

# DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT - RURAL DIRECTORATE WELSH ASSEMBLY GOVERNMENT - DEPARTMENT FOR RURAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NORTHERN IRELAND

No: .....

1,

PERMIT No:

EXPORT OF HORSES FOR TEMPORARY IMPORT TO MACAU PASSPORT No: HEALTH CERTIFICATE

EXPORTING COUNTRY: UNITED KINGDOM (GREAT BRITAIN)

FOR COMPLETION BY: OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

#### I. Identification of the animal

Name	Breed	Age	Colour	Sex

A full description using the sketch on page 4 must be completed, in addition to the passport details.

# II. Origin of the animal

- a) Name and address of exporter:
- b) Place of origin:
- c) Owners name and address:
- d) Address of isolation premises:

(Isolation in the UK is only required if the UK cannot be certified as being free of Surra, Equine Encephalomyelitis (all types), and Screw worm infection. If isolation is required, the horse must be held in insect vector protected stables and treated with an effective insect vector repellent/insecticide on each occasion that it leaves the insect vector protected stables.)

### III. Destination of the animal

- a) Place and address of destination:
- b) Name and address of consignee:
- c) Means of transportation:
- d) Name of transport company:
- e) Address of transport company:

# IV. Movement information of the horse

a) Country of permanent/usual residency:

<sup>1</sup>b) the horse has been temporarily imported into the countries below for racing purposes since leaving the country of permanent/usual residency according to the following sequence:

Entry	Exit	(Dates)	Country
Entry	Exit	(Dates)	Country
Entry	Exit	(Dates)	Country
Entry	Exit	(Dates)	Country

c)

<sup>1</sup>d)

7

the horse is expected to return to its country of permanent/usual residency on (date):

all certification provided for this horse since leaving its country of permanent/usual residency is attached to this certificate;

N.B. Countries other than the United Kingdom are the European Union Member States, Australia, New Zealand, USA, Canada, Japan, Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia (Continent), Argentina, the United Arab Emirates, or South Africa (African horse sickness free zone);

### V. Health certification

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that:

- a) on (date), being within 24 hours of export, I examined the animal described at paragraph I above and found it free from clinical signs of infectious or contagious disease including external parasites, and in my opinion fit to travel;
- b) to the best of my knowledge in the case of a female horse, it is not pregnant;
- c) African horse sickness, glanders, equine infectious anaemia and Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis are compulsorily notifiable in the United Kingdom and vaccination against African horse sickness has not been practised for the past 12 months;
- d) (i) African horse sickness, glanders and equine encephalomyelitis (including Japanese encephalitis B) have not occurred in the United Kingdom during the past 2 years;
  - dourine and vesicular stomatitis have not occurred in the United Kingdom during the past 12 months;
  - Borna disease in horses and ruminants and surra have not been recorded in the United Kingdom during the past 12 months;
- e) (i) after due enquiry and as far as can be determined no case of the following diseases occurred in the holdings area or the premises where the horse has been continually resident for the last 30 days immediately preceding export;

(ii) to the best of my knowledge, the horse did not suffer and come into contact with equine suspected to be suffering with the following diseases during the previous 30 days:

African horse sickness	Glanders	
Dourine	Eastern equine encephalomyelitis	
Western equine encephalomyelitis	Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis	
Japanese B encephalitis	Equine ehrlichiosis	
Hendra virus infection	Nipha virus infection	
Strangles (Stretococcus equi)	Surra	
Vesicular stomatitis	West Nile virus infection	
Contagious equine metritis	Taylorella equigenitalis infection	
Epizootic lymphangitis	Equine infectious anaemia	
Equine influenza	Equine viral abortion due to abortus	
	herpes virus type 1	
Equine viral arteritis	Equine piroplasmosis	
Horse pox	Rabies	
Lyme disease	Potomac fever	
Borna disease	Equine herpes virus 1 (paralytic or CNS	
	form)	

on (date), being within 10 days of export from the United Kingdom, or country of permanent residency mentioned in paragraph IV (a) or in any of the countries mentioned at paragraph IV (b), a blood sample was taken from the said animal and sent to a Government or Government authorised laboratory, where it was submitted to the immunodiffusion (Coggins) test or an approved ELISA test for **equine infectious anaemia** with a negative result';

(date), being within 10 days of export from the United Kingdom, or on country of permanent residency mentioned in paragraph IV (a) or in any of the countries Government or Government authorised laboratory, where it was submitted to either the complement fixation test (negative at a dilution of 1 in 10), or the indirect fluorescent antibody test (negative being less than 2+ at a dilution of 1 in 80) for **equine piroplasmosis (Theileria equi and** Babesia caballi), with negative results;

#### (i) EITHER\*

OR\*

<sup>2</sup>f)

<sup>2</sup>q)

h)

The said animal was vaccinated with a certified primary course of approved vaccinations against equine influenza comprising of at least 2 doses with an interval of 4 to 6 weeks;

a certified booster vaccination against equine influenza which was given within 12 months of a certified primary course, or within 12 months of a certified booster vaccination where it, and any other previous booster vaccinations, had been administered annually within a regular 12-month period since the primary course;

the last vaccination was given during the 60 days immediately prior to (ii) export from the country of permanent or usual residency mentioned in paragraph IV (a) but not within 14 days of export

(vaccine	name)	(date)
(vaccine	name)	(date)
(vaccine	name)	(date)

(date), being within 48 hours of export, a nasopharyngeal i) swab was collected from the horse and subjected to one of the following tests with negative results. The laboratory report is attached to this certificate.

\*A Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) or \*an antigen enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) for Influenza A virus or \*equine influenza virus.

(date), being within 48 hours of export, the said animal was j) on treated with the following broad spectrum **parasiticide** effective against ticks:

Name	of	product:
name	Οr	produce.

Active ingredient(s):

- a written declaration has been received from the owner\*/agent of the owner\* stating that the k) vehicle for transportation of the horse to the port of embarkation has been cleansed and disinfected using a DEFRA approved disinfectant prior to loading this animal and other animals of the same consignment;
- a written declaration has been received from the owner\*/agent of the owner\* stating that the said 1) animal will be transported in a sealed vehicle/container direct from the isolation premises to the port/airport of embarkation without coming into contact with animals not similarly certified, and that it will be transported according to IATA regulations.
- Delete as appropriate
- Delete if the country of permanent/usual residency is the United Kingdom (UK)
- A certified true copy of the laboratory report must be attached to the certificate. 2

The signature and stamp must be in a colour other than black. Note:

This certificate is valid for 10 days VI.

Stamp Signed ..... RCVS Name in block letters: ..... OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

Date .....

