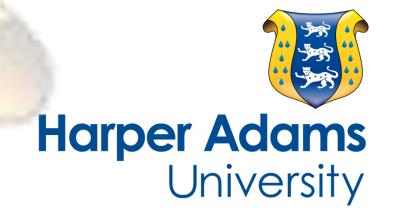
# How are ground and aerial robotics revolutionising agricultural activities across the globe





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## National Center for Precision Farming

#### New £3m Centre

- £1.5m Raised privately
- Davidh Gornemorm é Piti Gaetally ist isted) 2012
- Finishediea2612the UK that Harper Adams is establishing the National Centre for Precision Farming."
- Liz Truss (The secretary for state for environment, food and rural affairs) Sept 2015
  - "Shropshire is home to Harper Adams University, the National Centre for Precision Farming, and the Agricultural Engineering Innovation Centre, which is a global centre for excellence in terms of modernising farming techniques."







#### Harper Adams University





- Founded 1901 by Thomas Harper Adams
- Crops, Animals, Food, Land and Engineering
- Circa 3000 students
- Engineering graduates
  - 98% employment rate in 2016
  - 94% in professional and managerial jobs
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> place in Field Robot Event 2016
  - University of the Year WhatUni Awards 2016
    - Top for Student Support
    - Top for Job Prospects
- THES Top 50 university in UK 2016





## Introduction

- How to achieve long-term sustainability and address current national & global farming and food security issues;
- Reducing chemical wastage via GPS automatic steering systems;
- How to reduce both the cost and environmental impact of food production;
- Using smart robotics to support better decision making in agricultural activities.

# Current Agricultural Robots

Harper Adams
University

- Milking Robots
- Turf harvesting
- Automatic fences
- Feeding / Pushing / Cleaning

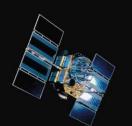












Access to GPS technology resulted in the development of Precision Farming



# Precision Farming (Historic View)



Precision farming is a farming management concept based on observing, measuring and responding to inter and intra-field variability in crops. Based on:

- Mapping (Yield, Soil, Moisture, Nutrient, Pest, Disease, etc.)
- Interpretation (Derive prescriptions/treatments based computer analysis of maps)
- Precision Treatment (Cultivations, seeding, fertilizer and pesticide applications)



# Management units reuction of scale



Conventional or Traditional Farming

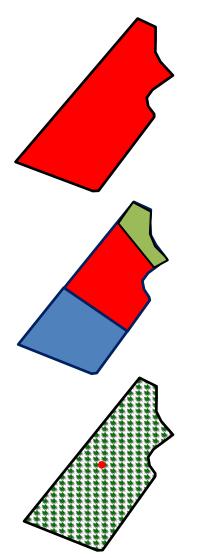
Field
One rate

Variable Rate

Sub-Field Variable dose rate

Patch application

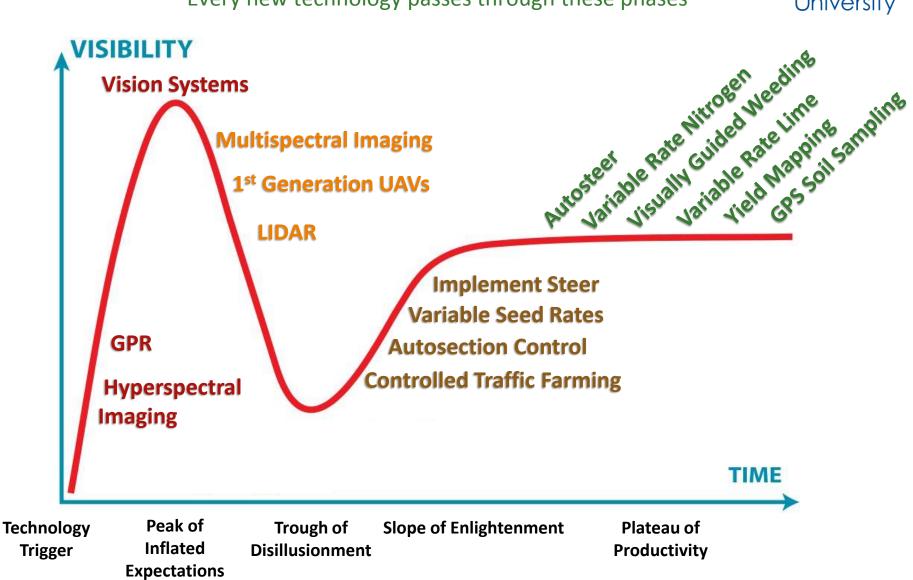
Single-Plant-Care or Plant Level Husbandry Single Plant
Individual dose rate



