

GP In Hours

Syndromic Surveillance System: England

Data to: 07 March 2016

09 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

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Key messages

GP consultations for influenza-like illness remained stable during week 9 (figure 2).

A Cold Watch System operates in England from 1 November to 31 March each year. As part of the Public Health England Cold Weather Plan for England the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be monitoring the impact of cold weather on syndromic surveillance data during this period.

Cold weather alert level (current reporting week): Level 1 Winter Preparedness and Action/ 2 Alert and Readiness http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/weather/uk/coldweatheralert/

Diagnostic indicators at a glance:

Trend	Level
no trend	above baseline levels
no trend	above baseline levels
no trend	above baseline levels
increasing	above baseline levels
no trend	above baseline levels
no trend	above baseline levels
increasing	below baseline levels
no trend	above baseline levels
no trend	below baseline levels
decreasing	above baseline levels
no trend	above baseline levels
no trend	below baseline levels
no trend	below baseline levels
no trend	below baseline levels
no trend	similar to baseline levels
no trend	above baseline levels
no trend	below baseline levels
no trend	similar to baseline levels
	ahaya haqaliga layala
no trend	above baseline levels
	no trend no trend no trend increasing no trend increasing no trend increasing no trend no trend no trend decreasing no trend

GP practices and denominator population:

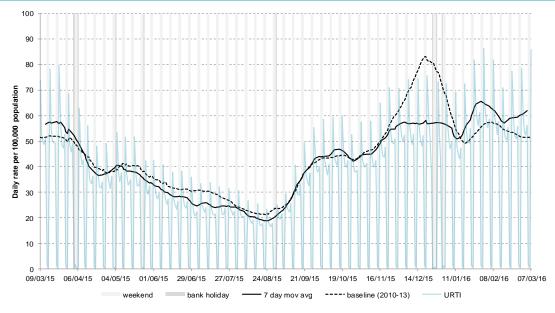
Year	Week	GP Practices Reporting**	Population size**
2016	9	4213	32.1 million

^{**}based on the average number of practices and denominator population in the reporting working week.



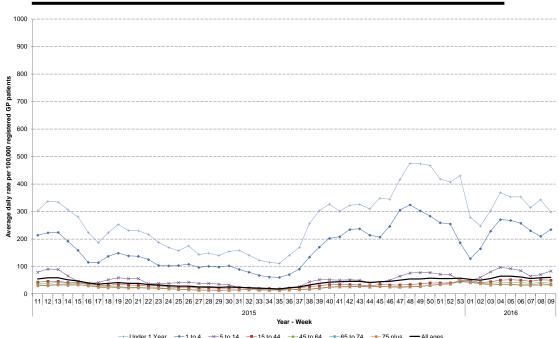
1: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI)

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



1a: Upper respiratory tract infection (URTI) by age

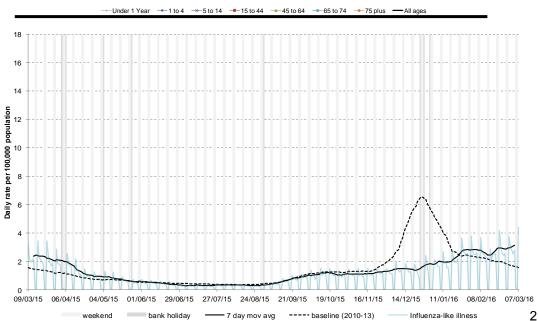
Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



2: Influenza-like illness (ILI)

Daily incidence rates (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

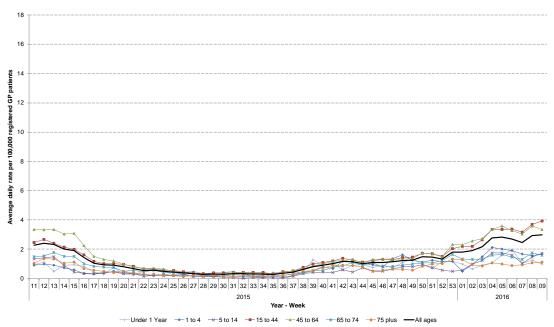
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.





