



Total Income from Farming in the United Kingdom

Forecast for 2018

This release presents a forecast for Total Income from Farming (TIFF) for the United Kingdom for 2018. This is an early estimate produced to meet a requirement by the European Commission before all data for the 2018 calendar year is available. It is subject to a degree of forecasting and estimation and as a result cannot be produced with the same statistical reliability as later estimates which are to be published in May 2019 (first estimate for 2018) and November 2019 (second estimate for 2018).

Total Income from Farming is the total profit from all UK farming businesses on a calendar year basis. It measures the return to all entrepreneurs for their management, labour and capital invested.

Total Income from Farming

The forecasts for 2018 compared to 2017 are:

- Total Income from Farming is expected to be £4,850 million, a decrease of £861 million (-15%).
- Agriculture is expected to contribute £9,684 million to the national economy (Gross Value Added), a decrease of £601 million (-6%).

The main drivers of these changes are:

- An increase of £349 million (1%) in gross output.
 - Crop output value is estimated to have fallen by 1% to £9,162 million. The hot, dry summer contributed to lower yields of key crops. Price increases failed to offset this fall in production.
 - The value of livestock output is estimated to have risen by 3% to £14,843 million. Whilst prices were generally slightly higher the extreme weather affected volumes. The exceptionally cold spring disrupted lambing and the wet spring followed by the hot, dry summer led to poor grass and fodder growth which contributed to slightly lower milk production and difficulties feeding livestock.
- The value of intermediate consumption is forecast to have risen by 6% to £16,769 million driven by rising fuel, feed and fertiliser costs.

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Table 1 - Aggregate Agricultural Accounts: Production and income account United Kingdom

£ million (current prices)				Cale	endar years
	2016	2017	2018	Change 17-18	% Change 17-18
1 Output of cereals	2 423	2 966			
2 Output of industrial crops	859	1 197			
3 Output of forage plants	201	205			
4 Output of vegetables and horticultural products	2 699	2 807			
5 Output of potatoes (including seeds)	789	863			
6 Output of fruit	698	759			
7 Output of other crop products incl. seeds	502	444			
Total crop output (sum 1-7)	8 172	9 241	9 162	- 79	-1%
8 Output of livestock	8 753	9 369			
9 Output of livestock products	4 013	5 096			
Total livestock output (8+9)	12 765	14 465	14 843	+ 379	+3%
10 Other agricultural activities	1 091	1 138			
11 Inseparable non-agricultural activities	1 200	1 215			
12 Output (at market prices) (sum 1 to 11)	23 228	26 058			
13 Total subsidies (less taxes) on product	42	46			
14 Gross output at basic prices (12+13)	23 270	26 105	26 453	+ 349	+1%
Intermediate consumption					
15 Seeds	733	733			
16 Energy	1 132	1 242			
17 Fertilisers	1 259	1 219			
18 Plant protection products	953	984			
19 Veterinary expenses	453	462			
20 Animal feed	4 483	5 104			
21 Total maintenance	1 552	1 580			
22 Agricultural services	1 091	1 138			
23 FISIM	104	127			
24 Other goods and services	3 138	3 231			
25 Total intermediate consumption	44.000	4 5 0 4 0	40 700		
(sum 15 to 24)	14 898	15 819	16769	+ 950	+6%
26 Gross value added at market prices (12-25)	8 330	10 239	9 637	- 602	-6%
27 Gross value added at basic prices (14-25)	8 372	10 285	9 684	- 601	-6%
28 Total consumption of Fixed Capital	4 055	4 122			
29 Net value added at market prices (26-28)	4 275	6 117			
30 Net value added at basic prices (27-28)	4 317	6 163			
31 Other taxes on production	- 93	- 95			
32 Other subsidies on production	3 169	3 274			
33 Net value added at factor cost (30+31+32)	7 392	9 342			
34 Compensation of employees	2 530	2 644			
35 Rent	574	574			
36 Interest	424	412			
37 Total income from farming (33-34-35-36)	3 865	5 711	4 850	- 861	-15%

Individual farm accounts items have not been published due the level of estimation involved in producing these forecast figures

Accuracy and reliability of results

These early forecasts for production and outputs are largely based on survey results and administrative information available up to early October applying the relative change over 12 months to these aggregated data. Most intermediate consumption and other costs use modelling techniques and are derived from price data and estimates of volume changes based on professional advice.

A level of estimation is necessary for variables where no market information is available. As a result the data cannot be produced with the same statistical reliability as later estimates which are published in May 2019 (first estimate for 2018) and November 2019 (second estimate for 2018).

These forecasts are subject to a margin of error reflecting the fact that Total Income from Farming is sensitive to small percentage changes in the values of outputs and intermediate consumption. Small percentage changes in either can result in large percentage changes in Gross Value Added and Total Income from Farming.

User engagement

As part of our ongoing commitment to compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics (http://www.statisticsauthority.gov.uk/assessment/code-of-practice/index.html), we wish to strengthen our engagement with users of these statistics and better understand the use made of them and the types of decisions that they inform. Consequently, we invite users to make themselves known, to advise us of the use they do, or might, make of these statistics, and what their wishes are in terms of engagement. Feedback on this notice and enquiries about these statistics are also welcome.