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EXPORT OF PORCINE SEMEN TO NEPAL - 8116EHC

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE FOR OFFICIAL VETERINARIANS AND EXPORTERS

#### IMPORTANT

These notes provide guidance to Official Veterinarians (OVs) and exporters and should have been issued together with export certificate 8116EHC. These Notes for Guidance (NFG) are not intended to operate as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate 8116EHC.

OVS AND EXPORTERS ARE ADVISED THAT CERTIFICATE 8116EHC HAS NOT BEEN FORMALLY AGREED WITH THE AUTHORITIES IN THE IMPORTING COUNTRY. ACCORDINGLY, USE OF THIS CERTIFICATE FOR EXPORT OF PORCINE SEMEN TO NEPAL IS AT THE EXPORTER'S RISK.

Exporters are therefore strongly advised to verify the requirements of the importing country by contacting the veterinary authorities, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment. They should attempt to obtain an import permit and check this certificate against the requirements of the import permit.

If the health requirements do not match or no import permit is available, the exporter may choose to proceed with the export using certificate 8116EHC, however this decision and any consequences thereof are taken strictly at the exporter's own risk.

### 1. SCOPE OF THE CERTIFICATE

Export health certificate 8116EHC may be used for the export of fresh or frozen porcine semen from the United Kingdom to Nepal.

N.B: Exporters and certifying OVs must take particular note of the above-mentioned disclaimer and paragraph 8.

### 2. CERTIFICATION BY AN OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

In Great Britain, this certificate may be signed by a Veterinary Officer of the Department or by an authorised Official Veterinarian (OV) appointed to the appropriate panel for export purposes by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra), the Scottish Government or the Welsh Government, or who holds the appropriate Official Controls Qualification (Veterinary) (OCQ(V)) authorisation.

In Northern Ireland, this certificate may be signed by an Authorised Veterinary Inspector (AVI) appointed as an OV to the appropriate export panel for export purposes by the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA).

OVs must sign and stamp the health certificate with the OV stamp in ink of any colour other than black.

A certified copy of the completed certificate must be sent to the Animal Plant and Health Agency (APHA) Customer Service Centre (CSC) Carlisle within seven days of signing, or in the case of Northern Ireland to DAERA, Dundonald House, Belfast.

The OV should keep a copy for his/her own records.

#### 3. SCHEDULES

Parts I and II refer. Separate schedules may be used to identify the donor boars and porcine semen certified. Schedules must contain the same information as that required in Parts I and II. Parts I and II must be annotated 'See attached schedule' as appropriate. Each page of the schedule(s) must bear a page number and the health certificate reference number and must be signed, dated and stamped by the OV.

The schedule(s) must be stapled inside the health certificate and the OV should 'fan' and stamp over the pages of the schedule(s) and certificate. The top stapled corner of the schedule(s) and certificate should be folded over and stamped also. Any blank spaces in the schedule(s) or in Parts I and II must be deleted with diagonal lines.

## 4. COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 90/429/EEC (as amended)

The semen collection centre must be approved by the Department in accordance with Council Directive 90/429/EEC (as amended). The certifying OV must be fully conversant with the provisions of Council Directive 90/429/EEC and any subsequent amendments, laying down the animal health requirements applicable to intra-Community trade in and imports of semen of domestic animals of the porcine species.

This certificate has been drafted in accordance with the conditions laid down in the Directive for pre-entry quarantine, pre-entry testing and routine testing of donor boars, together with collection, processing and packaging of porcine semen.

It may be signed on the basis of compliance of the centre with the above-mentioned Directive.

# 5. NOTIFIABLE DISEASE CLEARANCE (FORM 618NDC)

Paragraphs V(b) and V(c) refer. OVs may certify these paragraphs on behalf of the Department provided written authority to do so has been obtained on form 618NDC from the APHA CSC Carlisle or the issuing office of DAERA in Northern Ireland.

## 6. LABORATORY TESTS

The OV must ensure that any laboratory carrying out pre-export testing is officially approved for this purpose by Defra or DAERA.

In Great Britain (England, Wales and Scotland), the majority of pre-export testing is carried out at the APHA Laboratory, New Haw, Weybridge, Addlestone, Surrey, KT15 3NB, (Tel: 01932 357335). Some tests are carried out at APHA Lasswade, Pentlands Science Park, Bush Loan, Penicuick, Midlothian, EH26 0PZ, (Tel: 0131 445 6169). Certain specialist tests are carried out at regional APHA laboratories.

In Northern Ireland, the majority of pre-export testing is carried out at the Agri-Food and Biosciences Institute (AFBI) Stormont Veterinary Laboratory, Stormont, Belfast, BT4 3SD (Tel: 028 9052 5791 (General Enquiries).

For operational reasons however, the laboratories involved may change periodically. Accordingly, the OV is advised to check with the APHA or AFBI to determine to which laboratories samples should be sent for testing. Samples should always be sent to the laboratory concerned sufficiently in advance of the export date to enable the tests to be carried out and reported. If in doubt as to the procedures for collection, the requirement for transport medium if any, dispatch of samples and the length of time a test is likely to take, the OV should seek the advice of the relevant laboratory.

# 7. SEALING OF THE TRANSPORT CONTAINER

Paragraph V(m) refers: The semen must be secured within its packaging or cryogenic container by a tamperproof seal applied in such a way that the container cannot be opened without breaking the seal. The number on the seal must be entered at paragraph V(m)(ii) of the health certificate.

If it is necessary to top up the container, the additional liquid nitrogen used must meet the requirements of the certificate (see paragraph V(m)(iii)). Topping up should be done in the presence of an OV, who must apply a new tamperproof seal upon completion.

The OV must endorse paragraph V(m)(ii) of the health certificate with the new seal number, giving name and signature and dating and stamping the endorsement in the margin of the certificate in ink of any colour other than black.

# 8. DISCLAIMER

Exporters and certifying OVs are advised that 8116EHC takes into account the recommendations by the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) for trade in this commodity. Whereas the certificate is provided on the basis of information available at the time, it may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country.

It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country.

For further advice, the exporter should contact the APHA CSC Carlisle via the link below:

https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/animal-and-plant-health-agency/about/access-and-opening#centre-for-international-trade-carlisle

or, in the case of export from Northern Ireland, DAERA at Dundonald House, Belfast.