



Provisional Road Traffic Estimates Great Britain: July 2018 - June 2019

Provisional estimates show motor vehicles travelled 328.3 billion vehicle miles in Great Britain for the year ending June 2019.

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Key Findings

Compared to the year ending June 2018, in the year ending June 2019:

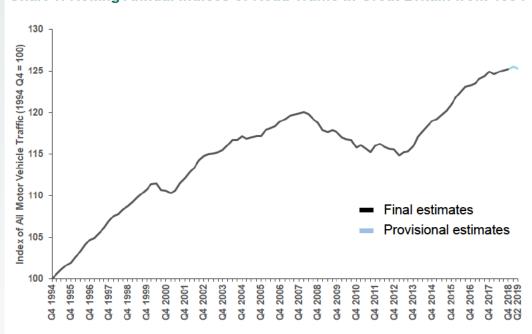
- ► All motor vehicle traffic remained broadly stable (increasing slightly by 0.3%).
- ► Car traffic increased by 0.9% to 256.3 billion vehicle miles.
- ▶ Van and lorry traffic decreased by 1.2% and 1.3%, respectively.
- ► Traffic on motorways remained broadly stable (increasing slightly by 0.4%). Traffic on 'A' roads increased by 1.2% and decreased on minor roads by 0.9%.

About provisional traffic estimates

This release presents provisional estimates for road traffic in Great Britain for July 2018 to June 2019. Provisional estimates are published quarterly and remain provisional until after they have been constrained by the final annual estimates each year. These provisional estimates are based on traffic data collected continuously from a network of around 300 automatic traffic counters. Final annual figures also incorporate manual traffic count data.

Traffic shows a seasonal pattern at the national level, being highest in summer and lowest in winter. This publication focuses on rolling annual traffic totals, which better illustrate medium and long term trends in traffic.

Chart 1: Rolling Annual Indices of Road Traffic in Great Britain from 1994



Compared to the last quarter's rolling annual figures (for the year ending March 2019), in the year ending June 2019 overall traffic levels remained similar. See the summary figures section on page 2 for more information.

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Summary Figures

The summary table below shows how vehicle traffic in the year ending June 2019 compares to that in the year ending March 2019, and across a range of earlier years. More information on our provisional estimates, along with our <u>TRA25</u> series of provisional traffic estimate tables, can be found online <u>here</u>.

		Percentage change from												
⇔ is used for negligible changes, defined as:	Vehicle Miles (Provisional)		Quarter visional)		_ast /ear		e Years Ago		Years Ago		venty irs Ago			
0.5% or less for 0-5 years 5% or less for 10 years and over	Year ending Jun 2019		ending r 2019		ending 2018		r ending n 2014		ending 2009		r ending n 1999			
All Motor Vehicle Traffic	328.3 billion	⇔	-0.2%	\Leftrightarrow	0.3%	0	6.5%	0	6.5%	0	14.1%			
Cars and Taxis	256.3 billion	⇔	0.1%	0	0.9%	0	5.4%	\Leftrightarrow	5.0%	0	10.2%			
Light Commercial Vehicles (Vans, or LCV)	50.4 billion	O	-0.9%	0	-1.2%	0	15.0%	0	23.0%	0	58.0%			
Heavy Goods Vehicles (Lorries, or HGV)	16.9 billion	O	-0.9%	0	-1.3%	0	6.0%	\Leftrightarrow	-0.2%	\Leftrightarrow	-2.6%			
Motorways	68.4 billion	⇔	-0.1%	\Leftrightarrow	0.4%	0	7.5%	0	12.1%	0	28.0%			
'A' Roads	149.7 billion	⇔	0.0%	0	1.2%	0	8.5%	0	8.3%	0	13.5%			
Minor Roads	110.2 billion	⇔	-0.4%	U	-0.9%	0	3.2%	\Leftrightarrow	1.1%	0	7.8%			

About Rolling Annual Figures

Rolling annual comparisons provide insightful evidence into the nature of road traffic in Great Britain.

