EXPORT TO UNITED ARAB EMIRATES OF ANIMAL FEEDINGSTUFFS (INCLUDING FEED MATERIALS, COMPOUND FEEDS, ADDITIVES AND PREMIXES) CONTAINING NO INGREDIENTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN - 7976EHC

NOTES FOR THE GUIDANCE OF THE OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN AND EXPORTER

Associated Documents: 7976EHC.

#### IMPORTANT

These notes provide guidance to Official Veterinarians (OV) and exporters. The NFG should have been issued to you together with export certificate 7976 EHC. The NFG should not be read as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate 7976 EHC. We strongly suggest that exporters obtain full details of the importing country's requirements from the veterinary authorities in the country concerned, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment.

### 1. SCOPE OF THE CERTIFICATE

This certificate may be used for the export of animal feedingstuffs (including feed materials, compound feed additives and premixes) containing no ingredients of animal origin to the United Arab Emirates.

### 2. Certification by an Official Veterinarian (OV)

This certificate may be signed by an OV appointed by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, the Scottish Government, Welsh Government or the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA) Northern Ireland, who is on the appropriate panel for export purposes or who holds the appropriate Official Controls Qualification (Veterinary) (OCQ(V)) authorisation.

OVs must sign and stamp the health certificate with the OV stamp in any ink colour  ${f OTHER\ THAN\ BLACK}$ .

#### Certified Copy Requirements - England, Wales and Scotland

Guidance concerning return of certified copies of EHCs has changed and only specific certified copies are required to be returned to the APHA. Certifying OVs must return a certified copy of EHCs only for the following EHC types:

• if the exported commodity is cattle, pigs, sheep, goats or camelids; • if the certificate was applied for manually and the application documents have been emailed to APHA and not applied for via the Exports Health Certificates Online (EHCO) system.

Certified copies should be emailed on the day of signature to the Centre for International Trade Carlisle (CITC) at the following address: certifiedcopies@apha.gov.uk.

For certificates that have been issued to the Certifying OV via the EHCO system, the Certifying OV must complete the certifier portal with the status of the certificate and the date of signature.

A copy of all EHCs and supporting documentation certified must be retained for two years.

Certifying OVs are not required to return certified copies of other EHCs issued, however CITC may request certified copies of EHCs and supporting documentation in order to complete Quality Assurance checks or if an issue arises with the consignment after certification.

#### DAERA Export Health Certificates: Provision of certified copies

aPVPs certifying DECOL produced Export Health Certificates must return a legible, scanned copy of the final EHC to the relevant DAERA Processing Office within 1 working day of signing.

Good quality photographic copies will be accepted by the department, where obtaining a scanned copy is not feasible - for example, where 'on site' certification is undertaken and scanning facilities are not available.

For record purposes, a copy of the final Export Health Certificate and associated Support documents should be retained by the aPVP for a period of 2 years from the date of certification.

The Department will carry out periodic audits of all aspects of export certification to ensure that a high standard of certification is being maintained.

# 3. FORMAT OF THE CERTIFICATE

The format, paragraph numbering and content of this certificate is adapted from the specific model certificate published as Chapter 1 of Annex XV to Regulation (EC) 142/2011 (as amended) for the importation of this commodity from a third country into the UK and other EU member states.

This style of certificate is, in turn, based on the model 'Veterinary Certificate to EU' for products of animal origin as published in **Commission Decision 2007/240/EC** (as amended).

As a result, some of the text may not directly apply to exports from the UK and some paragraphs may appear out of sequence whilst others may be intentionally left blank.

Annex I of this Decision includes **Explanatory Notes** which offer general guidance on how veterinary certificates based on these models may be completed, particularly with respect to Part I of the certificate.

These and other pieces of EU legislation are published in the Official Journal of the European Union and can be accessed via the online search feature available at:

### http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

More specific guidance on completing this certificate has been provided in these notes.

# 4. COMPLETION OF PART I - DETAILS OF DESPATCHED CONSIGNMENT

# I.3 - Central Competent Authority

This should be completed with "Defra".

### I.4 - Local Competent Authority

The certifying OV should enter the name of the local office of APHA responsible for the exporting establishment. Where the exporting establishment is located in Northern Ireland, "DAERA" should be entered.

## $\underline{\textbf{1.6}}$ - intentionally struck through.

# I.7 and I.9 - Country ISO Codes

ISO 3166 is the commonly accepted International Standard for country codes.

The ISO Code for the whole of the **United Kingdom** is "GB" and this should be entered at **Box I.7.** 

The ISO Code for UAE is "AE" and should be entered at Box I.9.

# I.8 - Region of Origin

In line with the Explanatory Notes referred to in paragraph 3 above, this paragraph may usually be struck through.

However, if the UK and the product fall within the scope of emergency disease control legislation laid down by the importing authorities then this paragraph should be completed with the appropriate region names and ISO codes if these are specified under such emergency legislation. In these cases, Animal and Plant Health Agency (APHA) Centre for International Trade (CIT) in Carlisle or DAERA in Northern Ireland should be consulted for further specific guidance.

I.10 - intentionally struck through.

### I.11 - Approval/Registration Number

Establishments handling unprocessed animal by-products or manufacturing products derived from unprocessed animal by-products must be approved in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1069/2009 (as amended). In England, this is enforced by the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Similar legislation exists in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

Certifying Official Veterinarians are advised that, in accordance with Articles 54 and 55 of Regulation (EC) 1069/2009 (as amended), references to Regulation (EC) 1774/2002 (as amended) shall be construed as references to Regulation (EC) 1069/2009 (as amended) and that establishments, plants and users approved or registered in accordance with regulation (EC) 1774/2002 (as amended) before 4 March 2011 shall be deemed to be approved or registered, as required, in accordance with regulation (EC) 1069/2009.