## Gartner Hype Cycle



Every new technology passes through these phases



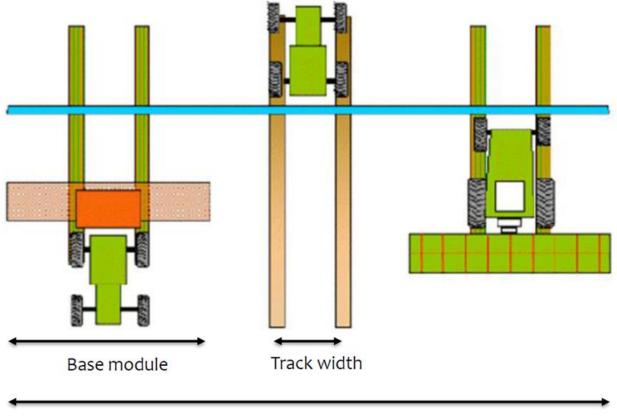
#### Limitations



- Have relied on historic data
  - "Treating previous years' problems"
- Sample Rate
  - Yield information dependent on machine width
  - Limited number of soil samples/field
  - Image pixel size
- Treatment patch size
  - Dependent on machine working width
  - Treatment technology available
- Lack of scientific information needed to determine prescriptions / treatments
- Computer processing power required

### Controlled Traffic Farming





Chemical applications – integer multiple of base module

- 10 20% increase in yield
- 50 60% reduction in cultivation costs

## Big Bale South











#### Current State of Ag Robotics & UAVs



Commercial agricultural robots and UAVs are being developed for the following applications:

- Tractors;
- Harvesting;
- Smart Implements for Thinning and Weeding;
- Soil Mapping;
- UAS (Drones) for Inspection, Data Collection, Scouting, and Autonomous Patch Spraying.

http://www.therobotreport.com/news/ag-in-transition-from-precision-ag-to-full-autonomy#Clearpath



## Robot Tractors



Whilst the technology exists to build fully autonomous robotic field tractors, safety and litigation concerns are deterring the larger manufacturers from selling them. However, they are available from smaller companies who are prepared to adapt tractors for robotic tasks.



#### **Modular tools**



#### **Establishment**



Micro-tillage
Ultra-high precision seeding
Geocode each seed
Permanent planting positions
Proximity fertilisation
Modular logistics
Reseeding



#### **Selective harvesting**



Selective (repeated) harvesting Intelligent transport & logistics Phased cropping

Weed recognition
Patch spraying
Micro dots only onto weed leaf
Laser weeding

## Farm Management Information System





#### **Crop scouting**



Non contact / solid state sensors Biosensors Luxury data consumption Inception detection Repetitive measurements to improve agronomic decisions



## Autonomous tractor

1 RTK GPS

Canopy LIDAR

Distributed CPUs with SAFAR3

7 Physical wheel guards

WiFi antenna

Emergency 6 stop switches

Navigation LIDAR

Collapsible bumper

Infrared safety barrier

Remote dead man's handle

**USER-PA Project** 

Partners: Israel, Germany, Turkey, Greece, Italy, UK, Denmark

UK funding: DEFRA (2012-2016)



