

# Organisation, services and reach of children's centres

**Evaluation of children's centres in England** (ECCE, Strand 3)

**Technical appendices** 

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### List of Abbreviations

CCLMRS	Children's Centre Leadership and Management Rating Scale
ECCE	Evaluation of Children's Centres in England
SSCCs	Sure Start Children's Centres
ANOVA	Analysis of Variance between groups
EM	Expectation Maximisation
NPQH	National Professional Qualification for Headship
NPQICL	National Professional Qualification in Integrated Centre Leadership
Ofsted	Office for Standards in Education

# 1. A Hierarchical Cluster Analysis of CCLMRS Items and Leadership Questionnaire Factors

#### **1.1 Introduction**

The report of the first fieldwork visits (Goff et al., 2013) contained multiple measures that reflected and captured centre leadership and management within Sure Start Children's Centres. Of these, the *Children's Centre Leadership and Management Rating Scale* (CCLMRS: Sylva, Chan, Good and Sammons, 2012), an interview based rating tool, was administered by fieldworkers who scored 20 items that were then converted into 5 subscale scores and an overall mean quality score for the centre. Accompanying the CCLMRS as a measure of centre leadership and management were two versions of a self-report 'Leadership Questionnaire': One completed by centre managers and a second by key staff. Several factor analysis procedures were carried out on questionnaire data in order to meaningfully reduce the data into subscales scores akin to the 5 from the CCLMRS (Goff et al., 2013). Ultimately, 17 subscale scores were derived from the centre manager questionnaire data and 16 from the key staff.

Considered together, the data from the CCLMRS and the two versions of the questionnaire provided a means for ECCE to triangulate information on the leadership and management practices taking place in children's centres. At one extreme, there is a high inference researcher-implemented rating scale with strict criterion to follow – on the other, are self-report questionnaires with an unavoidable bias in their response. Added to this, the nature of self-report meant that disparities were possible between the responses of managers themselves, and the responses of their key staff.

Overall then, there was merit in exploring patterns across the three measures of centre leadership and management, especially when this can be accomplished through statistical techniques that simultaneously attempt to capture the essence of the achieved data in a fewer number of variables. Hierarchical Cluster Analysis was used to see whether the ECCE children's centres could be categorised according to common patterns in response to questions recorded in 53 variables (details of these measures and their origins can be found in first Strand 3 ECCE Report, Goff et al., 2013):

- 1. The 20 original CCLMRS items
- 2. The 17 subscales originating from the self-report manager leadership and management questionnaire
- 3. The 16 subscales originating from the self-report key staff leadership and management questionnaire.

#### 1.2 Results

#### **1.2.1 Descriptive Statistics**

Table 1.1 presents descriptive statistics for the 53 variables measuring leadership and management from data collected in 2012. Missingness can be observed on all variables (max: n=16; min: n=2) and only 74 centres returned scores for all 53 measures. Three measures were reverse coded (partner agency cohesion [manager and key staff], and staff delegation) and achieved scores commonly existed across the entire range of possible values (0->5 for CCLMRS; 0->6 for the leadership questionnaires).

Variable	n	Missing	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std.Dev.	Median
Vision and Strategic Planning	115	6	.00	5.00	1.44	1.37	2
Performance Management	115	6	.00	5.00	2.91	1.46	3
Achieving Positive Outcomes for	115	6	.00	5.00	2.22	1.23	2
Families and/or Children		-					_
Safeguarding Children	115	6	.00	5.00	1.80	1.34	2
Recruitment and Induction of New Staff	115	6	.00	5.00	2.23	1.52	2
Line Management	115	6	.00	5.00	2.08	1.36	2
Professional Development of Staff	115	6	.00	5.00	3.68	1.30	4
Qualifications & Experience of Senior Staff	119	2	.00	5.00	2.02	1.42	2
Qualifications & Experience of Other Staff	116	5	.00	5.00	4.53	1.01	5
Financial Management	112	9	.00	5.00	1.59	1.77	0
Staff Timetables and Ratios	116	5	.00	5.00	1.92	1.27	2
Child Learning	115	6	.00	5.00	2.71	1.71	3
Parenting and Family Support	114	7	.00	5.00	1.93	1.21	2
Outreach and Home Visits	113	8	.00	5.00	2.42	1.39	2
Multiagency Partnerships	115	6	.00	5.00	1.37	1.20	2
Parent Consult and Community Engagement	115	6	.00	5.00	1.61	1.42	2
Space and Equipment	116	5	.00	5.00	2.28	1.38	2
Centre Health and Safety	116	5	.00	5.00	1.53	1.62	2
Staff Meetings and Consultation	115	6	.00	4.00	0.97	1.30	0
Branding and Publicity	115	6	.00	5.00	1.78	1.79	2
Collaboration: Centre manager	108	13	2.17	6.00	4.50	0.80	n/a
Integration: Centre manager	108	13	3.10	6.00	5.37	0.53	n/a
Partner agency communication: Centre manager	106	15	1.00	6.00	4.92	0.82	n/a
Partner agency cohesion: Centre manager ( <i>Reverse Coded</i> )	106	15	1.00	5.19	2.31	1.15	n/a
Parent/community involvement: Centre manager	107	14	1.39	6.00	5.47	0.66	n/a
CPD Centre manager	107	14	3.33	6.00	5.61	0.49	n/a

Table 1.1 Descriptive Statistics for the 53 variables measuring leadership and management in ECCE. From2012 (Wave 1) data. For n=121 SSCCs.

Variable	n	Missing	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std.Dev.	Median
Data use Centre manager	107	14	3.33	6.00	5.23	0.59	n/a
Monitoring through observation: Centre manager	107	14	2.00	6.00	4.30	1.04	n/a
Monitoring and evaluation activities: Centre manager	108	13	2.83	6.00	5.05	0.68	n/a
Monitoring value for money: Centre manager	107	14	2.71	6.00	4.98	0.83	n/a
Vision and standards: Centre manager	108	13	4.89	6.00	5.80	0.27	n/a
Focus on learning: Centre manager	105	16	1.18	6.00	5.61	0.71	n/a
Safeguarding: Centre manager	106	15	5.00	6.00	5.94	0.19	n/a
Valuing staff: Centre manager	107	14	3.55	6.00	5.46	0.48	n/a
Distributed leadership: Centre manager	105	16	1.16	6.00	4.11	1.05	n/a
SMT:/SLT delegation: Centre manager	106	15	1.00	6.00	5.15	1.02	n/a
Staff involvement on decision making: Centre manager <i>(Reverse Coded)</i>	106	15	1.00	5.03	2.62	0.96	n/a
Collaboration: Aggregated Key staff	108	13	2.44	6.00	4.90	0.75	n/a
Integration: Aggregated Key staff	107	14	2.25	6.00	5.41	0.62	n/a
Partner agency communication: Aggregated Key staff	107	14	2.59	6.00	5.05	0.73	n/a
Parent/community involvement: Aggregated Key staff	107	14	4.15	6.00	5.49	0.38	n/a
Partner agency cohesion: Aggregated Key staff (Reverse Coded)	107	14	1.00	4.67	2.24	0.89	n/a
CPD: Aggregated Key staff	107	14	2.93	6.00	5.35	0.65	n/a
Data use: Aggregated Key staff	109	12	3.45	6.00	5.03	0.56	n/a
Monitoring through observation: Aggregated Key staff	109	12	1.30	6.00	4.19	1.02	n/a
Monitoring and evaluation activities: Aggregated Key staff	107	14	2.09	6.00	5.10	0.78	n/a
Monitoring value for money: Aggregated Key staff	105	16	2.18	6.00	5.28	0.72	n/a
Vision: Aggregated Key staff	109	12	3.26	6.00	5.66	0.52	n/a
Focus on learning: Aggregated Key staff	108	13	3.00	6.00	5.67	0.54	n/a
Safeguarding: Aggregated Key staff	109	12	3.61	6.00	5.86	0.32	n/a
Valuing staff: Aggregated Key staff	108	13	3.67	6.00	5.46	0.52	n/a
Distributed leadership: Aggregated Key staff	108	13	1.85	6.00	4.12	0.86	n/a
SMT:/SLT delegation: Aggregated Key staff	107	14	2.45	6.00	5.34	0.64	n/a

#### **1.2.2 Hierarchical Cluster Analysis**

Treating the 20 CCLMRS items as continuous, and after the missing values on the 53 variables were imputed using the SPSS EM algorithm, Hierarchical Cluster Analysis suggested a Three Cluster Solution. Table 1.2 presents the results from the Hierarchical Cluster Analysis. As increasing numbers of clusters were generated, their agglomeration coefficients (measuring the distinctiveness of the 121 children's centres) decreased. The largest changes in the agglomeration

coefficients were found when estimating up to three clusters; estimating any more than three started to have a noticeably reduced effect on the size of the coefficients. The three cluster solution distinguished the 121 SSCCs into the following three percentages:

- Cluster 1: 19 per cent (n=23 of 121)
- Cluster 2: 32 per cent (n=39 of 121)
- Cluster 3: 49 per cent (n=59 of 121).

With Hierarchical Cluster Analysis suggesting that there were three distinctive clusters underlying the responses of the 121 children's centres to the 53 leadership measures, these clusters were then interpreted according to how the 53 measures varied. As all the questions were being treated as continuous, simple one-way ANOVAs were carried out to distinguish the three clusters. The mean values of the 20 CCLMRS items are presented in Table 1.3, the 17 centre manager subscales in Table 1.4, and the 16 key staff subscales in Table 1.5.

 Table 1.2 Results from the Hierarchical Cluster Analysis. Change in decreasing Agglomeration Coefficients as increasing numbers of clusters are generated within the 2012 Leadership and Management measures (Wave 1)

Estimated	Agglomeration	Agglomeration	Change [J-I]
Clusters	Coefficients at this step	Coefficients at last step	
	(n) [l]	(n-1) [J]	
1	6360.000	-	-
2	5685.273	6360.00	674.73
<u>3*</u>	<u>5271.474</u>	5685.27	<u>413.80</u>
4	5063.471	5271.47	208.00
5	4873.425	5063.47	190.05
6	4688.300	4873.42	185.13
7	4547.544	4688.30	140.76
8	4408.462	4547.54	139.08
9	4293.959	4408.46	114.50
10	4181.990	4293.96	111.97
11	4076.007	4181.99	105.98

\* Suggested optimal number of clusters. Estimating further clusters contributes much less to distinguishing between different children's centres

Common across Tables 1.3-1.5 are the Cluster Labels, *'Lower', 'Intermediate (reference category*)', and *'Higher*'. These subjective labels<sup>1</sup> were given on the basis of the means presented in Tables 1.3-1.5. The clusters previously numbered 1-3 were given the new Cluster Labels as follows:

- 1. 'Lower': 19 per cent (n=23 of 121 children's centres)
- 2. '*Higher*': 32 per cent (n=39 of 121 children's centres)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Given that all centres might be objectively "high" or "low": There is a lack of external criteria for reference.

3. 'Intermediate' (Reference Category): 49 per cent (n=59 of 121 children's centres).

Considering the ANOVA results presented in Tables 1.3-1.5, 45 out of the 53 (85%) leadership questions significantly differed across the three clusters. There are at least two reasons that can explain the cluster-consistent responses on the remaining eight measures<sup>2</sup>:

- 1. These are truly centre-consistent measures, perhaps driven by legal legislation or other factors (especially likely for the three centre-consistent observed-based CCLMRS items)
- 2. The five centre-consistent self-reported manager measures were all in areas of leadership that managers may have felt that they had little choice in response towards. Possibly driven by knowledge of what children's centres *should be doing* regardless of whether their centre was *actually doing this* (most particularly: *Partner Agency Cohesion* and *Safeguarding*). This is likely given that responses in these five areas were significantly different across clusters when reported on by key staff rather than managers (compare Tables 1.4 and 1.5).

The final two stages of evaluating the three clusters suggested by the Hierarchical Cluster Analysis were to: evaluate the rigour of the ANOVA results presented in Tables 1.3-1.5, and to evaluate the effect of the EM missing data estimation procedure. The rigour of the ANOVA results presented in Tables 1.3-1.5 was evaluated with follow-up equivalent non-parametric tests (Kruskal-Wallis) whereas the effect of the EM missing data estimation was determined by repeating all the ANOVA and Kruskal-Wallis tests – but on the non-imputed versions of the 53 leadership questions (i.e. those shown in Table 1.1). The ANOVA tests were found to yield robust results<sup>3</sup>. The consequences of imputing the missing data were found to be minimal. Again, the results of the ANOVA and Kruskal-Wallis tests were almost entirely consistent with those obtained from analysis of the imputed data. Only one of the 53 leadership measures altered in terms of how it significantly differed across the three suggested clusters of leadership<sup>4</sup>.

The overall (mean) CCLMRS score was significantly related to leadership practice<sup>5</sup> which is unsurprising given that leadership practice is partly based on the 20 items that make up the CCLMRS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 1. *Qualifications of Senior Staff* (CCLMRS item); 2. *Qualifications of Other Staff* (CCLMRS item); 3. *Space and Equipment* (CCLMRS item); 4. *Partner agency communication* (Manager subscore); 5. *Partner agency cohesion* (Manager subscore); 6. *Parent/community involvement* (Manager subscore); 7. *Monitoring through observation* (Manager subscore); 8. *Safeguarding* (Manager subscore)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Only the previously insignificant findings relating to centre manager self-reported *partner agency communication*, *monitoring through observation*, and *parent/community involvement* changed, from statistically insignificant (p>0.05) to significant (p<0.05). The previously insignificant findings relating to manager-reported *partner agency cohesion*, *safeguarding*, and the observer-rated (CCLMRS) *staff qualifications*, and *space and equipment* all remained p>0.05.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Centre manager self-reported *monitoring through observation* stayed insignificant via both ANOVA and Kruskal-Wallis in the non-imputed data. Previously, in the imputed data, when analysed through the Kruskal-Wallis, this relationship had been suggested this to be significantly different

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$   $\eta^{2}$ =0.51, p<0.001, a 'moderate' effect size.

# Table 1.3 The mean values of the 20 CCLMRS items across the three clusters suggested by the HierarchicalCluster analysis

	ARS items (n=20) Clusters suggested by the n		Mean	ANOVA results				
CCLMRS items (n=20)	Hierarchical Cluster Analysis			df	F	Sig.		
	lower	23	0.72	2	12.035	< 0.001		
Vision and Mission	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.20	118				
	higher	39	2.19	120				
	lower	23	2.09	2	21.876	<0.001		
Performance	intermediate (reference category)	59	2.45	118				
Management	higher	39	3.98	120				
Achieving Positive	lower	23	1.44	2	29.322	< 0.001		
Outcomes for Families	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.86	118				
and/or Children	higher	39	3.18	120				
	lower	23	2.07	2	5.268	.006		
Safeguarding Children	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.43	118				
	higher	39	2.23	120				
	lower	23	1.79	2	11.273	< 0.001		
Recruitment and	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.79	118				
Induction of New Staff	higher	39	3.08	120				
	lower	23	2.04	2	8.360	<0.001		
Line Management	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.66	118				
Line wanagement	higher	39	2.72	120				
	lower	23	3.46	2	5.300	.006		
Professional	intermediate (reference category)	59	3.41	118				
Development of Staff	higher	39	4.20	120				
Qualifications and	lower	23	1.97	2	.080	.924		
Experience of Senior	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.97	118	.080	.924		
Staff*		39	2.08	120				
	higher lower	23	4.75	2	1.137	.324		
Qualifications and Experience of Other		59	4.75	2 118				
Staff*	intermediate (reference category)	_						
Stall	higher	39	4.64	120 2	10.416			
Financial Managament	lower	23	0.77			<0.001		
Financial Management	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.23	118				
	higher	39	2.52	120				
Staff Timetables and	lower	23	2.10	2	5.273	.006		
Ratios	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.54	118				
	higher	39	2.34	120				
	lower	23	2.48	2	14.639	<0.001		
Child Learning	intermediate (reference category)	59	2.05	118				
	higher	39	3.73	120				
Parent and Family	lower	23	1.27	2	7.249	.001		
Support	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.81	118				
	higher	39	2.38	120				
<b>A 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	lower	23	1.97	2	14.376	<0.001		
Outreach Home Visits	intermediate (reference category)	59	2.02	118				
	higher	39	3.29	120				
	lower	23	0.54	2	12.526	<0.001		
Multiagency Partnerships	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.27	118				
	higher	39	1.96	120				
Parent Consultation and	lower	23	1.20	2	20.702	<0.001		

CCLNDS itoms (n=20)	Clusters suggested by the n		Mean	ANOVA results			
CCLMRS items (n=20)	Hierarchical Cluster Analysis			df	F	Sig.	
Community Engagement	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.09	118			
	higher	39	2.66	120			
	lower	23	2.11	2	2.253	.110	
Space and Equipment*	intermediate (reference category)	59	2.12	118			
	higher	39	2.67	120			
	lower	23	0.99	2	14.662	<0.001	
Centre Health and Safety	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.06	118			
	higher	39	2.56	120			
Staff Maatings and	lower	23	0.57	2	4.261	.016	
Staff Meetings and Consultation	intermediate (reference category)	59	0.80	118			
Consultation	higher	39	1.42	120			
	lower	23	1.42	2	19.763	<0.001	
Branding Publicity	intermediate (reference category)	59	1.03	118			
	higher	39	3.02	120			

\*CCLMRS items not significantly different across the three clusters (n=3)

# Table 1.4 The mean values of the 17 Centre Manager Questionnaire subscores across the three clusterssuggested by the Hierarchical Cluster analysis

Centre Manager subscores	Clusters suggested by the			ANOVA results			
(n=17)	Hierarchical Cluster Analysis	n	Mean	df	F	Sig.	
	lower	23	4.08	2	11.114	< 0.001	
	intermediate (reference	59	4.38	118			
Collaboration: Centre manager	category)						
	higher	39	4.90	120			
	lower	23	5.05	2	9.543	<0.001	
	intermediate (reference	59	5.34	118			
Integration: Centre manager	category)						
	higher	39	5.60	120			
	lower	23	4.66	2	2.113	.125	
Partner agency communication:	intermediate (reference	59	4.85	118			
Centre manager*†	category)						
	higher	39	5.08	120			
	lower	23	2.66	2	1.515	.224	
Partner agency cohesion: Centre	intermediate (reference	59	2.33	118			
manager (Reverse Coded)*	category)						
	higher	39	2.15	120			
	lower	23	5.28	2	1.526	.222	
Parent/community involvement:	intermediate (reference	59	5.46	118			
Centre manager*†	category)						
	higher	39	5.58	120			
	lower	23	5.39	2	4.668	.011	
	intermediate (reference	59	5.58	118			
CPD Centre manager	category)						
	higher	39	5.75	120			
	lower	23	4.80	2	11.213	< 0.001	
Data usa Cantra managar	intermediate (reference	59	5.26	118			
Data use Centre manager	category)						
	higher	39	5.45	120			
	lower	23	4.12	2	1.676	.192	
Monitoring through observation:	intermediate (reference	59	4.22	118			
Centre manager*++	category)						
	higher	39	4.53	120			
	lower	23	4.63	2	11.526	< 0.001	
Monitoring and evaluation	intermediate (reference	59	5.02	118			
activities: Centre manager	category)						
	higher	39	5.38	120			
	lower	23	4.40	2	10.929	<0.001	
Monitoring value for money:	intermediate (reference	59	4.95	118			
Centre manager	category)						
	higher	39	5.32	120			
	lower	23	5.70	2	4.741	.010	
Vision and standards: Centre	intermediate (reference	59	5.78	118			
manager	category)						
	higher	39	5.89	120			
Focus on learning: Centre	lower	23	5.01	2	16.141	<0.001	
manager	intermediate (reference	59	5.68	118			

Centre Manager subscores	Clusters suggested by the			A	NOVA res	sults
(n=17)	Hierarchical Cluster Analysis	n	Mean	df	F	Sig.
	category)					
	higher	39	5.88	120		
	lower	23	5.95	2	.433	.650
Safeguarding: Centre manager*	intermediate (reference	59	5.91	118		
Saleguarung. Centre manager	category)					
	higher	39	5.95	120		
	lower	23	5.14	2	7.323	.001
Valuing staff: Centre manager	intermediate (reference	59	5.49	118		
valuing start. Centre manager	category)					
	higher	39	5.57	120		
	lower	23	3.58	2	6.585	.002
Distributed leadership: Centre	intermediate (reference	59	4.02	118		
manager	category)					
	higher	39	4.48	120		
	lower	23	5.02	2	4.565	.012
SMT:/SLT delegation: Centre	intermediate (reference	59	4.93	118		
manager	category)					
	higher	39	5.51	120		
Staff involvement on decision	lower	23	3.06	2	6.210	.003
making: Centre manager	intermediate (reference	59	2.63	118		
(Reverse Coded)	category)					
	higher	39	2.23	120		

\*Subscores not significantly different across the three clusters (n=5) Subscore that significantly differed across clusters when examined via the non-parametric Kruskal-Wallis Test Subscore that did not significantly differ when analysed with non missing-imputed data

### Table 1.5 The mean values of the 16 Key Staff Questionnaire subscores across the three clusters suggestedby the Hierarchical Cluster analysis

Kou Staff subscares (n=16)	Clusters suggested by the			Α	NOVA re	sults
Key Staff subscores (n=16)	Hierarchical Cluster Analysis	n	Mean	df	F	Sig.
Collaboration: Aggregated Key	lower	23	4.12	2	29.342	< 0.001
staff	intermediate (reference category)	59	4.91	118		
Stall	higher	39	5.32	120		
Integration, Aggregated Key	lower	23	4.71	2	32.492	< 0.001
Integration: Aggregated Key staff	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.47	118		
stall	higher	39	5.70	120		
Doutron occurry communication.	lower	23	4.27	2	32.177	< 0.001
Partner agency communication:	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.05	118		
Aggregated Key staff	higher	39	5.48	120		
Parent/community	lower	23	5.15	2	15.152	< 0.001
involvement: Aggregated Key	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.52	118		
staff	higher	39	5.61	120		
Partner agency cohesion:	lower	23	2.82	2	15.320	< 0.001
Aggregated Key staff (Reverse	intermediate (reference category)	59	2.38	118		
Coded)	higher	39	1.75	120		
CPD: Aggregated Key staff	lower	23	4.78	2	23.366	< 0.001
CPD: Aggregated Key staff	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.34	118		

Kow Staff autocomo (n=1C)	Clusters suggested by the			A	NOVA re	sults
Key Staff subscores (n=16)	Hierarchical Cluster Analysis	n	Mean	df	F	Sig.
	higher	39	5.72	120		
	lower	23	4.49	2	19.298	< 0.001
Data use: Aggregated Key staff	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.08	118		
	higher	39	5.24	120		
Monitoring through	lower	23	3.42	2	13.089	< 0.001
observation: Aggregated Key	intermediate (reference category)	59	4.19	118		
staff	higher	39	4.62	120		
	lower	23	4.22	2	30.881	< 0.001
Monitoring and evaluation	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.15	118		
activities: Aggregated Key staff	higher	39	5.49	120		
Monitoring value for monor	lower	23	4.42	2	26.628	< 0.001
Monitoring value for money:	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.40	118		
Aggregated Key staff	higher	39	5.49	120		
	lower	23	5.03	2	38.183	< 0.001
Vision: Aggregated Key staff	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.72	118		
	higher	39	5.92	120		
Kow Staff subscaros (n-16)	Clusters suggested by the			ANOVA results		sults
Key Staff subscores (n=16)	Hierarchical Cluster Analysis	n	Mean	df	F	Sig.
Former and Longing Accurated	lower	23	5.12	2	19.904	< 0.001
Focus on learning: Aggregated	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.74	118		
Key staff	higher	39	5.83	120		
Cofeenanding, Approacted Key	lower	23	5.55	2	15.310	< 0.001
Safeguarding: Aggregated Key staff	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.86	118		
stan	higher	39	5.96	120		
Valuing stoff: Aggregated Kay	lower	23	4.88	2	29.605	< 0.001
Valuing staff: Aggregated Key	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.47	118		
staff	higher	39	5.73	120		
Distributed leadership:	lower	23	3.32	2	16.458	< 0.001
Aggregated Key staff	intermediate (reference category)	59	4.21	118		
Aggregated key stall	higher	39	4.39	120		
	lower	23	4.78	2	19.379	< 0.001
SMT:/SLT delegation: Aggregated Key staff	intermediate (reference category)	59	5.29	118		
Aggregaten Ney Starr	higher	39	5.66	120		

### 2. Linking features of children's centres

# 2.1 Features of children's centres that link to Managerial Qualifications

Table 2.1.1 illustrates the lack of statistical relationship between the two measures of managerial qualifications considered in this report. Managers were equally as likely to hold a Leadership Qualification regardless of their highest level of education.