Alternatively, establishments handling processed ingredients of animal origin intended for animal consumption may be approved or registered in accordance with Regulation (EC) 183/2005 laying down requirements for feed hygiene. In England, this is enforced by the Feed (Hygiene and Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2005 (as amended). Similar legislation exists in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

The approval or registration number may be confirmed on sight of a valid approval document or by reference to the responsible local APHA or DAERA office.

I.12 - intentionally struck through.

### I.13 - Place of loading

The place of loading or the port of embarkation must be entered.

### I.14 - Date of departure

The date of departure must be entered.

## I.15 - Means of transport

The means of transport i.e. aeroplane, ship, railway wagon, road vehicle must be indicated. The option 'Other' is not applicable to

the movement of products and should not be selected. The flight number, name of the vessel, the train number and rail car or the number plate of the road vehicle should be entered as the means of identification as appropriate.

If the means of transport changes after the certificate has been signed, the consignor must inform the officials at the intended point of entry.

Optionally, the number of the airway bill, bill of loading, or the commercial number of the train or road vehicle may be entered as the documentary reference.

#### I.16 - Entry point

The exporter must advise the OV of the point of entry into the destination country and this must be entered.

I.17 - intentionally struck through.

#### I.18 - Description of commodity

A veterinary description of the goods or a description based on the applicable HS Code (see below) must be entered.

#### I.19 - HS Code

The Harmonised System (HS) Code is a commodity classification system used as a basis for customs tariffs and for international trade statistics. The appropriate HS Code should be entered in **Box I.19**. Further information on HS Codes can be found online at:

https://www.gov.uk/trade-tariff/sections

and

http://madb.europa.eu/madb/euTariffs.htm

The OV should confirm with the exporter that the HS Code used correctly describes the products being consigned.

### I.20 - Quantity of Product

Insert the total gross and net weights in Kg.

## I.21 - Temperature of product

Indicate whether the transport/storage temperature is ambient, chilled or frozen.

#### I.22 - Number of packages

Insert the number of packages in the consignment.

### I.23 - Seal/container no.

The seal or container number of consignment may be entered here.

### I.24 - Type of packaging

Enter the type of packaging in the space provided.

#### I.25 - Commodities certified for

Indicate the intended use of the product, taking into account any quidance which may be offered in the footnote of the certificate.

**<u>I.26</u>** - intentionally struck through.

#### I.27 - For import or admission

The box should be ticked to confirm that this is an import or

admission as opposed to transhipment.

#### I.28 - Identification of the commodities

The species referred to in the  $1^{st}$  column of **Box I.28** refers to the species from which the products were derived.

If the consignment consists of several different types of products then it may be necessary to use a separate schedule to identify the full consignment. The schedule must, as a minimum, contain the same information as that required in **Box I.28** of the certificate and this box must be annotated "See Attached Schedule".

Each page of the schedule must bear a page number and the health certificate reference number and be signed, dated and stamped by the Official Veterinarian.

The schedule must be stapled inside the health certificate and the Official Veterinarian should "fan" and stamp over the pages of the schedule and certificate. The top stapled corner of the schedule and certificate should be folded over and stamped also.

Any blank spaces in the schedule or in  ${\tt Box\ I.28}$  should be deleted with diagonal lines.

Further to **I.11** above, OVs should enter the relevant approval/registration number of the manufacturing plant in addition to the other required information.

### 5. COMPLETION OF PART II - HEALTH INFORMATION

The OV can certify paragraph II.1 on GMOs the basis of assurances from the manufacturer that the UK requirements for GMO content and GM labelling have been complied. UK legislation allows a certain

background threshold (0.5%) of GMOs to be present even if the GMOs are not authorised and a slightly higher threshold (0.5%) of GMOs that have been authorised. More information can be found at  $\frac{\text{https://www.food.gov.uk/science/novel/gm/gmanimal}}{\text{OV must become familiar with this and ask the necessary questions to check the veracity of the assurances received.}$ 

The OV can certify paragraph II.2 on freedom from porcine content through familiarity with the process and knowledge/evidence presented about the starting material used. Absence of

bacterial/fungal/toxicological contamination can be certified on the basis of assurances received that good manufacturing practice was followed and the UK's animal feed legislation - as at:

https://www.food.gov.uk/business-

industry/farmingfood/animalfeed/animalfeedlegislation/animal-feedlegislation-summary - has been complied with.

### 6. SUPPORTING DECLARATIONS

If declarations are relied upon to support the completion of this certificate, these must be signed by someone who has knowledge of and responsibility for the relevant parts of the production process. The managing director (or equivalent) of the company should provide a letter giving the name(s) and job title(s) of those authorised to give the declaration and the basis on which the declaration is made.

The declaration should include a clause indicating that the signatory is aware that making a false declaration is an offence and that he/she accepts full responsibility if any problems arise with the export should there be any dispute relating to the matters being declared.

7976NFG (Agreed 30/08/2016) (Revised 27/11/2023)

The RCVS Guide to Professional Conduct 2012 states that [Veterinary Surgeons] "must not recklessly confirm what other people have stated". Where possible, supporting evidence should be called for and put on file.

# 7. DISCLAIMER

This certificate is provided on the basis of information available at the time, and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the APHA Centre for International Trade, Carlisle or DAERA, via the link or e-mail address below:

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/contact-apha

DAERA - Email: <a href="mailto:vs.implementation@daera-ni.gov.uk">vs.implementation@daera-ni.gov.uk</a>