Public Health England

Introduction to charts. Notes and further information. Acknowledgements.

Remote Health Advice

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

16 January 2017		Year: 2017	Week: 2
In This Issue:	Key messages	Data to: 15 Januar	y 2017
Key messages.			
Syndromic indicators at a glance.	Respiratory calls decreased overall during week 2 but are increasing in children aged 1 to 14 years (figures 2a, 4a & 5a).		g in
Data summary.			
Indicators by syndrome.			
Cold/flu.			
Fever.			
Cough.			
Difficulty Breathing.			
Sore throat.	A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March e		
Diarrhoea.	England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team will be monitor impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period.		nitoring the
Vomiting.	Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Level 2 Alert and readiness - http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/	- 3 Severe weather action	
Eye problems.			

Syndromic indicators at a glance:

Indicator	Trend	Level *
Cold/flu	decreasing	above baseline levels
Fever	increasing	similar to baseline levels
Cough	decreasing	below baseline levels
Difficulty breathing	decreasing	similar to baseline levels
Sore throat	decreasing	below baseline levels
Diarrhoea	decreasing	below baseline levels
Vomiting	increasing	similar to baseline levels
Eye problems	increasing	below baseline levels

*Since week 47 2014 new baselines have been introduced for comparison with previous years. Baselines use historical data from the NHS Direct surveillance system to estimate seasonal trend but with levels adjusted to reflect changes since the switch to using NHS 111 data in September 2013.

Data summary:

Year	Week	Total calls
2017	2	225,427

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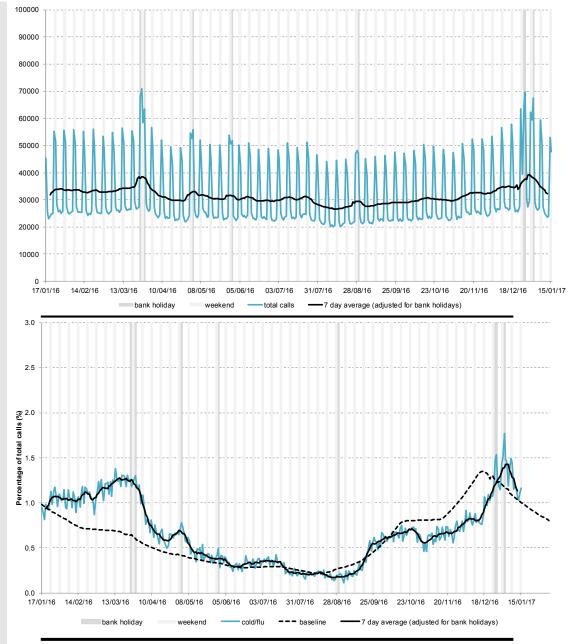
16 January 2017

1: Total calls.

The total number of syndromic calls recorded each day by NHS 111.

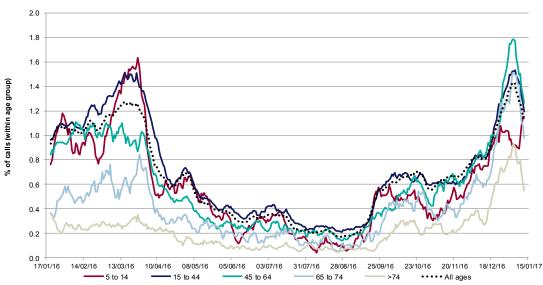
2: Cold/flu

Daily 'cold/flu' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.



2a: Cold/flu calls by age group

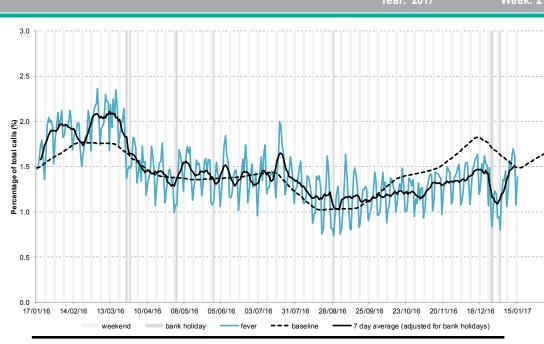
Cold/flu calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Age groups below 5 years old, not shown.



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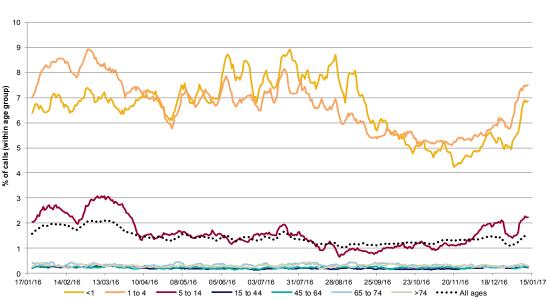
3: Fever

Daily 'fever' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.