# Table 2.11 The relationship between a manager's highest academic qualification and whether they held theNPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification

Two measures of manager qualifications		Manager highest academic qualification. n (mean rank)	Kruskal- Wallis (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup>	p- Value
Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership	No	27 (51.85)	0.00	<b>n</b> c
Qualification? n (mean rank)	Yes	81 (55.38)	0.00	11.5.

 $\frac{\text{Notes:}^{\dagger}}{}^{\dagger} \text{ Where } \mathbf{\eta}_{*}^{2} \text{ is calculated from the generated } \mathbf{X}^{2} \text{ statistic and (n-1) in order to obtain effect sizes}^{6} \\ ^{\dagger} \text{ Effect Size thresholds for } \mathbf{\eta}^{2} \text{: } 0.64 \text{+ 'strong', } 0.25 \text{-} 0.63 \text{ 'moderate', } 0.04 \text{-} 0.24 \text{ 'weak'}^{7} \\ \end{array}$ 

Tables 2.1.2 and 2.1.3 present the bivariate inferential statistical analyses that were carried out in order to determine the extent features of centres were related to the two measures of managerial qualifications considered in this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Following the guidelines of: Horn, R.A. (2008). *The Kruskal-Wallis Test*. Northern Arizona University. Accessed 11 June 2014, <a href="http://oak.ucc.nau.edu/rh232/courses/EPS625/Handouts/Nonparametric/The%20Kruskal-Wallis%20Test.pdf">http://oak.ucc.nau.edu/rh232/courses/EPS625/Handouts/Nonparametric/The%20Kruskal-Wallis%20Test.pdf</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Based on the guidelines of: Ferguson, C.J. (2009). An Effect Size Primer: A Guide for Clinicians and Researchers. *Professional Psychology: Research and Practice*. 40(5), pp 532-538.

	Features of children's centre		Manager: Highest Academic Qualification				
Domain			Spearman's rho (ρ) <sup>†</sup> , or Kruskal- Wallis* (η <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> & <i>then mean ranks</i>	p- Value			
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	100	-0.13 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Ofeted	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	96	0.03	n.s.			
Ofsted Effectiveness	Outstanding	19	39.92	-			
LITECTIVETIESS	Good	57	50.42	-			
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	20	51.18	-			
	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	107	0.06 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Centre	Centres clustered by leadership practice	108	0.00	n.s.			
Leadership	'Lower'	21	52.05	-			
	'Intermediate'	52	55.08	-			
	'Higher'	35	55.11	-			
	Organisational Models in 2011	104	0.01	n.s.			
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	62	50.84	-			
	(B) Cluster	36	53.97	-			
Organisational	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	6	60.83	-			
Models	Organisational Models in 2013	105	0.03	n.s.			
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	39	57.06	-			
	(B) Cluster	49	52.48	-			
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	15	47.77	-			
	Virtual Centre	2	25.75	-			
Multiogener	Vision and Partnership	106	-0.03 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Multiagency	Service Delivery and Ethos	108	0.04 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Working and Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	108	-0.04†	n.s.			
Service	Total services offered in 2011	108	0.03 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	108	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Derenting	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	98	0.14 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	99	0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
JEIVILES	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	98	0.00 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			

 $\frac{\text{Notes:}}{}^{\text{t}} \text{Effect Size thresholds for } \boldsymbol{\rho}: \pm 0.80 + \text{`strong', } \pm 0.50 - 0.79 \text{ `moderate', } \pm 0.20 - 0.49 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`Where } \boldsymbol{\eta}^2 \text{ is calculated from the generated } \boldsymbol{X}^2 \text{ statistic and } (\textbf{n-1}) \text{ in order to obtain effect sizes}^6; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Effect Size thresholds for } \boldsymbol{\eta}^2: 0.64 + \text{`strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \end{array}$ 

#### Table 2.1.3 Features of children's centres that link to whether a centre manager held the NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification

				L/NPQH Leade .* or mean ran	
Domain	Features of children's centre	No	Yes	Chi-Square (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> , or Kruskal- Wallis (η <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup>	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	26 (48.65)	74 (51.15)	0.00	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	n=101	-	0.01	n.s.
Ofsted	Outstanding	9 (-0.4)	15 (0.4)	-	-
Effectiveness	Good	16 (0.8)	41 (-0.8)	-	-
	Satisfactory/ Requires Improvement	4 (-0.6)	16 (0.6)	-	-
	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	25 (51.86)	74 (49.37)	0.00	n.s.
Centre	Centres clustered by leadership practice	n=108	-	0.00	n.s.
Leadership	'Lower'	5 (-0.1)	16 (0.1)	-	-
	'Intermediate'	13 (0.0)	39 (0.0)	-	-
	'Higher'	9 (0.1)	26 (-0.1)	-	-
	Organisational Models in 2011	n=104	-	000	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	17 (0.4)	45 (-0.4)	-	-
	(B) Cluster	8 (-0.6)	28 (0.6)	-	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	2 (0.4)	4 (-0.4)	-	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	n=103	-	0.06	n.s.
WOUEIS	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	9 (-0.5)	30 (0.5)	-	-
	(B) Cluster	13 (0.2)	36 (-0.2)	-	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	3 (-0.5)	12 (0.5)	-	-
	Virtual Centre	2 (2.4)	0 (-2.4)	-	-
Multiagency	Vision and Partnership	27 (61.72)	80 (51.39)	0.02	n.s.
Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	24 (48.92)	78 (52.29)	0.00	n.s.
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	26 (55.81)	80 (52.75)	0.00	n.s.
Service	Total services offered in 2011	27 (56.35)	81 (53.88)	0.00	n.s.
Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	27 (61.20)	81 (52.27)	0.02	n.s.
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	27 (45.11)	71 (51.17)	0.01	n.s.
	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	27 (41.55)	72 (53.13)	0.03	n.s.
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	25 (49.04)	73 (49.66)	0.00	n.s.

Notes: \*st.res=standardised adjusted residuals, values over ±1.96 indicate a statistically significant (p<0.05)

<sup>†</sup> Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (n-1) in order to obtain effect sizes <sup>†</sup> Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup>

# 2.2 Features of children's centres that link to Centre Leadership and Management

Table 2.2 presents statistics that describe the relationships that were shared between the CCLMRS measure of centre leadership and management, and other features of children's centres.

			Quality of centre leadership via CCLMRS Mean				
Domain	Features of children's centre	Ν	Spearman's rho (ρ) <sup>†</sup> , or Kruskal-Wallis* (η²) <sup>‡</sup> & then mean ranks	p- Value			
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	100	0.00 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Ofsted	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	96	0.08	0.018			
Effectiveness	Outstanding	20	63.80	-			
Lifectiveness	Good	60	45.48	-			
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	16	40.72	-			
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	99	0.06 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Manager Qualifications	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	99	0.00	n.s.			
	No	25	51.86	-			
	Yes	74	49.37	-			
	Organisational Models in 2011	102	0.03	n.s.			
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	63	55.39	-			
	(B) Cluster	34	43.74	-			
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	5	55.30	-			
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	103	0.11	0.011			
MOUEIS	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	40	63.50	-			
	(B) Cluster	46	43.40	-			
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	15	50.90	-			
	Virtual Centre	2	28.00	-			
Multiogonov	Vision and Partnership	106	0.30 <sup>†</sup>	0.002			
Multiagency Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	101	-0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	105	0.41 <sup>†</sup>	<0.001			
Service	Total services offered in 2011	107	0.15 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	107	0.24 <sup>†</sup>	0.014			
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	97	0.06†	n.s.			
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	98	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	96	-0.05 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.			

