 months to January (Figures 1 and 4).
- Cheese production continues to be the largest manufactured product (Figure 2) with cheddar the most popular cheese by far (Figure 3).

Enquiries on this publication to:

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Figure 1: Monthly milk use: liquid milk and other products: (million litres)

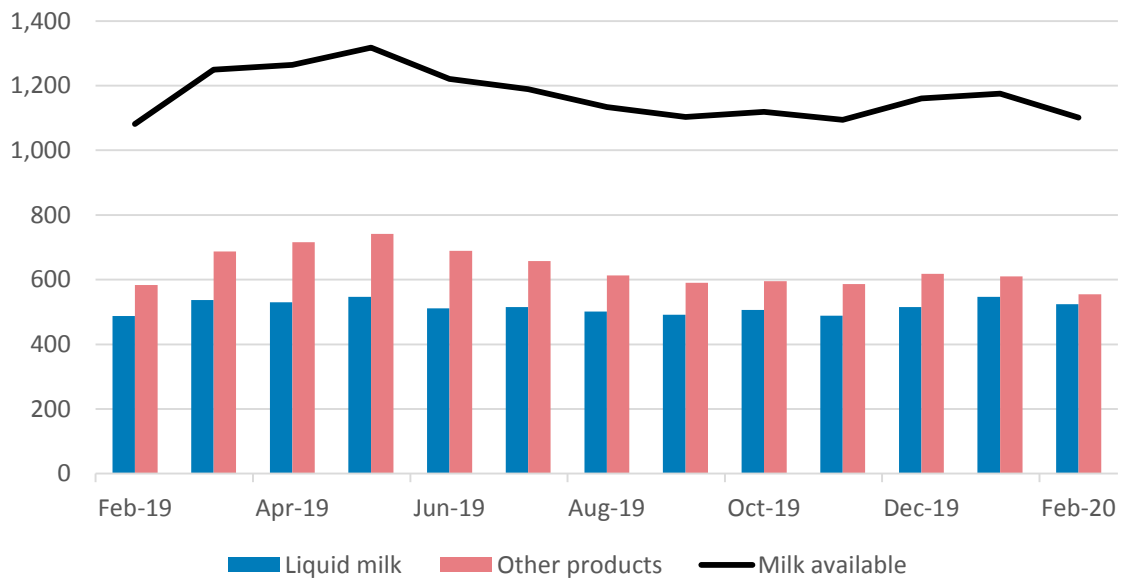


Figure 2: Milk use by product, excluding liquid milk (million litres)