## Hands Free Hectare



- First proposed by Professor Blackmore as the "The autonomous acre grand challenge"
- Use robots to grow one hectare of a commercial crop in an field that nobody enters
- Only open source software and commercially available equipment will be used
- Funded for 2 years (2016-17)



#### **Robot Harvesters**



Commercial companies and universities are developing a range of harvesting robots to pick soft fruit, top fruit, and vegetables. These differ from existing mechanical harvesters as they are designed to minimise damage to the crop, to enable it be sold for top prices. Harvesters generally use one or more arm mounted picking tools, guided to the crop by vision based systems. Crops often have to be specially bred varieties grown in a specific manner that makes the fruit or vegetables more visible and easier to pick. At present these robotic systems are too expensive, slow and unreliable.

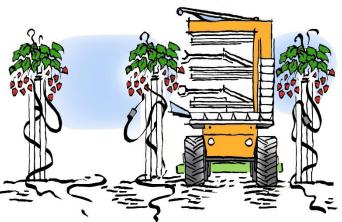


#### Strawberry Harvesting Robot: AUTOPIC



- AUTOPIC is a multi disciplinary project aimed at mechanising the harvesting of soft fruit through the use of autonomous vehicles and robotics.
- Partners include Harper Adams University, the Shadow Robot Company, Interface Devices Limited and the National Physical Laboratory.
- Time: 2014 2015







## Selective harvesting Strawberries; AUTOPIC



- Selective harvester
- Machine vision recognises strawberries in 3D
  - Identifies the peduncle (stalk)
  - Classifies size, ripeness
- Robot arm picks individual strawberries
- Puts it into graded punnet (box) for each quality
- Graded for sweetness, ripeness, shelf life, size etc. according to each supermarket

## Stereo strawberry recognition:

Top: Classified by size and colour

Bottom: Peduncle 3D coordinates passed to picking robot



2 part and2 non occluded strawberries found



2 part and 2 non occluded strawberries found



## Strawberry targets





## Smart Implements for Thinning and Weeding



There are a number of tractor trailed or mounted smart implements available for thinning and weeding from manufacturers such as *Vision Robotics*, *Vision Weeding* and *Garford*.



# Weed Identification & Removal

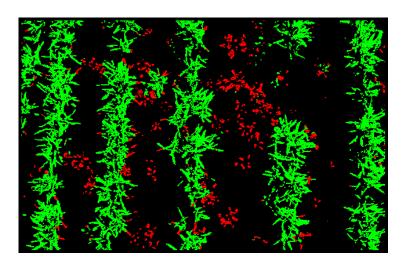


In arable agriculture image processing is used to identify weeds. Weeds removed by:

- Inter-row Robotically steered hoe
- Intra-row Laser weeding

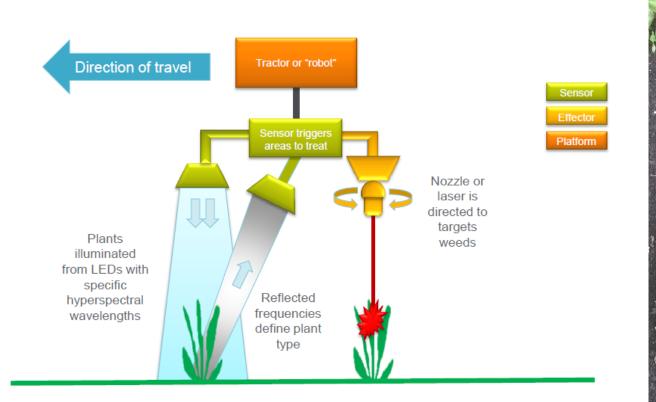


**Original Image** 



Weed Identification

## Crop Care: Laser Weeding

















National Centre for Precision Farming







## Crop & Soil Scouting



At present robotic systems do not exist for fully automated soil sampling or crop analysis. There is research taking place around the world to develop robots for soil sampling and crop analysis. Chinese researchers have developed a number of devices that can be pulled through the soil that will measure the NPK values on-the-go without having to send samples away for analysis. These are not available commercially at present.

