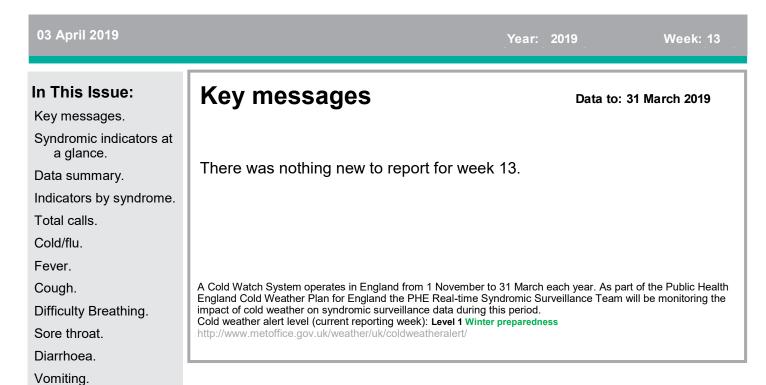
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Eye problems.

Introduction to charts. Moving Epidemic Method (MEM). Notes and further information. Acknowledgements.

Remote Health Advice

Syndromic Surveillance System: England



Syndromic indicators at a glance:

Indicator	Trend	Level
Cold/flu	no trend	pre-epidemic threshold*
Fever	no trend	below baseline levels
Cough	no trend	similar to baseline levels
Difficulty breathing	no trend	above baseline levels
Sore throat	no trend	below baseline levels
Diarrhoea	no trend	below baseline levels
Vomiting	no trend	below baseline levels
Eye problems	no trend	similar to baseline levels

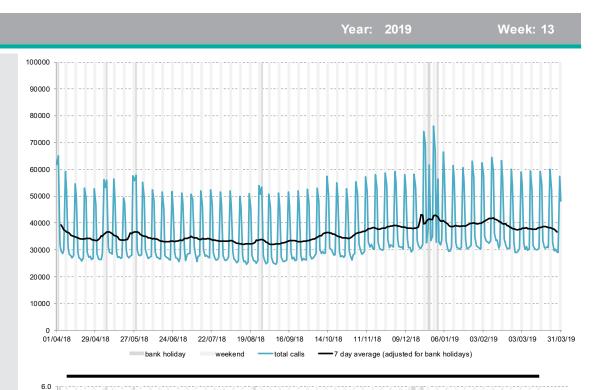
* Moving Epidemic Method (MEM) influenza activity threshold (see notes)

Data summary:

Year	Week	Total calls
2019	13	256,135

1: Total calls.

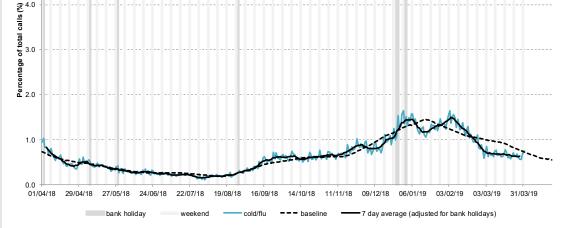
The total number of syndromic calls recorded each day by NHS 111.



2: Cold/flu

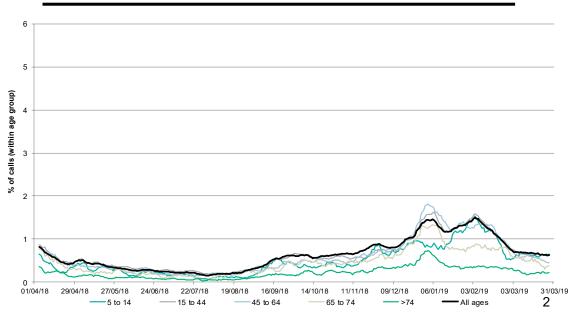
Daily 'cold/flu' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.

5.0

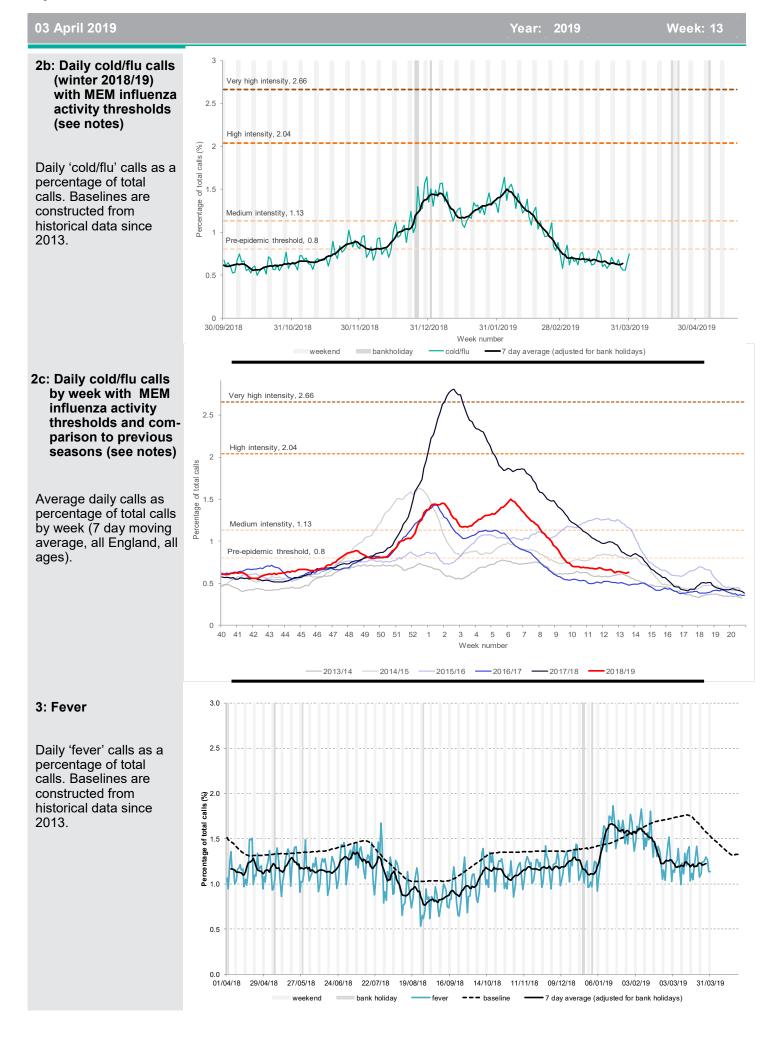


2a: Cold/flu by age group

Cold/flu calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Age groups below 5 years old not shown.

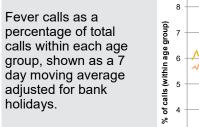


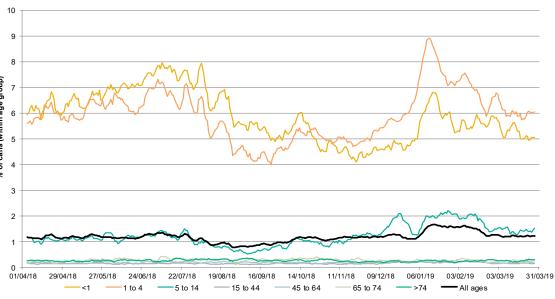
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2019





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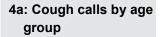
03 April 2019

group

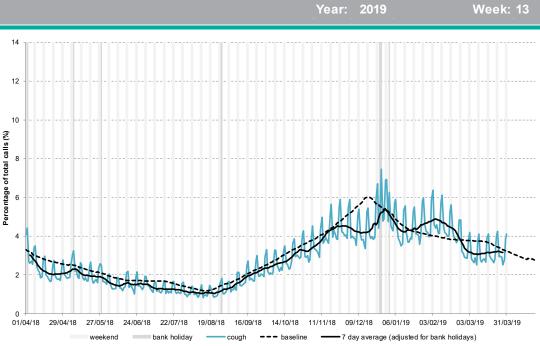
3a: Fever calls by age

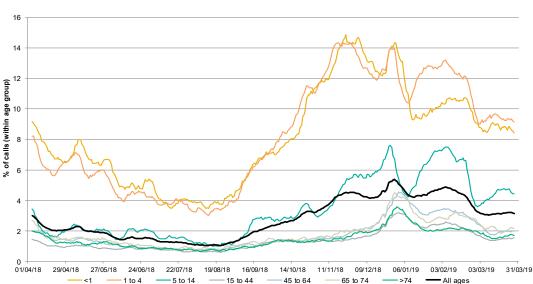
4: Cough

Daily 'cough' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



Cough calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



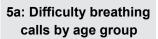


5: Difficulty breathing

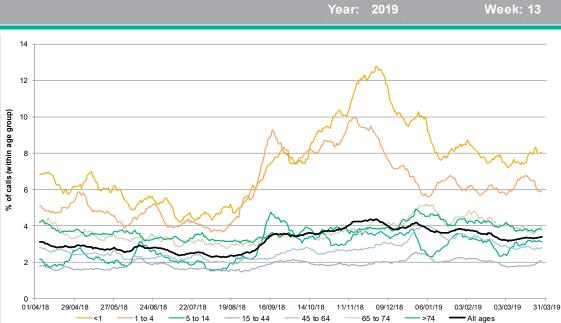
Daily 'difficulty breathing' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



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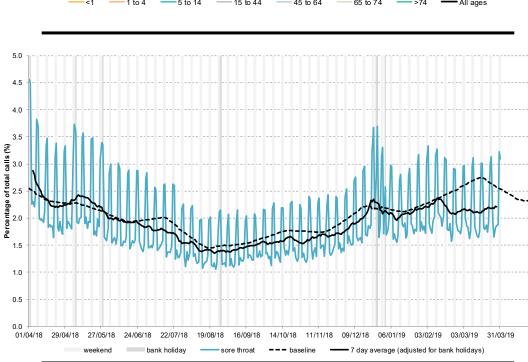


Difficulty breathing calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



6: Sore throat

Daily 'sore throat' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



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7. Diarrhoea

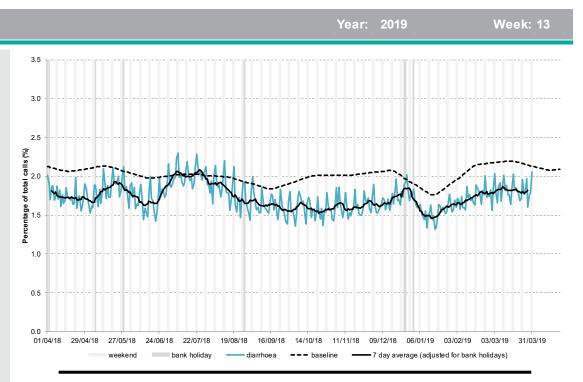
Daily 'diarrhoea' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.

7a: Diarrhoea calls by age group

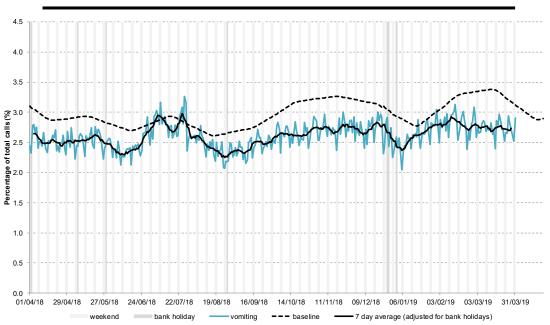
Daily 'diarrhoea' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.

