



Emergency Department

Syndromic Surveillance System: England & Northern Ireland

10 July 2017

In This Issue:

Key messages.

Diagnostic indicators at a glance. Weekly report statistics.

Total attendances.

Triage.

Cardiac.

Respiratory.

Gastrointestinal.

Introduction to charts.

Notes and caveats. Acknowledgements.

Attendances by age.

Year: 2017 Week: 27

Key messages

Data to: 09 July 2017

Nothing new to report for week 27.

A data transfer problem in a number of EDs which has resulted in incomplete data being available from 19/05/17 and a decrease in total attendances (Figure 1).

A Heat-Health Watch system operates in England from 1 June to 15 September each year. As part of the Heatwave Plan for England, the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be routinely monitoring the public health impact of hot weather using syndromic surveillance data during this period. Heat-health watch level (current reporting week): Level 1 Summer preparedness http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/heathealth/

Diagnostic indicators at a glance:

Further details on the syndromic indicators reported can be found on page 10.

Indicator	Current trend	
Triage Severity Ratio	no trend	
Respiratory	no trend	
Acute Respiratory Infection	no trend	
Bronchitis/ Bronchiolitis	no trend	
Influenza-like Illness	no trend	
Pneumonia	no trend	
Asthma/ Wheeze/ Difficulty Breathing	decreasing	
Gastrointestinal	no trend	
Gastroenteritis	no trend	
Cardiac	no trend	
Myocardial Ischaemia	no trend	
Meningitis Heat /sunstroke	no trend no trend	

	Total	Triage Category Coded		Diagnoses Coded		EDs
Date	Attendances	Number		Number		Reporting
03/07/2017	7,918	6,017	76.0	6,492	82.0	33
04/07/2017	7,309	5,251	71.8	6,039	82.6	33
05/07/2017	7,423	5,361	72.2	6,104	82.2	33
06/07/2017	7,093	5,317	75.0	5,678	80.1	33
07/07/2017	6,971	5,188	74.4	5,561	79.8	33
08/07/2017	6,913	5,179	74.9	5,441	78.7	33
09/07/2017	6,089	4,391	72.1	4,791	78.7	29
Total	49,716	36,704	73.8	40,106	80.7	(max)* 33

3 diagnosis coding systems in use:

Snomed-CT (14EDs) ICD10 (6EDs) CDS (16EDs)

*Data from the new EDs will be presented in charts following a 14 day data validation.

EDSSS weekly report statistics

Including new EDs which have recently started reporting*.



10 July 2017

1: Total attendances.

Daily number of total attendances recorded across the EDSSS network.

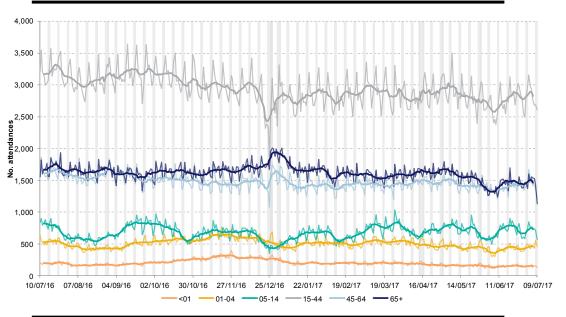
2: Daily attendances by age: Numbers.

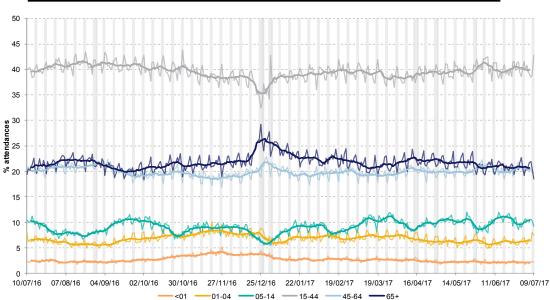
Daily number of total attendances, by age group, recorded across the EDSSS network.

3: Daily attendances by age: Percentages.

Daily percentage of total attendances by age group, recorded across the EDSSS network.