## Crop scouting

- Working with agronomists by giving near-real-time data over the whole farm
- UGVs (Unmanned Ground Vehicle)
  - Phenotyping robots
    - Crop trials to evaluate new genotypes
  - Scouting robots
    - Targeted agronomic measurements
- UAVS (Unmanned Aerial Vehicle)
  - Rapid assessment technique
  - High resolution imagery
    - Visible: Crop cover, growth rates, flooding extent, late emergence, weed patches, rabbit damage, nutrient imbalance
    - Non-visible: NDVI, Thermal, multispectral
    - Sensor limited by weight and power

## Crop Scouting



- Crop scouting robot for vineyards
- Build by Harper Adams MEng students for the University of Athens
- Software Architecture for Agricultural Robots
- Thermal camera for irrigation status
- Multispectral camera for nutrient status
- LIDAR for canopy extent and density

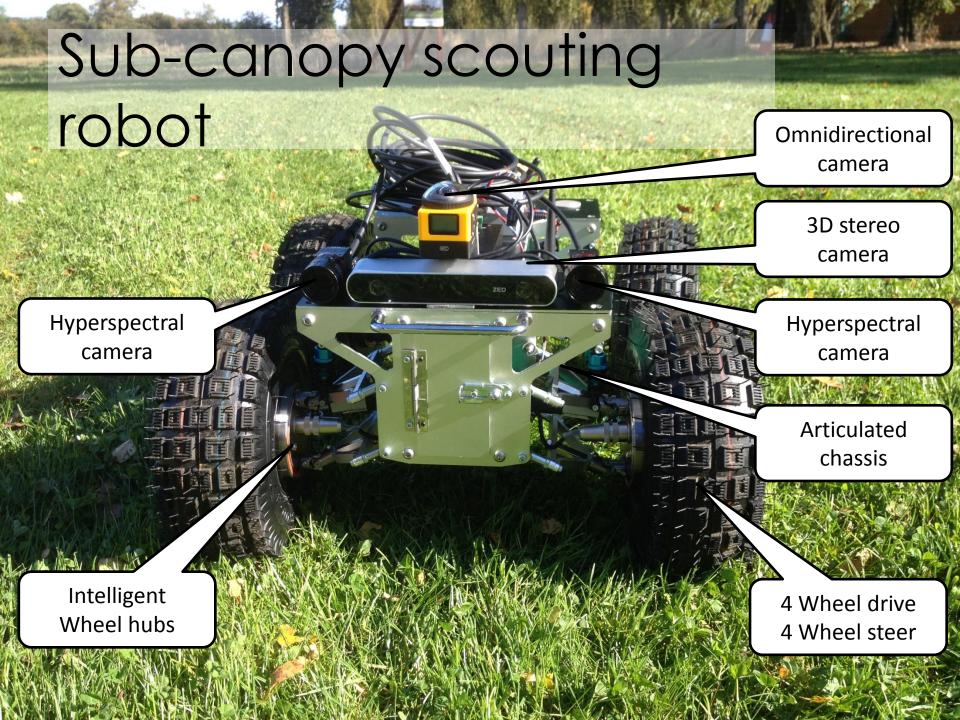


## Ricepaddy Project

- STFC Newton fund with China
- Partners
  - Rutherford Appleton Laboratory
    - Harper Adams University
    - NERCITA
- Omnidirectional camera
- 2 Hyperspectral cameras
- Stereo camera
- WiFi
- Operated from smartphone









