High Speed Rail (London-West Midlands)

Air Quality and Dust Monitoring Monthly Report - September 2017

London Borough of Ealing

October 2017





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Non-technical summary

This Air Quality and Dust Monitoring Report is published in fulfilment of commitments detailed in the High Speed Rail (London-West Midlands) Environmental Minimum Requirements (EMRs), Annex 1: Code of Construction Practice, for the nominated undertaker to present the results of air quality and dust monitoring carried out within the London Borough of Ealing (LBE).

The report presents data from six nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) diffusion tube monitoring locations around highways within the borough during August 2017 as part of the management of air quality where significant effects may occur due to the scheme.

NO₂ monitoring results can be found in Section 4 of the report. NO₂ concentrations from diffusion tube monitoring over the course of 2017 and running mean can be found in Appendix B.

Whilst this report is limited to data informing pre-construction conditions, future reports will present this and data collected from monitoring around active work sites as they are established within LBE. Future LBE monthly reports will include a summary of the construction activities occurring; any complaints received; the data recorded over the monitoring period; any periods in exceedance of the agreed trigger levels; the results of any investigations; and, where the works have been found to be the source, any action taken to immediately resolve the issue and to prevent a recurrence.

Abbreviations and descriptions

- AQMA Air Quality Management Area
- AQS Air Quality Strategy
- BPM Best practicable means
- CFA Community Forum Area
- CoCP Code of Construction Practice
- Defra Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs
- DfT Department for Transport
- EA Environment Agency
- EPUK Environmental Protection UK
- ES Environmental Statement
- HGV Heavy Goods Vehicle
- IAQM Institute of Air Quality Management
- IPPC Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control
- LAPPC Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control
- LDV Light Duty Vehicle
- LEMP Local Environmental Management Plan
- LGV Light Goods Vehicle
- NO_x Oxides of nitrogen
- NO₂ Nitrogen dioxide
- PM₁₀ Particulate matter with an average aerodynamic diameter not exceeding 10 micrometres
- SPG Supplementary Planning Guidance
- ULEV Ultra Low Emission Vehicle

1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 The nominated undertaker is required to undertake air quality and dust monitoring as necessary to comply with the requirements of the High Speed Rail (London-West Midlands) Environmental Minimum Requirements, including specifically Annex 1: Code of Construction Practice. Monitoring will fulfil the following aims:
 - monitoring the effectiveness of mitigation measures;
 - monitoring the impact of construction works; and
 - inform taking other actions as may be necessary to enable compliance
- 1.1.2 Monitoring data and interpretive reports are to be provided to each relevant local authority on a monthly basis and shall include a summary of the construction activities occurring, any complaints received, the data recorded over the monitoring period, any periods in exceedance of agreed trigger levels, the results of any investigations; and where the works have been found to be the source, any action taken to immediately resolve the issue and to prevent a recurrence.
- **1.1.3** The report presents data from Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂) Diffusion Tube monitoring carried out around highway locations within the London Borough of Ealing (LBE) during August 2017.
- **1.1.4** There are no current worksites located within LBE. Therefore, no dust monitoring has been carried out.

2 Applicable standards and guidance

2.1 Relevant legislation

High Speed Rail (London - West Midlands) Act 2017

- 2.1.1 On 23 February 2017, Royal Assent was granted for Phase One of HS2. The High Speed Two Bill is now an Act of Parliament (law) i.e. High Speed Rail (London - West Midlands) Act 2017.
- 2.1.2 The Act is accompanied by the Environmental Minimum Requirements (EMRs). The EMRs set out the high level environmental and sustainability commitments and are contained in the EMR General Principles document supported by a series of annexes:
 - Annex 1: Code of Construction Practice;
 - Annex 2: Planning Memorandum;
 - Annex 3: Heritage Memorandum; and
 - Annex 4: Environmental Memorandum

Environmental Minimum Requirements: General Principles

2.1.3 The EMR - General Principles require that the controls to be implemented in delivering the scheme (including the EMRs, powers contained in the Act and Undertakings) will ensure that impacts which have been assessed in the ES will not be exceeded. If the significant adverse

impacts identified in the ES are likely to be exceeded, all reasonable steps will be taken to minimise or eliminate those additional impacts.

- 2.1.4 The EMRs also require compliance with the undertakings and assurances.
- 2.1.5 Annex 1 to the EMRs comprises a Code of Construction Practice (CoCP), which shall be adopted and implemented by the nominated undertaker in delivering the works, the high level requirements of which are set out below.