(2) Year ending March 2019

(3) Year ending June 2018

(1) Year ending June 2019

Apr May Jun Jul	Aug :	Sep C	Oct No	v Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
2017							20	18								20	19					
Final estim	ates			Provi	siona	al es	timat	es														

Comparison with the previous quarter: (1) against (2) Comparison with the previous year: (1) against (3)

All motor vehicle traffic remained broadly stable in the first and second comparison (decrease of 0.2% and increase of 0.3%, respectively).

Note that (3) contains data from February and March 2018 when there were adverse weather conditions, including the "Beast from the East".

Vehicle Type

Provisional estimates indicate that van and lorry traffic decreased over the last year, and car traffic increased.

In the year ending June 2019:



Car and taxi traffic increased by 0.9% to 256.3 billion vehicle miles (bvm) compared to the year ending June 2018. Car traffic rolling annual estimates were similar with those for the year ending March 2019.



Van traffic decreased by 1.2% to 50.4 bvm compared to the year ending June 2018. There has been a slow down in the growth of van traffic over the last two years.



Lorry traffic decreased by 1.3% to 16.9 bvm compared to the year ending June 2018.

Long term trends

Over the last 20 years, traffic has changed at varying rates across vehicle types:

All Motor 14.1%



10.2%

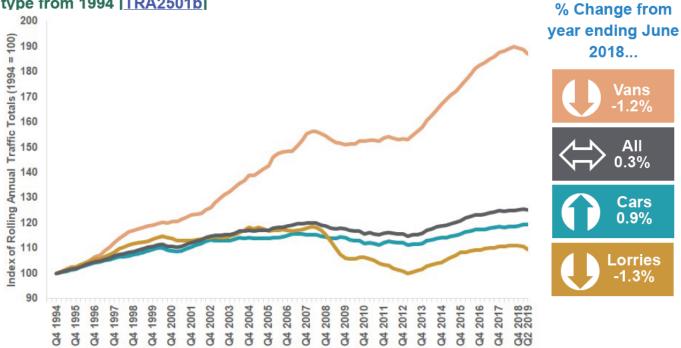


6 58.0%



⇔ -2.6%

Chart 2: Rolling annual index of road traffic in Great Britain, by vehicle type from 1994 ITRA2501b1



Share of traffic by vehicle type, in the year ending June 2019













Road Type

Provisional estimates indicate that traffic increased on 'A' roads and decreased on minor roads. Traffic remained broadly stable on motorways.

Compared to the year ending June 2018, in the year ending June 2019:

- Motorway traffic increased slightly by 0.4% to 68.4 bvm.
- 'A' road traffic increased by 1.2% to 149.7 bvm.
- Minor road traffic decreased by 0.9% to 110.2 bvm.

Long term trends over the last 20 years

Levels have changed at varying rates across road types.

All Road 14.1% Types



Rural 'A' 1 24.6%

Rural minor 1 18.6%

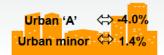
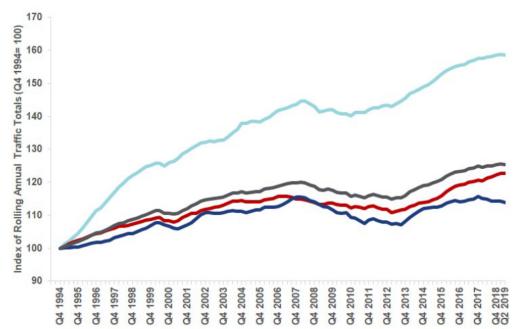


Chart 3: Rolling annual index of road traffic in Great Britain by road type from 1994 [TRA2502b]



% Change from year ending June 2018...

