



This annual Statistical Bulletin provides summary statistics on the location of UK Armed Forces veterans in receipt of an occupational pension, and service personnel and veterans awarded compensation for service-attributable injury/illness, as at 31 March 2019. Summary statistics are presented by country with lower-level geographical breakdowns also presented for those in the UK.

Please note: This statistical bulletin presents, for the first time, pension and compensation recipients by Parliamentary Constituency in the supplementary tables, following an increase in requests for this information.

Key Points

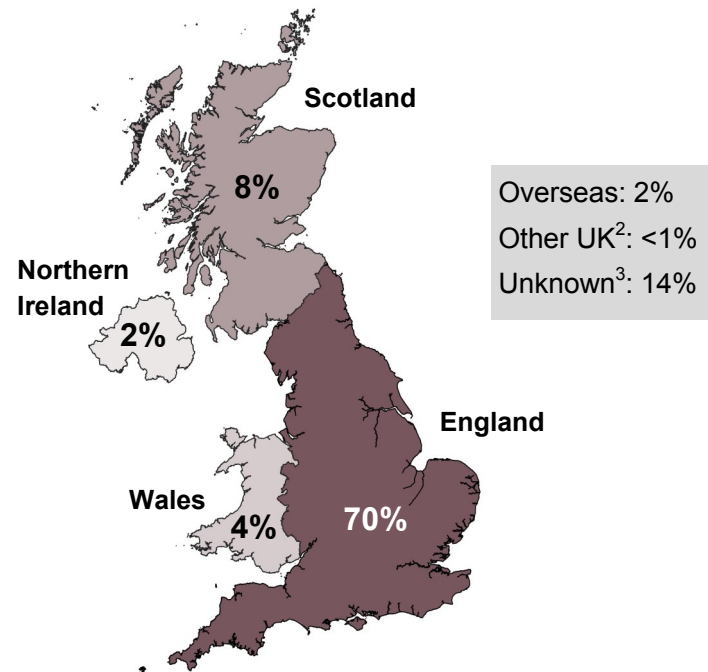
As at 31 March 2019:

- There were **477,572** pension and compensation recipients, of which **444,876** (93%) were veterans.
- Over **8 in every 10** pension and compensation recipients were identified as **residing in the UK**.
- Over **4 in every 5** recipients in the UK were identified as residing in **England**.
- Over **one-third** of UK recipients were identified as residing in the **South West or South East of England**.
- Over **half of overseas** compensation and pension recipients were identified as residing in **Australia** (26%), **Germany** (23%) or **Canada** (10%).

(Tables 1, 2 and 3, supplementary tables)

Figure 1: UK Armed Forces pension¹ and compensation recipients, by UK country, percentages

As at 31 March 2019



Sources: Compensation and Pension System (CAPS); War Pension Computer System (WPCS)

1. Includes pensioners in receipt of their pension under AFPS 75 and AFPS 05; excludes those in receipt of their pension under AFPS 15.
2. Includes Channel Islands and Isle of Man.
3. Includes pension and compensation recipients with no valid postcode recorded.

Sources: Compensation and Pension System (CAPS); War Pension Computer System (WPCS)

Responsible statistician: Deputy Head of Defence Statistics Health (Vets)
030 679 84424 DefStrat-Stat-Health-PQ-FOI@mod.gov.uk

Further information/ mailing list: DefStrat-Stat-Health-PQ-FOI@mod.gov.uk

Press Office: 020 721 87907

Background quality report: <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/location-of-armed-forces-pension-and-compensation-recipients>

Would you like to be added to our **contact list**, so that we can inform you about updates to these statistics and consult you if we are thinking of making changes? You can subscribe to updates by emailing DefStrat-Stat-WDS-Pubs@mod.gov.uk

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Other bulletins in this series and the supplementary tables (in both Excel and Open Document Spreadsheet formats) containing data presented in this publication can be found at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/location-of-armed-forces-pension-and-compensation-recipients>

Introduction

This Statistical Bulletin presents summary information on the number and location of recipients of an Armed Forces pension and/or compensation as at 31 March 2019, by country, UK region and UK health authority.

The supplementary tables present the underlying data, plus further summary data by UK Parliamentary Constituency and Postcode.

Reference to pension and compensation recipients in this report refers to;

Pension Recipients: UK Armed Forces veterans in receipt of an occupational pension under one of the following Armed Forces Pension Schemes: AFPS 75 or APFS 05. This report **does not include** those in receipt of AFPS 15, please see [Background Quality Report](#) for more details.