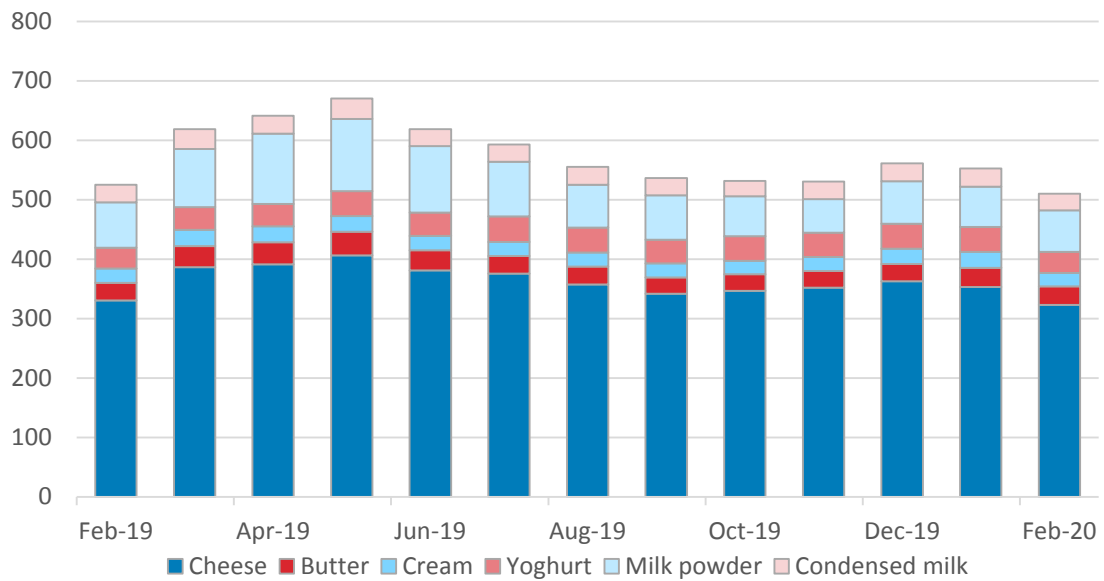


Figure 3: Monthly utilisation of milk by cheese type (million litres)

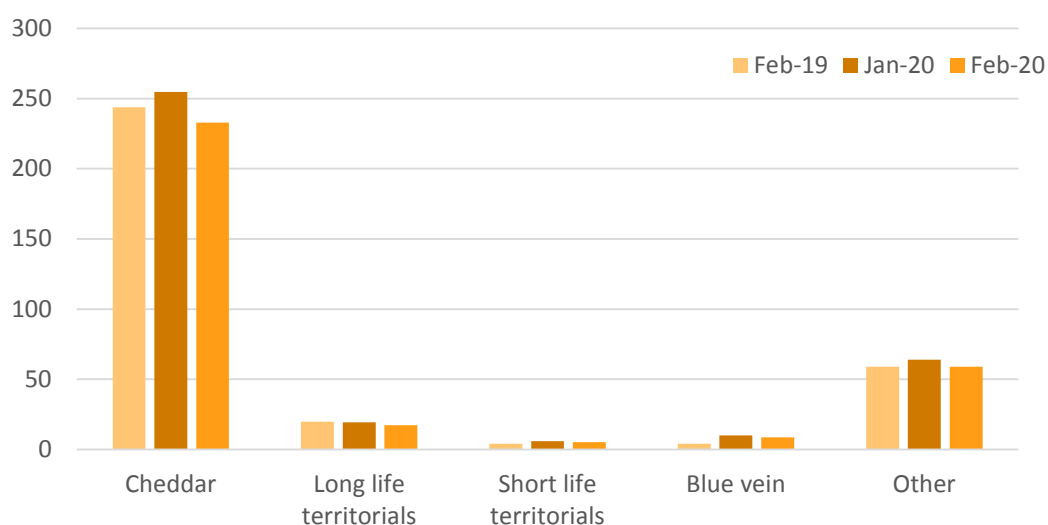


Figure 4: Use of milk at UK processors

	Monthly total			12 month rolling average to		
	Jan-20	Feb-20		Jan-19	Feb-20	
Milk available to processors (million litres)	1,175	1,102	-6.2%	1,176	1,178	0.1%
Liquid milk production (million litres)	547	524	-4.2%	515	518	0.6%
Cheese production ('000 tonnes)	37.6	34.4	-8.7%	38.9	38.8	-0.2%
Butter production ('000 tonnes)	15.7	15.3	-2.7%	15.5	15.6	0.5%
Milk powder production ('000 tonnes)	7.0	7.0	0.9%	8.7	8.7	-0.6%

The next monthly release will be published at 09:30 on 30th April 2020.

Full UK and England/Wales time series of milk utilisation, production of milk products (butter, cheese etc.) and import/export volumes of milk products are all available on the gov.uk website at ["Milk utilisation by dairies"](#)

Revisions, data users, methodology and notes

National Statistics status

National Statistics status means that our statistics meet the highest standards of trustworthiness, quality and public value, and it is our responsibility to maintain compliance with these standards.

The statistics last underwent a full assessment [[Assessment Report 271 Statistics on Agriculture](#)] against the [Code of Practice for Statistics in 2014](#).

