

PHE Syndromic Surveillance Summary

Produced by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team

27 August 2014 Year: 2014 Week: 34

Syndromic surveillance national summary:

Reporting week: 18 August to 24 August 2014

There was nothing new to report during week 34.

(Please note that syndromic surveillance bulletins can now be accessed from the GOV.UK PHE website. Follow the updated internet links included below.)

Remote Health Advice:

Nothing new to report during week 34.

All syndromic indicators are within seasonally expected levels for week 34.

Click here to access the Remote Health Advice bulletin [intranet] [internet]

GP In Hours:

Nothing new to report during week 34.

Levels of diarrhoea and vomiting remain stable, though slightly above the historical baseline (Figures 7,8).

Click here to access the GP In Hours bulletin [intranet] [internet]

Emergency Department:

Nothing new to report during week 34.

Click here to access the EDSSS bulletin [intranet] [internet]

GP Out of Hours:

There were small increases in the acute respiratory infection, difficulty breathing/ wheeze/asthma and diarrhoea indicators during week 34 however these increases were possibly due to the increased calls over the bank holiday weekend (figure 1).

Click here to access the GPOOHSS bulletin [intranet] [internet]

RCGP Weekly Returns Service:

Click here to access further reports from the RCGP website [external link]



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Syndromic surveillance summary notes

- Key messages are provided from each individual system.
- The different syndromic surveillance systems in operation within PHE access data from different areas of the national health care system.
- Each system is able to monitor a different selection of syndromic indicators based upon a different case mix of patients.
- Access to the full version of each syndromic surveillance bulletin is available through the Syndromic Surveillance website found at: (https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses); reports will be made available on Thursday afternoons.

Syndromic surveillance systems

Remote Health Advice

A remote health advice syndromic surveillance system that monitors syndromic calls from remote health advice services e.g. NHS 111 each day across England

GP In-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System

A large UK-based general practitioner surveillance system monitoring daily consultations for a range of clinical syndromic indicators

Emergency Department Syndromic Surveillance System (EDSSS)

A sentinel ED network across England monitoring daily attendances and presenting symptoms/diagnoses

GP Out-of-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System (GPOOHS)

A syndromic surveillance system monitoring daily GP out-of hours activity and unscheduled care across England using a range of clinical syndromic indicators

RCGP Weekly Returns Service (RCGP WRS)

A sentinel GP surveillance network covering England and Wales monitoring weekly consultations for a range of clinical indicators. This surveillance system is coordinated by the RCGP Research and Surveillance Centre

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- NHS 111 and HSCIC.
- Participating EDSSS emergency departments
- College of Emergency Medicine
- Advanced Health & Care and the participating OOH service providers
- QSurveillance[®]; University of Nottingham; EMIS/EMIS practices; ClinRisk®
- TPP, ResearchOne and participating SystmOne GP practices

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Web: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses

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