Compensation Recipients:

War Pension Scheme (WPS) Recipients: UK veterans, war widow(er)s and other pensioners in receipt of compensation for injury, ill health and death as a result of service in the UK Armed Forces prior to 6 April 2005.

Armed Forces and Reserve Forces Compensation Scheme (AFCS) Recipients: UK veterans and serving personnel who have been awarded compensation for injury and ill health as a result of service in the UK Armed Forces on or after 6 April 2005. This report **does not** currently include dependants awarded compensation under the AFCS for Service-attributable death, though this cohort will be included in future updates.

These statistics were developed following an increasingly high burden of external requests for information, specifically from UK government authorities and UK health authorities wanting to obtain estimates of serving and ex-serving personnel residing within their catchment area that may be more likely to require access to local health and social care services. The increase in such requests was primarily driven by the Armed Forces Covenant¹, published in May 2011, which sets out the moral obligation of the nation to members of the UK Armed Forces, veterans and their families.

Findings on page 4 of this statistical bulletin present the location of all recipients of a pension and/or compensation by country. Due to increased interest in veterans, findings on pages 5 and 6 provide a summary of the location of veterans only, by lower geographical levels and UK health authority.

Summary statistics for all recipients by lower geographical levels and UK health authority can be found in the supplementary tables.

Introduction (Cont.)

As a result of a high numbers of requests, this bulletin is the first to provide information on the location of pension and compensation recipients within Parliamentary Constituencies. Data are not described within the bulletin, but can be found within the supplementary tables.

Spatial data have been converted from Ordnance Survey, Office for National Statistics, NI Direct and Scottish Government SpatialData © Crown copyright and database right [2014] unless otherwise stated. Ordnance Survey data covered by OS OpenData Licence.

Defence Statistics produces annual National Statistics on the War Pension Scheme (WPS) and the Armed Forces and Reserve Forces Compensation Scheme (AFCS):

- a) War Pension Scheme (WPS). Is a no-fault scheme which financially compensates for injury/illness and death caused by Service from the start of the First World War in 1914 until 5 April 2005.
<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/war-pension-recipients-index>
- b) Armed Forces Compensation Scheme (AFCS). This scheme considers claims for compensation for injury, illness or death caused by Service on or after 6 April 2005:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/armed-forces-compensation-scheme-statistics-index>

Other related MOD Official Statistics:

- c) A four-part publication on the size and socio-demographic characteristics of the UK Armed Forces veteran population residing in Great Britain. The last in the series was published in 2019:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/annual-population-survey-uk-armed-forces-veterans-residing-in-great-britain>
- d) A one-off publication using Census 2011 data: Working Age UK Armed Forces veterans residing in England and Wales. Provides estimates on the size and socio-demographic characteristics of the working age UK Armed Forces veteran population (between 16 and 64 years of age):
<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/census-2011-working-age-uk-armed-forces-veterans-residing-in-england-and-wales>
- e) Bi-annual statistics on the number of serving UK armed forces personnel and civilian personnel with a Defence Medical Services registration:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/defence-personnel-nhs-commissioning-quarterly-statistics-index>
- f) Annual statistics on the location of all UK Regular Service and civilian personnel:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/location-of-all-uk-regular-service-and-civilian-personnel-annual-statistics-index>
- g) Defence personnel NHS commissioning statistics: Bi-annual statistics on the number of serving UK armed forces personnel and civilian personnel with a Defence Medical Services registration:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/defence-personnel-nhs-commissioning-quarterly-statistics-index>

Location by Country

As at 31 March 2019, there were 477,572 recipients of a pension and/or compensation (**Table 1**). Further information on the numbers of recipients under each scheme (AFPS, WPS and AFCS) are presented in the supplementary tables.

Table 1: UK Armed Forces pension and compensation recipients, by UK country, numbers and percentages

As at 31 March 2019

Country	All		Of which veterans	
All	477,572		444,876	
UK	404,058		373,827	
England	333,355	70%	307,731	69%
Wales	20,597	4%	19,173	4%
Scotland	36,374	8%	34,257	8%
N Ireland	10,033	2%	9,291	2%
Other UK ¹	887	<1%	831	<1%
UK Unknown ²	2,812	1%	2,544	1%
Overseas	10,008	2%	7,950	2%
Unknown³	63,506	13%	63,099	14%

UK Recipients: As at 31 March 2019, over two-thirds (70%) of pension and compensation recipients were identified as having a valid postal address in England.

Sources: Compensation and Pension System (CAPS); War Pension Computer System (WPCS)

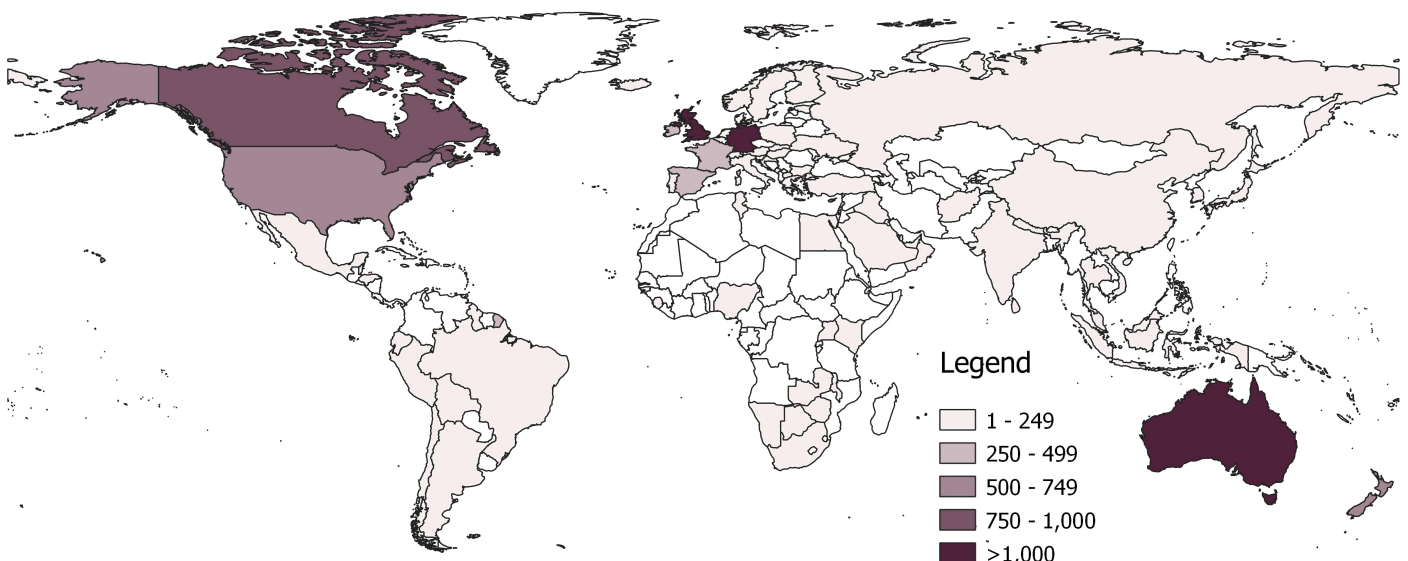
1. Includes Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.
2. Includes pension and compensation recipients with a UK region recorded but with no valid postcode.
3. Includes pension and compensation recipients with no valid address recorded.

Overseas Recipients: As at 31 March 2019, there were 10,008 pension and compensation recipients identified as having an overseas postal address. Of these;

- **One-Quarter** (26%) were residing in **Australia**.
- **One in ten** (10%) were residing in **Canada**.
- Almost **one-quarter** (23%) were residing in **Germany**.

Figure 2: Heat map of the location of recipients of UK Armed Forces pension and/or compensation by country, numbers

As at 31 March 2019



Spatial data sourced from ArcGIS OpenData. Data covered by Open Data Commons Licence.

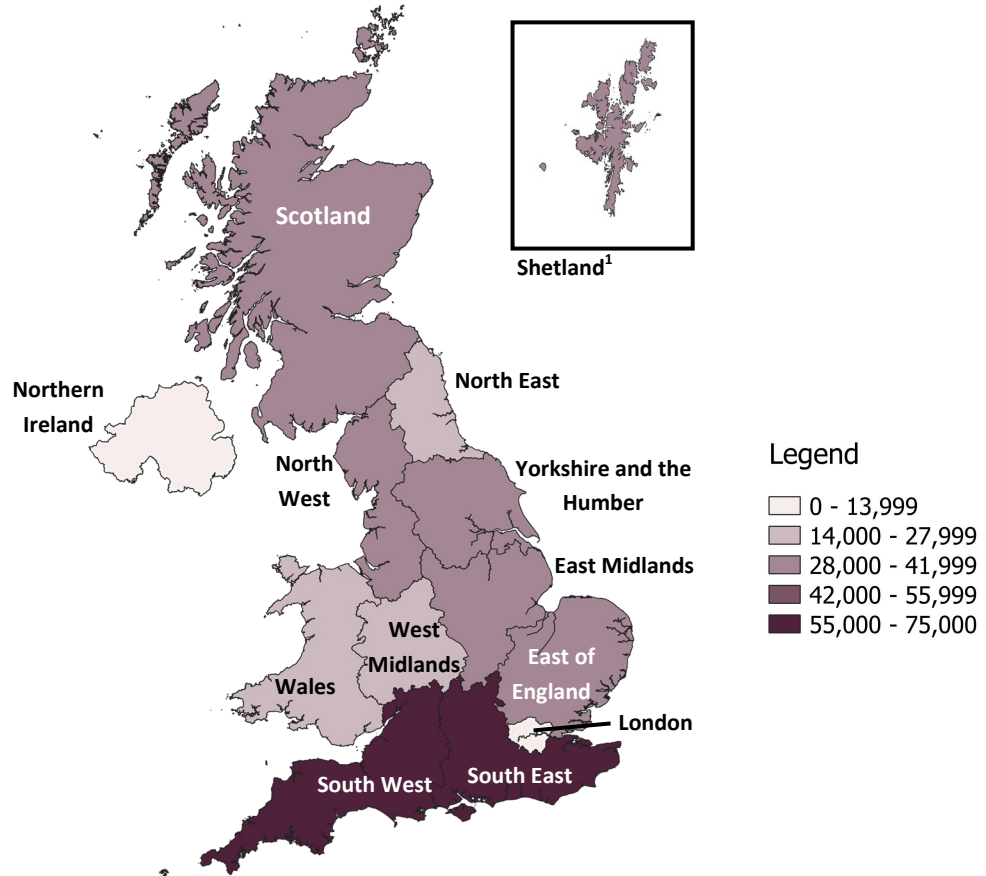
(Tables 1 and 2, supplementary tables)

Sources: Compensation and Pension System (CAPS); War Pension Computer System (WPCS)

Veteran Location by UK Region

Veteran UK Recipients: As at 31 March 2019, there were 373,827 veteran pension and compensation recipients identified as residing in the UK, of which over one-third (35%) were residing in the South East and South West of England. Lower-level breakdowns of regional data can be found in the supplementary tables

Figure 3: Heat map of the location of veteran recipients of UK Armed Forces pension and/or compensation by UK region, numbers
As at 31 March 2019



Sources: Compensation and Pension System (CAPS); War Pension Computer System (WPCS)

1. Included within Scotland Region.

South West Region
A third of veteran recipients residing in the South West were in the Devon and Wiltshire areas. This reflects the higher presence of military barracks and bases within these areas, compared to others within the region.



The high presence of veterans in the South East and South West of England were unsurprising as it is understood that personnel are likely to remain living in the same area after leaving the Services.

These findings were also consistent with MOD estimates, from the 2017 Annual Population Survey data², where 29% of veterans were estimated to be residing in the South East and South West regions of England.

South East Region
Almost two-fifths of veteran recipients residing in the South East were in the county of Hampshire. This was driven by the numbers of veterans in the Gosport, Fareham and Portsmouth areas and reflects the higher presence of naval bases within these areas, compared to others within the region.

(Table 3, supplementary tables)

