

DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT WELSH GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT FOR AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NORTHERN IRELAND

	No:
EXPORT OF TURKEY HATCHING EGGS (Meleagris gallopavo)	TO NEW ZEALAND
SUPPORT HEALTH CERTIFICATE	
0.0	
I. Name and address of OV to whom this certificate	must be returned as
soon as possible:	
II. Name and address of exporter:	
III. Address of flock of origin:	

IV. Date of export:

V. Health Information.

I, the undersigned, certify that the birds comprising the flock of origin meet the following requirements:

- a) The hatching eggs for export to New Zealand were derived from parent flocks kept in accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Code chapter on Biosecurity Procedures in Poultry Production;
- b) The parent flock(s) were inspected by an Official Veterinarian within 28 days prior to the commencement of egg collection and found to be free of clinical evidence of disease; this inspection was undertaken while the flock were housed in the premises where egg collection took place;

c) The eggs were clean when collected, were unwashed, and have intact (uncracked) shells. They were collected separately from dirty and broken or cracked eggs. The hatching eggs were cleaned and sanitised as soon as possible after collection using a Defra approved sanitising agent in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the OIE Code chapter on Biosecurity Procedures in Poultry Production;

date of sanitising
sanitising agent
active ingredient

- d) Laboratory samples for the required export testing were collected, processed and stored as recommended in the OIE Code or Manual, or as otherwise approved by the MPI;
- e) Sampling of birds for diagnostic testing was randomised, and representative of the flock(s) from which the eggs were collected;
- f)* The eggs were derived from flocks in avian influenza and Newcastle disease free compartment(s) which have been approved by Defra and a biosecurity plan endorsed by Defra has been approved by MPI;
- The eggs were derived from parent birds that were resident for at least 21 days before, and throughout, egg collection in EITHER (i)* the UK

 OR (ii)* a zone within the UK

 OR (iii)*a Compartment within the UK

 which was free from Avian Influenza (AI) as defined in the OIE

 Code, with current OIE Code and Manual surveillance and testing requirements being met;
- h) The eggs were derived from parent flocks which have not been vaccinated for avian influenza;
- The eggs were derived from parent birds that were resident for at least 21 days before, and throughout, egg collection in EITHER (i)* the UK

 OR (ii)* a zone within the UK

 OR (iii)*a Compartment within the UK

 which was free from Newcastle disease (APMV-1), with current

 OIE Code and Manual surveillance and testing requirements being met;
- k) The eggs were derived from parent flocks which have been vaccinated for Newcastle disease (APMV-1) using a live lentogenic vaccine strain in accordance with the OIE Manual, and the master seed virus for the vaccine has an intra-cerebral pathogenicity index of less than 0.4. The nature of the vaccine and date of vaccination is shown on the vaccination schedule attached to this certificate;
- The eggs for export were derived from parent flocks which are members of a government supervised poultry health scheme which conforms with the OIE Code and EU Directive 2009/158/EC, and as such they are routinely monitored for Salmonella pullorum and S.gallinarum and S.arizona and they have consistently shown negative results for the past 12 months;

- m) The eggs for export were derived from parent flocks which are regularly tested for **Salmonella enteritidis** and **S.typhimurium** in accordance with the OIE Code and EU Regulation 2160/2003, implemented in the UK by the Salmonella National Control Programme, and they have consistently shown negative results for the past 12 months;
- n) The eggs for export were derived from parent flocks which are members of a government supervised poultry health scheme which conforms to the OIE Code and EU Directive 2009/158/EC, and as such they are routinely monitored for **Mycoplasma meleagridis** and they have consistently shown negative results for the past 12 months;
- The eggs for export were derived from parent flocks in which a cloacal swab was taken from at least 60 birds of each flock within the 28 days prior to commencement of collection of eggs for export and tested by bacterial culture for Mycoplasma iowae in:

*Either a Government laboratory
*Or an officially approved laboratory

with negative results in each case.

VI. This certificate is valid for 10 days.

*delete if not applicable.

Stamp	SignedRCVS
	Name in block letters
	Flock Veterinarian
Date	Address