Code of Construction Practice (CoCP)

- 2.1.6 The CoCP details a range of control measures and the standards to be implemented during construction works across Area South (and all of Phase 1 Areas) to protect communities and the environment.
- 2.1.7 Section 7 of the CoCP stipulates the air quality management controls including monitoring to be implemented. The key requirement is for BPM to be employed to limit dust, odour, and exhaust emissions during construction work.

Construction dust

Environmental Protection Act 1990

- 2.1.8 Under Part III of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 (EPA), a local authority has a duty to inspect its area from time to time to detect any statutory nuisances and to take such steps as are reasonably practicable to investigate any complaint of a statutory nuisance made by a person living within its area. Relevant statutory nuisances (under relevant conditions) include dust, odour, smoke, and fumes or gases which are prejudicial to health or a nuisance.
- 2.1.9 Work sites have the potential to give rise to dust, fumes, and odour during demolition and construction works and need to be managed in accordance with Best Practicable Means (BPM). BPM is defined in Section 79 of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 as those measures which are 'reasonably practicable having regard among other things to local conditions and circumstances, to the current state of technical knowledge and to financial implications'.

Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999

- 2.1.10 The Pollution Prevention & Control Act 1999 and Environmental Permitting (England and Wales Regulations) 2010 which together govern the Environment Agency (EA) Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control (IPPC) and Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control (LAPPC).
- 2.1.11 Future air quality related construction operations that may fall within the environmental permitting regime include crushing operations, batching plant and on site waste operations.
- 2.1.12 Operations such as these will have stringent dust control requirements including monitoring and inspections as conditions of their permit.

Air quality around highways EU and UK Air Quality Management Legislation

- 2.1.13 In 1996 the European Commission published the Air Quality Framework Directive on ambient air quality assessment and management (96/62/EC). This directive defined the policy framework for 12 air pollutants known to have harmful effects on human health and the environment. Limit values (pollutant concentrations not to be exceeded by a certain date) for each specified pollutant were set through a series of Daughter Directives. Directive 1999/30/EC (the 1st Daughter Directive) sets limit values for NO2 and PM10 (amongst other pollutants) in ambient air.
- 2.1.14 In May 2008 the Directive 2008/50/EC on ambient air quality and cleaner air for Europe came into force. This Directive consolidates the above (apart from the 4th Daughter Directive), makes provision for extended compliance deadlines and sets new limit values for fine particulate matter (PM2.5).
- 2.1.15 The Directive 2008/50/EC was transposed into national legislation in England by the Air Quality Standards Regulations 2010 (as amended). The Secretary of State for the Environment has the duty of ensuring the air quality limit values are complied with.
- 2.1.16 The air quality limit values and objectives for England for the pollutants relevant to this project are detailed in Table 1 below.

| Pollutant | Averaging period | Limit value / objective |
|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Human health | | |
| Nitrogen dioxide (NO2) | Annual mean | 40 μg/m³ |
| | 1-hour mean | 200 µg/m ³ not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year (99.8th percentile) |
| Particulate matter (PM10) | Annual mean | 40 μg/m³ |
| | 24-hour mean | 50 μg/m ³ not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year (90.4th percentile) |
| Fine particulate matter (PM2.5) | Annual mean | 25 µg/m ³ |
| Vegetation | | |
| Oxides of nitrogen (NOx) | Annual mean | 30 µg/m³ |

Table 1 – UK air quality objectives relevant to construction dust and highways

2.2 Relevant guidance

Construction dust

IAQM Guidance

2.2.1 The Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) has published guidance on air quality monitoring in the vicinity of demolition and construction sites, which sets up to date monitoring protocols and techniques (IAQM (2012) Guidance on air quality monitoring in the vicinity of demolition and construction sites). The approach to monitoring is based on the risk rating for the demolition / construction site, derived from an assessment of construction dust emissions as described in the IAQM (2014) Guidance on the assessment of dust from demolition and construction.

- 2.2.2 The IAQM guidance proposes that visual inspections for dust emissions are undertaken at least once on each working day and the results clearly recorded in the site log for all construction / demolition sites (regardless of the risk rating).
- 2.2.3 The IAQM guidance also suggests where dust monitoring is required based on the level of risk of dust emissions.
- 2.2.4 In the Area South priority will be given to using near real time measurements of airborne dust, to provide information for active dust management.
- The guidance recommends the use of a real-time measurement site action level of 250 μg/m3 (15min) unless other information becomes available, when more appropriate level can be set.