Table 2.2 Features of children's centres that link to children's centre leadership and management quality

<u>Notes:</u> <sup>†</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\rho$ : ±0.80+ 'strong', ±0.50-0.79 'moderate', ±0.20-0.49 'weak'<sup>7</sup>; \*Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (**n-1**) in order to obtain effect sizes<sup>6</sup>; <sup>‡</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup>

#### 2.3 Features of children's centres that link to Centre Effectiveness according to Ofsted

Table 2.3 presents the bivariate inferential statistical analyses that were carried out to determine the extent to which centre features were related to effectiveness according to Ofsted Ratings. Only two of the measures were related to Ofsted ratings of centre effectiveness to the minimum acceptable threshold of statistical significance (p<0.05):

- 1. Overall (Mean) CCLMRS leadership and management score (p=0.018)
- 2. The total number of services that a centre offered in 2011 (p=0.018)

			Ofsted Rating of Centre Effectiveness <i>n</i> ( <i>st.res.</i> )* or n (mean rank)			
Domain	Features of Children's Centre	Outstanding	Good	Satisfactory/ Requires Improvement	(η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> , or Kruskal- Wallis (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup>	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	20(56.50)	65(50.72)	19(54.39)	0.01	n.s.
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	19(39.92)	57(50.42)	20(51.18)	0.03	n.s.
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	n=96	-	-	0.01	n.s.
Qualifications	No	4(-0.4)*	16(0.8)*	4(-0.6)*	-	-
	Yes	15(0.4)*	41(-0.8)*	16(0.6)*	-	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	20(63.80)	60(45.48)	16(40.72)	0.08	0.018
	Organisational Models in 2011	n=103	-	-	0.02	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	13(-0.2)*	42(1.0)*	11(-0.9)*	-	-
	(B) Cluster	6(-0.3)*	18(-0.5)*	8(1.0)*	-	-
<b>O</b> urrentie etieneel	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	2(1.1)*	2(-0.9)*	1(0.0)*	-	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	n=104	-	-	0.01	n.s.
Models	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	9(0.4)*	9(-0.3)*	3(.1)*	-	-
	(B) Cluster	23(-0.8)*	30(0.4)*	9(0.3)*	-	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	9(0.6)*	9(-0.1)*	2(-0.5)*	-	-
	Virtual Centre	0(-0.5)	1(0.8)	0(-0.5)	-	-

#### Table 2.3 Features of children's centres that link to centre effectiveness according to Ofsted

		Ofsted Ratin <i>n (st.re</i>	g of Centre s.)* or n (me	Chi-Square (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> , or	n	
Domain	Features of Children's Centre	Outstanding	Good	Satisfactory/ Requires Improvement	(η ) , οι Kruskal- Wallis (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup>	p- Value
Multiogonov	Vision and Partnership	21(54.83)	66(54.33)	20(52.03)	0	n.s.
Multiagency Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	20(49.95)	64(53.51)	18(49.00)	0	n.s.
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	20(57.48)	66(52.82)	20(51.78)	0	n.s.
Comico Dolivery	Total services offered in 2011	23(74.91)	70(55.32)	22(48.84)	0.07	0.018
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	23(66.35)	70(56.99)	22(52.48)	0.02	n.s.
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	20(53.18)	59(45.51)	17(53.38)	0.02	n.s.
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	20(47.80)	59(51.85)	18(41.00)	0.02	n.s.
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	18(52.78)	29(48.84)	19(44.03)	0.01	n.s.

<u>Notes:</u> \*st.res=*standardised adjusted residuals*, values over ±1.96 indicate a statistically significant (p<0.05) proportion; <sup>†</sup> Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (n-1) in order to obtain effect sizes <sup>6</sup>; <sup>‡</sup> Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup>

#### **2.4 Features of children's centres that link to Organisational Models**

Table 2.4 presents the bivariate statistical analyses that were carried out to determine the extent to which features of centres were related to its Organisational Model in 2013. This model was related to the overall quality of centre leadership and management (via mean CCLMRS score).

		Organisational Models in 2013. n (st.res.*) or (mean ranks)						
Domain	Features of children's centre	One Centre Unit	Cluster	Hub-and- spoke model	Virtual Centre	Chi-Square (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> , or Kruskal- Wallis (η <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup>	p- Value	
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	39 (49.77)	51 (56.86)	15 (51.87)	2 (79.50)	0.02	n.s.	
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	n=104	-	-	-	0.01	n.s.	
Ofsted Effectiveness	Outstanding	9 (0.4)	9 (-0.3)	3 (0.1)	0 (-0.5)	-	-	
Enectiveness	Good	23 (-0.8)	30 (0.4)	9 (0.3)	1 (0.8)	-	-	
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	9 (0.6)	9 (-0.1)	2 (-0.5)	0 (-0.5)	-	-	
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	39 (57.06)	49 (52.48)	15 (47.77)	2 (25.75)	0.03	n.s.	
Manager Qualifications	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	n=105	-	-	-	0.06	n.s.	
	No	9 (-0.5)	13 (0.2)	3 (-0.5)	2 (2.4)	-	-	
	Yes	30 (0.5)	36 (-0.2)	12 (0.5)	0 (-2.4)	-	-	
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	40 (63.50)	46 (43.40)	15 (50.90)	2 (28.00)	0.11	0.011	
Multiogonov	Vision and Partnership	42 (60.79)	54 (54.59)	17 (61.35)	2 (63.00)	0.01	n.s.	
Multiagency Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	42 (50.77)	51 (57.81)	16 (67.94)	2 (24.00)	0.05	n.s.	
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	43 (65.90)	53 (52.55)	17 (56.71)	2 (43.75)	0.04	n.s.	

#### Table 2.4 Features of children's centres that link to its Organisational Model in 2013

		Organisational Models in 2013. n (st.res.*) or (mean ranks)						
Domain	Features of children's centre	One Centre Unit	Cluster	Hub-and- spoke model	Virtual Centre	Chi-Square (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> , or Kruskal- Wallis (η <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup>	p- Value	
	Total services offered in 2011	44 (61.39)	54 (61.50)	17 (48.88)	2 (25.00)	0.03	n.s.	
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	44 (58.66)	54 (60.59)	17 (52.71)	2 (77.00)	0.01	n.s.	
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	41 (55.77)	49 (51.17)	15 (59.47)	2 (46.00)	0.01	n.s.	
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	42 (57.45)	49 (54.21)	15 (50.50)	2 (29.50)	0.02	n.s.	
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	42 (49.10)	49 (54.78)	14 (65.89)	2 (54.75)	0.03	n.s.	

<u>Notes:</u> \*st.res=*standardised adjusted residuals*, values over ±1.96 indicate a statistically significant (p<0.05) proportion; <sup>†</sup> Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (n-1) in order to obtain effect sizes<sup>6</sup>; <sup>‡</sup> Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak' <sup>7</sup>

# **2.5 Features of children's centres that link to Multi-agency Working and Integration**

Table 2.5.1 describes the bivariate relationships shared between the three measures of a centre's Multi-agency Working and Integration: vision and partnership; service delivery and ethos; and management, governance, and infrastructure. Only one significant correlation was found between these three measures: Centres which had higher scores in terms of multiagency governance and infrastructure were more likely to score higher on the multiagency vision and partnership scale.

Three measures of Multi-a Integration:	gency Working and	(1)	(2)	(3)
(1) Multi-agency: Vision and Partnership	Spearman's Correlation Coefficient	1.000	.102	0.28
	p-value	-	.279	.002
	n	119	114	117
(2) Multi-agency: Service Delivery and Ethos	Spearman's Correlation Coefficient	.102	1.000	.104
Derivery and Linos	p-value	.279		.273
	n	114	115	113
(3) Multi-agency: <i>Management,</i> <i>Governance, and</i>	Spearman's Correlation Coefficient	0.28	.104	1.000
Infrastructure	p-value	.002	.273	
	n	117	113	119

Table 2.5.1 Bivariate relationships shared between the three measures of a centre's multi-agency working
and integration

Tables 2.5.2, 2.5.3 and 2.5.4 describe the features of children's centres that were related to multiagency working and integration. A centre's leadership and management was related to multiagency working *activities* (via the *Vision and Partnership*, and *Management*, *Governance*, *and Infrastructure* scales) while *attitudes* towards multi-agency working (via the *Service Delivery and Ethos* scale) were related to the extent of a centre's focus on improving parenting, and the total number of services that a centre offered in 2011.

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman's rho (ρ) <sup>†</sup> , or Kruskal-Wallis* (η <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> & then <i>mean ranks</i>	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	109	-0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	107	0.00	n.s.
Ofsted	Outstanding	21	54.83	-
Effectiveness	Good	66	54.33	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	20	52.03	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	107	-0.03 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Manager Qualifications	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	107	0.02	n.s.
	No	27	61.72	-
	Yes	80	51.39	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	106	0.30 <sup>†</sup>	0.002
	Organisational Models in 2011	114	0.01	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	70	59.86	-
	(B) Cluster	37	52.89	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	7	58.21	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	115	0.01	n.s.
WIDUEIS	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	42	60.79	-
	(B) Cluster	54	54.59	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	17	61.35	-
	Virtual Centre	2	63.00	-
Sonvice Delivery	Total services offered in 2011	119	0.08 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	119	0.13 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	106	0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	107	-0.05†	n.s.
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	106	0.14 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

<u>Notes:</u> <sup>†</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\rho$ : ±0.80+ 'strong', ±0.50-0.79 'moderate', ±0.20-0.49 'weak' <sup>7</sup>; \*Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (**n-1**) in order to obtain effect sizes <sup>6</sup>; <sup>‡</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup>

# Table 2.5.3 Features of children's centres that link to a centre's Multi-agency Service Delivery and Ethos Score

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman's rho (ρ) <sup>†</sup> , or Kruskal-Wallis* (η²) <sup>‡</sup> & then <i>mean ranks</i>	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	106	0.14 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	104	0.01	n.s.
Ofsted	Outstanding	20	47.95	-
Effectiveness	Good	64	53.31	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	18	49.00	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	102	0.04†	n.s.
Manager Qualifications	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	102	0.00	n.s.
	No	24	48.92	-
	Yes	78	52.29	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	101	-0.02†	n.s.
	Organisational Models in 2011	110	0.01	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	69	56.43	-
	(B) Cluster	35	52.19	-
Ormonicational	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	6	64.17	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	111	0.05	n.s.
Model3	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	42	50.77	-
	(B) Cluster	51	57.81	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	16	67.94	-
	Virtual Centre	2	24.00	-
Sorvice Delivery	Total services offered in 2011	115	0.20 <sup>†</sup>	0.029
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	115	-0.05†	n.s.
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	101	-0.11†	n.s.
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	102	0.06†	n.s.
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	102	0.20†	0.046

<u>Notes:</u> <sup>†</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\rho$ : ±0.80+ 'strong', ±0.50-0.79 'moderate', ±0.20-0.49 'weak' <sup>7</sup>; \*Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated **X**<sup>2</sup> statistic and (**n-1**) in order to obtain effect sizes <sup>6</sup>; <sup>‡</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak' <sup>7</sup>

#### Table 2.5.4 Features of children's centres that link to a centre's Multi-agency Management, Governance, and Infrastructure Score

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman's rho (ρ) <sup>†</sup> , or Kruskal-Wallis* (η²) <sup>‡</sup> & then <i>mean ranks</i>	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	109	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	106	0.00	n.s.
Ofsted	Outstanding	20	57.48	-
Effectiveness	Good	66	52.82	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	20	51.78	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	106	-0.04 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Manager Qualifications	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	106	0.00	n.s.
	No	26	55.81	-
	Yes	80	52.75	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	105	0.41 <sup>†</sup>	<0.001
	Organisational Models in 2011	114	0.02	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	71	60.88	-
	(B) Cluster	36	50.83	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	7	57.50	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	115	0.04	n.s.
WIDGEIS	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	43	65.90	-
	(B) Cluster	53	52.55	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	17	56.71	-
	Virtual Centre	2	43.75	-
Convios Doliver	Total services offered in 2011	119	0.00 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	119	0.14 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	105	0.03 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	106	0.12 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	105	0.01 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

 $\frac{\text{Notes:}}{\text{*}}^{\text{*}} \text{Effect Size thresholds for } \boldsymbol{\rho}: \pm 0.80 + \text{`strong', } \pm 0.50 \text{-} 0.79 \text{`moderate', } \pm 0.20 \text{-} 0.49 \text{`weak'}^{7}; \\ \text{*} \text{Where } \boldsymbol{\eta}^{2} \text{ is calculated from the generated } \boldsymbol{X}^{2} \text{ statistic and (n-1) in order to obtain effect sizes}^{6}; \\ \text{*} \text{Effect Size thresholds for } \boldsymbol{\eta}^{2}: 0.64 + \text{`strong', } 0.25 \text{-} 0.63 \text{`moderate', } 0.04 \text{-} 0.24 \text{`weak'}^{7}; \\ \text{*} \text{Comparison of the strong of the strong$ 

#### 2.6 Features of children's centres that link to Reach

Table 2.6 presents the bivariate inferential statistical analyses that were carried out to determine the extent to which centre features were related to its success at reaching the families within its reach area (measured via percentage). Only one feature was related to reach to the minimum acceptable threshold of statistical significance (p<0.05): The number of family needs met.

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n		p- Value
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	104	0.00	n.s.
Ofsted Effectiveness	Outstanding	20	56.50	-
Ellectivelless	Good	65	50.72	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	19	54.39	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	100	-0.13 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH	100	0.00	n.s.
Qualifications	No	26	48.65	_
	Yes	74	51.15	_
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	100	-0.01 <sup>+</sup>	n.s.
	Organisational Models in 2011	106	0.00	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	65	54.15	-
	(B) Cluster	34	53.79	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	7	46.07	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	107	0.02	n.s.
INIOUEIS	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	39	49.77	-
	(B) Cluster	51	56.86	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	15	51.87	_
	Virtual Centre	2	79.50	-
	Vision and Partnership	109	-0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Multiagency Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	106	0.14 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	109	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Somioo Doliyony	Total services offered in 2011	117	-0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	117	-0.09 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	100	-0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	101	-0.21 <sup>†</sup>	0.04
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	97	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

#### Table 2.6 Features of children's centres that link to 'Reach'

<u>Notes:</u> <sup>†</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\mathbf{\rho}$ : ±0.80+ 'strong', ±0.50-0.79 'moderate', ±0.20-0.49 'weak'<sup>7</sup>;

\*Where  $\eta_1^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (**n-1**) in order to obtain effect sizes<sup>6</sup>;

<sup>+</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak' <sup>35</sup>

#### 2.7 Features of children's centres that link to Service Delivery

Tables 2.7.1 and 2.7.2 show the relationships that were found to exist between features of children's centres and the number of services that centres delivered in 2011 and in 2012.