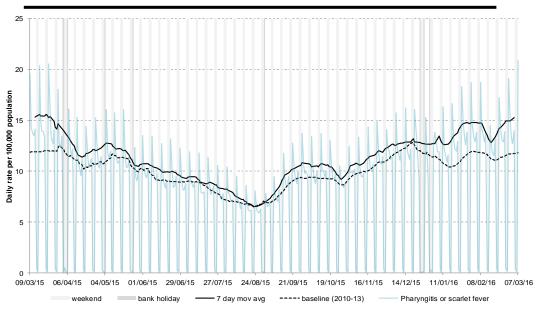
2: Influenza-like illness (ILI) by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



3: Pharyngitis or scarlet fever

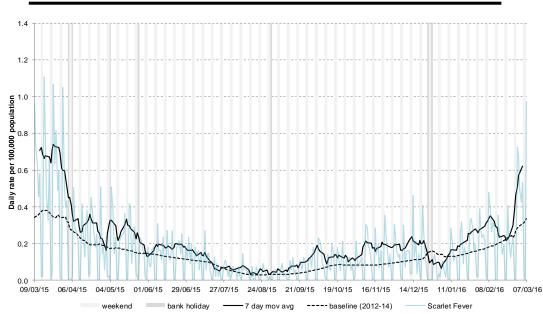
Daily incidence rates (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



4: Scarlet fever

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, based on a population denominator of approximately 5.5 million patients).

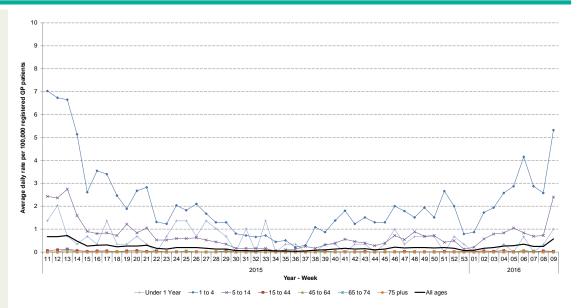
* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.





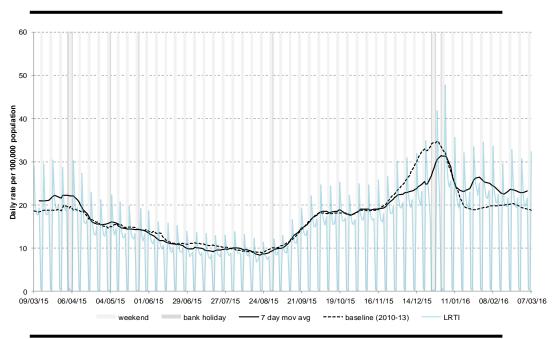
4a: Scarlet fever by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England) based on a population denominator of approximately 5.5 million patients).



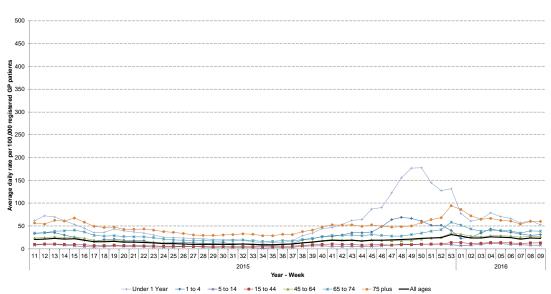
5: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI)

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



5a: Lower respiratory tract infection (LRTI) by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)

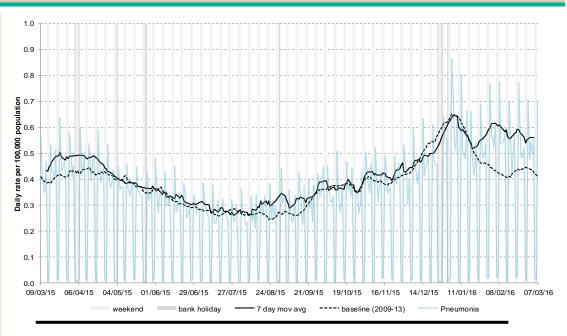


* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



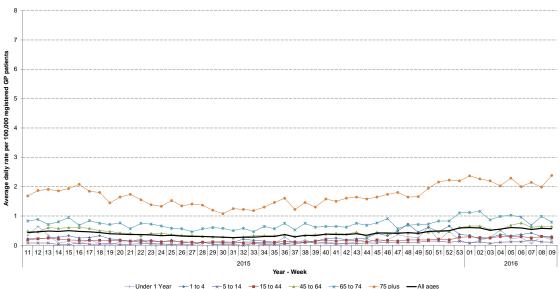
6: Pneumonia

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

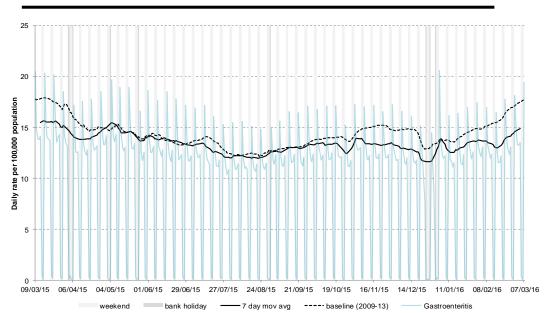


6a: Pneumonia by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



7: Gastroenteritis

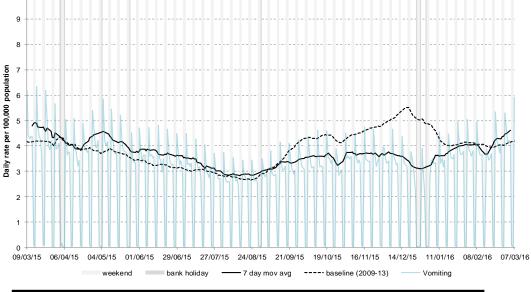


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



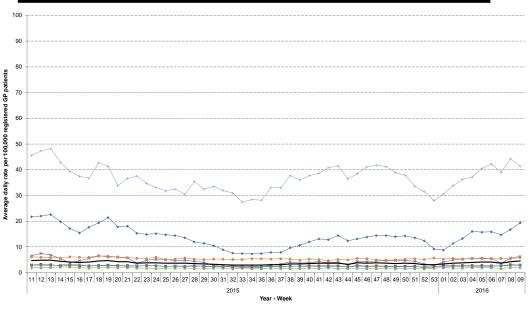
8: Vomiting

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



8a: Vomiting by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



9: Diarrhoea

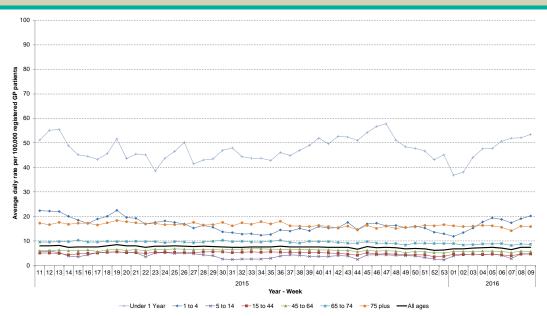


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



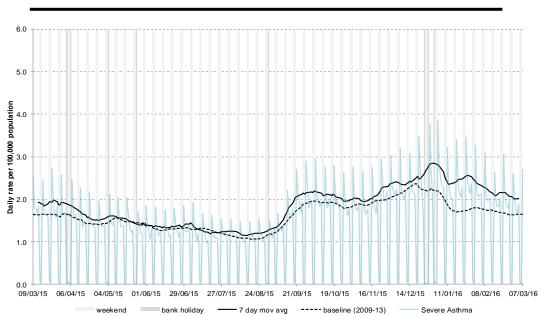
9a. Diarrhoea by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