3a: Fever calls by age group

Fever calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



08/05/16 05/06/16 03/07/16 31/07/16 28/08/16 25/09/16 23/10/16 20/11/16 18/12/16

-7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays)

--- baseline

cough

4: Cough

Daily 'cough' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.

12 10 Percentage of total calls (%) 8 6

14

2

17/01/16 14/02/16 13/03/16

10/04/16

bank holiday

weekend

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15/01/17

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4a: Cough calls by age group

Cough calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

5: Difficulty breathing

Λ 17/01/16

14/02/16

13/03/16

10/04/16

1 to 4

08/05/16

• 5 to 14

05/06/16

03/07/16

15 to 44

31/07/16

45 to 64

28/08/16

25/09/16

65 to 74

23/10/16

>74

20/11/16

••••• All ages

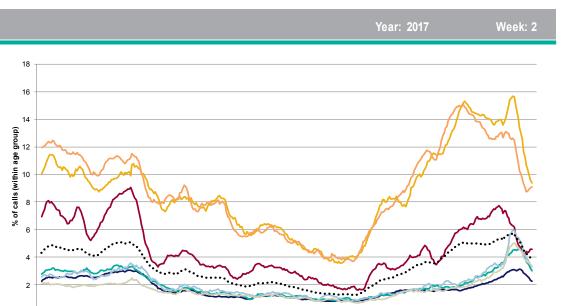
18/12/16

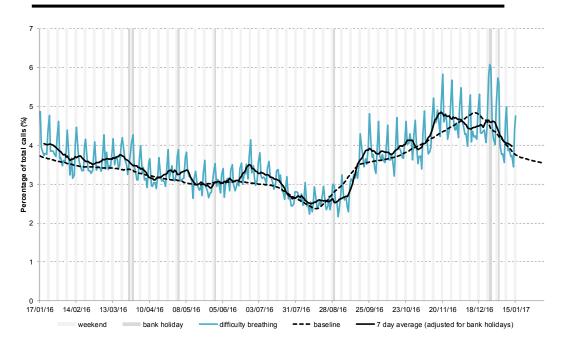
15/01/17

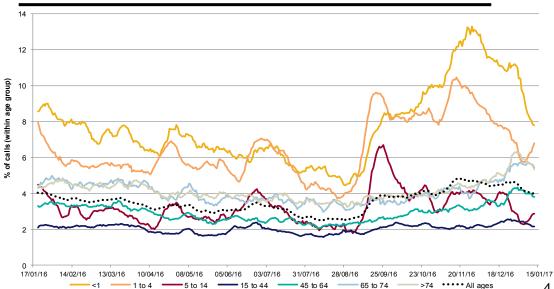
Daily 'difficulty breathing' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.

5a: Difficulty breathing calls by age group

Difficulty breathing calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.







- 15 to 44

45 to 64

65 to 74

5 to 14

1 to 4

<1

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6: Sore throat

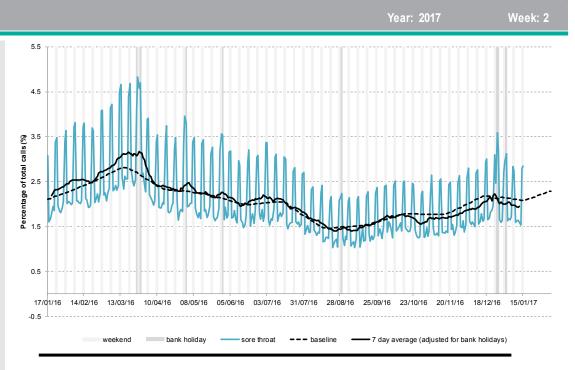
Daily 'sore throat' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.

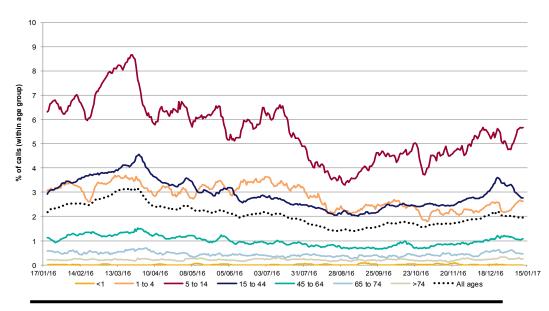
6a: Sore throat by age group

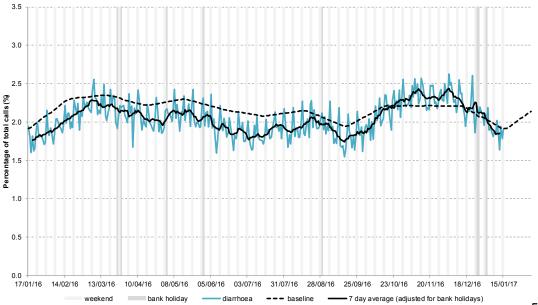
Sore throat calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



Daily 'diarrhoea' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.