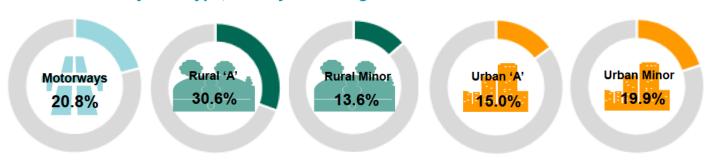




'A' roads 1.2%



Share of traffic by road type, in the year ending June 2019



Glossary

	Term	Definition
	Billion	A thousand million
	bvm	Billion vehicle miles
	Great Britain	England, Wales, and Scotland
	Index Number	Comparing changes over time from a selected base year, often across multiple indicators where they cannot be directly compared
	Q1	Quarter 1: 1st January to 31st March. Similar for other quarters
	Traffic	Total distance travelled by vehicles, combining the number of vehicles on the road and how far they drive
	Vehicle miles	The units that traffic is measured in. Three vehicles travelling for four miles each would account for 12 vehicle miles worth of traffic
Vehicle	Lorry / HGV	A goods vehicle over 3.5 tonnes gross vehicle weight
Types	Van / LCV	A goods vehicle under 3.5 tonnes gross vehicle weight
Road	Major	'A' roads and Motorways
Types	Minor	'B', 'C' and unclassified roads
	Rural	Roads within an area with a population of under 10,000 people
	Urban	Roads within an area with a population of 10,000 or more people

Background Information

Users and uses of these statistics

Road traffic data are a key source of management information on the country's infrastructure. Main uses of road traffic statistics are summarised online in our report "Meeting customers' needs: Users and uses of road traffic statistics and data". These include:

- Highways England, Local Authorities (including Transport for London) and devolved governments, who use the data for transport planning, road engineering and policy monitoring at a regional or local level.
- Road accident and safety statistics, who use our annual and quarterly traffic estimates to produce road safety and accident rates, as required for the Strategic Framework for Road Safety.

We welcome **feedback** on any aspects of the Department's road traffic statistics including content, timing, and format. Please send any queries you have by email, to <u>roadtraff.stats@dft.gov.uk</u>.

These statistics were designated as National Statistics in February 2013.

National Statistics

National Statistics are produced to high professional standards, as set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure they meet customer needs.

Details of Ministers and officials who receive pre-release access to these statistics up to 24 hours before release can be found here: www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-release-access-lists-for-road-traffic-speeds-and-congestion-series

Background Information

Sources, strengths and weaknesses of the data

Provisional estimates are based on data from around 300 automatic traffic counters and give an indication of changes in traffic levels for different types of vehicle and on different types of road in Great Britain as a whole. In addition to this data, final annual estimates make use of data from around 8,000 manual traffic counts and from automatic traffic counters operated by Highways England, Transport Scotland and Transport for London. Final annual statistics can estimate traffic levels in local areas and on specific road links, which cannot be produced from the provisional data.

The automatic traffic counters used as the data source in this publication classify vehicle types based on characteristics such as axle-spacing and vehicle length. This creates the possibility for misclassification of vehicles with atypical characteristiscs, meaning that **provisional estimates** for different vehicle types are less robust than the final estimates, which also utilise the more accurate manual count data. The classification algorithms are continually developed to ensure that vehicle classification is as accurate as possible. Between September 2018 and June 2019 a major upgrade of the DfT ATC network was carried out which involved installing a newer model of counter at about 60 per cent of sites. It is possible that this may have had a slight impact on the vehicle classification results, and therefore on the reported trend in vehicle types over this period. It is expected that planned development work on the classification algorithms will provide an opportunity to quantify and adjust for any such effects.

Further statistical guidance can be found online here: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/ road-traffic-statistics-guidance.

Due to the methodology used to produce provisional traffic estimates, historic figures are subject to revision. However, these revisions are typically minor and will not affect qualitative patterns in the data. Provisional quarterly and annual traffic estimates for all motor vehicles have historically been accurate (typically within 1.5%) when compared with the final estimates, as illustrated in the table below.

Dillion vohiolo milac/parcentago

					Billion	venicie m	illes/perc	entage			
All motor vehicle		201	17		2018						
traffic	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
Provisional estimates at time of publication	324.3	325.1	325.5	-	326.2	327.0	327.1	-			
Final estimates	323.5	324.9	325.7	327.1	326.3	327.2	327.6	328.1			
Difference (%)	0.2	0.1	-0.1	-	-0.03	-0.1	-0.2	-			

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Next Release

The next annual traffic statistics release is expected tobe published in May 2020, reporting 2019 traffic figures.

Provisional figures for 2019 will be published on quarterly basis during 2019-20. The next provisional figures, for the year to end September 2019, are due to be released in December 2019.