## UAS (Drones) for Inspection & Data Collection



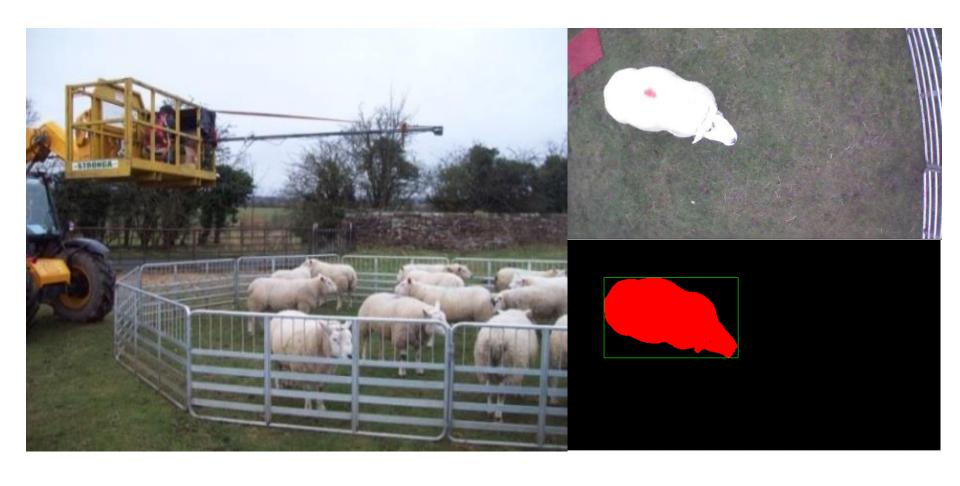
Manually controlled drones are currently being used commercially in agriculture for:

- Mapping crops using multispectral cameras;
- Inspecting buildings and checking livestock;
- Spraying (China & Japan)



# Identifying Animals by Colour & Size Harper Adams University





#### Development of a Sheep Tracking Drone





## Mustering sheep using a radio controlled quadcopter





Michael Thomson videos of sheep mustering

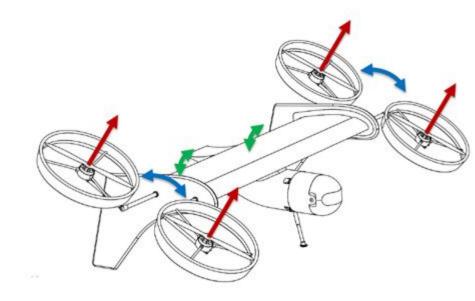
http://www.3news.co.nz/VIDEO-Mustering-sheep-with-a-remote-control-quadcopter/tabid/412/articleID/281606/Default.aspx

## VTOL crop sprayer



- http://www.vtol-technologies.com/flying-wing.html
- MultiCopters 10 to 20 mins flight time, can hover
- Fixed-Wing Drones 1 to 2 hours flight time, can't hover
- VTOL 50 mins to 1 hour flight time, can hover
- Agri VTOL seeking investors





## Agricultural Drone Centre

- Part of the NCPF
- Working with
  - Civil Aviation Authority, RAF, DfT
  - Chemical Regulation Directorate
  - Drone manufacturers
  - Many drone operators
- Spray testing laboratory to accredit drones to spray agrochemicals in the UK

# Other Drone Related Research Activities



- Tethered Drones;
- Collaborative co-operation with vehicles;
- Spraying / Micro-treatment;
- Fully-autonomous operation;
- Self docking and refilling;
- Autonomous scouting;
- Improving visibility & Safety systems for drones.



Unmanned Aerial Systems Special Interest Group

#### **Drones for Farming Conference 2016**

Thursday 10<sup>th</sup> November at Harper Adams University

\$U 1,550 per person

Launched 6th March 2014

Co-Founders: Harper Adams University and URSULA Agriculture.

Members: BASIS, Agrovista UK, Branston, G2Way, Bayer CropScience,

National Aeronautical Centre, PrecisionHawk, Chris Wray (farmer and NFU Representative).

Membership £250 p.a. @AgDroning

