



THE EMPLOYMENT TRIBUNALS

Claimant
Mr J Thomas

Respondent
Northeast Pipeline Solutions Ltd

JUDGMENT OF THE EMPLOYMENT TRIBUNAL

MADE AT NORTH SHIELDS
EMPLOYMENT JUDGE GARNON

ON 17th May 2019

JUDGMENT (Liability and Remedy)

Employment Tribunals Rules of Procedure 2013 –Rule 21

The name of the respondent is amended to that shown above. The claim of unlawful deduction of wages is well founded. I order the respondent to repay to the claimant the sum of £168. The hearing listed for 5 June 2019 is cancelled.

REASONS

1. The claim form mis-spelled the second word of the respondent as “Pipline” .A company with the name in the heading is shown at Companies House as registered at the same address . No injustice is done by correcting the error . The claim was served on 8th April and a response was due by 6th May 2019 but none was received I am required by rule 21 of the Employment Tribunals Rules of Procedure 2013 to decide on the available material whether a determination can be made and , if so, obliged to issue a judgment which may determine liability only or liability and remedy.
2. Employment Judge Reed requested the claimant to provide information as to his losses and I now have in the claim form and his reply sufficient to enable me to find the claim proved on a balance of probability and to determine the sum to be awarded. The law of unlawful deduction from wages is in Part 2 of the Employment Rights Act 1996.

TM Garnon Employment Judge
Date signed 17th May 2019



NOTICE

THE EMPLOYMENT TRIBUNALS (INTEREST) ORDER 1990

Tribunal case number(s): **2500616/2019**

Name of case(s): **Mr J Thomas** v **Northeast Pipeline Solutions Ltd**

The Employment Tribunals (Interest) Order 1990 provides that sums of money payable as a result of a judgment of an Employment Tribunal (excluding sums representing costs or expenses), shall carry interest where the full amount is not paid within 14 days after the day that the document containing the tribunal's written judgment is recorded as having been sent to parties. That day is known as "*the relevant decision day*". The date from which interest starts to accrue is called "*the calculation day*" and is the day immediately following the relevant decision day.

The rate of interest payable is that specified in section 17 of the Judgments Act 1838 on the relevant decision day. This is known as "the stipulated rate of interest" and the rate applicable in your case is set out below.

The following information in respect of this case is provided by the Secretary of the Tribunals in accordance with the requirements of Article 12 of the Order:-

"the relevant decision day" is: **20 May 2019**

"the calculation day" is: **21 May 2019**

"the stipulated rate of interest" is: **8%**

MISS K FEATHERSTONE
For the Employment Tribunal Office

INTEREST ON TRIBUNAL AWARDS

GUIDANCE NOTE

1. This guidance note should be read in conjunction with the booklet, 'The Judgment' which can be found on our website at www.gov.uk/government/publications/employment-tribunal-hearings-judgment-guide-t426

If you do not have access to the internet, paper copies can be obtained by telephoning the tribunal office dealing with the claim.

2. The Employment Tribunals (Interest) Order 1990 provides for interest to be paid on employment tribunal awards (excluding sums representing costs or expenses) if they remain wholly or partly unpaid more than 14 days after the date on which the Tribunal's judgment is recorded as having been sent to the parties, which is known as "the relevant decision day".

3. The date from which interest starts to accrue is the day immediately following the relevant decision day and is called "the calculation day". The dates of both the relevant decision day and the calculation day that apply in your case are recorded on the Notice attached to the judgment. If you have received a judgment and subsequently request reasons (see 'The Judgment' booklet) the date of the relevant judgment day will remain unchanged.

4. "Interest" means simple interest accruing from day to day on such part of the sum of money awarded by the tribunal for the time being remaining unpaid. Interest does not accrue on deductions such as Tax and/or National Insurance Contributions that are to be paid to the appropriate authorities. Neither does interest accrue on any sums which the Secretary of State has claimed in a recoupment notice (see 'The Judgment' booklet).

5. Where the sum awarded is varied upon a review of the judgment by the Employment Tribunal or upon appeal to the Employment Appeal Tribunal or a higher appellate court, then interest will accrue in the same way (from "the calculation day"), but on the award as varied by the higher court and not on the sum originally awarded by the Tribunal.

6. 'The Judgment' booklet explains how employment tribunal awards are enforced. The interest element of an award is enforced in the same way.