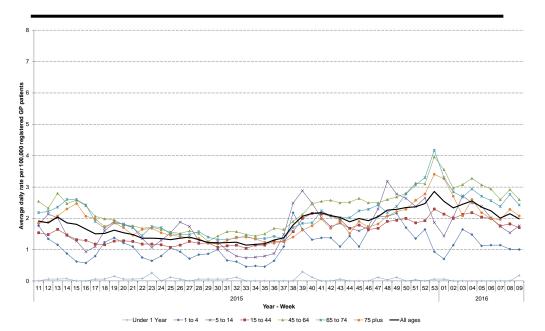
10: Severe asthma

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



10a: Severe asthma by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)

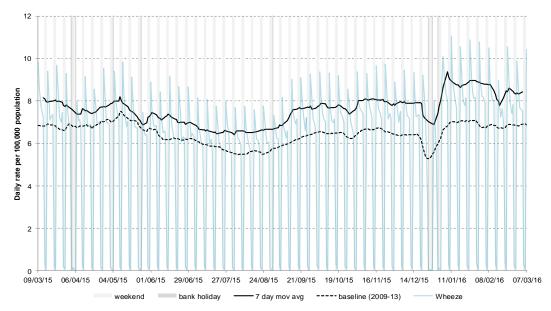


* 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



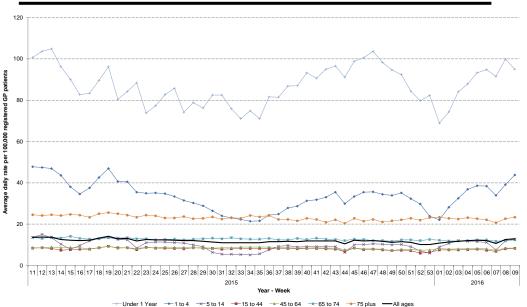
11: Wheeze

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

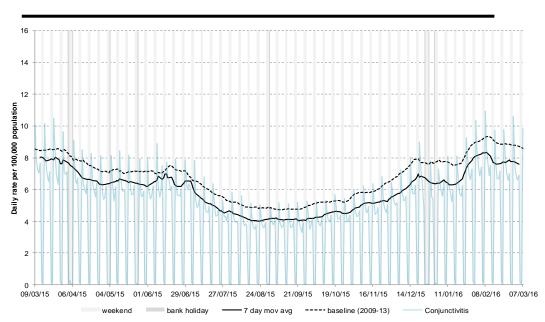


11a: Wheeze by age

Average daily incidence rate by week per 100,000 population (all England)



