

# DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT

## WELSH GOVERNMENT

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NORTHERN IRELAND

Export Health Certificate No: ............

Import Permit No:

# TEMPORARY EXPORT OF HORSES FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM INTO HONG KONG FOR THE HONG KONG MASTERS - PART A

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

EXPORTING COUNTRY: UNITED KINGDOM

FOR COMPLETION BY OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

## I) IDENTIFICATION

| Name | Colour Sex | Age | Breed | Microchip<br>number<br>and/or | Passport<br>Number | Issuing/<br>Validating<br>Authority |
|------|------------|-----|-------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
|      |            |     |       | tattoo*                       |                    |                                     |
|      |            |     |       |                               |                    |                                     |

An identification silhouette or a valid identification document is available and arrangements have been made for such a document to accompany this horse.

## II) ORIGIN, TRANSPORT AND DESTINATION

- (a) Exporting country: UNITED KINGDOM
   Competent Authority(3):
- (b) Name and address of consignor (4):
- (c) Address of premises where the horse was examined:
- (d) By AIR/RAIL/ROAD/SEA\*:

  Indicate flight number, registration marks or registered name as appropriate
- (e) In-transit accommodation\* (name and address of premises and period held at the premises):
- (f) Name and address of the consignee:

#### III) MOVEMENT INFORMATION

- I, , an Official Veterinarian authorised by the competent veterinary authority  $^{(3)}$  of the United Kingdom to certify horses for export, hereby declare that:
- (a) The horse's Permanent/Usual Residency(5) is in the following country:
- (b) This horse has been temporarily imported into the country/counties as listed below for racing purposes or other purposes as approved by AFCD in the 60 days prior to export to Hong Kong according to the following sequence\*:

i. Country: Entry date: Exit date:

ii. Country: Entry date: Exit date:

iii. Country: Entry date: Exit date:

iv. Country: Entry date: Exit date:

v. Country: Entry date: Exit date:

- (c) All of the country/countries listed in SECTION III(a) & (b) are included in the list of Scheduled countries  $^{(2)}$ .
- (d) I have read, certified as seen all certification (original certificates or certified copies (a) issued for this horse on being exported from its country of permanent/usual residency and/or from the countries listed in SECTION III(b).

## IV) RESIDENCY INFORMATION FOR THE 60 DAYS IMMEDIATELY PRECEEDING EXPORT<sup>(7)</sup>

- (a) Based on the certification provided, during the entire period of stay in the country/countries listed in SECTION III(b) above, the horse has stayed in scheduled countries/places for equestrian events or for other purposes as stated in the sequence listed in ANNEX 1 (1546SUP);
- (b) i. If the exporting country cannot be certified as being free of equine encephalomyelitis (all types) and screw worm, whilst the horse is temporarily resident there, then the horse was / has been held in mosquito and fly (vector) protected stables and treated with an effective vector repellent/insecticide on each occasion that it left the vector protected stable OR in the case of countries that cannot be certified as free of WEE and EEE the horse was vaccinated against WEE and EEE with inactivated vaccine within 6 months and 30 days prior to export.
  - ii. During the 60 days prior to export to Hong Kong all premises were emptied, thoroughly cleansed and disinfected prior to the entry of the horse.
  - iii. During the 60 days prior to export to Hong Kong, the horse has only come into contact with horses of the exact/same tested and certified health status. Contact with other horses is only permitted at the time of racing/competition.

### V) HEALTH INFORMATION

- (a) I have examined the horse identified in this certificate within 24 hours prior to export and found it to be free from clinical signs of infectious or contagious disease, free from external parasites and fit to travel.
- (b) While in the United Kingdom the horse has not been mated, either naturally or by artificial insemination, or been resident on horse breeding premises, during the past 60 days.

- (c) The United Kingdom is either African Horse Sickness (AHS) free for the last two years and no vaccination against AHS has been practised for the last 12 months, or it has an officially recognised AHS Free Zone<sup>(8)</sup> from which the horse is exported. AHS is a notifiable disease in the United Kingdom. The horse has not been on any premises where AHS has occurred in the past 60 days and the horse has not been infected with AHS in the past 60 days.
- (d) The United Kingdom has been free from Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis and glanders for the last two years and the horse has not been vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis in the past 60 days.

#### EITHER

\*during the 60 days immediately preceding export FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM

OR

IF RESIDENT OUTSIDE THE UK DURING PART OF THE 60 DAY PERIOD, DURING THE ENTIRE 60 DAY PERIOD OF RESIDENCY IN COUNTRY/COUNTRIES WHERE THE HORSE HAS HAD TEMPORARY RESIDENCY:

the horse was continuously resident on holdings which did not have any cases of the diseases listed below and did not suffer from any of these diseases.

| Anthrax**   | Equine influenza       | Scabies                                  |
|---|------------------------|--|
| Contagious equine metritis**                                | Equine piroplasmosis   | St. Louis encephalitis                   |
| Dourine**   | Equine viral arteritis | Strangles (Streptococcus equi)           |
| Eastern equine encephalomyelitis**                          | Glanders**             | Surra                                    |
| Epizootic lymphangitis                                      | Hendra virus infection | Venezuelan equine<br>encephalomyelitis** |
| Equine ehrlichiosis   | Horse mange            | Vesicular stomatitis**                   |
| Equine encephalosis   | Horse pox              | Western equine encephalomyelitis**       |
| Equine herpes virus (abortigenic and neurotropic) infection | Japanese encephalitis  |  |
| Equine infectious anaemia**                                 | Nipah virus infection  |  |

The diseases with a double asterisk (\*\*) listed above are compulsorily notifiable in the United Kingdom.

# VI) TESTING AND VACCINATION INFORMATION (9&10)

- (a) Based on the certification and laboratory results provided:
  - i. Blood samples have been taken from the horse within 14 days of export to Hong Kong.
  - ii. The following tests were performed with  ${f negative}$  results (unless otherwise stated) in each case  $^{(10)}$ .
- (b) No vaccines have been administered to the horse within 14 days of export to Hong Kong.
- (c) The original or certified copies of all health certificates, laboratory tests and vaccination certificates (if vaccinations are recorded in the horse's passport a certified copy of the relevant pages of the passport is **still required**) from all countries listed in SECTION III(a) & SECTION III(b) have been endorsed and have **been attached** to this certificate<sup>(6)</sup>.

All sections below have been completed by inserting a tick  $\checkmark$  in the appropriate box. (d)

| i.  | African horse sickness  Dourine                 | The horse has not, during the last 60 days, been in any country in which African horse sickness (AHS) has been reported in the last 2 years and in which vaccination against AHS has been practiced in the last 12 months.  OR  The horse originates from an official AHS free zone(8) of a country, and an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) test has been carried out on two samples of blood taken with an interval of between 21 and 30 days on  |
|-----|---|--|
| iii | Equine influence vaccination                    | During the 90 days immediately prior to export from the country where the horse has permanent or usual residency, it was administered:  A primary course of approved vaccinations against equine influenza comprising of at least 2 doses with an interval of 4 to 6 weeks or according to the terms of vaccine registration with the relevant government authority.  OR  A booster vaccination against equine influenza which was given within 12 months of a primary course, or within 12 months of a booster vaccination where it, and any other previous booster vaccinations, had been administered annually within a regular 12-month period since the primary course (which consisted of at least 2 doses with an interval of 4 to 6 weeks or according to the terms of vaccine registration with the relevant government authority). |
| iv. | Equine influenza testing                        | A nasopharyngeal swab was collected from the horse within 48 hours prior to departure and was subjected to one of the following tests:  A polymerase chain reaction test for influenza A on  OR The Directigen Flu A or Flu A+B test kit manufactured by Becton, Dickinson and Company USA (BD) on   |
| v.  | Equine infectious anaemia  Equine piroplasmosis | The immunodiffusion (Coggins) test on  |

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