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7a: Diarrhoea by age group

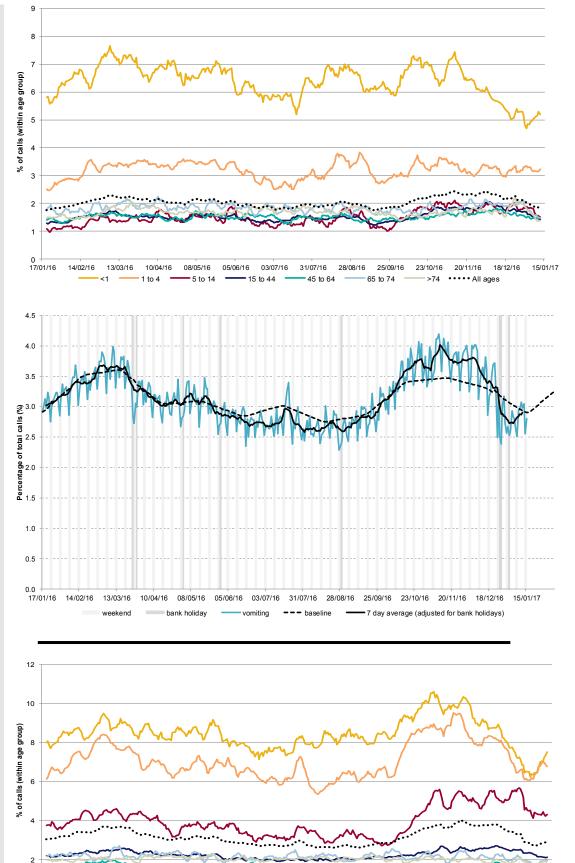
Diarrhoea calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

8: Vomiting

Daily 'vomiting' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.

8a: Vomiting by age group

Vomiting calls as a percentage of total calls within each age group, shown as a 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



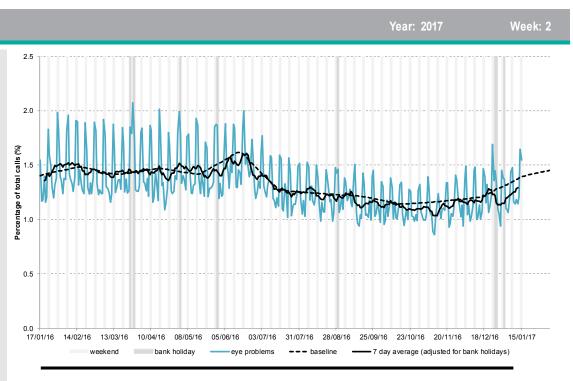
0 + 17/01/16 15/01/17 14/02/16 13/03/16 10/04/16 08/05/16 05/06/16 03/07/16 31/07/16 28/08/16 25/09/16 23/10/16 20/11/16 18/12/16 ••••• All ages 45 to 64 65 to 74 >74 1 to 4 5 to 14 15 to 44

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9: Eye problems

Daily 'eye problems' calls as a percentage of total calls. Baselines are constructed from historical data since 2010, including data from NHS 111 and NHS Direct.



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Introduction to charts:	 Weekends and bank holidays are marked by vertical grey lines (bank holidays darker grey). A 7-day moving average (adjusted for bank holidays) is overlaid on the daily data reported in each chart, unless specified. Baselines represent seasonally expected levels of activity and are constructed from historical data. Furthermore, they take into account any known substantial changes in data collection, population coverage or reporting practices. Baselines are refreshed using the latest data on a regular basis. This new syndromic surveillance system is still under development and further analyses at PHE Centre level will be included in future bulletins. NHS 111 call data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team.
Notes and further information:	Further information about NHS 111 can be found at: http://www.nhs.uk/NHSEngland/AboutNHSservices/ Emergencyandurgentcareservices/Pages/NHS-111.aspx The Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems- and-analyses
Acknowledgements:	We are grateful to NHS 111 and to NHS Digital for their assistance and support in providing the anonymised call data that underpin the Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System. Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin. Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team
Contact ReSST: syndromic.surveillance	6 th Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW Tel: 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2 Fax: 0121 236 2215 Web: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-</u>

analyses