

Syrian humanitarian aid

“Syrian humanitarian aid: which countries give what? Please specify the aid used for relief, food and medical”

Information on donor countries' response to the Syria crisis can be found in the UN's [Financial Tracking Service](#). This includes how much assistance has been provided by donors, as well as by recipient organisation, recipient country and sector, since 2012. You may also wish to note that DFID regularly publishes information on the UK's humanitarian aid response to the Syria crisis and region. You can find the latest update [here](#) on the Gov.UK website.

“There was the Supporting Syrian conference 2016 which countries came to support and what did they provide?”

The outcomes of the conference are reflected in the Co-hosts' statement available on the [Conference website](#). A full breakdown of funding announcements at the London Conference can be found [here](#).

“Isis and the refugee crisis: what the world or to be specific Britain this (thinks) should be done. How many people support military forces going into Syria and attacking?”

Half of Syria's pre-war population – over 11 million people – have been displaced by the conflict. 4.6 million have fled as refugees to neighbouring countries. Around 8% of displaced Syrians have sought asylum in Europe.

Given the scale of the refugee crisis in the countries surrounding Syria, it is essential to provide assistance to those most in need in the region. Those that remain in the immediate region around Syria are more likely to be particularly vulnerable. It is right that we should focus our efforts on helping the most vulnerable.

Daesh poses a direct and growing threat to our country; and we need to tackle this threat wherever it arises. The UK is playing a leading role in the 60+ national Global Coalition (GC) committed to defeating Daesh – the Coalition includes Iraq, Arab, European nations and the US. The GC is working to defeat Daesh on all fronts – militarily, cutting off Daesh finance, counter-terrorism expertise, and defeating the poisonous narrative that is the root cause of this evil. Daesh is not winning – Coalition forces have now damaged or destroyed over 16,000 targets and helped the Iraqi and Kurdish security forces retake 30% of the territory initially seized by Daesh in summer 2014. DFID does not hold information on the number of British citizens that support the use of military force inside Syria.

“Data relating to which countries give what to Syrian civilians and are the same time attacking them by sending nuclear weapons. And how many attacks have they done so far.”

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