1 Non-UK resident companies carrying on UK property businesses etc

Schedule 1 contains provision for non-UK resident companies to be chargeable to corporation tax on—

- (a) profits of UK property businesses,
- (b) profits consisting of other UK property income, and
- (c) profits arising from certain loan relationships and derivative contracts.

2 Group relief etc: meaning of "UK related" company

- (1) In section 134 of CTA 2010 (group relief: meaning of "UK related" company) in paragraph (b) for the words from "carrying on" to the end substitute "within the charge to corporation tax".
- (2) In section 188CJ of CTA 2010 (group relief for carried-forward losses: meaning of "UK related" company) in paragraph (b) for the words from "carrying on" to the end substitute "within the charge to corporation tax".
- (3) The amendments made by this section have effect for the purpose of determining whether a company is a UK related company at any time on or after 5 July 2016.
- (4) In its application in relation to a claim for group relief or group relief for carried-forward losses made in reliance on this section, paragraph 74 of Schedule 18 to FA 1998 (time limit for claims) has effect as the list of dates in sub-paragraph (1) of that paragraph included 31 December 2019.

SCHEDULE 1

Section 1

NON-UK RESIDENT COMPANIES CARRYING ON UK PROPERTY BUSINESSES ETC.

PART 1

EXTENSION OF SCOPE OF CHARGE

- 1 Section 5 of CTA 2009 (territorial scope of charge to corporation tax) is amended as follows.
- 2 In subsection (2) (circumstances in which non-UK resident company is within the charge) –
 - omit "or" at the end of paragraph (a), and (a)
 - after paragraph (b) insert ", (b)
 - (c) it carries on a UK property business, or
 - (d) it has other UK property income."
- 3 After subsection (3) insert –
 - "(3A) A non-UK resident company which carries on a UK property business is chargeable to corporation tax on income on all its profits that are -
 - (a) profits of that business, or
 - profits arising from loan relationships or derivative contracts (b) that the company is a party to for the purposes of that business.
 - A non-UK resident company which has other UK property income is (3B) chargeable to corporation tax on income on all its profits that -
 - (a) consist of that income, or
 - (b)are profits arising from loan relationships or derivative contracts that the company is a party to for the purposes of enabling it to generate that income."
- In subsection (4) for "(2A) and (3)" substitute "and (2A) to (3B)". 4
- 5 After subsection (4) insert -
 - In this Part "other UK property income" means income dealt with by "(5) any of the following Chapters of Part 4–
 - Chapter 7 (rent receivable in connection with a UK section (a) 39(4) concern);
 - Chapter 8 (rent receivable for UK electric-line wayleaves); (b)
 - (c) Chapter 9 (post-cessation receipts arising from a UK property business).'

Part 2

SUPPLEMENTARY & CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

FA 1998

- 6 (1) Paragraph 2 of Schedule 18 to FA 1998 (duty to give notice of chargeability) is amended as follows.
 - (2) After sub-paragraph (1) insert
 - "(1A) But a company is not required to give notice under sub-paragraph (1) in respect of an accounting period if for the period
 - (a) all the income on which it is chargeable to tax consists of payments on which it bears income tax by deduction, and
 - (b) the company has no chargeable gains."
 - (3) In sub-paragraph (2) for "The notice" substitute "A notice required to be given under this paragraph".

FA 2004

7 After section 55 of FA 2004 insert –

"55A Section 55: exception to duty to give notice

- (1) A company is not required to give notice under section 55 of the beginning of an accounting period if it reasonably expects that
 - (a) all the income on which it will be chargeable to corporation tax for the period will consist of payments on which it bears income tax by deduction, and
 - (b) it will have no chargeable gains for the period.
- (2) Subsection (3) applies if
 - (a) by reason of subsection (1) a company is not required to give notice under section 55 of the beginning of an accounting period ("the unreported period"), and
 - (b) a subsequent accounting period immediately follows the end of the unreported period.
- (3) The subsequent accounting period is to be treated for the purposes of section 55 as if it does not immediately follow the end of a previous accounting period.
- (4) If by reason of subsection (1) ceasing to apply a company becomes subject to the duty to give notice under section 55 of the beginning of an accounting period the notice must be given not later than three months after the date on which it becomes subject to that duty."