Year: 2017 Week: 27

Public Health England The Royal College of Emergency Medicine

10 July 2017

4: Triage category: severity of illness.

Triage category is assigned according to the clinical priority of each presenting patient.

Includes 33/35 EDs.

5: Triage category severity ratio.

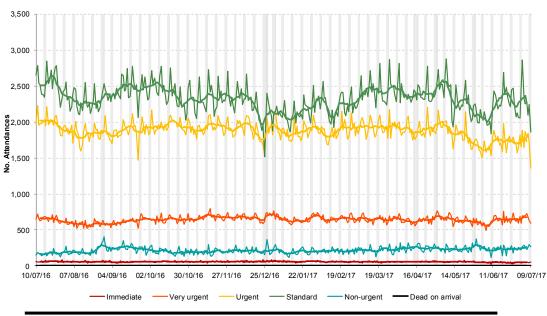
The ratio of patients classified as very urgent or urgent to those classified as standard or non-urgent.

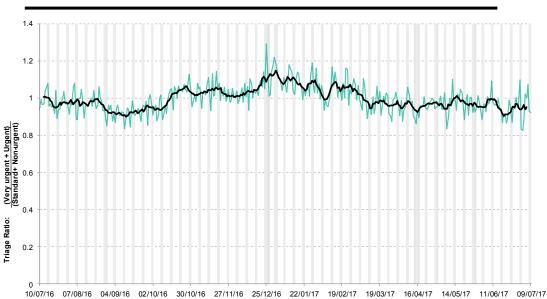
Includes 33/35 EDs.

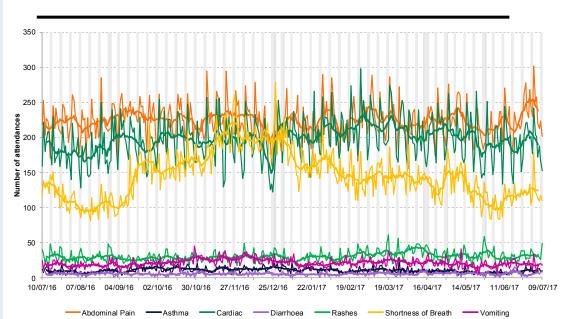


Triage presentation indicators are based on the triage descriptors recorded in each ED. Data are displayed as the number of attendances recorded with triage information.

Includes 21/35 EDs which report standard terms, not using free text.







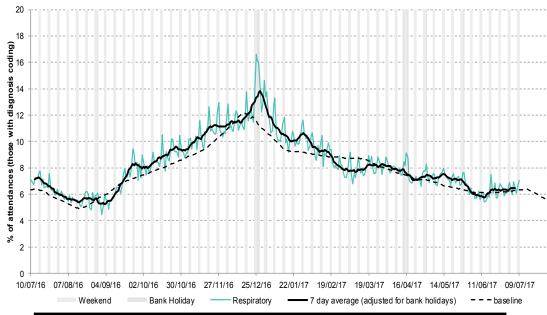


10 July 2017

7: Respiratory.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as respiratory attendances across the EDSSS network.

Includes 35/35 EDs.



8: Acute Respiratory Infection.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as acute respiratory infection attendances across the EDSSS network.

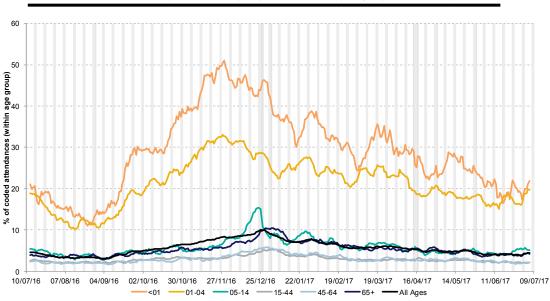
Includes 20/35 EDs.

9: Acute Respiratory Infection by age group.

7 day moving average of ARI attendances presented as a proportion of the attendances within each age group.

Includes 20/35 EDs.





EDSSS



10 July 2017

10: Bronchitis/ Bronchiolitis.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as bronchitis/ bronchiolitis attendances across the EDSSS network.

Includes 20/35 EDs.