Since the latest review by the Office for Statistics Regulation, we have continued to comply with the Code of Practice for Statistics and have enhanced data quality by reviewing methodologies and data sources.

Revisions

Data for Northern Ireland from January 2019 is estimated. Revisions have been made to data from Scotland affecting UK data from January 2019.

Figures in this release are provisional and subject to revision. We will provide information about any revisions we make to previously published information in this statistics release, and the associated datasets. Revisions could occur for various reasons, including:

- if we have not received survey data from respondents we make an estimate based on their previous returns. These estimates are replaced with actual figures when they are received.
- survey respondents occasionally supply amended figures for previous periods.
- Estimates have been used for some companies while awaiting clarification on data.

Data users

Users of the milk utilisation data include the EU Commission where the statistics are required monthly under Council Directive 96/16EC (and subsequent amendments). Detailed information on this legislation and successive amendments are available at: [European Commission legislation](#) European level statistics on the milk industry are available at: [European Commission statistics](#)

The milk utilisation statistics accompany another Defra monthly publication on farm gate milk prices (this is available at <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/uk-milk-prices-and-composition-of-milk>) which shows the prices paid to milk producers by dairies. This data, alongside the milk utilisation data, gives a comprehensive overview of the UK milk market and is used heavily by the dairy industry, in particular the division of the Agriculture and Horticulture Development Board (AHDB) known as DairyCo (who represent milk producers) and Dairy UK (who represent milk processors). DairyCo consider the price and utilisation statistics vital for assessing market trends and to carry out further analysis on how changing prices affect the sector. Milk utilisation data provides insight into market characteristics and to monitor where milk is being used for domestic production. It provides insight to how production of products (such as butter, cheese etc.) changes in response to changes in global demand and market conditions.

Milk utilisation statistics are also used heavily by the British Cheese Board to monitor volumes of national cheese production over time.

The information in this release is also used by the UK government as evidence for assessing market conditions and evaluating agricultural policy. Other users include academia and the general public.

Contact details are available on the front page of this release, for you to send feedback or ask questions about the information provided.

Methodology

E&W statistics presented in this dataset are from the monthly survey of milk availability and usage by dairies in England and Wales. It is a voluntary sample survey with the largest 34 dairies sampled monthly and an additional 20 dairies surveyed quarterly (the quarterly data is apportioned into monthly data for the relevant 3 month period). The response rate is regularly 100%.

These 54 dairies cover approximately 90% of the total milk available for processing (based on the long term comparison with RPA volume data) so the survey data is raised to 100% of milk delivered to dairies in England and Wales.

UK results are derived as a sum of the survey results from England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland. Similar surveys are run by the Scottish Government and the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA) for Northern Ireland. Northern Ireland results are available at: <https://www.daera-ni.gov.uk/articles/milk-utilisation-statistics> Data for Scotland are not available separately due to confidentiality reasons. Scottish Government publications are available at <http://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Agriculture-Fisheries/Publications>

The wholesale production figures (e.g. for butter and cheese) are estimated from the volume of milk used for each production and compared to conversion factors advised by the dairy industry. Conversion factors can be variable and fluctuate on a monthly basis so average conversion factors have been used for calculating production volumes. These are shown in

Table A below:

Table A: Conversion factors: litres of milk to produce 1 kg of product

Product	Conversion factor (litres/kg)
Butter (from Cream)	2.04
Cheddar	9.5
Other Long Life Territorials	9.2
Short life Territorials	8.1
Blue vein	9.1
Mozarella	9.8
Cottage cheese /Fromage frais	3.6
Soft cheese	8
Non-specified cheese	9.7
Condensed Milk	2.7
Milk Powder (from Whole milk)	8.5
Milk Powder (from Skim milk)	10.1
Milk Powder (from Cream)	12.3
Cream (from cream)	1
Yoghurt	1.1

The data are subject to a variety of validation checks, which identify inconsistencies in the data. All data are cleaned prior to publication in discussion with the survey respondents.