ITTOIA 2005

8 In Part 3 of ITTOIA 2005 (property businesses), omit section 362 (effect of company starting or ceasing to be within charge to income tax in respect of UK property business).

ITA 2007

9 In section 5 of ITA 2007 (income tax and companies) in paragraph (b) for the words from "the income" to the end substitute "it is chargeable to corporation tax in respect of the income, or would be so chargeable but for an exemption."

CTA 2009

- 10 CTA 2009 is amended as follows.
- 11 In section 3 (exclusion of charge to income tax) in subsection (1)(b) (non-UK resident companies) for the words from "and –" to the end substitute "and it is chargeable to corporation tax in respect of the income, or would be so chargeable but for an exemption".
- 12 In section 18A (exemption for profits or losses of foreign permanent establishments) in subsection (2A) for the words from ", or would" to the end substitute "or, if the company were non-UK resident, would be
 - (a) profits or losses of the company's trade of dealing in or developing UK land (see section 5B),
 - (b) profits or losses of the company's UK property business,
 - (c) profits consisting of the company's other UK property income, or
 - (d) profits or losses arising from loan relationships or derivative contracts that the company is a party to for the purposes of its UK property business or for the purposes of enabling it to generate other UK property income."
- 13 In section 19 (chargeable profits) for subsection (2A) substitute
 - "(2A) But the company's "chargeable profits" do not include
 - (a) profits of a trade of dealing in or developing UK land (see section 5B),
 - (b) profits of a UK property business,
 - (c) profits consisting of other UK property income, or
 - (d) profits arising from loan relationships or derivative contracts that the company is a party to for the purposes of its UK property business or for the purposes of enabling it to generate other UK property income."
- 14 In section 289 (effect of company starting or ceasing to be within charge to corporation tax) in subsection (1) for "a property business" substitute "an overseas property business".
- 15 (1) Section 301 (calculation of non-trading profits and deficits from loan relationships: non-trading credits and debits) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1) for "as follows" substitute "in accordance with subsections (4) to (7)".
 - (3) After subsection (1) insert
 - "(1A) But in the case of a non-UK resident company the only non-trading credits and non-trading debits to be used are those in respect of loan relationships that the company is a party to for a purpose mentioned in section 5(3A)(b) or (3B)(b)."

- 16 In section 333 (company with loan relationship ceasing to be UK resident) in subsection (2)
 - (a) after "owed" insert "-
 - (a) ", and
 - (b) at the end insert ",
 - (b) for the purposes of the company's trade of dealing in or developing UK land,
 - (c) for the purposes of the company's UK property business, or
 - (d) for the purposes of enabling the company to generate other UK property income (within the meaning given by section 5(5))."
- 17 (1) Section 334 (non-UK resident company ceasing to hold loan relationship for UK permanent establishment) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In the heading, for "UK permanent establishment" substitute "section 333(2) purposes".
 - (3) In subsection (1) for the words from "the purposes" to "United Kingdom" substitute "section 333(2) purposes".
 - (4) In subsection (3)(b) for "the purposes of the permanent establishment" substitute "section 333(2) purposes".
 - (5) After subsection (4) insert
 - "(5) An asset or liability ceases to be held or owed for section 333(2) purposes if and in so far as
 - (a) it ceases to be held or owed for any purposes mentioned in section 333(2), and
 - (b) on doing so, it does not begin or continue to be held or owed for any of the other purposes so mentioned."
- 18 In section 574 (non-trading credits and debits to be brought into account under Part 5) after subsection (2) insert
 - "(2A) But in the case of a non-UK resident company subsection (2) applies only in relation to those credits or debits in respect of derivative contracts that the company is a party to for a purpose mentioned in section 5(3A)(b) or (3A)(b)".
- 19 In section 609 (company with derivative contract ceasing to be UK resident) in subsection (2)
 - (a) after "owed" insert "-
 - (a) ", and
 - (b) at the end insert ",
 - (b) for the purposes of the company's trade of dealing in or developing UK land,
 - (c) for the purposes of the company's UK property business, or
 - (d) for the purposes of enabling the company to generate other UK property income (within the meaning given by section 5(5))."

- 20 (1) Section 610 (non-UK resident company ceasing to hold derivative contract for UK permanent establishment) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In the heading, for "UK permanent establishment" substitute "section 609(2) purposes".
 - (3) In subsection (1) for the words from "the purposes" to "United Kingdom" substitute "section 609(2) purposes".
 - (4) In subsection (3)(b) for "the purposes of the permanent establishment" substitute "section 609(2) purposes".
 - (5) After subsection (4) insert
 - "(5) A right or liability ceases to be held or owed for section 609(2) purposes if and in so far as
 - (a) it ceases to be held or owed for any purposes mentioned in section 609(2), and
 - (b) on doing so, it does not begin or continue to be held or owed for any of the other purposes so mentioned."
- 21 (1) Section 697 (derivative contracts with non-UK residents: exceptions) is amended as follows.
 - (2) For subsection (2) substitute
 - "(2) Section 696 does not apply if NR
 - (a) is chargeable to corporation tax or income tax in respect of income arising from the derivative contract (or would be if there were any such income), and
 - (b) is a party to the derivative contract otherwise than as agent or nominee of another person."
 - (3) In subsection (6) omit the definition of "relevant entity" and ", and" immediately before it.
- In section 746 ("non-trading credits" and "non-trading debits") in subsection
 (2) for paragraph (b) substitute
 - "(b) section 793A (effect of election to reallocate charge within group),".
- 23 (1) Section 792 (reallocation of charge within group) is amended as follows.
 - (2) Omit subsection (5).
 - (3) In subsection (6) for "makes further provision" substitute "sets out further requirements".
 - (4) After subsection (6) insert
 - "(6A) Section 793A makes provision about the effect of elections under this section."
 - (5) In subsection (8) after "793" insert ", 793A".
- 24 (1) Section 793 (further requirements about elections under section 792) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1) for "or (3)" substitute ", (3), (3A) or (3B)".

- (3) In subsection (3), in the words before paragraph (a), after "if" insert "subsection (2) does not apply and"
- (4) After subsection (3) insert
 - "(3A) This subsection applies if neither of subsections (2) and (3) apply and at the relevant time
 - (a) B carried on a trade of dealing in or developing UK land, and
 - (b) B was not exempt from corporation tax in respect of profits of that trade because of arrangements that have effect under section 2(1) of TIOPA 2010.
 - (3B) This subsection applies if none of subsections (2), (3) and (3A) apply and at the relevant time
 - (a) B carried on a UK property business, and
 - (b) B was not exempt from corporation tax in respect of the income of its UK property business because of arrangements that have effect under section 2(1) of TIOPA 2010."
- 25 After section 793 insert –

"793A Effect of election under section 792

- (1) This section applies if an election is made under section 792.
- (2) If subsection (2) of section 793 applies to B the gain, or the part specified in the election, is treated as if it had accrued to B at the relevant time as a non-trading credit for the purposes of Chapter 6 (how credits and debits are given effect).
- (3) If subsection (3) of section 793 applies to B the gain, or the part specified in the election, is treated
 - (a) as if it had accrued to B at the relevant time as a non-trading credit for the purposes of Chapter 6, and
 - (b) as if it had accrued in respect of an asset held for the purposes of a permanent establishment of B in the United Kingdom.
- (4) If subsection (3A) of section 793 applies to B the gain, or the part specified in the election, is treated for the purposes of Chapter 6 as if it had accrued to B at the relevant time as a credit in respect of an asset held for the purposes of B's trade of dealing in or developing UK land.
- (5) If subsection (3B) of section 793 applies to B the gain, or the part specified in the election, is treated for the purposes of Chapter 6 as if it had accrued to B at the relevant time as a credit in respect of an asset held for the purposes of B's UK property business."
- 26 In section 795 (recovery of charge from another group company or controlling director) in subsection (4) omit the words from "but" to "establishment".
- 27 In section 863 (asset becoming chargeable intangible asset), in subsection (1)(b)
 - (a) after "held" insert "-

(i) ", and

- (b) after "establishment," insert
 - "(ii) for the purposes of a trade carried on by the company of dealing in or developing UK land,
 - (iii) for the purposes of a UK property business carried on by the company, or
 - (iv) for the purposes of enabling the company to generate other UK property income (within the meaning given by section 5(5)),".

CTA 2010

- 28 CTA 2010 is amended as follows.
- 29 (1) Section 9 (non-UK resident company preparing return of accounts in currency other than sterling) is amended as follows.
 - (2) For subsection (1) substitute
 - "(1) This section applies if a non-UK resident company within the charge to corporation tax prepares its return of accounts for a period of account in a currency other than sterling (the "accounts currency")."
 - (3) In subsection (4) omit from "of its" to "United Kingdom".
- 30 In section 107 (group relief: restriction on losses etc surrenderable by non-UK resident) in subsection (1) for "company" (in the second place it occurs) to the end substitute "company within the charge to corporation tax".
- 31 In section 188BI (group relief for carried-forward losses: restriction on surrender of losses made when non-UK resident) in subsection (1) for "company" (in the second place it occurs) to the end substitute "company within the charge to corporation tax".

TIOPA 2010

- 32 Part 10 of TIOPA 2010 (corporate interest restriction) is amended as follows.
- 33 (1) Section 415 (qualifying net group-interest expense: interpretation) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1) for paragraph (b) substitute
 - "(b) either
 - (i) the condition in subsection (1A) is met, or
 - (ii) any of the conditions in subsection (2) is met in relation to the guarantee, indemnity or other financial assistance in question".
 - (3) After subsection (1) insert
 - "(1A) The condition is that
 - (a) the member in question is a company that has not been UK resident at any time before 29 October 2018,
 - (b) the financial assistance in question is provided before that date, and
 - (c) the financial assistance in question is in respect of a loan relationship, derivative contract or relevant arrangement or transaction (within the meaning of section 382(4)) to which

the member in question is a party for the purposes of its UK property business."

- 34 In section 438 (exemption for interest payable to third parties etc) after subsection (5) insert
 - "(5A) For the purposes of subsection (4) a guarantee, indemnity or other financial assistance in favour of the creditor is also ignored if
 - (a) it is provided before 29 October 2018,
 - (b) the company concerned has not been UK resident at any time before that date, and
 - (c) the amount concerned is in respect of a loan relationship, derivative contract or relevant arrangement or transaction (within the meaning of section 382(4)) to which the member in question is a party for the purposes of its UK property business."

Part 3

COMMENCEMENT AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Commencement

35 This Schedule comes into force on 6 April 2020 ("the commencement date").

Transitional provisions

- Where a period of account of a company begins before and ends on or after the commencement date, it is to be assumed for the purposes of the amendments made by this Schedule –
 - (a) that the period ("the straddling period of account") consists of two separate periods of account
 - (i) the first beginning with the date on which the straddling period of account begins and ending with 5th April 2020, and
 - (ii) the second beginning with the commencement date and ending with the date on which the straddling period of account ends, and
 - (b) that separate accounts have been drawn up for each of those separate periods in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.
- 37 (1) This paragraph applies if
 - (a) in a tax year ending before the commencement date a company makes a loss in a UK property business that is within the charge to income tax,
 - (b) relief for the purposes of income tax is not given to the company for an amount of the loss ("the unrelieved amount"), and
 - (c) on the commencement date the UK property business ceases to be within the charge to income tax and comes within the charge to corporation tax as a result of section 5(3A) of CTA 2009.
 - (2) Relief for the purposes of corporation tax is given to the company under this paragraph for the unrelieved amount.
 - (3) For this purpose –

- (a) the unrelieved amount is carried forward to post-commencement accounting periods of the company (for so long as the company continues to carry on the UK property business), and
- (b) the profits of any such accounting period that are mentioned in subparagraph (4) are to be reduced by the unrelieved amount (so far as that amount cannot be used under this paragraph to reduce the profits of an earlier period).
- (4) The profits are
 - (a) profits of the UK property business, and
 - (b) profits arising from loan relationships or derivative contracts that the company is a party to for the purposes of that business.
- (5) In this paragraph "post-commencement accounting period" means an accounting period ending after the commencement date.
- 38 (1) This paragraph applies if -
 - (a) in the tax year 2019-20 a non-UK resident company is a partner in a firm which
 - (i) carries on a trade, and
 - (ii) has untaxed income or relievable losses from a UK property business, and
 - (b) accordingly, the company is treated under section 854 of ITTOIA 2005 as having a notional business for the tax year.
 - (2) The basis period for the notional business for the tax year is taken to end with 5th April in that tax year (if it would not otherwise do so).
 - (3) In this paragraph "untaxed income" has the meaning given by section 854(6) of ITTOIA 2005.
- 39 (1) This paragraph applies if -
 - (a) on or after the commencement date a loss arises in connection with a loan relationship of a company,
 - (b) the loss is wholly or partly referable to a time before the commencement date ("the pre-commencement time"), and
 - (c) had the loss arisen at the pre-commencement time it would have been brought into account in accordance with Part 3 of ITTOIA 2005 in calculating the profits of the UK property business of the company.
 - (2) Section 327 (disallowance of imported losses etc) does not apply in relation to so much of the loss as is referable to the pre-commencement time.
- 40 (1) This paragraph applies for an accounting period ("the loss period") of a non-UK resident company beginning on or after the commencement date if –
 - (a) apart from this paragraph, a loss arising in connection with a derivative contract of the company would by reason of this Schedule fall to be brought into account in accordance with Part 7 of CTA 2009,
 - (b) the loss is wholly or partly referable to a time before the commencement date when the derivative contract was not subject to corporation tax, and
 - (c) had the loss arisen at that time it would not have been brought into account in accordance with Part 3 of ITTOIA 2005 in calculating the profits of the UK property business of the company.

- (2) The amounts brought into account for the loss period in accordance with Part 7 of CTA 2009 must be such as to secure that none of the loss referable to that time is treated as arising in the loss period or any other accounting period of the company.
- (3) For the purposes of this section a loss is referable to a time when a contract is not subject to corporation tax so far as, at the time to which the loss is referable, the company would not have been chargeable to corporation tax on any profits arising from the contract.
- (4) If the company was not a party to the contract at the time to which the loss is referable, subparagraph (3) applies as if the reference to the company were a reference to the person who at that time was in the same position as respects the contract as is subsequently held by the company.
- (5) An amount which would be brought into account in accordance with Part 7 of CTA 2009 in respect of a derivative contract apart from this paragraph is treated for the purposes of section 699(1) of CTA 2009 (amounts brought into account under Part 7 excluded from being otherwise brought into account) as if it were so brought into account.
- (6) Accordingly, that amount must not be brought into account for corporation tax purposes as respects the derivative contract either in accordance with Part 7 of CTA 2009 or otherwise.
- 41 (1) This paragraph applies for an accounting period ("the relevant period") of a non-UK resident company beginning on or after the commencement date if
 - (a) a profit arising in connection with a loan relationship or derivative contract of the company ("the first instrument") falls by reason of this Schedule to be brought into account in the relevant period in accordance with Part 5 or Part 7 of CTA 2009,
 - (b) an amount of the profit ("the profit amount") is referable to a time before the commencement date when the first instrument was not subject to corporation tax,
 - (c) had the profit arisen at that time it would not have been brought into account in accordance with Part 3 of ITTOIA 2005 in calculating the profits of the UK property business of the company,
 - (d) at that time the first instrument and another loan relationship or derivative contract ("the second instrument") were in a hedging relationship with one another, and
 - (e) an amount of a loss ("the loss amount") arising in connection with the second instrument would (apart from this paragraph) be prevented by reason of paragraph 40 or section 327 of CTA 2009 from being brought into account in the relevant period accordance with Part 5 or Part 7 of CTA 2009.
 - (2) So much of the loss amount as does not exceed the profit amount may be brought into account in the relevant period in accordance with Part 5 or Part 7 of CTA 2009.
 - (3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) the first instrument and the second instrument are in a hedging relationship with one another in so far as one of them is intended to act as a hedge of the company's exposure to changes in the fair value of the other.

