

National Ambulance

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

Data to: 13 October 2019

16 October 2019 Year: 2019 Week: 41

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Key messages

During week 41 breathing problem calls remained stable, but above baseline levels (figure 2).

Syndromic indicators at a glance:

| | Indicator | Calls* | Trend [†] | Level [‡] |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Breathing problems | | 14,401 | no trend | above baseline levels |
| Heat/ cold exposure | | 26 | no trend | similar to baseline levels |
| Falls/ back injuries - traumatic | | 12,436 | no trend | similar to baseline levels |
| Cardiac | Cardiac/ respiratory arrest | 1,928 | no trend | above baseline levels |
| | Chest pain | 12,007 | no trend | above baseline levels |
| Overdose/ ingestion/ poisoning | | 4,149 | increasing | above baseline levels |
| Unconscious/ passing out | | 7,747 | no trend | similar to baseline levels |

^{*} Number of syndromic calls received by PHE in the reporting week

Data summary:

Daily total syndromic counts and number of English ambulance trusts for which data is included in this bulletin.

| Day | Trusts* | Week 41 |
|-----------|----------|---------|
| Monday | 10 | 14,903 |
| Tuesday | 10 | 14,927 |
| Wednesday | 10 | 14,616 |
| Thursday | 9 | 13,835 |
| Friday | 10 | 15,287 |
| Saturday | 10 | 15,568 |
| Sunday | 10 | 15,496 |
| Total | (max) 10 | 104,632 |

^{*} Ambulance Trusts (England) submitting daily syndromic surveillance data included in report

[†] Trend is defined as the overall activity over the last few weeks

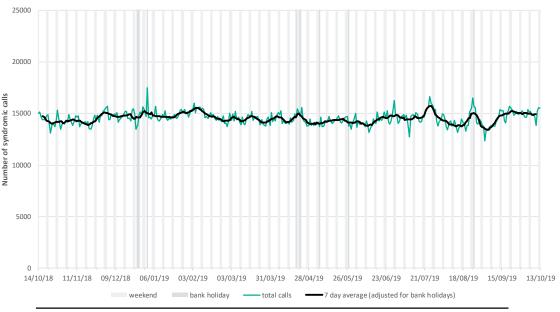
[‡] Current activity in comparison to historical baselines, which have been constructed using data from 1 January 2018



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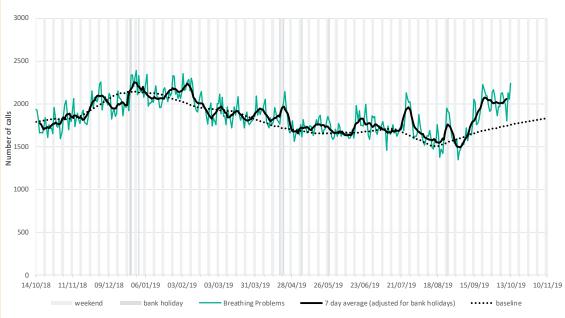
1: Total syndromic calls.

The total number of syndromic calls recorded each day, all ages, England.



2: Breathing problems.

Daily number of calls related to 'breathing problems', England.



2a: Breathing problems: severity of illness.

Percentage of daily breathing problems calls categorised as emergency or life threatening.



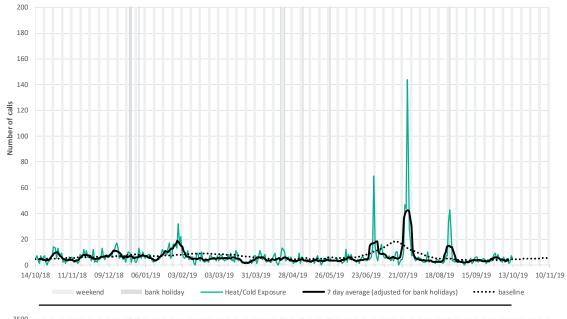
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



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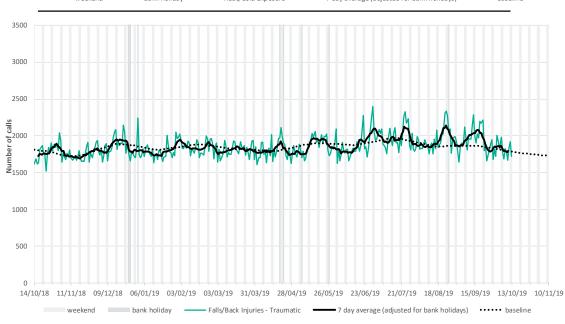
3: Heat/cold exposure.