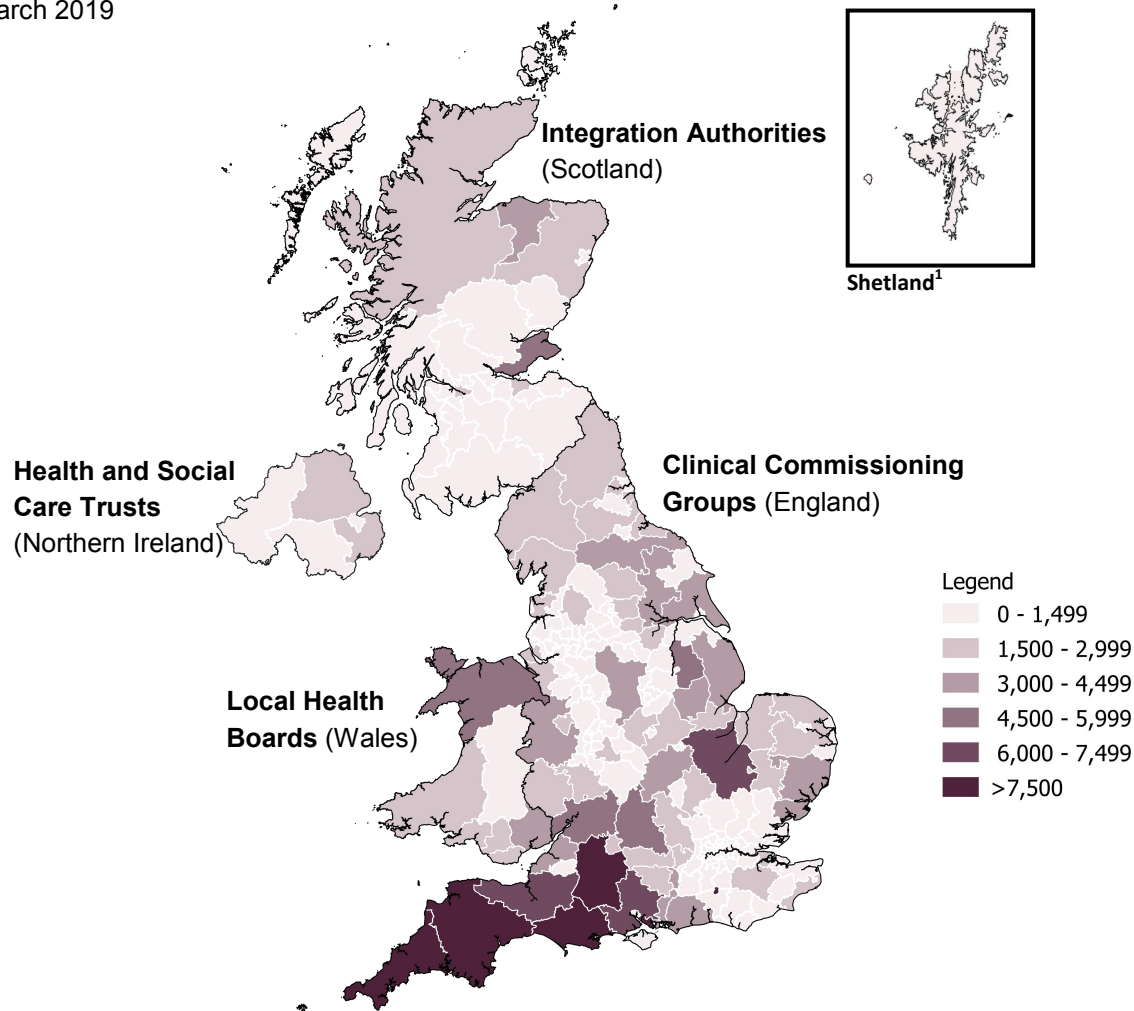
Sources: Compensation and Pension System (CAPS); War Pension Computer System (WPCS)

Veteran Location by UK Health Authority

This section presents information on veteran recipients located across the UK, which extends into multiple health authorities beyond the National Health Service.

Figure 4: Heat map of the location of veteran recipients of UK Armed Forces pension and/or compensation in the UK, by Local Health Authority, numbers

As at 31 March 2019



Sources: Compensation and Pension System (CAPS); War Pension Computer System (WPCS)

1. The Shetland Islands is an independent Scottish Integration Authority.

As at 31 March 2019:

- **Over a quarter** (27%) of veteran recipients in **England** were identified as residing in the South West (22%) NHS Region, the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough (2%) CCG and the Fareham and Gosport (3%) CCG.
- **Over half** of veteran recipients within **Northern Ireland** were identified as residing within the Northern and South Eastern Health and Social Care Trusts.
- **One-fifth** (22%) of veteran recipients in **Scotland** were identified as residing within the Fife and Moray Health Integration Authorities.
- **Over a quarter** of veteran recipients in **Wales** were identified as residing in the Betsi Cadwaladr University Health Board jurisdiction.

(Table 4, supplementary tables)

Sources: Compensation and Pension System (CAPS); War Pension Computer System (WPCS)

Data, Definitions and Methods

This section provides a brief summary of the methodology and data sources; more detailed information is available in the **Background Quality Report** for this bulletin.

Data Sources

Occupational pension data and Armed Forces Compensation data are held on the Compensation and Pension System (CAPS). War Pension Scheme data are held on the War Pension Computer System (WPCS). DBS Veterans UK are responsible for ensuring the quality of data to Defence Statistics.

National postcode and CCG mapping data for England and Wales are sourced from the Office of National Statistics (ONS). ONS are responsible for the accuracy and quality of lookup data from this source. Health Authority data for Scotland and Northern Ireland originate from Scottish Government and NIDirect respectively. More information is available in the [Background Quality Report](#).

Data Coverage

The data presented include the following cohorts:

- **Armed Forces Pension Scheme (AFPS) Recipients:** UK veterans in receipt of an occupational pension under one of the following Armed Forces Pension Schemes: AFPS 75 or APFS 05 as at 31 March 2019. This report **does not include** those in receipt of AFPS 15, please see [Background Quality Report](#) for more details.
- **War Pension Scheme (WPS) Recipients:** UK veterans, war widow(er)s and other pensioners in receipt of a War Pension as at 31 March 2019. War Pensions are awarded to compensate for injury, ill health and death as a result of service in the UK Armed Forces prior to 6 April 2005.
- **Armed Forces and Reserve Forces Compensation Scheme (AFCS) Recipients:** UK Armed Forces personnel and veterans awarded compensation between the start of the scheme (6 April 2005) and 31 March 2019. Compensation is awarded under the AFCS for injury and ill health as a result of Service in the UK Armed Forces on or after 6 April 2005. This report **does not** currently include dependants awarded compensation under the AFCS for Service-attributable death, though this cohort will be included in future updates.
- **Veterans:** Include all recipients of an occupational pension under the AFPS 75 and AFPS 05, disablement pensioners in receipt of a war pension, individuals awarded compensation under the AFCS after leaving Service, and in-Service recipients of compensation under the AFCS who had later left Service as at 31 March 2018. Information presented **is not** the location of all veterans as not all will be in receipt of these occupational pensions and/or compensation.

Individuals have been excluded if the MOD has been notified of their death. Please note, for individuals who have been awarded a lump sum payment only under AFCS, the MOD may not always be notified of death, therefore numbers may include individuals who have subsequently died.

Data on postcode district has not been provided for Northern Ireland due to security concerns regarding the release of this information.

Methodology to compile data

Data held on the CAPS and the WPCS were combined to produce a single list of pension and compensation recipients. Individuals were only counted once regardless of whether they were in receipt of a pension and/or compensation under more than one scheme. Where individuals were recorded on more than one system, the latest recorded postcode information was used to determine their latest postcode.

Postcode information was linked to ONS-published lookups for all UK geographical breakdowns from Region to Local Authority. For Health Authorities, information about Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) within England and Local Health Boards (LHBs) within Wales were sourced from the ONS lookup tables. Information about Northern Ireland (NI) Health and Social Care (HSC) Trusts and Scottish Integration Authorities (IAs) were sourced from NI Direct and Scottish Government SpatialData respectively.

Data, Definitions and Methods (Cont.)

Overseas recipients were identified from region and country codes within the data, further information can be found within the [Background Quality Report](#).

The location information presented in the WPS and AFCS National Statistics publications are based only on the address information available on the relevant data system. Therefore, the location information presented in this publication may differ from previously presented information.

Changes to these statistics

There have been several changes made to these statistics since they were last published:

- The presentation of pension and compensation recipients by Region down to Local Authority (Table 3, supplementary tables) has changed to align with how the ONS presents such information. This will enable users to better compare information within these statistics with ONS statistics on the location of the UK population.
- The presentation of pension and compensation recipients by Health Authority (Table 4, supplementary tables) has changed to reflect the recent restructuring of English CCGs.
- This report presents location data in Scotland using Integration Authorities, in accordance with the Public Bodies (Joint Working) (Scotland) Act 2014 (Table 4, supplementary tables). Previous reports have used Community Health Boards, which have since been replaced. Further information can be found in the [Background Quality Report](#).
- The introduction of a new table (Table 5, supplementary tables), presenting pension and compensation recipients by Parliamentary Constituency. This table has been introduced following increased external interest for this information.

Strengths and weaknesses of the data presented in this report

The key weaknesses of these statistics are the amount and accuracy of available data. This statistical bulletin presents location information for UK Armed Forces veterans who are in receipt of a pension and/or compensation. It does not present the location information for UK Armed Forces veterans who are not in receipt of a pension or compensation. Therefore, this statistical bulletin cannot be taken as an accurate representation of all UK Armed Forces veterans.

To present the location details of those in receipt of a pension and/or compensation, accurate postcode details need to be voluntarily supplied and updated on CAPS and/or WPCS. Those in receipt of ongoing payments may be more likely to provide accurate and up-to-date postcode information than those who have been in receipt of a one-off payment.

The key strength of these statistics is that it combines data captured across a variety of MOD databases to present a single source of information on pension and compensation recipients. Although the cohort does not include all veterans, it is the largest and most comprehensive cohort of UK Armed Forces veterans to date. As at March 2019, 87% of pension and compensation recipients provided a postcode which could be used to identify further location details such as country, region and local health authority.

References

1. More information about the Armed Forces Covenant can be found via the following link:
<https://www.armedforcescovenant.gov.uk/>
2. The Annual Population Survey: UK Armed Forces Veterans residing in Great Britain:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/annual-population-survey-uk-armed-forces-veterans-residing-in-great-britain>

Glossary

Adult Dependent: Adult relatives, i.e. sister, brother, aunt or uncle etc., for whom the Service person was financially responsible.

Allowance for Lowered Standard of Occupation (ALSO): This may be paid if a pensioner's earning capacity is reduced because their pensioned disablement permanently prevents them following their regular occupation. To gain entitlement, new claimants must be under the age of 65, with a Service disablement of at least 40% when they make their claim. This allowance, plus their basic War Disablement Pension cannot exceed the 100% disablement pension rate.

Armed Forces Compensation Scheme (AFCS): Compensation scheme for all members of the regular and reserve forces. It provides compensation for all injuries, ill-health and death attributable to Service where the cause occurred on or after 6 April 2005.

Armed Forces Pension Scheme (AFPS): Pension available to members of the regular UK Armed Forces who have served for a minimum of two years:

- AFPS 75 – Introduced in 1975 and closed to new members from 6 April 2005. Pension benefits are based on rank and time served.
- AFPS 05 – Introduced on 6 April 2005. Pension benefits are based on time served and final salary.
- AFPS 15 – Introduced on 1 April 2015. Pensions are calculated using a system called Career Average Revalued Earnings (CARE). For more information on how CARE works please go to: www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/419740/20150312_AFPS15_YPSE_FINAL.pdf

Child Allowance: There is a Child Allowance Only Pension in payment, i.e. no award has been given to War Widow(er)s Pension, but their child has been awarded.

Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG): Clinical commissioning groups are NHS organisations set up by the Health and Social Care Act 2012 to organise the delivery of NHS services in England. The CCGs in this bulletin reflect the changes made on 1st April 2019.

Compensation and Pension System (CAPS): AFPS and AFCS administrative database.

Council Area: There are 32 single-tier council areas in Scotland responsible for all areas of local government.

County (C): There are 27 'Shire' Counties in England that have a two-tier system of government. Counties are the upper-tier authorities that administer local government over large areas, with underlying Local Authorities (LA) for local government on smaller scales.

Disablement Pensioner: Ex-Service Personnel awarded a pension under the War Pensions Scheme for an injury or illness attributable to Service from the start of the First World War until 5 April 2005.

Local Government Districts (LGD): There are 11 single-tier Local Government Districts in Northern Ireland responsible for all areas of local government.

Health and Social Care (HSC) Trusts: Provide integrated health and social care services across Northern Ireland. HSC Trusts manage and administer hospitals, health centres, residential homes, day centres and other health and social care facilities and they provide a wide range of health and social care services to the community.

Integration Authorities (IA): The Public Bodies (Joint Working) (Scotland) Act 2014 lead to the dissolution of Community Health Partnerships within Scotland, to be replaced by 31 Integration Authorities by 1 April 2016. The aim was to integrate adult health and social care to streamline access to health services.

Glossary (cont.)

Local Authority (LA): A lower-level administrative body in local Government for Counties and Metropolitan Counties in England with a two-tier level of local government.

Local Health Board (LHB): In Wales, the NHS reforms in 2009 saw the former 22 Local Health Boards and seven NHS Trusts replaced with seven integrated Local Health Boards (LHB) and a new Public Health Wales NHS Trust. The seven Local Health Boards plan, secure and deliver healthcare services on their areas. These reforms aim to improve joined up working between health and social care services, to place a greater emphasis on public health and to improve health outcomes.

Local Health Authorities: A summary term used in this report covering all of the health organisations across the UK: England's **Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs)**, Scotland's **Integration Authorities (IAs)**, Northern Ireland's **Health and Social Care (HSC) Trusts** and Wales' **Local Health Boards (LHBs)**. See each of the definitions for further detail.