- (4) In a case where the first instrument and the second instrument are in a hedging relationship with one another to a limited extent, subsection (2) has effect in relation to so much of the loss amount as is just and reasonable having regard to the extent of that hedging relationship.
- (5) For the purposes of this paragraph a profit is referable to a time when the first instrument is not subject to corporation tax so far as, at the time to which the profit is referable, the company would not have been chargeable to corporation tax on any profits arising from the instrument.
- (6) If the company was not a party to the first instrument at the time to which the profit is referable, subparagraph (5) applies as if the reference to the company were a reference to the person who at that time was in the same position as respects the instrument as is subsequently held by the company.
- 42 (1) Where -
 - (a) before the commencement date a company is chargeable to income tax on the profits of its UK property business,
 - (b) on the commencement date the company becomes chargeable to corporation tax on the profits arising from a derivative contract that it is a party to for the purposes of its UK property business, and
 - (c) there is a tax asymmetry in relation to the derivative contact,

the amounts to be brought into account in respect of the derivative contract for the purposes of Part 7 of CTA 2009 are to be adjusted in such manner as is just and reasonable having regard to the tax asymmetry.

- (2) For the purposes of subparagraph (1) there is a tax asymmetry in relation to the derivative contract if
 - (a) fair value amounts arising in relation to the derivative contract are brought into account in calculating for the purposes of income tax the profits or losses of the company's UK property business for tax years ending before the commencement date, but
 - (b) by reason of regulation 9 of the Disregard Regulations, fair value amounts arising in relation to the contract are not brought into account for the purposes of Part 7 of CTA 2009 for accounting periods of the company beginning on or after the commencement date.
- (3) In this paragraph
 - "fair value amount" means an amount representing a change in the fair value of a derivative contract which is recognised in determining a company's profit or loss for a period of account in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice;
 - "the Disregard Regulations" means the Loan Relationships and Derivative Contracts (Disregard and Bringing into Account of Profits and Losses) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/3256).
- 43 (1) This paragraph applies if -
 - (a) an amount representing a change in the fair value of a derivative contract is recognised in determining a company's profit or loss for a period of account beginning before the commencement date, and
 - (b) the amount would have been brought into account in calculating for the purposes of income tax the profits or losses of the company's UK property business for a tax year ending before the commencement date but for its having been treated as an amount of a capital nature.

- (2) In determining the amounts the company is to bring into account for the purposes of Part 7 of CTA 2009 for an accounting period beginning on or after the commencement date
 - (a) the derivative contract is to be treated as being one in relation to which an election has effect under regulation 6A of the Disregard Regulations, and
 - (b) if regulation 7 or 8 of those Regulations applies in relation to the derivative contract, the amount referred to in subparagraph (1) is to be treated for the purposes of regulation 10 of those Regulations as being an amount that has previously been excluded from being brought into account for the purposes of Part 7 of CTA 2009 by regulation 7 or 8 (as the case may be).
- (3) In this paragraph
 - "the Disregard Regulations" means the Loan Relationships and Derivative Contracts (Disregard and Bringing into Account of Profits and Losses) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/3256);
 - "recognised" means recognised in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.
- 44 (1) This paragraph applies if -
 - (a) before 1 January 2015 a company measures a relevant derivative contract at fair value,
 - (b) on the commencement date the company comes within the charge to corporation tax by reason of this Schedule, and
 - (c) the first relevant period of the company begins on or after the commencement date.
 - (2) The company is to be treated for the purposes of regulation 6A of the Disregard Regulations as if it was a new adopter.
 - (3) In this paragraph
 - "the Disregard Regulations" means the Loan Relationships and Derivative Contracts (Disregard and Bringing into Account of Profits and Losses) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/3256), and
 - "the first relevant period" and "relevant derivative contract" have the meaning given by regulation 6A(5) of the Disregard Regulations.
- 45 (1) This paragraph applies if on the commencement date
 - (a) an asset held by a non-UK resident company for the purposes of its UK property business becomes a chargeable intangible asset in relation to the company by reason of the business coming within the charge to corporation tax, or
 - (b) an asset held by a non-UK resident company for the purposes of enabling it to generate other UK property income becomes a chargeable intangible asset in relation to the company by reason of that income coming within the charge to corporation tax.
 - (2) Part 8 of CTA 2009 applies as if
 - (a) the company had acquired the asset immediately on the commencement date, and
 - (b) had done so for its accounting value at that time.
 - (3) In this paragraph –