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman's rho $(\rho)^{\dagger}$ , or Kruskal- Wallis* $(\eta^2)^{\ddagger}$ & then mean ranks	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	117	-0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	115	0.07	0.018
Ofsted	Outstanding	23	74.91	-
Effectiveness	Good	70	55.32	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	22	48.84	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	108	0.03 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	108	0.00	n.s.
Qualifications	No	27	56.35	-
	Yes	81	53.88	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	107	0.15 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Organisational Models in 2011	116	0.04	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	72	63.28	-
	(B) Cluster	37	51.92	-
Ormaniaatianal	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	7	44.07	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	116	0.03	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	44	61.39	-
	(B) Cluster	54	61.50	_
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	17	48.88	-
	Virtual Centre	2	25.00	-
Multiagency	Vision and Partnership	119	0.08 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Working and Integration	Service Delivery and Ethos	115	0.20 <sup>†</sup>	0.029
	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	119	0.00 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	107	-0.10 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Parenting	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	108	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Services	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	107	0.04 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

<u>Notes:</u> <sup>†</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\rho$ : ±0.80+ 'strong', ±0.50-0.79 'moderate', ±0.20-0.49 'weak<sup>7</sup>; \*Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated **X**<sup>2</sup> statistic and (**n-1**) in order to obtain effect sizes <sup>6</sup>;

<sup>‡</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup>

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman's rho $(\rho)^{\dagger}$ , or Kruskal- Wallis* $(\eta^2)^{\ddagger}$ & then mean ranks	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	117	-0.09†	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	115	0.02	n.s.
Ofsted	Outstanding	23	66.35	-
Effectiveness	Good	70	56.99	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	22	52.48	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	108	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	108	0.02	n.s.
Qualifications	No	27	61.20	-
	Yes	81	52.27	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	107	0.24 <sup>†</sup>	0.014
	Organisational Models in 2011	116	0.00	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	72	59.26	-
	(B) Cluster	37	56.26	-
On a sting of the set	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	7	62.57	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	117	0.01	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	44	58.66	-
	(B) Cluster	54	60.59	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	17	52.71	_
	Virtual Centre	2	77.00	_
Multiagency	Vision and Partnership	119	0.13 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	115	0.05 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	119	0.14 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	107	0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Parenting	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	108	0.15 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Services	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	107	0.12 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

<u>Notes:</u> <sup>†</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\rho$ : ±0.80+ 'strong', ±0.50-0.79 'moderate', ±0.20-0.49 'weak'<sup>7</sup>; \*Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (**n-1**) in order to obtain effect sizes<sup>6</sup>; <sup>‡</sup>Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup> Tables 2.7.3 and 2.7.4 show the relationships between features of children's centres and service clustering models in 2011 and 2013.

		Service Clustering in 2011. n (st.res.*) or (mean ranks)				
Domain	Features of children's centre	no	yes	Chi-Square (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> , or Kruskal-Wallis (η <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup>	p-Value	
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	112 (57.97)	5 (82.00)	0.02	n.s.	
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	n=115	-	0.01	n.s.	
Ofsted	Outstanding	23 (1.0)	0 (-1.0)	-	-	
Effectiveness	Good	67 (-0.6)	3 (0.6)	-	-	
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	21 (-0.3)	1 (0.3)	-	-	
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	103 (54.72)	5 (50.00)	0.00	n.s.	
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	n=108	-	0.00	n.s.	
Qualifications	No	26 (0.3)	1 (-0.3)	_	-	
	Yes	77 (-0.3)	4 (0.3)	-	-	
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	104 (54.12)	3 (49.63)	0.00	n.s.	
Multiagency	Vision and Partnership	114 (60.27)	5 (53.80)	0.00	n.s.	
Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	110 (57.22)	5 (75.20)	0.01	n.s.	
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	114 (60.17)	5 (56.10)	0.00	n.s.	
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2011	123 (65.23)	5 (46.60)	0.01	n.s.	
Service Derivery	Total services offered in 2012	123 (65.26)	5 (45.80)	0.01	n.s.	
Evidence-Based	Total programmes offered in 2012	114 (60.70)	5 (44.00)	0.01	n.s.	
Practice	Total programmes offered in 2013	108 (57.94)	5 (36.80)	0.02	n.s.	
Derenting	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	102 (53.43)	5 (65.60)	0.01	n.s.	
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	103 (54.74)	5 (49.60)	0.00	n.s.	
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	102 (53.99)	5 (54.30)	0.00	n.s.	

Table 2.7.3 Features of children's centres that link to service clustering in 2011

<u>Notes:</u> \*st.res=*standardised adjusted residuals*, values over ±1.96 indicate a statistically significant (p<0.05) proportion; <sup>†</sup> Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (n-1) in order to obtain effect sizes<sup>6</sup>; <sup>‡</sup> Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup>

		Service Clus	tering in 201	3. n (st.res.*) or (mean ran	ks)
Domain	Features of children's centre	no	yes	Chi-Square (η <sup>2†</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup> , or Kruskal-Wallis (η <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>‡</sup>	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	96 (56.35)	21 (71.10)	0.03	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	n=115	-	0.01	n.s.
Ofsted	Outstanding	19 (0.1)	4 (-0.1)	-	-
Effectiveness	Good	55 (-1.1)	15 (1.1)	-	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	20 (1.2)	2 (-1.2)	-	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	89 (57.19)	19 (41.92)	0.04	0.039
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	n=108	-	0.00	n.s.
Qualifications	No	21 (-0.7)	6 (0.7)	-	-
	Yes	68 (0.7)	13 (-0.7)	-	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	89 (54.49)	18 (51.58)	0.00	n.s.
Multiagency	Vision and Partnership	95 (58.60)	24 (65.54)	0.01	n.s.
Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	90 (56.57)	25 (63.16)	0.01	n.s.
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	94 (60.96)	25 (56.38)	0.00	n.s.
Samiaa Daliyami	Total services offered in 2011	103 (64.61)	25 (64.04)	0.00	n.s.
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	103 (64.34)	25 (64.14)	0.00	n.s.
Evidence-Based	Total programmes offered in 2012	96 (62.39)	23 (50.04)	0.02	n.s.
Practice	Total programmes offered in 2013	89 (60.68)	24 (43.35)	0.05	0.021
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	87 (54.15)	20 (53.35)	0.00	n.s.
Parenting	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	88 (58.45)	20 (37.10)	0.07	0.005
Services	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	85 (53.70)	22 (55.16)	0.00	n.s.

Table 2.7.4 Features of children's centres that link to service clustering in 2013

<u>Notes:</u> \*st.res=*standardised adjusted residuals*, values over ±1.96 indicate a statistically significant (p<0.05) proportion; <sup>†</sup> Where  $\eta^2$  is calculated from the generated  $X^2$  statistic and (n-1) in order to obtain effect sizes<sup>6</sup>; <sup>‡</sup> Effect Size thresholds for  $\eta^2$ : 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup>

# 2.8 Features of children's centres that link to Evidence-Based Practice

Tables 2.8.1 and 2.8.2 present the relationships that were found to exist between features of centres and the number of well-evidenced programmes or strategies delivered in 2012 and 2013. This list of well-evidenced programmes was mentioned in the Report of Allen (2011).

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman's rho ( $\rho$ ) <sup>†</sup> , or Kruskal- Wallis* ( $\eta^2$ ) <sup>‡</sup> & then <i>mean ranks</i>	p- Value
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	109	0.00 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	108	0.01	n.s.
Ofsted	Outstanding	21	49.55	-
Effectiveness	Good	67	55.07	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	20	57.78	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	107	-0.05	n.s.
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	107	0.01	n.s.
Qualifications	No	26	48.38	-
	Yes	81	55.80	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	106	-0.11	n.s.
	Organisational Models in 2011	114	0.02	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	71	54.12	-
	(B) Cluster	36	63.21	-
Ormaniaational	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	7	62.43	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	114	0.05	n.s.
models	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	43	51.77	-
	(B) Cluster	53	65.10	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	17	54.18	-
	Virtual Centre	2	36.25	-
Multiagency	Vision and Partnership	118	-0.06	n.s.
Working and	Service Delivery and Ethos	113	-0.07	n.s.
Integration	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	117	-0.02	n.s.
Service	Total services offered in 2011	119	0.14	n.s.
Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	119	0.14	n.s.
Derenting	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	106	-0.09	n.s.
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	107	0.00	n.s.
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	106	0.10	n.s.

# Table 2.8.1 Features of children's centres that link to the number of well-evidenced programmes or strategies that centres delivered in 2012

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman' s rho $(\rho)^{\dagger}$ , or Kruskal- Wallis* $(\eta^2)^{\ddagger} \&$ then mean ranks	p- Valu e
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	10 3	-0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	10 1	0.06	0.04 3
Ofsted	Outstanding	20	61.53	-
Effectiveness	Good	62	45.69	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	19	57.26	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	10 2	0.03	n.s.
Manager Qualifications	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	10 2	0.02	n.s.
Quannoationo	No	27	45.28	-
	Yes	75	53.74	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	10 1	0.12	n.s.
	Organisational Models in 2011	11 2	0.04	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	69	51.88	-
	(B) Cluster	36	64.25	-
Organiaational	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	7	62.14	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	11 3	0.06	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	42	48.54	-
	(B) Cluster	52	61.41	_
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	17	66.71	-
	Virtual Centre	2	37.50	-
Multiagency	Vision and Partnership	11 2	0.15	n.s.
Working and Integration	Service Delivery and Ethos	10 7	0.11	n.s.

