## **Public Health** England

# **National Ambulance**

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

26 February 2020		Year: 2020 Week: 8
In This Issue:	Key messages	Data to: 23 February 2020
Key messages		
Syndromic indicators at a glance	Nothing new to report during week 8.	
Data summary		
Indicators by syndrome:		
Total syndromic calls		
Breathing problems		
Heat/cold exposure		
Falls/ back injuries -	A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November t England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Sy impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during	yndromic Surveillance Team will be monitoring the

Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): 1 Winter preparedness

### Syndromic indicators at a glance:

	Indicator	Calls*	<b>Trend</b> <sup>†</sup>	Level <sup>‡</sup>
Breathing problems		13,252	decrease	similar to baseline levels
Heat/ cold exposure		60	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Falls/ back injuries - traumatic		13,236	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Cardiac	Cardiac/ respiratory arrest	2,042	no trend	above baseline levels
	Chest pain	11,549	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Overdose/ ingestion/ poisoning		4,381	increase	above baseline levels
Unconscious/ passing out		7,549	no trend	similar to baseline levels

\* Number of syndromic calls received by PHE in the reporting week

<sup>†</sup> Trend is defined as the overall activity over the last few weeks

<sup>‡</sup> Current activity in comparison to historical baselines, which have been constructed using data from 1 January 2018

	Day	Trusts*	Week 8
nic	Monday	10	15,290
er of	Tuesday	10	14,497
e ta is	Wednesday	10	14,569
lletin.	Thursday	10	14,395
	Friday	10	14,585
	Saturday	10	14,541
	Sunday	10	14,764
	Total	(max) 10	102,641

\* Ambulance Trusts (England) submitting daily syndromic surveillance data included in report

traumatic

Cardiac/ respiratory arrest

Chest pain

Overdose/ ingestion/ poisoning

Unconscious/ passing out

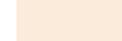
Introduction to charts

Notes and further information

Acknowledgements

#### Data summary:

Daily total syndrom counts and numbe English ambulance trusts for which data included in this bull



**X** 

Public Health England

calls.

26 February 2020

1: Total syndromic

The total number of

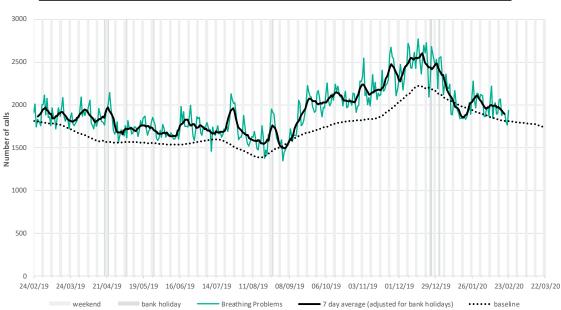
syndromic calls recorded each day, all

ages, England.



#### 2: Breathing problems.

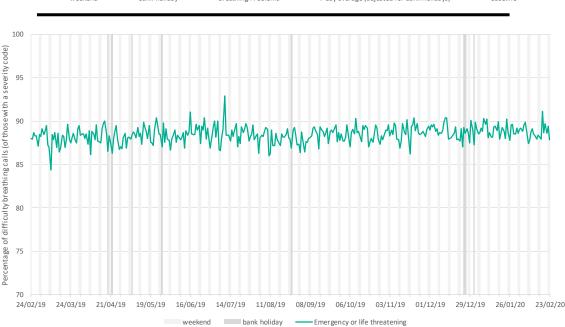
Daily number of calls related to 'breathing problems', England.



#### 2a: Breathing problems: severity of illness.

Percentage of daily breathing problems calls categorised as emergency or life threatening.

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



## Ambulance

#### 26 February 2020

#### 3: Heat/cold exposure.

Daily number of calls related to 'heat/ cold exposure, England.

#### 4: Falls/ back injury traumatic.

3000

2500

Number of calls 12000 12000

1000

500

0

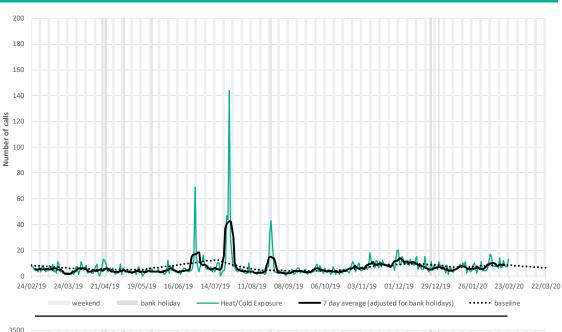
weekend

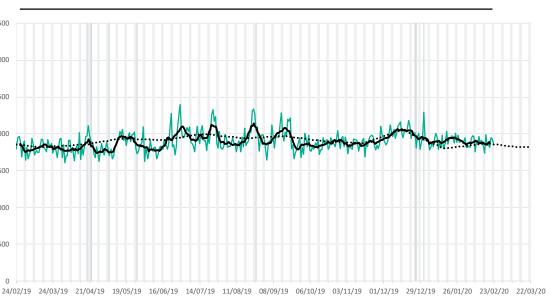
weekend

bank holiday

bank holiday

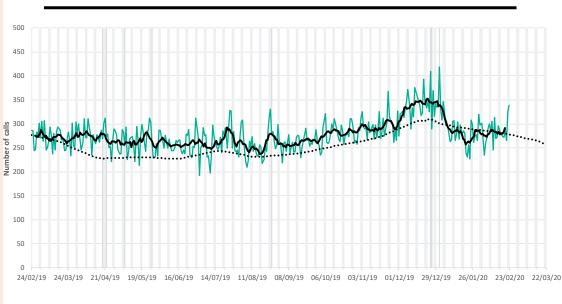
Daily number of calls related to 'falls/ back injury - traumatic', England.