GLA Guidance

2.2.6 The Mayor's Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG) on the control of dust and emissions during construction and demolition includes site monitoring protocols depending on the risk category of the site. The GLA guidance replicates the IAQM 2014 risk assessment matrix and associated control measures and monitoring requirements based on the level of risk of dust emissions.

Air quality around highways

Local Air Quality Management: Technical Guidance LAQM.TG(16)

2.2.7 Defra's Technical Guidance (TG16)1 sets the requirements and considerations to be taken when monitoring concentrations of NO2 associated with highways. It provides recommendations for the selection of appropriate locations and the duration of the monitoring surveys and it specifies minimum requirements for quality assurance and quality control, laboratory performance, precision and bias.

3 Monitoring methodology

3.1 Air quality around highways

3.1.1 The locations, duration and standard of air quality monitoring around highways is being undertaken in accordance with Defra's TG16 guidance and any future revisions of it.

Monitoring locations

3.1.2 Table 2 lists the HS2 diffusion tube locations in Ealing. Figure 1 in Appendix A shows the location of the diffusion tubes.

¹ See also: London Local Air Quality Management Technical Guidance LLAQM(TG.16)

| Monitoring site ID | Grid reference (x,y) | Location description |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| HS2-000020BN5 | 521443, 182477 | Sign post on Victoria Road |
| HS2-000020BN7 | 520959, 181102 | The Approach street sign |
| HS2-000020BP6 | 520430, 181950 | Western Avenue |
| HS2-000020BP7 | 518537, 182708 | Ealing Hanger Lane Gyratory |
| HS2-000020BQF | 520856, 181733 | Conway Drive sign post |
| HS2-000020BQG | 521312, 182033 | Lamp post outside No 1. Wells House Road on Old Oak Common Lane |

Table 2 - Monitoring locations for Ealing — air quality around highways

4 Monitoring results

4.1 Air quality around highways

Data summary

- 4.1.1 Table 3 below details the monitoring results from the NO₂ diffusion tube monitoring survey in LBE for the month of August. This data is two months in arrears due to the time required for lab analysis.
- 4.1.2 Table 4 in Appendix B details NO₂ concentrations from diffusion tube monitoring for all previous months in 2017 and running mean (μg/m³).

| Monitoring Site ID | Location description | Provisional NO2 concentration for August 2017 (μg/m ³) |
|--------------------|--|---|
| HS2-000020BN5 | Victoria Terrace sign post about 3m from kerb | 45 |
| HS2-000020BN7 | The Approach street sign | 67 |
| HS2-000020BP6 | Western Avenue | 65 |
| HS2-000020BP7 | Ealing Hanger Lane Gyratory | 83 |
| HS2-000020BQF | Conway Drive sign post | 54 |
| HS2-000020BQG | Lamp post outside No 1. Wells House Road on Old Oak Common Lane | 59 |