11: Bronchitis/ Bronchiolitis by age group

7 day moving average of bronchitis/ bronchiolitis attendances presented as a proportion of the attendances within each age group.

Includes 20/35 EDs.

% of coded attendances

15

10

5

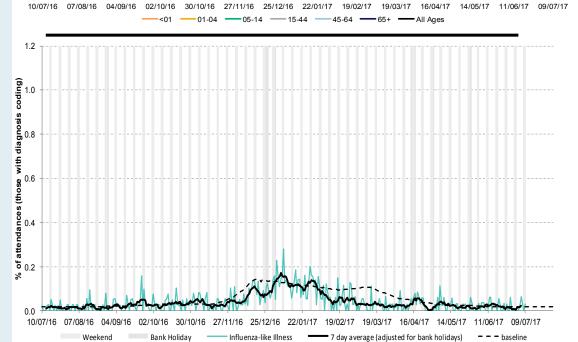
0

12: Influenza-like Illness.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as influenza-like illness attendances across the EDSSS network.

Includes 20/35 EDs.





EDSSS

Year: 2017 Week: 27

Year: 2017 Week: 27

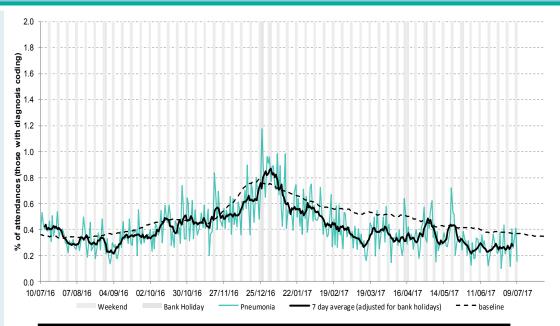


10 July 2017

13: Pneumonia.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as pneumonia attendances across the EDSSS network.

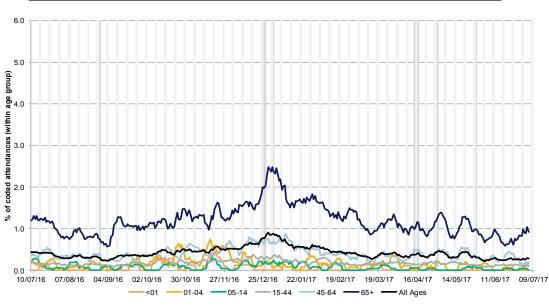
Includes 20/35 EDs.



14: Pneumonia by age group.

7 day moving average of pneumonia attendances presented as a proportion of the attendances within each age group.

Includes 20/35 EDs.



Intentionally left blank



10 July 2017

15: Asthma/Wheeze/ Difficulty Breathing.

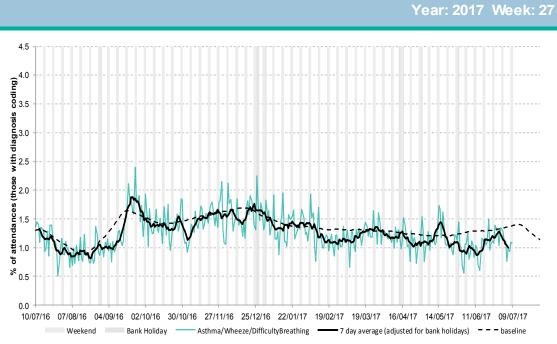
Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as asthma/wheeze/ difficulty breathing attendances across the EDSSS network.

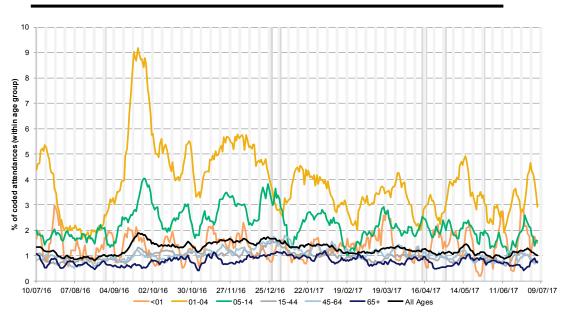
Includes 20/35 EDs.