Daily number of calls related to 'heat/ cold exposure, England.



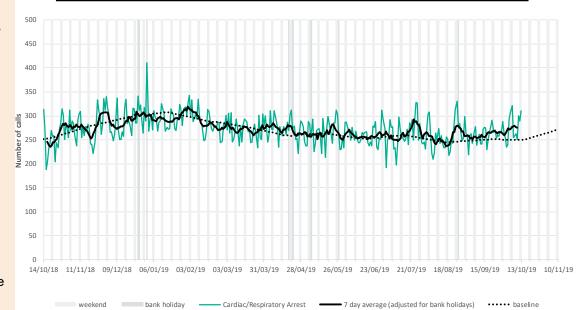
4: Falls/ back injury - traumatic.

Daily number of calls related to 'falls/ back injury - traumatic', England.



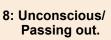
5: Cardiac/respiratory arrest.

Daily number of calls related to 'cardiac/ respiratory arrest', England.



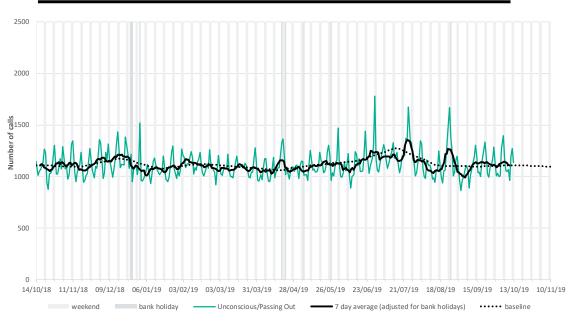
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

Ambulance Public Health England 16 October 2019 Year: 2019 Week: 2500 6: Chest pain. Daily number of calls 2000 related to 'chest pain', England. Number of calls 1000 500 $14/10/18 \quad 11/11/18 \quad 09/12/18 \quad 06/01/19 \quad 03/02/19 \quad 03/03/19 \quad 31/03/19 \quad 28/04/19 \quad 26/05/19 \quad 23/06/19 \quad 21/07/19 \quad 18/08/19 \quad 15/09/19 \quad 13/10/19 \quad 10/11/19 \quad 21/07/19 \quad 21/07/19$ 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays) ••••• baseline bank holiday Chest Pain 1000 7: Overdose/ 900 ingestion/ poisoning. 800 Daily number of calls 700 related to 'overdose/ Number of calls ingestion/poisoning', England.



Daily number of calls related to 'unconscious', England.

400 300



14/10/18 11/11/18 09/12/18 06/01/19 03/02/19 03/03/19 31/03/19 28/04/19 26/05/19 23/06/19 21/07/19 18/08/19 15/09/19 13/10/19 10/11/19

^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



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Introduction to charts:

- A 7-day moving average (adjusted for bank holidays) is overlaid on the daily data reported in each chart, unless specified.
- Baselines have been constructed using historical data since 1 January 2018.
- National ambulance syndromic surveillance (NASS) call data are analysed by the Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team (ReSST) on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each syndromic surveillance system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team

Notes and further information:

Coverage:

- Total syndromic calls includes all calls where the chief presenting complaint can be mapped to one of the syndromic indicators monitored by Public Health England.
- Some indicators are not routinely presented in this report.
- Total syndromic calls is lower than the total number of calls received by ambulance trusts.

Description of included NASS indicators:

- Breathing Problems: persons finding it difficult to breathe.
- Heat/Cold Exposure: heat or cold exposure.
- Falls/Back Injuries traumatic: persons falling or having a back injury.
- Cardiac/Respiratory Arrest: persons who have stopped or have ineffective breathing or/and no pulse.
- Chest Pain: persons experiencing chest pain or chest discomfort.
- Overdose/Ingestion/Poisoning: overdoses, ingestion of a substance or poisoning.
- Unconscious/Passing out: persons who are unconscious, not alert or fainting.

Acknowledgements:

We would like to thank:

- North East, North West, Yorkshire, East Midlands, West Midlands, East of England, London, South East Coast, South Central, and South Western NHS Ambulance Trusts for submitting anonymised, daily data to the National Ambulance Syndromic Surveillance system
- The Association of Ambulance Chief Executives for their support in establishing this system.

Contact ReSST: syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk

National Ambulance Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin.

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