

Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2010

S. Norton & Co Limited

S. Norton & Co Limited Bankfield House Bankfield Mill Regent Road Liverpool L20 8RQ

Variation application number

EPR/XP3492CL/V002

Permit number

EPR/XP3492CL

S. Norton & Co Limited Permit number EPR/XP3492CL

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the notice.

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2010 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) was transposed in England and Wales by the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2013 on 27 February 2013. This variation implements the changes brought about by the IED for "existing facilities operating newly prescribed activities" and completes the transition of this facility from a waste operation to an IED Installation.

S. Norton and Co Limited is a ferrous and non-ferrous metal recycling facility. The regulated facility is located in Bootle, Liverpool which is an industrialised dock land area. The facility is made up of one metal fragmentiser and a lead acid battery repackaging plant and their respective hazardous and non-hazardous temporary waste storage. The site also has an End of Life Vehicle (EoLV) depollution operation which will remain as a waste operation. The installation and waste facility will have an annual throughput of 500,000 tonnes for the treatment of non-hazardous and hazardous waste.

The former waste permit for the site covered the following activities:

- Metal fragmentiser (shredder)
- Material storage for both hazardous and non-hazardous waste
- Baler
- Lead acid battery treatment (repackaging only) operation with hazardous waste storage
- Non-ferrous metal processing
- End of life vehicle depollution operation

The waste activities will now fall under the following Schedule 1 activities:

- S5.4 Part A(1)(b)(iv) Metal fragmentiser for shredding metal waste
- S5.3 Part A(1)(a)(ii) Lead acid battery repackaging
- S5.3 Part A(1)(a)(ii) Metal fragmentiser for shredding small mixed WEEE
- S5.6 Part A(1)(a) Temporary storage of hazardous wastes (which include oils and other fluids from depollution of EoLVs, soiled absorbent material, wastes from electrical and electronic equipment)

The principal releases to the environment are point source particulate emissions from two stacks associated with the sites metal fragmentiser and fugitive particulate emissions from waste stockpiles. The operations also have the potential to release fugitive particulate emissions in the storage and movement of waste on site. We have taken noise and vibration emissions into consideration from the sites waste activities. The site has a point source emission to sewer consented by United Utilities for contaminated site surface water run-off. S. Norton and Co Limited have an ISO 14001:2004 accredited Environmental Management System.

There are 8 Habitats Directive sites (SAC, SPA and Ramsar) within 10 kms from the facility. There have been a number of other sensitive receptors identified under 1 km from the site, however the risk is considered low if the operators current risk management techniques are applied.

Abatement techniques on the site focus on dust management from both point source and fugitive emissions from the metal fragmentisers and the general storage and conveyance of scrap metal. The site employs physical containment (conveyor covers), in process extraction (cyclonic separator and wet scrubber) and

water suppression systems (rain gun, fogging cannon and water injection). Noise and vibration abatement on site includes rubber and spring buffers on static equipment to reduce excessive vibration, white noise reversing alarms and acoustic barriers.

The schedules specify the changes made to the permit.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit			
Description	Date	Comments	
Permit determined 195/02/M01	05/06/1988	Permit issued to S. Norton & Co Limited	
		The original Permit was granted on 05 June 1988 as a Waste Disposal License under the Control of Pollution Act 1974, which was superseded by the Environmental Protection Act 1990.	
Application EAWML 195/02/M01 (variation)	04/06/1999	Variation to update Waste Disposal License to Waste Management Licence	
Application EAWML 53454 (variation)	07/11/2008	Variation to update Waste Management Licence to implement the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (Waste Management Licensing) (England and Wales) 2006.	
Application EPR/XP3492CL/V002 (variation and consolidation)	Duly made 30/09/2014	Application to vary and update the permit to IED conditions.	
Variation determined EPR/XP3492CL Billing Ref: ZP3239Wu	02/08/2017	Varied and consolidated permit issued in modern condition format.	

End of introductory note

Notice of variation and consolidation

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 varies and consolidates

Permit number

EPR/XP3492CL

Issued to

S. Norton & Co Limited ("the operator")

whose registered office is

Bankfield House Bankfield Mill Regent Road Liverpool L20 8RQ

company registration number 01859428

to operate a regulated facility at

S. Norton & Co Limited Bankfield House Bankfield Mill Regent Road Liverpool L20 8RQ

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 02/08/2017

Name	Date
Tracey Pollard	02/08/2017

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of an Operator initiated variation.

Schedule 2 – consolidated permit

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010

Permit number

EPR/XP3492CL

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application EPR/XP3492CL/V002 authorising,

S. Norton & Co Limited ("the operator"),

whose registered office is

Bankfield House Bankfield Mill Regent Road Liverpool L20 8RQ

company registration number 01859428

to operate an installation and waste operation at

S. Norton & Co Limited Bankfield House Bankfield Mill Regent Road Liverpool L20 8RQ

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Tracey Pollard	02/08/2017

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
 - (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 A1 to A9, the operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
 - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 A1 to A9, the operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
 - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
 - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
 - (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the "activities").
- 2.1.2 Waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.

2.2 The site

2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in red on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 to S1.4, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation ("plan") specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 to S1.4, or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan , and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 All activities shall take place on impermeable surfaces with sealed drainage, unless otherwise specified in Table S1.1 or agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.4 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.5 Waste shall only be accepted if:
 - (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 tables S2.2, S2.3, S2.4 and S2.5; and
 - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.
- 2.3.6 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
 - (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
 - (b) the composition of the waste;
 - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
 - (d) the hazardous properties associated with the waste, if applicable; and
 - (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.7 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.

2.4 Hazardous waste storage and treatment

2.4.1 Hazardous waste shall not be mixed, either with a different category of hazardous waste or with other waste, substances or materials, unless it is authorised by schedule 1 table S1.1 and appropriate measures are taken.

2.5 Vehicle depollution and dismantling

2.5.1 The storage (including temporary storage) and treatment of waste motor vehicles shall meet the requirements of article 6(1) of the End-of-Life Vehicles Directive.

2.6 WEEE storage and treatment

- 2.6.1 Spillage collection facilities and, where appropriate, decanters and cleanser-degreasers shall be provided and used as necessary.
- 2.6.2 WEEE (disassembled spare parts, components and residues) shall be stored in areas provided with a weatherproof covering where appropriate or in containers providing a weatherproof covering where appropriate.
- 2.6.3 WEEE shall be treated using best available treatment, recovery and recycling techniques (BATRRT).
- 2.6.4 All fluids contained within any WEEE shall be removed prior to further treatment.
- 2.6.5 As a minimum, the substances, preparations and components specified in table S1.3 shall be removed from any separately collected WEEE.
- 2.6.6 Any liquids including those in disassembled spare parts, batteries, capacitors containing PCBs/PCTs and any other hazardous waste shall be stored in suitable sealed and labelled containers.
- 2.6.7 Equipment shall be provided and used to record the weight of untreated WEEE accepted at, and components and materials leaving the site.

2.7 Improvement programme

- 2.7.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.4 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.7.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.2, S3.3 and S3.4.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.

3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
- (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.

3.3 Odour

- 3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 3.3.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
 - (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.4 Noise and vibration

- 3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 3.4.2 Emissions from the metal shredder shall be free from sudden noise or vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the sudden noise and vibration.
- 3.4.3 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
 - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1 and S3.2;and
 - (b) ambient air monitoring specified in table S3.3.

- 3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.2 and S3.3 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.5 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

3.6 Monitoring for radioactive substances

- 3.6.1 The operator shall carry out monitoring of all waste delivered to the site to determine, so far as reasonably practicable, whether it contains any radioactive substances.
- 3.6.2 Monitoring equipment shall be installed and operational 3 months from the issue of this permit.
- 3.6.3 The monitoring carried out to fulfil condition 3.6.1 shall include, as a minimum, use of:
 - (a) fixed radiation detectors at all weighbridges at the site; and
 - (b) a hand held detector to investigate alarms generated by the equipment in (a) above.
- 3.6.4 The equipment referred to in condition 3.6.3 (a) shall:
 - (a) include solid state scintillation detectors;
 - (b) be positioned as close as reasonably practicable to the waste being monitored;
 - (c) have a sensitivity to gamma radiation consistent with the minimum performance as specified in the International Atomic Energy Agency recommendations in Annex IV of 'Recommendations on Monitoring and Response Procedures for Radioactive Scrap Metal', UNECE, 2006;
 - (d) include visual and audible alarms which activate on detection of radiation above a defined action level.
- 3.6.5 All radiation monitoring equipment shall be subject to a regular calibration and testing programme to ensure satisfactory performance is maintained.
- 3.6.6 The operator shall establish and maintain procedures for responding to alarms generated by the equipment referred to in condition 3.6.3.
- 3.6.7 The operator shall, without delay, inform the Environment Agency of each confirmed detection of radiation in accordance with this condition and the action taken in accordance with condition 4.3.1.

3.7 Fire prevention

- 3.7.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.
- 3.7.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;
 - (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
 - (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (A1 to A10.). A report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:
 - (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
 - (b) the annual production /treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2; and
 - (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3 using the forms specified in table S4.4 of that schedule.
- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
 - (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
 - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
 - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.
- 4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.
- 4.2.5 Within one month of the end of each year, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous year.

4.3 Notifications

- 4.3.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 A1 to A8, in the event:
 - (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
 - take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
 - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
 - (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
 - (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.
- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 (a)(i), or 4.3.1 (b)(i) where the information relates to the breach of a limit specified in the permit, shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 A1 to A8, the Environment Agency shall be notified without delay following the detection of:
 - (a) any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution;
 - (b) the breach of a limit specified in the permit; or
 - (c) any significant adverse environmental effects.
- 4.3.4 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.5 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.6 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual):
- (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.
- 4.3.7 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:
 - (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
 - (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.
- 4.3.8 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.
- 4.3.9 Where the operator has entered into a climate change agreement with the Government, the Environment Agency shall be notified within one month of:
 - (a) a decision by the Secretary of State not to re-certify the agreement;
 - (b) a decision by either the operator or the Secretary of State to terminate the agreement; and
 - (c) any subsequent decision by the Secretary of State to re-certify such an agreement.

4.4 Interpretation

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.
- 4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately" in which case it may be provided by telephone.
- 4.4.3 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "without delay", in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Activity	Activity				
reference	1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	activity and waste types		
A1	S5.4 A(1) (b) (iv) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day involving	R4: Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds	Treatment consisting only of shredding and granulation of waste containing ferrous and nonferrous metals for recovery.		
	treatment in shredders of metal waste.		Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those non-hazardous waste types specified in Table S2.4 and S2.5.		
A2	S5.3 A(1) (a) (ii) Disposal or recovery of hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 10 tonnes per day involving physico-chemical treatment	R4: Recycling/ reclamation of metals and metal compounds R5: Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials	Mechanical treatment of hazardous WEEE consisting of sorting, separation, shredding, screening, grading, baling, shearing, compacting, crushing, granulation or cutting for the purpose of recovery of constituent parts and materials.		
			Treatment of WEEE shall be carried out within an enclosed and covered metal fragmentiser with weatherproof covering.		
			Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.3.		
A3	S5.3 A(1) (a) (ii) Disposal or recovery of hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 10 tonnes per day involving physico-chemical treatment	R12: Exchange of wastes for submission to any of the operations R1 to R11.	Re-packaging of lead acid batteries in preparation for further recovery. This includes lead acid batteries arising from the EoLV depollution operation and individually consigned loads from other treatment operations.		
			Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.3.		
A4	Section 5.6 A(1)(a) Temporary storage of hazardous waste in a facility with a total capacity exceeding 50 tonnes	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection,	Temporary storage of hazardous waste as input and output material to installation activities.		
	pending any of the activities	on the site where it is produced)	Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to		

Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types
	listed in Section 5.1, 5.2 and 5.3		those specified in Table S2.3.
			All other hazardous waste storage pending treatment shall not exceed 6 months, without prior written approval from the Environment Agency.
	Directly Associated Activity	у	
A5	Storage of non-hazardous waste, (excluding	R13: Storage of waste pending the operations	From receipt of waste to treatment.
	temporary storage of hazardous waste under Section 5.6 A(1)(a))	numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Non-hazardous waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.4 and S2.5
A6	Physical treatment for the purposes of recycling	R3: Recycling/ reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From the receipt of waste to despatch off site for recovery.
		R4: Recycling/ reclamation of metals and metal compounds R5: Recycling/ reclamation of other inorganic materials	Pre-treatment consisting only of sorting, separation, grading, shearing, baling, compacting, crushing and cutting of metal wastes into different components for recovery.
			Post-treatment of metal wastes including cleaning and further separation.
			Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.4 and S2.5.
A7	Storage of non-hazardous processed materials, (excluding temporary storage of hazardous waste	R13: Storage of waste pending the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary	Storage of recovered fractions and shredder residue following treatment.
	under Section 5.6 A(1)(a))	storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Non-hazardous waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.4 and S2.5
A8	Raw materials storage	Storage of raw materials including, diesel, propane gas, butane gas, gas oil and synthetic oil	From the receipt of raw materials to despatch for use within the facility

Table S1.1 activ	ities			
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of activity and V	VFD Annex I	Limits of specified activity and waste types
A9	All surface water drainage via interceptor to sewer	Collection and surface water operational ar	run-off from	From the collection of roof and site surface water from operational areas to discharge via interceptor to public foul sewer.
Activity reference	Description of activities for waste operations		Limits of acti	vities
A10 Vehicle storage, depollution and dismantling (authorised treatment) facility.	R13: Storage of waste pendir operations numbered R1 to R temporary storage, pending of the site where it is produced) R4: Recycling/ reclamation of metal compounds R5: Recycling/ reclamation of inorganic compounds R3: Recycling/reclamation of substances which are not use (including composting and other transformation processes)	a12 (excluding collection, on in metals and in other corganic ed as solvents	Treatment depollution and sortin baling, she or cutting componer. Subject to any permit wastes than 1 year prior to recove than 1 year prior	50 tonnes of intact waste waste code 16 01 03) shall ne site. ered areas or containers of following requirements: covered areas, or containers esigned, constructed and dot o prevent ingress of rain ce water; urface water from operational libe kept separate from other in the separate from

Table S1.1 activities				
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of activity and N and II operation	VFD Annex I	Limits of specified activity and waste types
				suitable for acceptance are e specified in Table S2.2.

Table S1.2 Operating techniques				
Description	Parts	Date Received		
Sector Guidance Note IPPC S5.06: Guidance for the recovery and Disposal of Hazardous and Non Hazardous Waste	Reference all parts	n/a		
Response to Schedule 5 Notice dated 22/12/16	Waste pre-acceptance, acceptance and storage Procedure	31/03/2017		
	Waste output and by-product Management Procedure	31/03/2017		
	Raw Materials Management Procedure	31/03/2017		
	Drainage Discharge Management	11/04/2017		
	Procedure	31/05/2017		
	Emergency Action Plan	14/06/2017		
	Aerial Emissions Management Procedures			

Table S1.3 Substances, preparations and components to be removed from separately collected WEEE

- Capacitors containing polychlorinated biphenyls in accordance with Council Directive 96/59/EC of 16 September 1996 on the disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls and polychlorinated terphenyls (PCB/PCT)
- · Mercury-containing components, such as switches or backlighting lamps
- Batteries
- Printed circuit boards of mobile phones generally, and of other devices if the surface of the printed circuit board is greater than 10 square centimetres
- Toner cartridges, liquid and paste, as well as colour toner
- Plastic containing brominated flame retardants
- · Asbestos waste and components which contain asbestos
- Cathode ray tubes
- Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFC), hydrofluorocarbons (HFC), or hydrocarbons (HC)
- Gas discharge lamps
- Liquid crystal displays (together with their casing where appropriate) of a surface greater than 100 square centimetres and all those back-lighted with gas discharge lamps
- External electric cables
- Components containing refractory ceramic fibres as described in REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification,

Table S1.3 Substances, preparations and components to be removed from separately collected WEEE

labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

- Components containing radioactive substances with the exception of components that are below the
 exemption thresholds set in Article 3 of and the Annex I to Council Directive 96/29/Euratom of 13 May
 1996 laying down basic safety standards for the protection of the health of workers and the general
 public against the dangers arising from ionising radiation
- Electrolyte capacitors containing "substances of concern" (height > 25mm, diameter > 25mm or proportionately similar volume)

Reference	Requirement	Date
IC1	The operator shall submit a written procedure to the Environment Agency for approval for the use of Best Available Techniques to trace and inspect baled wastes delivered to the site. This shall include, but not be limited to, detailed monitoring and management of:	3 months from permit issue
	(a) bale suppliers and processing;	
	(b) flame events and audible events associated with processing of baled waste; and	
	(c) concealed items, non-metallic materials, undepolluted End of Life Vehicles, cylinders/sealed containers or heavy non-shreddable items	
	The procedure shall include risk-based inspection of individual bales which includes pre-treating, opening or breaking of bales as appropriate.	
	The operator shall implement the procedure in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	
IC2	The operator shall submit a written monitoring plan to the Environment Agency for approval that includes:	12 months from permit issue
	 (a) proposals to undertake representative monitoring of the surface water discharged from point W1 including the parameters to be monitored, frequencies of monitoring and methods to be used; 	
	The operator shall carry out the monitoring in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval	
IC3	The operator shall submit a written report to the Environment Agency for approval that includes:	
	(a) the results of an assessment of the impact of the emissions of surface water from the site using the Environment Agency's 'H1 Environmental Risk Assessment' tool (or equivalent as agreed with the Environment Agency) based on the parameters monitored in IC2 above; and	
	(b) proposals for appropriate measures to mitigate the impact of any emissions where the assessment determines they have the potential to be significant, including dates for implementation of individual measures.	
	The operator shall implement the measures in (b) as approved, and from the dates stipulated by the Environment Agency.	
IC4	The operator shall submit a written plan to the Environment Agency for approval that includes:	6 months from permit issue

Reference	mprovement programme requirements	Date
Reference	(a) proposals to undertake representative monitoring of the air discharged from point A1 and A2 including the parameters to be monitored, frequencies of monitoring and methods to be used;	Date
	 (b) proposals to undertake representative monitoring of the ambient air including the sampling locations, parameters to be monitored, frequencies of monitoring and methods to be used; 	
	(c) confirmation that a written report will be submitted to the Environment Agency for approval that includes:	
	i) the results of an assessment of the impact of the emission to air from the site using the Environment Agency's 'H1 Environmental Risk Assessment' tool (or equivalent as agreed with the Environment Agency) based on the parameters monitored in (a) above; and	
	 ii) proposals for appropriate measures to mitigate the impact of the emission where the assessment determines they are significant, including emissions limits and monitoring and dates for implementation of individual measures; and 	
	iii) details of appropriate measures for the operation and maintenance of the abatement system to ensure that where emission limits are proposed they are met or, where emission limits are not required, emissions remain insignificant.	
	The operator shall carry out the monitoring in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	
IC5	The Operator shall submit a written proposal to the Environment Agency to carry out tests to determine the size distribution of the particulate matter in the exhaust gas emissions to air from emission points A1 and A2, identifying the fractions within the PM ₁₀ , and PM _{2.5} ranges. The proposal shall include a timetable for approval by the Environment Agency to carry out such tests and produce a report on the results.	6 months from permit issue
	On receipt of written agreement by the Environment Agency to the proposal and the timetable, the Operator shall carry out the tests and submit to the Environment Agency a report on the results.	
IC6	The Operator shall develop a written noise and vibration management plan having regard to the requirements set out in our H3 guidance, and shall submit the plan in writing to the Agency.	6 months from permit issue

Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels		
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification	
Diesel	Sulphur content not exceeding 0.1% by mass.	
Propane gas		
Butane gas		
Gas oil		
Synthetic oil		
Oxygen gas		
Acetylene gas		

Table S2.2 Pern (authorised trea	nitted waste types and quantities for Vehicle storage, depollution and dismantling atment) facility.
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall not exceed 7,500 tonnes per year.
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres
Waste code	Description
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)
16 01 03	end of life tyres
16 01 04*	end-of-life vehicles
16 01 06	end-of life vehicles (containing neither liquids nor other hazardous components)
16 01 07*	oil filters
16 01 11*	brake pads containing asbestos
16 01 12	brake pads other than those mentioned in 16 01 11
16 01 16	tanks for liquefied gas
16 01 17	ferrous metal
16 01 18	non-ferrous metal
16 01 19	plastic
16 01 20	glass
16 01 21*	hazardous components other than those mentioned in 16 01 07 to 16 01 11 and 16 01 13 and 16 01 14
16 01 22	components not otherwise specified
16 06	batteries and accumulators
16 06 01*	lead batteries
16 06 05	other batteries and accumulators
16 08	Spent catalysts

Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for Vehicle storage, depollution and dismantling (authorised treatment) facility.				
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall not exceed 7,500 tonnes per year.			
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres			
Waste code	Description			
16 08 01	Spent catalysts containing gold, silver, rhenium, rhodium, palladium, iridium or platinum (except 16 08 07)			
16 08 03	Spent catalysts containing transition metals or transition metal compounds not otherwise specified			

	ermitted Waste types and quantities for Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment eatment facility		
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 90,000 tonnes a year.		
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres		
Waste Code	Description		
09	WASTES FROM THE PHOTOGRAPHIC INDUSTRY		
09 01	wastes from the photographic industry		
09 01 11*	single-use cameras containing batteries included in 16 06 01, 16 06 02 or 16 06 03		
09 01 12	single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11		
10	WASTES FROM THERMAL PROCESSES		
10 09	Wastes from casting of ferrous pieces		
	Casting cores and moulds which have not undergone pouring containing dangerous substances		
	Casting cores and moulds which have not undergone pouring other than those mentioned in 10 09 05		
	Casting cores and moulds which have undergone pouring containing dangerous substances		
	Casting cores and moulds which have undergone pouring other than those mentioned in 10 09 07		
10 10	Wastes from casting of non-ferrous pieces		
l I	Casting cores and moulds which have not undergone pouring, containing dangerous substances		
	Casting cores and moulds which have not undergone pouring, other than those mentioned in 10 10 05		
	Casting cores and moulds which have undergone pouring, containing dangerous substances		
	Casting cores and moulds which have undergone pouring, other than those mentioned in 10 10 07		

	rmitted Waste types and quantities for Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment eatment facility					
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 90,000 tonnes a year.					
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres					
Waste Code	Description					
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST					
16 02	wastes from electrical and electronic equipment					
16 02 09*	transformers and capacitors containing PCBs					
16 02 10*	discarded equipment containing or contaminated by PCBs other than those mentioned in 16 02 09					
16 02 11*	discarded equipment containing chlorofluorocarbons, HCFC, HFC					
16 02 12*	discarded equipment containing free asbestos					
16 02 13*	discarded equipment containing hazardous components other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 12					
16 02 14	discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 13					
16 02 15*	hazardous components removed from discarded equipment					
16 02 16	components removed from discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 15					
16 06	batteries and accumulators					
16 06 01*	lead batteries					
16 06 02*	Ni-Cd batteries					
16 06 03*	mercury-containing batteries					
16 06 04	alkaline batteries (except 16 06 03)					
16 06 05	other batteries and accumulators					
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS					
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)					
20 01 21*	fluorescent tubes and other mercury-containing waste					
20 01 23*	Discarded equipment containing chlorofluorocarbons					
20 01 33*	batteries and accumulators included in 16 06 01, 16 06 02 or 16 06 03 and unsorted batteries and accumulators containing these batteries					
20 01 34	batteries and accumulators other than those mentioned in 20 01 33					
20 01 35*	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21 and 20 01 23 containing hazardous components					
20 01 36	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21, 20 01 23 and 20 01 35					

Table S2.4 I	Permitted Waste types and quantities for metal recycling
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 342,500 tonnes a year.
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:
	Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid
Waste Code	
02	WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY,
02	HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 04	Waste plastics (except packaging)
02 01 10	waste metal
12	WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS
12 01	wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics
12 01 01	ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 02	Ferrous metal dust and particles
12 01 03	non-ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 04	Non-ferrous metal dust and particles
15	WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
15 01	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)
15 01 02	Plastic packaging
15 01 04	metallic packaging
15 01 06	mixed packaging
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and waste from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)
16 01 06	end-of-life vehicles containing neither liquids nor other hazardous components
16 01 17	ferrous metal
16 01 18	non-ferrous metal
16 01 22	components not otherwise specified
16 02	discarded equipment and its components
16 02 14	discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 13 (ferrous and non-ferrous metal waste only)
16 02 16	components removed from discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 15 (ferrous and non-ferrous metal waste only)

Table S2.4 F	Permitted Waste types and quantities for metal recycling						
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 342,500 tonnes a year.						
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:						
	Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres						
Wasta Cada	Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid						
Waste Code	•						
17	CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)						
17 02	Wood, glass and plastic						
17 02 03	Plastic						
17 04	metals (including their alloys)						
17 04 01	copper, bronze, brass						
17 04 02	aluminium						
17 04 03	lead						
17 04 04	zinc						
17 04 05	iron and steel						
17 04 06	tin						
17 04 07	mixed metals						
17 04 11	cables other than those mentioned in 17 04 10						
17 06	Insulation materials and asbestos- containing construction materials						
17 06 04	Insulation materials other than those mentioned in 17 06 01 and 17 06 03						
19	WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE						
19 01	wastes from incineration or pyrolysis of waste						
19 01 02	ferrous materials removed from bottom ash						
19 10	wastes from shredding of metal-containing wastes						
19 10 01	iron and steel waste						
19 10 02	non-ferrous wastes						
19 10 03*	Fluff-light fraction and dust containing dangerous substances						
19 10 04	Fluff-light fraction and dust other than those mentioned in 19 10 03						
19 10 05*	Other fractions containing dangerous substances						
19 10 06	Other fractions other than those mentioned in 19 10 05						
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified						
19 12 02	ferrous metal						
19 12 02	ferrous metal						

Table S2.4 I	Permitted Waste types and quantities for metal recycling					
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 342,500 tonnes a year.					
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid					
Waste Code	Description					
19 12 03	non-ferrous metal					
19 12 04	Plastic and rubber					
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS					
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)					
20 01 36	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21, 20 01 23 and 20 01 35					
20 01 39	plastics					
20 01 40	metals					

Table S2.5 Per	rmitted Waste types and quantities for Furnace Ready Scrap Storage					
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 60,000 tonnes a year.					
Exclusions	 Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid 					
Waste Code	Description					
02	WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING					
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing					
02 01 10	waste metal					
10	WASTES FROM THERMAL PROCESSES					
10 08	Wastes from other non-ferrous thermal metallurgy					
10 08 11	Dross and skimmings' other than those mentioned in 10 08 10					
12	WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS					
12 01	wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics					
12 01 01	ferrous metal filings and turnings					
12 01 03	non-ferrous metal filings and turnings					
12 01 04	non-ferrous metal dust and particles					

Table S2.5 Pe	ermitted Waste types and quantities for Furnace Ready Scrap Storage						
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 60,000 tonnes a year.						
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:						
	Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres Wester that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid.						
W1- 0-1-	Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid Persecution						
Waste Code	Description						
15	WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED						
15 01	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)						
15 01 04	metallic packaging						
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST						
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and waste from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)						
16 01 17	ferrous metal						
16 01 18	non-ferrous metal						
16 01 22	components not otherwise specified						
16 02	discarded equipment and its components						
16 02 14	discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 13 (ferrous and non-ferrous metal waste only)						
16 02 16	components removed from discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 15 (ferrous and non-ferrous metal waste only)						
17	CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)						
17 04	metals (including their alloys)						
17 04 01	copper, bronze, brass						
17 04 02	aluminium						
17 04 03	lead						
17 04 04	zinc						
17 04 05	iron and steel						
17 04 06	tin						
17 04 07	mixed metals						
17 04 11	cables other than those mentioned in 17 04 10						
19	WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE						
19 01	wastes from incineration or pyrolysis of waste						
19 01 02	ferrous materials removed from bottom ash						

Table S2.5 Per	rmitted Waste types and quantities for Furnace Ready Scrap Storage				
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 60,000 tonnes a year.				
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid				
Waste Code	Description				
19 10	wastes from shredding of metal-containing wastes				
19 10 01	iron and steel waste				
19 10 02	non-ferrous wastes				
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified				
19 12 02	ferrous metal				
19 12 03	non-ferrous metal				
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS				
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)				
20 01 40	metals				

Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements						
Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
A1 and A2 on site plan in schedule 7 emissions control system exhaust (metal and WEEE shredder)	Total suspended particulates	Extraction System	20 mg/m³ or other level agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	Hourly average	Quarterly or other frequency agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	In accordance with BS EN 13284-10r as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A8, A9, A10 and A11 on site plan in schedule 7 vents from site fuel and oil tanks	Fuel storage tanks	No parameters set				

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site- emission limits and monitoring requirements						
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (incl. Unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
W1 on site plan in schedule 7	Site surface water	Metals	No limit			
emission to United Utilities Water Limited Liverpool Waste Water Treatment Works	drainage via oil interceptor	Suspended oils	-			
		oil/grease				

Table S3.3 Ambient monitoring requirements						
Location or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications		
At a location or locations agreed in writing with the Environment Agency that will obtain reliable and representative data on particulate emissions from the	Total suspended particulates (TSP) unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.	Quarterly unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.	The equipment shall be operated to a procedure agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. The emissions management plan	Monitoring equipment shall meet the MCERTS Performance Standards for Indicative Ambient Particulate Monitors or similar standard agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.		

Table S3.3 Ambient monitoring requirements					
Location or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications	
waste management operations.			must include action levels and regular review cycles with an overriding aim to reduce particulate emissions from the facility.	The equipment shall be calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations or 6 monthly, whichever is first. The system must be managed and maintained by suitably trained personnel. The system must obtain representative data that must accurately reflect TSP levels produced by the site's activities.	

Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data				
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins	
Ambient Air monitoring Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	Quarterly or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	1 January	
Emissions to Air Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	Quarterly or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	1 January	

Table S4.2 Annual production/treatment			
Parameter	Units		
Metal processed	tonnes		
WEEE processed	tonnes		
Ferrous metal recovered	tonnes		
Non-ferrous metal recovered	tonnes		
Other fractions recovered	tonnes		
Non-metallic shredder residue	tonnes		

Table S4.3 Performance parameters				
Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units		
Water usage	Annually	m ³		
Energy usage	Annually	MWh		
Total raw material used	Annually	tonne		

Table S4.4 Reporting forms				
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form		
Air	Form air 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YY		
Ambient air monitoring	Form ambient monitoring 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YY		
Water usage	Form water usage 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YY		
Energy usage	Form energy 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YY		

Table S4.4 Reporting forms				
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form		
Other performance indicators	Form performance 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YY		
Waste returns	E-waste returns			

Schedule 5 - Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	
	any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, nce not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is pollution
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	
(b) Notification requirements for t	the breach of a limit
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless otherwise specified below
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	
Date and time of monitoring	

(b) Notification requirements for	the breach of a li	mit	
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless	otherwise specified belo	ow
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission			
Time periods for notification follo	wing detection o	of a breach of a limit	
Parameter			Notification period
(c) Notification requirements for	the detection of a	any significant adverse e	nvironmental effect
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection		
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected			
Substances(s) detected			
Concentrations of substances detected			
Date of monitoring/sampling			
Part B – to be submit		n as practicable	•
Any more accurate information on t notification under Part A.	he matters for		
Measures taken, or intended to be taxed a recurrence of the incident	aken, to prevent		
Measures taken, or intended to be to limit or prevent any pollution of the which has been or may be caused be	environment		
The dates of any unauthorised emis facility in the preceding 24 months.	ssions from the		
Name*			
Post			
Signature			
Date			

^{*} authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 – Interpretation

"accident" means an accident that may result in pollution.

"application" means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

"authorised officer" means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

"baling" means baling that utilises a hydraulic machine that using compressive forces compacts various materials into regular-shaped dense bales (typically a cube). Bales may be belted with straps or steel wire to keep the bale in its compacted state; although for most metal bales this is not necessary. Baled scrap metal may be easier to handle, store and transport than loose scrap.

"best available treatment, recovery and recycling techniques" shall have the meaning given to it in the document published jointly by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, the Welsh Assembly Government and the Scottish Executive on 27th November 2006, entitled 'Guidance on Best Available Treatment, Recovery and Recycling Techniques (BATRRT) and Treatment of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)'; and any revision to or replacement of it.

"compacting" means compacting involving the flattening or crushing of compactable metal wastes to aid storage and economic transportation to the scrap processor; it is often a preparation for shredding. Compacting may be achieved using a waste handler's loading shovel (known as "tapping") or specially-designed hydraulic flattener.

"Contained environment" Means an environment where there is atmospheric containment. This includes areas where air egress may only be facilitated through air extraction and blowing agent capture systems

"controlled substances" means chlorofluorocarbons, other fully halogenated chlorofluorocarbons, halons, carbon tetrachloride, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, methyl bromide, hydrobromofluorocarbons and hydrochlorofluorocarbons listed in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, including their isomers, whether alone or in a mixture, and whether they are virgin, recovered, recycled or reclaimed.

"cutting" means cutting typically utilising either an oxy-acetylene gas cutting torch or abrasive disc cutter to cut and/or resize large pieces of scrap metal into more manageable sizes; powder torches and plasma torches may be used to cut heat-resistant scrap e.g. pig iron, copper, bronze).

"disposal" means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits" means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

"emissions to land" includes emissions to groundwater.

"EP Regulations" means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2010 No.675 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

"grading" means the sorting of metals to industry-agreed specifications ready for use, without the need for further treatment, by the end consumer to manufacture new metals.

"granulating" means granulated to a very small size with metal/non-metal separation by air classification and flotation.

"groundwater" means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

"Hazardous property" has the meaning in Annex III of the Waste Framework Directive.

"Hazardous waste" has the meaning given in the Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005 No.894, the Hazardous Waste (Wales) Regulations 2005 No. 1806 (W.138), the List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005 No.895 and the List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005 No. 1820 (W.148).

"impermeable surface" means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface.

"Industrial Emissions Directive" means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions

"List of Wastes" means the list of wastes established by Commission Decision 2000/532/EC replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of hazardous waste pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, as amended from time to time.

"Lower Explosive Limit" means the lowest concentration (specified as a percentage) of a combustible gas in air capable of burning in the presence of an ignition source.

"MCERTS" means the Environment Agency's Monitoring Certification Scheme.

"ozone-depleting substances" "ODS" means "controlled substances" contained in refrigeration, airconditioning and heat pump equipment, equipment containing solvents, fire protection systems and fire extinguishers.

"pests" means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

"quarter" means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

"recovery" means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"Reference 1" means the International Atomic Energy Agency recommendations in Annex IV of 'Recommendations on Monitoring and Response Procedures for Radioactive Scrap Metal', UNECE, 2006.

"Residual materials" means both materials and wastes resulting from the specified operations.

"sealed drainage system" in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

- no liquids will run off the surface otherwise than via the system
- all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump, except where liquids may be lawfully discharged.

"separation" means separating wastes into different material types, components and grades.

"shearing" means utilises a range of hydraulic machinery that comprise hard steel blades which cut metals into manageable sizes. It may be hand-held, static or attached to mobile plant (e.g. cranes).

"sorting" means sorting that may be undertaken by hand or machinery. Sorting enables materials to be processed and recycled appropriately. It may involve separation of different waste types or the separation of different metal types including different ferrous metals, non-ferrous metals and non-metallic materials (e.g. paper and plastic). The sorted metals are graded by visual inspection, supplemented by chemical and other laboratory tests. The physical sorting may be assisted by conveyors and electromagnets.

'treatment in shredders' includes treatment in plant such as hammer mills, chain mills, rotary shears and other similar equipment that is designed to fragment metal into smaller pieces to allow the separation of the metallic and the non metallic fractions. It does not include shearers and guillotines which utilise a range of hydraulic machinery that comprise hard steel blades to cut metals into manageable sizes.'

"Waste code" means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England)Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

"Waste Framework Directive" or "WFD" means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste

"waste motor vehicle" means a wheeled vehicle for use on land and that does not operate on rails that is waste within the meaning of Article 3(1) of the Waste framework Directive.

"WEEE" means waste electrical and electronic equipment.

"WEEE Directive" means Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4th July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).

"year" means calendar year ending 31 December.

Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.

Where the following terms appear in the waste code list in Table SX.X they have the meaning given below.

"hazardous substance" means a substance classified as hazardous as a consequence of fulfilling the criteria laid down in parts 2 to 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

"heavy metal" means any compound of antimony, arsenic, cadmium, chromium (VI), copper, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, tellurium, thallium and tin, as well as these materials in metallic form, as far as these are classified as hazardous substances

"polychlorinated biphenyls and polychlorinated terphenyls" ("PCBs") means PCBs as defined in Article 2(a) of Council Directive 96/59/EC'.

Article 2(a) says that 'PCBs' means:

- polychlorinated biphenyls;
- polychlorinated terphenyls;
- monomethyl-tetrachlorodiphenyl methane, Monomethyl-dichloro-diphenyl methane, Monomethyldibromo-diphenyl methane; and
- any mixture containing any of the above mentioned substances in a total of more than 0,005 %by weight.

"transition metals" means any of the following metals: any compound of scandium, vanadium, manganese, cobalt, copper, yttrium, niobium, hafnium, tungsten, titanium, chromium, iron, nickel, zinc, zirconium, molybdenum and tantalum, as well as these materials in metallic form, as far as these are classified as hazardous substances.

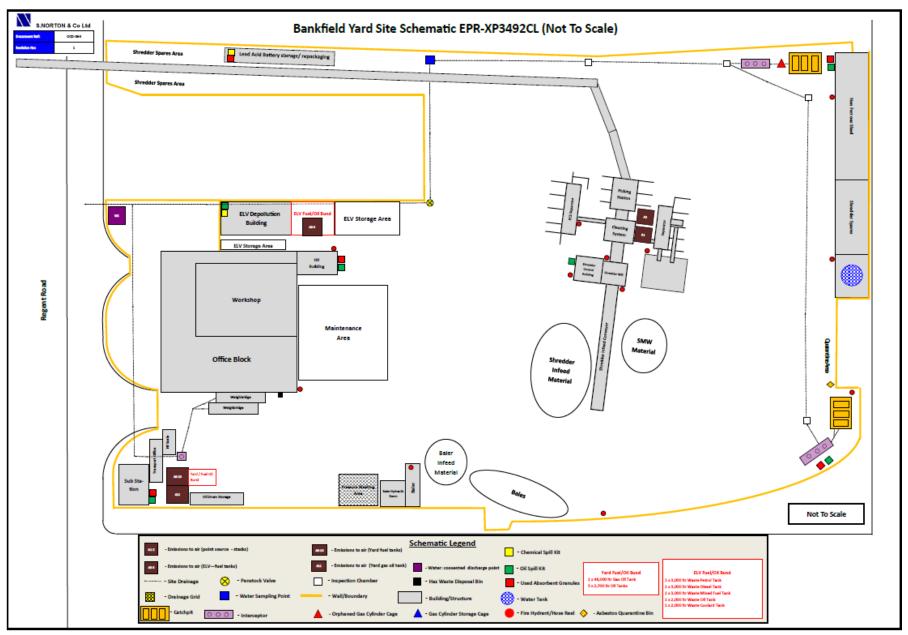
"stabilisation" means processes which change the hazardousness of the constituents in the waste and transform hazardous waste into non-hazardous waste.