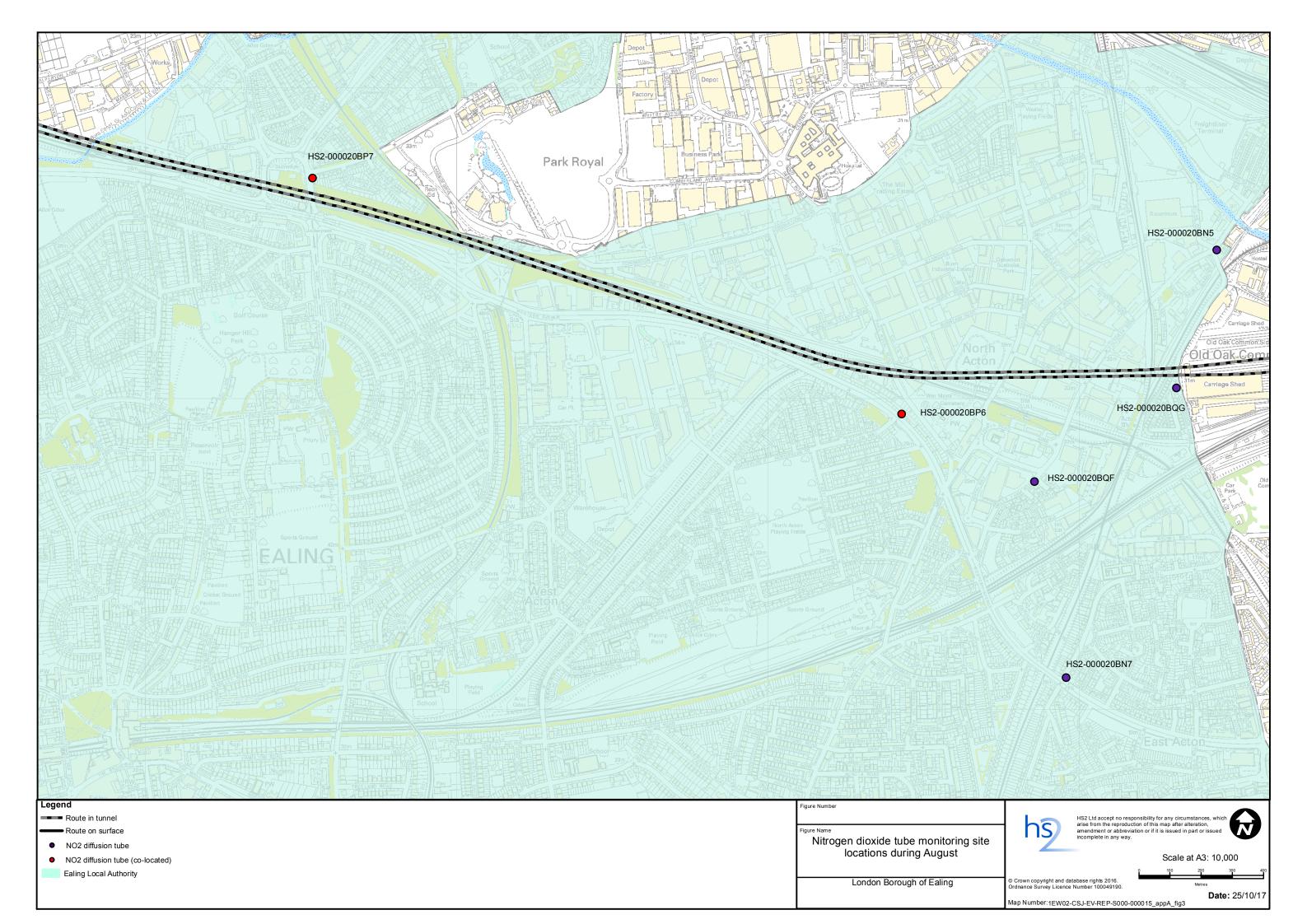
Table 3 - Monitoring results - air quality around highways

4.2 Complaints

4.2.1 In future reports this sub section will cover complaints relating to demolition/construction dust and/or air quality around highways. There are no complaints relating to dust or air quality.

Appendix A – Monitoring locations

Air quality around highways



Appendix B – Monitoring data

Air quality around highways

Table 4 - Air quality around highways NO2 concentrations from diffusion tube monitoring all months and running mean (µg/m3) within LB Ealing

| Monitoring Site | Location description | Jan 2017 | Feb 2017 | Mar | Apr | May | June | Jul 2017 | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Mean |
|-----------------|--|----------|---------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| ID | | | | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 | | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 | |
| HS2-000020BN5 | Victoria Terrace sign post about 3m from kerb | 81 | No data | 47 | 55 | 48 | 55 | 43 | 45 | | | | | 53 |
| HS2-000020BN7 | The Approach street sign | 87 | 71 | 61 | 68 | 51 | 66 | 58 | 67 | | | | | 66 |
| HS2-000020BP6 | Western Avenue | 90 | 69 | 58 | 64 | 47 | 58 | 42 | 65 | | | | | 62 |
| HS2-000020BP7 | Ealing Hanger Lane Gyratory | 93 | 82 One tube missing | 79 | 91 | 66 | 86 | 65 | 83 | | | | | 81 |
| HS2-000020BQF | Conway Drive sign post | 79 | 72 | 53 | 59 | 50 | 70 | 47 | 54 | | | | | 61 |
| HS2-000020BQG | Lamp post outside No 1. Wells House Road on Old Oak Common Lane | 89 | No data | 73 | 61 | 65 | 82.02 | tube damaged | 59 | | | | | 65 |

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