#### 5: Cardiac/respiratory arrest.

Daily number of calls related to 'cardiac/ respiratory arrest', England.



- Falls/Back Injuries - Traumatic

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

## Ambulance

Week:

8

Year: 2020

7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays)
 •••••• baseline

Cardiac/Respiratory Arrest 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays) ••••• baseline

#### 26 February 2020

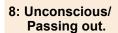
2500

#### 6: Chest pain.

Daily number of calls related to 'chest pain', England.

#### 7: Overdose/ ingestion/ poisoning.

Daily number of calls related to 'overdose/ ingestion/ poisoning', England.



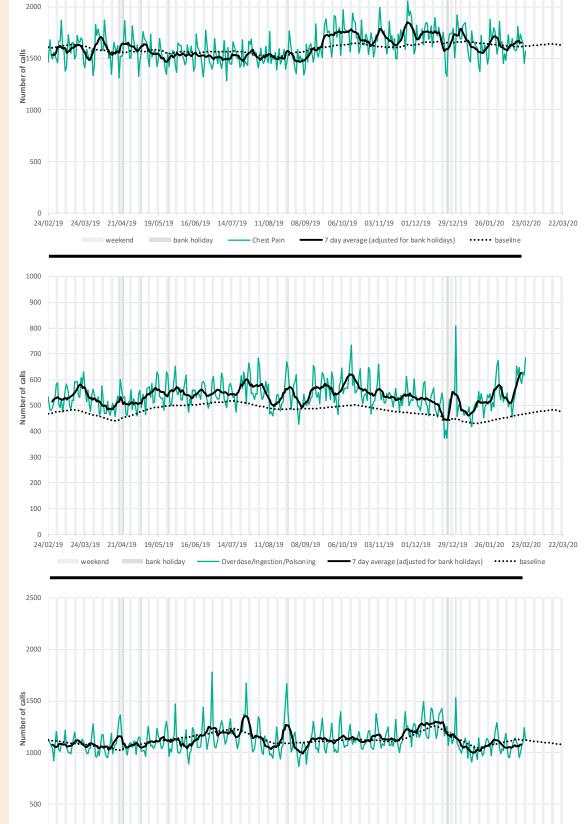
Daily number of calls related to 'unconscious', England.

\* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

0

weekend

bank holiday



24/02/19 24/03/19 21/04/19 19/05/19 16/06/19 14/07/19 11/08/19 08/09/19 06/10/19 03/11/19 01/12/19 29/12/19 26/01/20 23/02/20 22/03/20

.

7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays)

Unconscious/Passing Out

Week:

Year: 2020

••••• baseline

## Ambulance

26 February 2020	Year: 2020 Week: 8					
Introduction to charts:	• A 7-day moving average (adjusted for bank holidays) is overlaid on the daily data reported in each chart, unless specified.					
	Baselines have been constructed using historical data since 1 January 2018.					
	<ul> <li>National ambulance syndromic surveillance (NASS) call data are analysed by the Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team (ReSST) on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each syndromic surveillance system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly o is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team</li> </ul>					
Notes and further						
information:	<ul> <li>Coverage:</li> <li>Total syndromic calls includes all calls where the chief presenting complaint can be mapped to one of the syndromic indicators monitored by Public Health England.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Some indicators are not routinely presented in this report.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Total syndromic calls is lower than the total number of calls received by ambulance trusts.</li> </ul>					
	Description of included NASS indicators:					
	Breathing Problems: persons finding it difficult to breathe.					
	<ul> <li>Heat/Cold Exposure: heat or cold exposure.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Falls/Back Injuries - traumatic: persons falling or having a back injury.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Cardiac/Respiratory Arrest: persons who have stopped or have ineffective breathing or/and no pulse.</li> </ul>					
	Chest Pain: persons experiencing chest pain or chest discomfort.					
	<ul> <li>Overdose/Ingestion/Poisoning: overdoses, ingestion of a substance or poisoning.</li> </ul>					
	Unconscious/Passing out: persons who are unconscious, not alert or fainting.					
Acknowledgements:	We would like to thank:					
	•North East, North West, Yorkshire, East Midlands, West Midlands, East of England, London, South East Coast, South Central, and South Western NHS Ambulance Trusts for submitting anonymised, daily data to the National Ambulance Syndromic Surveillance system					
	<ul> <li>The Association of Ambulance Chief Executives for their support in establishing this system.</li> </ul>					
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Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses