

# **Remote Health Advice**

Year: 2017

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

#### 14 November 2017

Syndromic indicators at

Indicators by syndrome.

Difficulty Breathing.

Sore throat.

Diarrhoea. Vomiting.

Eye problems.

Introduction to charts. Notes and further information. Acknowledgements.

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a glance.

Data summary.

Cold/flu. Fever. Cough. Week: 45

### Key messages

Data to: 12 November 2017

During week 45 there were continued increases in NHS 111 cough and difficulty breathing calls, particularly in the <1 year age group (figures 4, 4a & 5, 5a). These findings are consistent with recent increases in laboratory reports for respiratory syncytial virus (RSV).

A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March each year. As part of the Public Health England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team will be monitoring the impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period. Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Level 1 Winter preparedness http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/

### Syndromic indicators at a glance:

Indicator	Trend	Level *
Cold/flu	increasing	below baseline levels
Fever	no trend	below baseline levels
Cough	increasing	similar to baseline levels
Difficulty breathing	increasing	similar to baseline levels
Sore throat	no trend	above baseline levels
Diarrhoea	no trend	below baseline levels
Vomiting	increasing	below baseline levels
Eye problems	no trend	similar to baseline levels

\*Since week 47 2014 new baselines have been introduced for comparison with previous years. Baselines use historical data from the NHS Direct surveillance system to estimate seasonal trend but with levels adjusted to reflect changes since the switch to using NHS 111 data in September 2013.

### Data summary:

Year	Week	Total calls
2017	45	237,688

#### WW Public Health England

#### 14 November 2017

#### 1: Total calls.

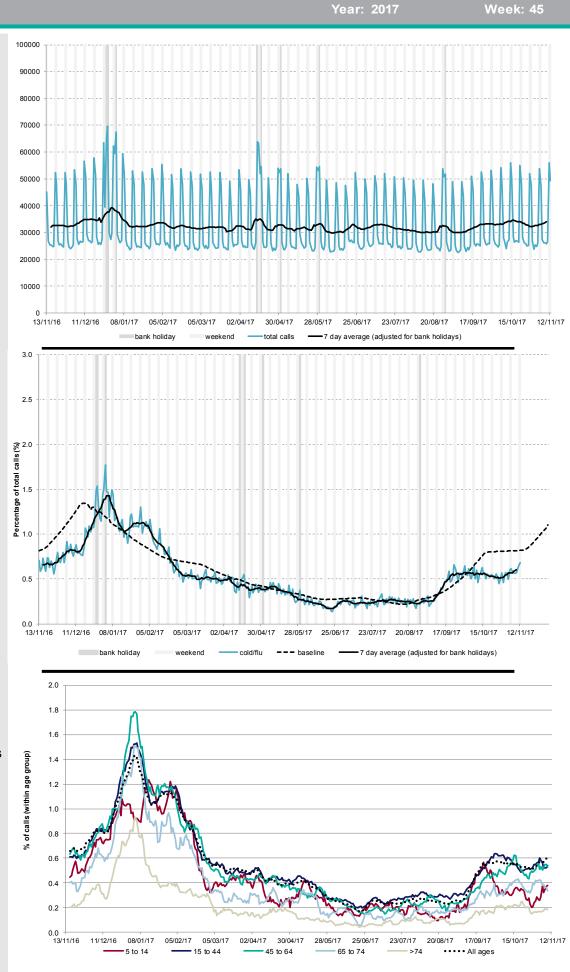
The total number of syndromic calls recorded each day by NHS 111.

#### 2: Cold/flu

Daily 'cold/flu' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.

### 2a: Cold/flu calls by age group

Cold/flu calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Age groups below 5 years old, not shown.



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3.0

#### 3: Fever

4: Cough

Direct.

Daily 'cough' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are

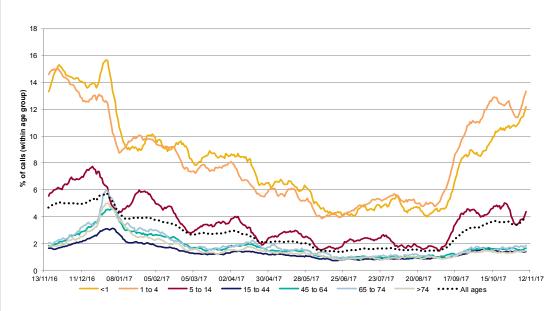
constructed from

historical data since 2010, including data

from NHS 111 and NHS

Daily 'fever' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.

#### 2.5 Percentage of total calls (%) 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 13/11/16 11/12/16 08/01/17 05/02/17 05/03/17 02/04/17 30/04/17 28/05/17 25/06/17 23/07/17 20/08/17 17/09/17 15/10/17 12/11/17 weekend bank holidav fever --- haseline 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays) 14 12 10 Percentage of total calls (%) 8 13/11/16 11/12/16 08/01/17 05/02/17 05/03/17 02/04/17 30/04/17 28/05/17 25/06/17 23/07/17 20/08/17 17/09/17 15/10/17 12/11/17 weekend bank holiday cough --- baseline 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays) .



### 4a: Cough calls by age group

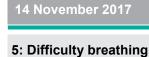
Cough calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

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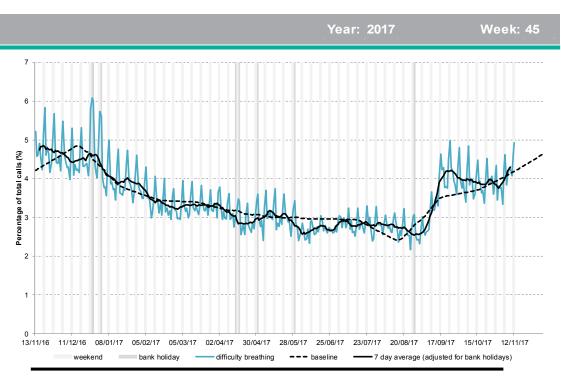
Week: 45

4

### **Remote Health Advice**

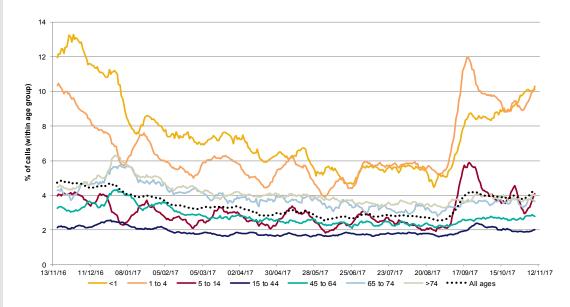


Daily 'difficulty breathing' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.



#### 5a: Difficulty breathing calls by age group

Difficulty breathing calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

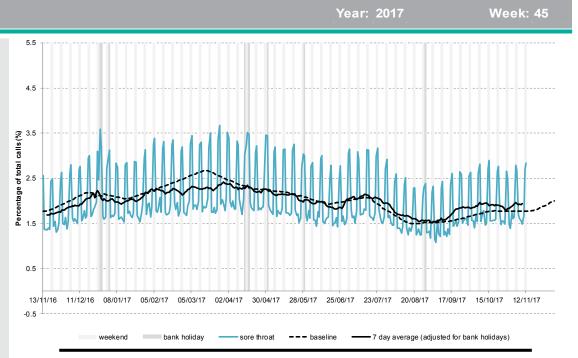


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#### 14 November 2017

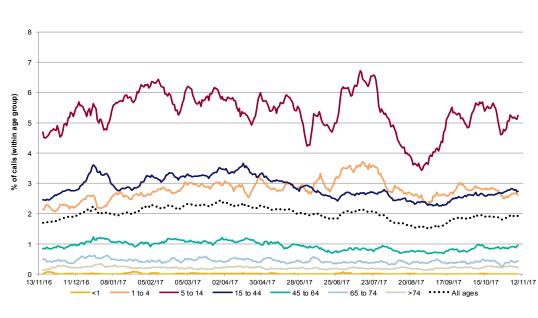
#### 6: Sore throat

Daily 'sore throat' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.



## 6a: Sore throat calls by age group

Sore throat calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



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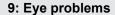
#### 14 November 2017

#### 7. Diarrhoea

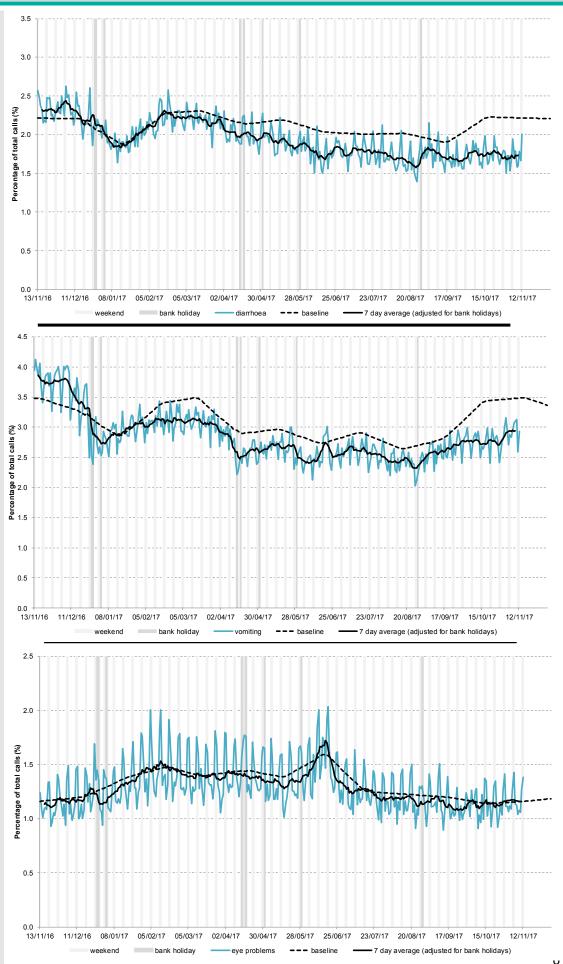
Daily 'diarrhoea' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.

#### 8: Vomiting

Daily 'vomiting' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.



Daily 'eye problems' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.



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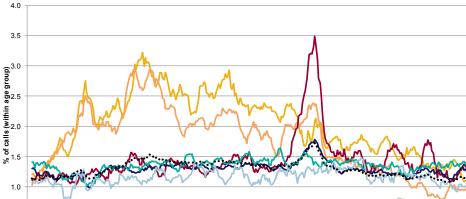
Week: 45

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Week: 45

12/11/17

20/08/17 17/09/17 15/10/17 >74 ••••• All ages





0.5

0.0 + 13/11/16

11/12/16

08/01/17

<1

05/02/17

1 to 4

05/03/17

**-** 5 to 14

02/04/17

30/04/17

- 15 to 44

28/05/17

45 to 64

25/06/17

23/07/17

65 to 74

Eye problems calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

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14 November 2017	Year: 2017 Week: 45			
Introduction to charts:	<ul> <li>Weekends and bank holidays are marked by vertical grey lines (bank holidays darker grey).</li> <li>A 7 day maying everage (adjusted for bank holidaye) is everlaid on the days of the second second</li></ul>			
	<ul> <li>A 7-day moving average (adjusted for bank holidays) is overlaid on the daily data reported in each chart, unless specified.</li> </ul>			
	• Baselines represent seasonally expected levels of activity and are constructed from historical data. Furthermore, they take into account an known substantial changes in data collection, population coverage or reporting practices. Baselines are refreshed using the latest data on a regular basis.			
	<ul> <li>NHS 111 call data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team.</li> </ul>			
Notes and further				
information:	Further information about NUIC 111 and he found at			
	Further information about NHS 111 can be found at:			
	http://www.nhs.uk/NHSEngland/AboutNHSservices/ Emergencyandurgentcareservices/Pages/NHS-111.aspx			
	The Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance:			
	https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems- and-analyses			
Acknowledgements:	We are grateful to NHS 111 and to NHS Digital for their assistance and support in providing the anonymised call data that underpin the Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System.			
	Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin.			
Contact ReSST: syndromic.surveillance	Produced by:       PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team         6 <sup>™</sup> Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW         Tel:       0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2       Fax:       0121 236 2215         Web:       https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and			
@phe.gov.uk	-analyses			

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