- "accounting value" and "chargeable intangible asset" have the meaning they have in Part 8 of CTA 2009, and
- "other UK property income" has the meaning it has in Part 2 of CTA 2009.
- 46 (1) An election under section 792 of CTA 2009 (reallocation of degrouping charge within a group) may not be made if
 - (a) subsection (3A) of section 793 applies to B, and
 - (b) the relevant time is before 5 July 2016.
 - (2) An election under section 792 of CTA 2009 may not be made if -
 - (a) subsection (3B) of section 793 applies to B, and
 - (b) the relevant time is before the commencement date.
 - (3) In this paragraph references to "B" and "the relevant time" must be read in accordance with section 792 of CTA 2009.
- 47 (1) This paragraph applies if -
 - (a) before the commencement date a company incurs expenditure for the purposes of a UK property business it is about to carry on,
 - (b) the company begins to carry on the business on or after the commencement date, and
 - (c) when the company begins to carry on the business it is non-UK resident.
 - (2) Subsection (7) of section 1147 of CTA 2009 (which enables a company to obtain relief for expenditure on contaminated or derelict land incurred prior to carrying on a UK property business) does not apply in relation to the expenditure.
- 48 Where on the commencement date
 - (a) a non-UK resident company ceases to be within the charge to income tax and comes within the charge to corporation tax by reason of this Schedule, and
 - (b) an accounting period of the company begins in accordance with section 9(1)(a) of CTA 2009,

the Corporation Tax (Instalment Payments) Regulations 1998 (S.I. 1998/ 3175) do not have effect in relation to that accounting period.

- 49 (1) This paragraph applies if on or after 29 October 2018 a company enters into an arrangement the main purpose or one of the main purposes of which is to secure for any person a tax advantage related to the coming into force of this Schedule.
 - (2) The tax advantage is to be counteracted by means of adjustments.
 - (3) The adjustments may be made (whether by an officer of Revenue and Customs or the person who would obtain the tax advantage) by way of an assessment, the modification of an assessment, an amendment or disallowance of a claim, or otherwise.
 - (4) In this paragraph –

"arrangement" includes any agreement, understanding, scheme, transaction or series of transactions (whether or not legally enforceable),

"tax advantage" has the meaning given by section 1139 of CTA 2010.

- 50 (1) This paragraph applies if
 - (a) a company enters into an arrangement of a kind mentioned in paragraph 49(1),
 - (b) the arrangements are effected by taking only ordinary commercial steps in accordance with a generally prevailing commercial practice,
 - (c) the tax advantage that the arrangements secure is the benefit of a relief expressly conferred by Part 10 of TIOPA 2010 (corporate interest restriction), and
 - (d) securing that tax advantage is wholly consistent with the policy objectives of that Part.
 - (2) If the arrangement is entered into on or after 29 October 2018, the tax advantage is not to be counteracted by means of adjustments under paragraph 49.
 - (3) In addition, the tax advantage is not to be counteracted by means of adjustments under section 461 of TIOPA 2010 irrespective of the date on which the arrangement was entered into.