16: Asthma/Wheeze/ Difficulty Breathing by age group.

7 day moving average of asthma/wheeze/ difficulty breathing attendances presented as a proportion of the attendances within each age group.

Includes 20/35 EDs.





Intentionally left blank

Year: 2017 Week: 27



10 July 2017

17: Gastrointestinal.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as gastrointestinal attendances across the EDSSS network.

Includes 35/35 EDs.

18: Gastroenteritis

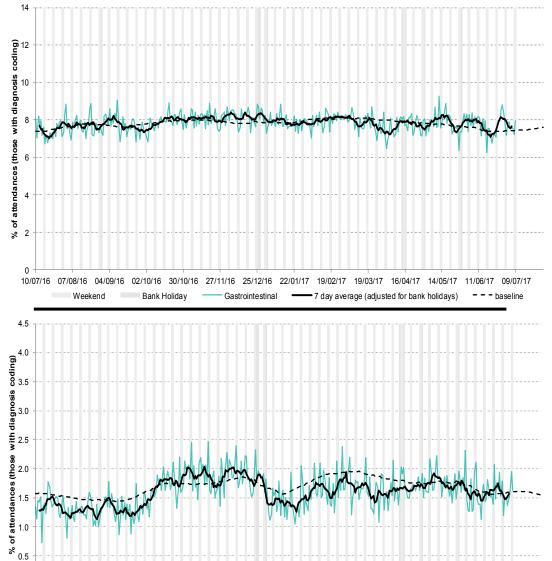
gastroenteritis

Daily percentage of all

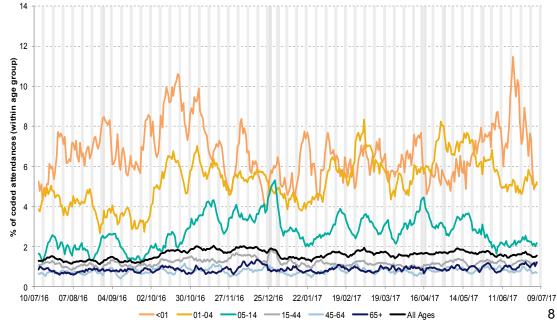
attendances recorded as

attendances across the EDSSS network.

Includes 20/35 EDs.



0.0 10/07/16 07/08/16 04/09/16 02/10/16 30/10/16 27/11/16 25/12/16 22/01/17 19/02/17 19/03/17 16/04/17 14/05/17 11/06/17 09/07/17 Weekend Bank Holiday Gastroenteritis 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays) - - - baseline



19: Gastroenteritis by age group.

7 day moving average of gastroenteritis attendances presented as a proportion of the attendances within each age group.

Includes 20/35 EDs.



Public Health England

10 July 2017

20: Cardiac.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as cardiac attendances across the EDSSS network. 12

Includes 35/35 EDs.

21: Myocardial

as myocardial

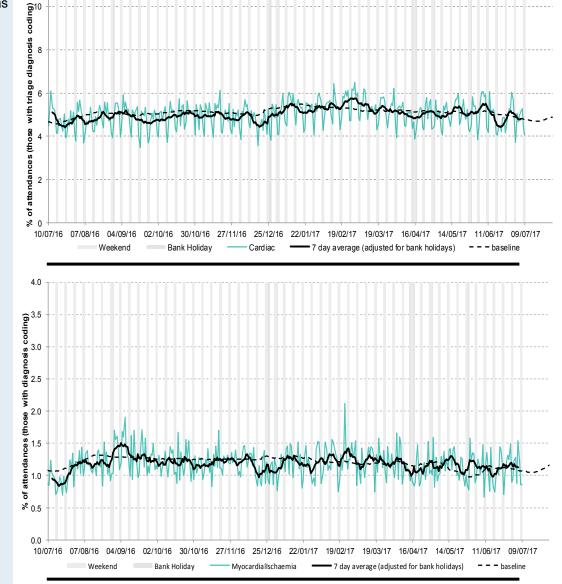
network.