"solidification" means processes which only change the physical state of the waste by using additives without changing the chemical properties of the waste.

"partly stabilised wastes" means wastes containing, after the stabilisation process, hazardous constituents which have not been changed completely into non-hazardous constituents and could be released into the environment in the short, middle or long term.

Schedule 7 – Site plan





Permit number EPR/XP3492CL

1

END OF PERMIT

Permit Number: Facility:		AB1234CD [Facility name]		Operator	Operator: Form Number:		amej
				Form Num			ΥΥ
Reporting of emissions to air for the period from DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY							
Emission Point	Substance / Parameter	Emission Limit Value	Reference Period	Result [1]	Test Method [2]	Sample Date and Times [3]	Uncertainty [4]
A1 Shredder	Total particulates	20 mg/m ³ (10 mg/m ³ for fridge plant only)	Hourly average		As agreed with t Environment Agency	he	
	the same terms as t	•	nimum value in the case o alue. Where the emission	·		-	
	, ,	•	st method is used the refer dentifier is given. In other c	•		•	•
	ontinuous measurem ating time covered b		time of the sample that pron.	oduced the result is given	ven. For continuous m	easurements the percent	age of the
[4] The uncer	tainty associated wit	h the quoted result	t at the 95% confidence int	erval, unless otherwis	se stated.		
Signed			Date				

(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

Permit Number:	AB1234CD	Operator:	[Operator name]
Facility:	[Facility name]	Form Number:	Sewer1 / DD/MM/YY

Reporting of emissions to sewer for the period from DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY

Emission Point	Substance / Parameter	Emission Limit Value	Reference Period	Result [1]	Test Method [2]	Sample Date and Times [3]	Uncertainty [4]
S1	Total suspended solids	30 mg/l	For 95% of all measured values of periodic samples taken over one month		BS EN 872		

- 1. The result given is the maximum value (or the minimum value in the case of a limit that is expressed as a minimum) obtained during the reporting period, expressed in the same terms as the emission limit value. Where the emission limit value is expressed as a range, the result is given as the 'minimum maximum' measured values.
- 2. Where an internationally recognised standard test method is used the reference number is given. Where another method that has been formally agreed with the Environment Agency is used, then the appropriate identifier is given. In other cases the principal technique is stated, for example gas chromatography.
- 3. For non-continuous measurements the date and time of the sample that produced the result is given. For continuous measurements the percentage of the process operating time covered by the result is given.
- 4. The uncertainty associated with the quoted result at the 95% confidence interval, unless otherwise stated.

Signed	Date
(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)	

Permit Number: AB1234 Facility: [Facility		4CD Operator:		[Operator name]			
		name]	Form Number:	WaterUsage1 / DD/MM/YY			
Reporting of Water Usag	ge for the yea	ar					
Water Source	Usage (m³/year)			Specific Usage (m³/unit output)			
Mains water							
Site borehole							
River abstraction							
TOTAL WATER USAGE							
Operator's comments:							
Signed		Date	9				
(authorised to sign as representative of Operator)							
	. ,						

Permit Number: AB1234CD		Operator:	[Operator name]				
Facility:	[Facility name]	Form Number:	Energy1 / DD/MM/YY				
Reporting of Energy Usage for the year							
Energy Source	Energy Usage	Specific Usage (MWh/unit output)					
	Quantity	Primary Energy (MWh)					
Electricity *	MWh						
Natural Gas	MWh						
Gas Oil	tonnes						
Recovered Fuel Oil	tonnes						
Biogas	tonnes						
TOTAL	-						
* Conversion factor for delivered ele	ectricity to primary energy = 2.4						
Operator's comments:							
Signed	r	Date					

(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

Permit Number:	AB1234CD	Operator:		[Operator name] Performance1 / DD/MM/YY	
Facility:	[Facility name]	Form Numbe	er:		
Reporting of other perfo	ormance indicators for the	period DD/MM/YYY	Y to DD	/MM/YYYY	
Parameter			Units		
Total raw material used			tonnes		
Water usage			m ³		
Energy usage			MWh		
Operator's comments:					
Signed		Date			
(Authorised to sign as representativ	re of Operator)				

Facility:		[Facility name]		Operator: Form Number:		Ambient monitoring1 / DD/MM/YY		
Emission Point	Parameter	Reference Period	Result [1]	Test Method [2]	Sample Date and Times [3]	Uncertainty [4]		
At a location to be agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	Particulate matter less than 10 millionth of a metre in diameter (PM ₁₀).	5 minute average						
	he same terms as the	value (or the minimum value emission limit value. Wh		•	·			
		ised standard test method the appropriate identifier is		•		•	•	
	ntinuous measureme ting time covered by	nts the date and time of the the result is given.	ne sample that prod	uced the result is given.	For continuous measure	ements the percen	tage of the	
[4] The uncerta	ainty associated with	the quoted result at the 95	5% confidence inter	val, unless otherwise st	ated.			
Signed			Date					
(Authorised to	sign as representativ	re of Operator)						