Metropolitan County (MC): There are six Metropolitan Counties in England that have a two-tier system of government. Metropolitan Counties are the upper tier authorities responsible for the services of a local government, with underlying Local Authorities (LA) for local government on smaller scales. The six Metropolitan Counties are densely populated areas outside of Greater London, they are: Tyne and Wear, Greater Manchester, Merseyside, South Yorkshire, West Yorkshire and the West Midlands.

National Health Service (NHS) England Regions: NHS England have seven regions who support local systems to provide more joined up and sustainable care for patients. They are responsible for the quality, financial and operational performance of all NHS organisations in their region, to improve services for patients and support local transformation. These regions are: North East and Yorkshire, North West, Midlands, East of England, London, South East and South West.

UK Serving personnel: UK Service Personnel comprise the total number of all the military personnel employed by the Ministry of Defence.

UK Veterans: A veteran of the UK Armed Forces is any person of any age who has served in the UK Armed Forces for one day or more.

Unitary Authority (UA): Is a single-tier of local government equivalent to County or Metropolitan level administration in England, without underlying Local Authorities (LA). They include major urban centres such as cities and towns. There are 22 Unitary Authorities in Wales which are the sole level of administration.

War Parent: Parent of the deceased Service person.

War Pension Computer System (WPCS): WPS administrative database.

War Orphan: Child of deceased Service person who has no surviving mother or father, child whose mother or father was divorced from a Service person at the time of death or child who is not in the care of the surviving parent.

War Pension Scheme (WPS): No fault compensation scheme for all members of the regular and reserve force. It provides compensation for all injuries, ill-health and death caused or made worse by Service from WW1 in 1914 to 5 April 2005. Ex-Service personnel are only eligible to claim once they have left the Services.

Widow(er): Spouse of ex-Service person whose death was whilst in Service or related to a disablement due to Service.

Further information

Symbols

~ Figure has been suppressed due to Statistical Disclosure Control.

Disclosure Control

In line with the directives of the JSP 200, disclosure control is conducted on all statistical information provided by the MOD to safeguard the confidentiality of individuals. Within these statistics, a risk of disclosure has been considered to be high where numbers presented are fewer than three. In cases where a risk of disclosure exists, numbers fewer than three have been suppressed and marked as '~'. Where there was only one cell in a row or column that was fewer than three, secondary suppression has been applied to the next smallest figure so that numbers cannot simply be derived from totals and sub-totals.

Revisions

Any revisions to historic data can be identified by a revision marker ('r') and will only be discussed if such revisions are considered to have an impact on the findings.

Scheme information

Further information on the AFPS, WPS and AFCS can be found on the gov.uk website:

AFPS: <https://www.gov.uk/pensions-and-compensation-for-veterans>

WPS and AFCS: <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/armed-forces-compensation>

Contact Us

Defence Statistics welcome feedback on our statistical products. If you have any comments or questions about this publication or about our statistics in general, you can contact us as follows:

Defence Statistics (Health) Tel: 030 679 84423

Email: DefStrat-Stat-Health-PQ-FOI@mod.gov.uk

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Other contact points within Defence Statistics are:

Defence Expenditure Analysis	030 6793 4531	DefStrat-Econ-ESES-PQFOI@mod.gov.uk
Price Indices	030 6793 2100	DefStrat-Econ-ESES-PI-Contracts@mod.gov.uk
Naval Service Manpower	023 9254 7426	DefStrat-Stat-Navy@mod.gov.uk
Army Manpower	01264 886175	DefStrat-Stat-Army-Enquiries@mod.gov.uk
RAF Manpower	01494 496822	DefStrat-Stat-Air@mod.gov.uk
Tri-Service Manpower	020 7807 8896	DefStrat-Stat-Tri-Enquiries@mod.gov.uk
Civilian Manpower	020 7218 1359	DefStrat-Stat-CivEnquiries@mod.gov.uk
Health Information	030 6798 4423	DefStrat-Stat-Health-PQ-FOI@mod.gov.uk

If you wish to correspond by mail, our postal address is:

Defence Statistics (Health)
Ministry of Defence, Abbey Wood (North)
#6028, Oak, 0, West
Bristol
BS34 8JH

For general MOD enquiries, please call: 020 7218 9000

For MOD Press Office, please call: 020 721 87907