

Dear Sir/Madam,

We are welcoming the survey you are launching on Heat Networks, but reading carefully through the scope we would like to share our comments on the 2<sup>nd</sup> point: *'Concerns regarding the **monopoly supply of heat**, the inability of customers to switch and the potential misalignment of the incentives of the builders, operators and customers of heat networks'*

The perception of monopoly supply of heat when it comes to Heat Networks should be removed:

There are many mechanisms that can be used to address the issue of pricing (independent bodies to set the prices, limit on how much operators charge etc.)

Clearly development of those mechanisms can ensure the customers of a Heat Network maximise their benefit of the network.

The question is about who owns the assets (energy centre, distribution pipes and HIU)

In principle Heat Networks are built around flexibility of heat supply; they are an inclusive and not exclusive technology.

This means that the heat supply can be wind, solar, CHP, gas – practically any form of energy.

It also means that the most economical form of energy will be utilized at all times.

With gas boilers, you can only utilize one form of energy (gas).

So which is truly a heat source monopoly after all?

I trust this will contribute to your targets, let us know if you need further information.

SAV