

PHE Syndromic Surveillance Summary

Produced by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team Year: 2019 12 June 2019 Week: 23 **Syndromic** Reporting week: 03 June to 09 June 2019 surveillance national summary: During week 23 GP consultations for mumps remained above baseline levels, consistent with periodic increases in mumps activity observed over recent years (figure 12). Rates are highest in the 15-44 years age group (figure 12a). Click to subscribe to the weekly syndromic surveillance email Remote Health Eye problems calls in the 5-14 years age group increased during week 23 in line Advice: with the expected seasonal increases in grass pollen (figure 9a). Click to access the Remote Health Advice bulletin **GP In Hours:** During week 23 GP consultations for mumps remained above baseline levels, consistent with periodic increases in mumps activity observed over recent years (figure 12). Rates are highest in the 15-44 years age group (figure 12a). Click to access the GP In Hours bulletin **Emergency** Nothing new to report during week 23. **Department:** Click to access the EDSSS bulletin **GP Out of Hours:** Nothing new to report during week 23.

RCGP Weekly Returns Service:

Click to access the GPOOHSS bulletin

<u>Click here to access reports from the RCGP website</u> [external link]



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12 June 2019

Syndromic surveillance summary notes

- Key messages are provided from each individual system.
- The different syndromic surveillance systems in operation within PHE access data from different areas of the national health care system.
- Each system is able to monitor a different selection of syndromic indicators based upon a different case mix of patients.
- Access to the full version of each syndromic surveillance bulletin is available through the Syndromic Surveillance website found at: (https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/ syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses); reports will be made available on Thursday afternoons.
- Further weekly and annual reports are available from the RCGP Research and Surveillance web pages: http://www.rcgp.org.uk/clinical-and-research/our-programmes/ research-and-surveillance-centre.aspx

Syndromic surveillance systems

Remote Health Advice

A remote health advice syndromic surveillance system that monitors syndromic calls from remote health advice services e.g. NHS 111 each day across England

GP In-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System

A large UK-based general practitioner surveillance system monitoring daily consultations for a range of clinical syndromic indicators

Emergency Department Syndromic Surveillance System (EDSSS)

A national ED network across England monitoring daily attendances and presenting symptoms/diagnoses

GP Out-of-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System (GPOOHS)

A syndromic surveillance system monitoring daily GP out-of hours activity and unscheduled care across England using a range of clinical syndromic indicators

RCGP Weekly Returns Service (RCGP WRS)

A sentinel GP surveillance network covering England and Wales monitoring weekly consultations for a range of clinical indicators. This surveillance system is coordinated by the RCGP Research and Surveillance Centre

Acknowledgements:

We thank and acknowledge the contribution of all data providers including:

- NHS 111 and NHS Digital
- Participating EDSSS emergency departments
- Royal College of Emergency Medicine
- Advanced Health & Care and the participating OOH service providers
- QSurveillance[®]; University of Nottingham; EMIS/EMIS practices; ClinRisk®
- TPP, ResearchOne and participating SystmOne GP practices

PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team

Public Health England, 1st Floor, 5 St Philips Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW

Tel: 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2

Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/ syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses

Contact ReSST: syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk