

DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT - RURAL DIRECTORATE WELSH GOVERNMENT, DEPARTMENT FOR RURAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT FOR AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NORTHERN IRELAND

EXPORT OF CAPRINE AND OVINE SEMEN TO BARBADOS	No:
HEALTH CERTIFICATE	
EXPORTING COUNTRY: UNITED KINGDOM	
FOR COMPLETION BY: OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN	

I. Information concerning the donor(s)

Identification Mark/ Tattoo/microchip number	Name	Breed
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- Information concerning the semen
- a) Date(s) of collection:
- Number and volume of straws: b)
- Permanent identification marks on straws (this information may be C) provided in code form with an explanation of the code):

III. Origin of the semen

- Name and address of approved semen collection centre:
- b) Registration number of approved semen collection centre:
- Name and address of the owner of the donor animal(s): C)

- d) Name and address of exporter:
- IV. Destination of the semen
- a) Name and address of consignee:
- b) Means of transportation (including registration number of vehicle, flight number of aircraft or name of ship):
- c) Number of seal on transport container:
- d) Import permit number(s):

V. Health Information

- I, an Official Veterinarian authorised by the competent veterinary authority of the United Kingdom, hereby certify that:
- the semen described in this certificate was collected in the United Kingdom which, at the time of collection of the semen to be exported, was free from foot and mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious caprine pleuropneumonia, rift valley fever, peste des petits ruminants and sheep and goat pox, in accordance with the World Organisation for Animal Health (O.I.E) Terrestrial Animal Health Code;
- 2) the semen described above was collected, processed and stored in a Semen Collection Centre (SCC) which meets the standards in Chapters 4.5 and 4.6 of the O.I.E Terrestrial Animal Health Code;
- 3) the semen came from an animal/animals of the caprine/ovine species which meets/meet the following requirements:
 - a) the donor animal(s) was/were examined on the day the semen was collected and found to be in good health;
 - b) immediately prior to arrival at the Semen Collection Centre, the donor animal (s) was/were kept on holdings which have been free from the following diseases for the period indicated, and have not been in contact with any other animals kept on holdings which do not meet the same criteria:
 - i) contagious agalactia of goats (Mycoplasma agalactiae, M. capricolum, M. mycoides var mycoides 'large colony') for at least 6 months;
 - ii) paratuberculosis and caseous lymphadenitis for at least 12
 months;
 - iii) pulmonary adenomatosis, caprine viral arthritis/encephalomyelitis and Maedi Visna for at least 3 years. For caprine viral arthritis/encephalomyelitis and Maedi Visna, this period may be shorter (12 months) if infected animals have been slaughtered and remaining animals reacted negatively to two further tests carried out 6 months apart;
 - iv) scrapie for at least 3 years, and samples collected from culled females gave negative results for scrapie.

The donor animals originate from a holding or holdings which is eligible for accreditation as a scrapie free establishment, and which meet(s) the conditions at Article 14.9.5 of the OIE Code Chapter on scrapie for at least 3 years;

- c) with respect to bluetonque (BTV), the donor animals:
 - *i) were kept in a BTV free country or zone for a period of at least 60 days before commencement of, and during, collection of the semen to be exported; or
 - *ii) were protected from attack from *Culicoides* for at least 60 days before commencement of, and during, collection of the semen; or
 - *iii) were subjected to a serological test according to the OIE
 Terrestrial Manual to detect antibody to the BTV group, with
 negative results, at least every 60 days throughout the
 collection period and between 21 and 60 days after the final
 collection for this consignment; or
 - *iv) were subjected to an agent identification test according to the OIE Terrestrial Manual on blood samples collected at commencement and conclusion of, and at least every 7 days (virus isolation test) or at least every 28 days (PCR test) during, semen collection for this consignment, with negative results;
- d) with respect to caprine and ovine brucellosis, the donor/ animal(s):
 - i) showed no clinical sign of caprine and ovine brucellosis on the day of collection of the semen; and
 - *ii) were kept in a sheep or goat flock/herd officially free from caprine and ovine brucellosis; or
 - *iii) were kept in a sheep or goat flock/herd free from caprine and ovine brucellosis and during the 30 days prior to collection of the semen to be exported, blood samples were taken from the donor animal(s) and sent to a laboratory approved by the competent veterinary authority where they were subjected to the complement fixation test for brucellosis (B. melitensis), with negative results.
- *e) with respect to ovine epididymitis, the donor animal(s):
 - showed no clinical sign of ovine epididymitis on the day of collection of the semen;
 - ii) come from a sheep flock free from ovine epididymitis;
 - iii) were kept for the 60 days prior to collection, in an establishment or artificial insemination centre where all animals are free from ovine epididymitis;
 - iv) were subjected to diagnostic tests for *Brucella ovis* with negative results during the 30 days prior to collection;

4) the semen has been placed in a new or previously cleansed and disinfected container, using fresh liquid nitrogen. The container was sealed before dispatch under veterinary supervision and the seal number is stated at paragraph IV.c) above.

* Delete as appropriate	
Official Stamp	Signed RCVS Official Veterinarian
	Name in block letters
Date	Address
X	