8: Vomiting calls

Daily 'vomiting' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



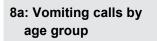




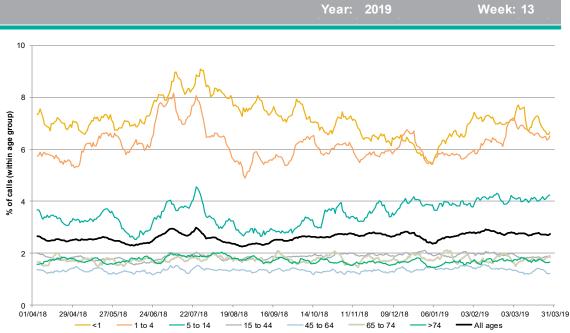
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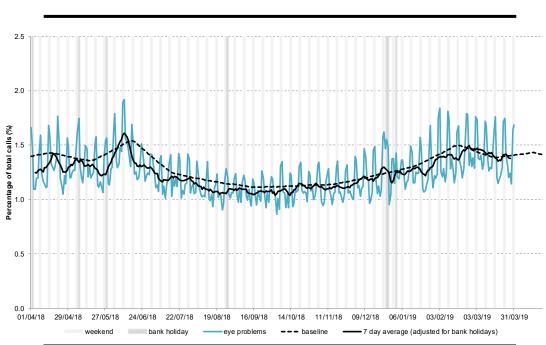


Vomiting calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



9: Eye problems

Daily 'eye problems' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2013.



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8

Remote Health Advice

03 April 2019		Year: 2019	Week: 13
Introduction to charts:	 Weekends and bank holidays are marked holidays darker grey). A 7-day moving average (adjusted for bank data reported in each chart, unless specifies). Baselines represent seasonally expected constructed from historical data since Sep account any known substantial changes in coverage or reporting practices. Baselines data on a regular basis. NHS 111 call data are analysed on a daily regional trends. A statistical algorithm uncidentifying activity that has increased sign significantly high for the time of year. Rest assessed by the ReSST, along with analy deemed of public health importance is ale 	k holidays) is overl ed. levels of activity a otember 2013. The n data collection, p s are refreshed usi y basis to identify r derpins each syste ificantly or is statis ults from these dai ysis by age group,	aid on the daily nd are y take into opulation ng the latest national and m, routinely tically ly analyses are
Moving Epidemic Method (MEM):	 During winter 2018/19 we are presenting I influenza thresholds on selected indicators. The moving epidemic method or MEM is a setting influenza thresholds across many. MEM is used for NHS 111 cold/flu thresholds. MEM thresholds should be interpreted rather than daily data. MEM thresholds currently use five years of thresholds are re-calculated every year. 'Pre-epidemic thresholds' are used alongs identify the start of influenza circulating in 40%, 95% and 97.5% intensity thresholds influenza activity moves from low to media. 	s. a standard method European nations. olds at a national le using 7 day mov of historic data (20 side other surveilla the community. are used to identi um, high or very hi	ology used for evel. ing averages 13-2018). The nce systems to fy when
Notes and further information:	 Further information about NHS 111 can be http://www.nhs.uk/NHSEngland/AboutNHE Emergencyandurgentcareservices/Pages/ The Remote Health Advice Syndromic Su downloaded from the PHE Real-time Synd also contains more information about synd https://www.gov.uk/government/collection and-analyses 	Sservices/ /NHS-111.aspx rveillance bulletin dromic Surveillanc dromic surveillanc	e website which e:
Acknowledgements:	We are grateful to NHS 111 and to NHS support in providing the anonymised call Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance Sys	l data that underp stem.	oin the Remote
	Remote Health Advice Syndromic Su Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic	-	ulletin.
Contact ReSST: syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk	1 st Floor, 5 St Philips Place, B Tel: 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option Web: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syn</u>	irmingham, B3 2PW 2 Fax: 0121 :	