Amounts: £ million

Repayment Category

Income received with tax deducted ³	Tax Credits on UK dividends ²	Covenants	Transitional Gift Aid ⁴ Relief ¹		Total Tax Repayments	Repayment Year
will lax deducted	on on dividends	Covenants	Reliei	GIII Ald	Repayments	Repayment real
90	170	210		10	470	1990-91
90	200	220		50	560	1991-92
100	210	200		70	580	1992-93
100	220	210		80	610	1993-94
100	240	220		110	670	1994-95
110	280	240		110	740	1995-96
80	290	250		130	760	1996-97
60	240	260		180	730	1997-98
50	170	290		310	820	1998-99
40	260	310		210	820	1999-00
40	200	190		220	650	2000-01 4
40	150	20		420	630	2001-02
30	100	10		510	640	2002-03
30	60	0		590	670	2003-04
20	10	0		630	660	2004-05
30	0	0		750	780	2005-06
30	0	0		830	860	2006-07
20	0	0		900	920	2007-08
20	0	0	60	890	970	2008-09
20	0	0	110	900	1,030	2009-10
20	0	0	120	960	1,100	2010-11
20	0	0	50	1,000	1,080	2011-12
20	0	0	0	1,040	1,060	2012-13
20	0	0	0	1,050	1,070	2013-14
20	0	0	0	1,200	1,210	2014-15
40	0	0	0	1,260	1,310	2015-16
10	0	0	0	1,270	1,280	2016-17
10	0	0	0	1,260	1,270	2017-18
10	0	0	0	1,350	1,360	2018-19

June 2019

Charities receive compensation, through public expenditure, for the associated reduction in Gift Aid repayments.

This transitional relief ran for three years and applies to all donations made between 6 April 2008 and 5 April 2011.

This compensation took the form of a transitional relief payment to a charity of a percentage of the dividends it received. It was phased out over a five year period.

Estimates of repayments relating to the 10 per cent payroll giving supplement which ran from 2000-01 to 2003-04 are also included here.

Notes

- 1. The above table summarises information provided by charities when submitting claims for repayment of basic rate income tax and payments of tax credits on dividends from UK companies to HM Revenue and Customs.
- 2. Repayments are shown in the year in which they were made.

This table shows the amounts paid (including transitional relief) or

repaid to charities by HM Revenue and Customs in respect of tax deducted and tax credits from:

- (1) investment income; (2) income received under deeds of covenant; and (3) Gift Aid donations.
- Tax relief for donations made under a deed of covenant are, from April 2000, included under Gift Aid.The value of covenants has declined to zero as new and renewed covenants were counted under Gift Aid.
- 4. In the published volume, royalties were included under Gift Aid prior to 1999/2000.
 - These have been removed and added to 'Income received under deduction of tax' so that the series are consistent over time. This category also includes loan interest, interest on government securities, local authority bonds and building society interest (paid net of basic rate tax).
- 5. All figures are rounded to the nearest £10m. Components may not sum to total because of rounding.



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¹ The basic rate of income tax was cut from 22 per cent to 20 per cent on 6 April 2008.

² Payment of tax credits to charities on dividends of United Kingdom companies was abolished for dividends paid on or after 6 April 1999. However, charities received compensation, through public expenditure, for the loss of tax credits.

³ Includes royalties.

⁴ Following Budget 2000, company donations are paid gross and do not involve tax repayments and hence are excluded. Figures for 2000/01 onwards are therefore not directly comparable with data for earlier years.
See Table 10.3 for estimates of tax repayments on corporate donations prior to that date.