Ischaemia.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded

ischaemia attendances across the EDSSS

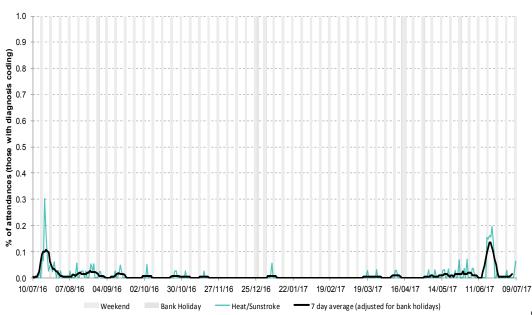
Includes 20/35 EDs.



22: Heat/Sunstroke

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as heat/sunstroke attendances across the EDSSS network.

Includes 20/35 EDs.



Year: 2017 Week: 27



Year: 2017 Week: 27 10 July 2017 Introduction to the Weekends and Bank holidays are marked by vertical grey lines (bank holidays darker). **EDSSS** charts: The entry of each new ED is marked by a vertical red line. A new site is not included in charts until it has reported a minimum of 14 days. A 7 day moving average is overlaid on the daily data reported in each chart, unless specified. ▶ Where the percentage attendances related to an individual syndromic indicator is given, the denominator used is the total number of attendances with a diagnosis code recorded. Baselines represent seasonally expected levels of activity and are constructed from historical data. Furthermore, they take into account any known substantial changes in data collection, population coverage or reporting practices. Baselines are refreshed using the latest data on a regular basis. During July/August 2016 there were changes in clinical working practices at selected EDs Notes and caveats: which may impact on coding, and therefore the graphs/data presented in this report. Where appropriate, caveats will be included. ▶ Participating Hospital Emergency Departments (EDs) report to EDSSS through the automated daily transfer of anonymised data to PHE, for analysis and interpretation by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team (ReSST). Several EDSSS contributing departments are now using the new RCEM Unified Diagnostic Dataset (UDDA) to record diagnoses. Where UDDA is in place the ICD-10 or Snomed CT code is extracted for EDSSS reporting. ► The syndromic indicators presented in this bulletin are based on the WHO recommendations for syndromes to be used for mass gatherings. Each code system has been mapped to the syndromes described: Level 1: Broad, generic indicator, available using all ED coding systems reported. Level 2: More specific indicator, available from EDs using ICD-10 and Snomed CT. Level 3: Very specific indicator, available from EDs using ICD-10 and Snomed CT. Respiratory: All respiratory diseases and conditions (infectious and non infectious). Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI): All acute infectious respiratory diseases. Asthma/Wheeze/Difficulty Breathing: As indicated by title, including dyspnoea & stridor. Bronchitis/ Bronchiolitis: As indicated by title (excluding 'chronic'). Influenza-like Illness (ILI): As indicated by title. Pneumonia: As indicated by title. Cardiac: All cardiac conditions (including 'chest pain'). Myocardial Ischaemia: All Ischaemic heart disease. Gastrointestinal: All gastrointestinal diseases and conditions (infectious and non infectious). Gastroenteritis: All infectious gastrointestinal diseases. Other (chart only presented when a public health need): Meningitis: All cause meningitis (exc. meningococcal disease with no mention of meningitis). Heat/ sunstroke: As indicated by title. Details on diagnosis are not consistently recorded for all ED attendances and the levels of attendances coded vary considerably between each ED. ▶ Where the diagnosis codes used in an individual ED cannot be matched to level 2 and 3 syndromic indicators, the ED is excluded from the analysis of those indicators. If you are interested in joining the EDSSS please contact ReSST using the details below. We are grateful to the clinicians in each ED and other staff within each Trust for their help Acknowledgements: and continued involvement in the EDSSS. We thank L2S2 Ltd for undertaking the daily extraction and transfer of anonymised attendance data from all participating EDs. We thank EMIS Health for facilitating data extraction at the relevant EDSSS sites. Emergency Department Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin. Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team **Contact ReSST:** 6th Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW syndromic.surveillance **Tel:** 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2 Fax: 0121 236 2215 @phe.gov.uk

Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses 10

EDSSS