

PHE Syndromic Surveillance Summary

Produced by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team

19 September 2018	Year: 2018 Week: 37
Syndromic surveillance national summary:	Reporting week: 10 September to 16 September 2018 During week 37 there were further increases in asthma and difficulty breathing, particularly in young children, in line with seasonal expectations.
	Click to subscribe to the weekly syndromic surveillance email
Remote Health Advice:	Calls for difficulty breathing and cough increased in week 37, in line with seasonal expectations (figure 4, 5); increases were particularly notable in the under 15 years age groups (figure 4a, 5a).
	Click to access the Remote Health Advice bulletin
GP In Hours:	GP consultations for asthma in children aged 1-4 and 5-14 years increased during week 37 in line with seasonal expectations (figure 10a). Click to access the GP In Hours bulletin
Emergency Department:	ED attendances for respiratory conditions, particularly bronchiolitis and asthma increased during week 37 (figures 4 & 7).
	Click to access the EDSSS bulletin
GP Out of Hours:	During week 37 there were further increases in GP consultations for difficulty breathing/wheeze/asthma, in children aged 1 to 14 years (figure 5a).
	Click to access the GPOOHSS bulletin
RCGP Weekly Returns Service:	Click here to access reports from the RCGP website [external link]

19 September 2018	
Syndromic surveillance summary notes	Key messages are provided from each individual system.
	• The different syndromic surveillance systems in operation within PHE access data from different areas of the national health care system.
	Each system is able to monitor a different selection of syndromic indicators based upor different case mix of patients.
	• Access to the full version of each syndromic surveillance bulletin is available through the Syndromic Surveillance website found at: (<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/</u> <u>syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses</u>); reports will be made available on Thursday afternoons.
	Further weekly and annual reports are available from the RCGP Research and Surveillance web pages: <u>http://www.rcgp.org.uk/clinical-and-research/our-programmes</u> research-and-surveillance-centre.aspx
Syndromic surveillance systems	Remote Health Advice
	A remote health advice syndromic surveillance system that monitors syndromic calls from remote health advice services e.g. NHS 111 each day across England
	GP In-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System
	A large UK-based general practitioner surveillance system monitoring daily consultations for a range of clinical syndromic indicators
	Emergency Department Syndromic Surveillance System (EDSSS)
	A national ED network across England monitoring daily attendances and presenting symptoms/diagnoses
	GP Out-of-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System (GPOOHS)
	A syndromic surveillance system monitoring daily GP out-of hours activity and unschedul care across England using a range of clinical syndromic indicators
	RCGP Weekly Returns Service (RCGP WRS)
	A sentinel GP surveillance network covering England and Wales monitoring weekly consultations for a range of clinical indicators. This surveillance system is coordinated by the RCGP Research and Surveillance Centre
Acknowledgements:	We thank and acknowledge the contribution of all data providers including:
	NHS 111 and HSCIC
	Participating EDSSS emergency departments
	College of Emergency Medicine
	Advanced Health & Care and the participating OOH service providers
	 QSurveillance[®]; University of Nottingham; EMIS/EMIS practices; ClinRisk[®]
	 TPP, ResearchOne and participating SystmOne GP practices
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