# Table 2.8.2 Features of children's centres that link to the number of well-evidenced programmesor strategies that centres delivered in 2013

	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	11 1	-0.06	n.s.
Sanviaa Daliyany	Total services offered in 2011	11 3	0.30	0.00 1
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	11 3	0.24	0.00 9
	Need-targeting, parent: No. needs targeted	10 6	0.08	n.s.
Parenting Services	Need-targeting, family: No. needs targeted	10 7	0.15	n.s.
	Centre focus on improving parenting behaviour	10 6	0.21	0.03 0

<u>Notes:</u> <sup>1</sup>Effect Size thresholds for **ρ**: ±0.80+ 'strong', ±0.50-0.79 'moderate', ±0.20-0.49 'weak'<sup>7</sup>;
 \*Where **η**<sup>2</sup> is calculated from the generated **X**<sup>2</sup> statistic and (**n-1**) in order to obtain effect sizes<sup>6</sup>;
 <sup>‡</sup>Effect Size thresholds for **η**<sup>2</sup>: 0.64+ 'strong', 0.25-0.63 'moderate', 0.04-0.24 'weak'<sup>7</sup>

# 2.9 Features of children's centres that link to Parenting Services

Table 2.9.1 shows the statistical relationships that existed between the three measures which considered *Parenting Services* within this report. A centre's focus on improving parenting behaviour was found to be unrelated to the number of needs covered by parenting services; either the needs of parents or the needs of families. Conversely, centres that targeted a greater number of needs also had a (significant) tendency to do this for both parents and the broader family unit (p=0.32, p=0.001, a 'weak' effect size).

Parenting Services		Need- targeting, parent: No. of needs targeted	Need- targeting, family: No. of needs targeted
Need-targeting, family:	Spearman's Rho (ρ)*	.32	-
No. of needs targeted	p-value	.001	-
	n	107	-
Centre focus on	Spearman's Rho (ρ)*	.13	.04
improving parenting behaviour	p-value	.178	.700
	n	103	104

 Table 2.9.1 The statistical relationships that existed between the three measures of Parenting

 Services.

Note: \*Effect Size thresholds for  $\rho$ : ±0.80+ 'strong', ±0.50-0.79 'moderate', ±0.20-0.49 'weak'<sup>7</sup>;

Tables 2.9.2 to 2.9.4 present the statistical relationships that were found to exist between each of the three measures of a centre's Parenting Services and the other features of children's centres which were included in the report.

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman' s rho $(\rho)^{\dagger}$ , or Kruskal- Wallis* $(\eta^2)^{\ddagger}$ & then mean ranks	p- Valu e
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	100	-0.02†	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	96	0.02	n.s.
Ofsted Effectiveness	Outstanding	20	53.18	-
Enectiveness	Good	59	45.51	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	17	53.28	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	98	0.14 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Manager Qualifications	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	98	0.01	n.s.
	No	27	45.11	-
	Yes	71	51.17	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	97	0.06†	n.s.
	Organisational Models in 2011	106	0.02	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	66	50.37	_
	(B) Cluster	34	58.62	_
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	6	58.92	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	107	0.01	n.s.
woders	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	41	55.77	-
	(B) Cluster	49	51.17	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	15	59.47	-
	Virtual Centre	2	46.00	-
Multiagency Working and Integration	Vision and Partnership	106	0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Service Delivery and Ethos	101	-0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	105	0.03†	n.s.
Service	Total services offered in 2011	106	0.05 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Delivery	Total services offered in 2012	106	-0.05†	n.s.

Table 2.9.2 Features of children's centres that link to the number of parental needs focused on
with centre services

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman' s rho $(\rho)^{\dagger}$ , or Kruskal- Wallis* $(\eta^2)^{\ddagger}$ & then mean ranks	p- Valu e
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	10 1	-0.21 <sup>†</sup>	0.04 0
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	97	0.02	n.s.
Ofsted	Outstanding	20	47.80	-
Effectiveness	Good	59	51.85	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	18	41.00	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	99	0.11 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	99	0.03	n.s.
Qualifications	No	27	41.65	-
	Yes	72	53.13	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	98	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Organisational Models in 2011	10 7	0.01	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	66	56.83	-
	(B) Cluster	35	49.36	-
Omenicational	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	6	50.00	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	10 8	0.02	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	42	57.45	-
	(B) Cluster	49	54.21	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	15	50.50	-
	Virtual Centre	2	29.50	-
Multiagency Working and Integration	Vision and Partnership	10 7	-0.05†	n.s.
	Service Delivery and Ethos	10 2	0.06 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	10 6	0.12 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

Table 2.9.3 Features of children's centres that link to the number of family needs focused on with
centre services

Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2011	10 7	0.15 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Total services offered in 2012	10 7	0.13 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

 $\frac{\text{Notes:}}{}^{\text{t}} \text{Effect Size thresholds for } \boldsymbol{\rho}: \pm 0.80 + \text{`strong', } \pm 0.50 - 0.79 \text{ `moderate', } \pm 0.20 - 0.49 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`Where } \boldsymbol{\eta}^2 \text{ is calculated from the generated } \boldsymbol{X}^2 \text{ statistic and } (\textbf{n-1}) \text{ in order to obtain effect sizes}^6; \\ \text{``Effect Size thresholds for } \boldsymbol{\eta}^2: 0.64 + \text{`strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{``moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.$ 

Table 2.9.4 Features of children's	centres that link to a centre's	s focus on improving parenting

Domain	Features of Children's Centre	n	Spearman' s rho $(\rho)^{\dagger}$ , or Kruskal- Wallis* $(\eta^2)^{\ddagger} \&$ then mean ranks	p- Valu e
Centre Reach	Centre Reach (percentage)	97	0.02 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Ofsted Rating of Effectiveness in the Early Years	96	0.01	n.s.
Ofsted Effectiveness	Outstanding	18	52.78	-
Enectiveness	Good	59	48.64	-
	Satisfactory/Requires Improvement	19	44.03	-
	Manager: Highest Academic Qualification	98	0.00 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Manager	Manager: Holds NPQICL/NPQH Leadership Qualification?	98	0.00	n.s.
Qualifications	No	25	49.04	-
	Yes	73	49.66	-
Centre Leadership and Management	Overall (mean) CCLMRS Score	96	-0.05 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Organisational Models in 2011	10 6	0.00	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	66	52.29	-
	(B) Cluster	36	55.44	-
Organizational	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	4	56.00	-
Organisational Models	Organisational Models in 2013	10 7	0.03	n.s.
	(A) One Centre (standalone) Unit	42	49.10	-
	(B) Cluster	49	54.78	-
	(C) Hub-and-spoke model	14	65.89	-
	Virtual Centre	2	54.75	-
Multiagency Working and	Vision and Partnership	10 6	0.14 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

Integration	Service Delivery and Ethos	10 2	0.20 <sup>†</sup>	0.04 6
	Management, Governance, and Infrastructure	10 5	0.01 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
Service Delivery	Total services offered in 2011	10 6	0.01 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.
	Total services offered in 2012	10 6	0.18 <sup>†</sup>	n.s.

 $\frac{\text{Notes:}}{}^{\text{t}} \text{Effect Size thresholds for } \mathbf{\rho}: \pm 0.80 + \text{`strong', } \pm 0.50 - 0.79 \text{ `moderate', } \pm 0.20 - 0.49 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`Where } \mathbf{\eta}^2 \text{ is calculated from the generated } \mathbf{X}^2 \text{ statistic and } (\mathbf{n-1}) \text{ in order to obtain effect sizes}^6; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Effect Size thresholds for } \mathbf{\eta}^2: 0.64 + \text{`strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{Strong', } 0.25 - 0.63 \text{ `moderate', } 0.04 - 0.24 \text{ `weak'}^7; \\ \text{`}^{\text{t}} \text{`}^{\text{t}$ 

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