12: Conjunctivitis

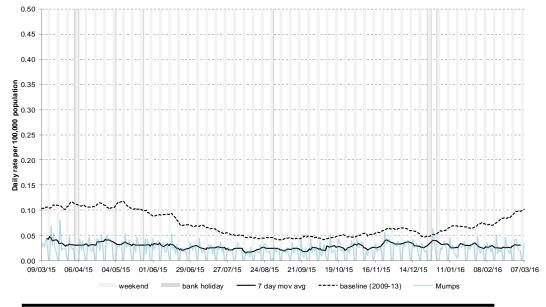


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



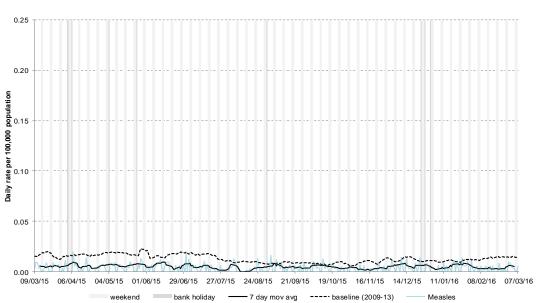
13: Mumps

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

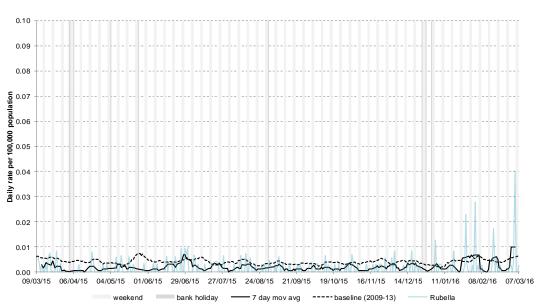


14: Measles

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



15: Rubella

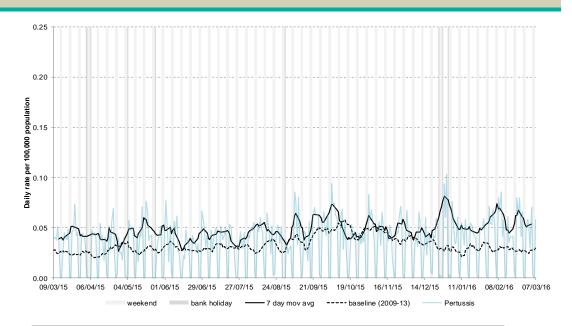


^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



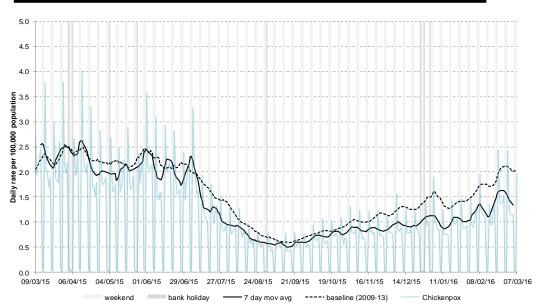
16: Pertussis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).

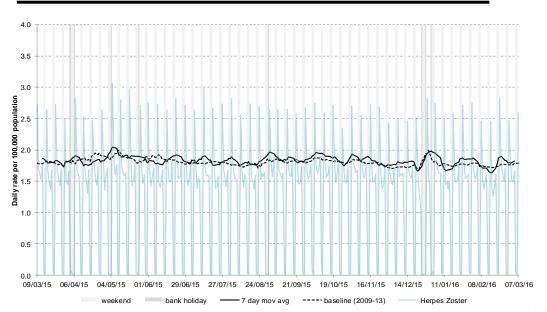


17: Chickenpox

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



18: Herpes zoster



^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



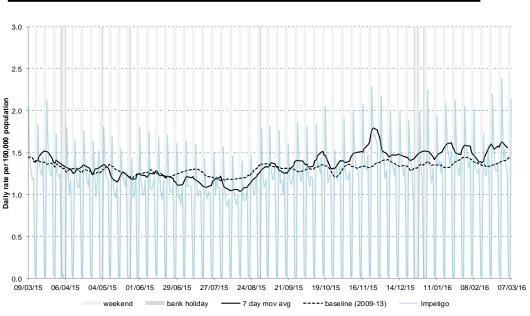
19: Cellulitis

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



20: Impetigo

Daily incidence rate (and 7-day moving average*) per 100,000 population (all England, all ages).



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^{* 7-}day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



Notes and further information

- The Public Health England GP in hours surveillance system is a syndromic surveillance system monitoring community-based morbidity recorded by GP practices.
- GP consultation data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team.
- This system captures anonymised GP morbidity data from two GP clinical software systems, EMIS, from version 1 of the QSurveillance® database, and TPP SystmOne.
- Historic baselines are smoothed to remove bank holiday effects. Data from 2009 has been excluded for selected indicators which were affected by the H1N1 influenza pandemic. No baseline is currently included for allergic rhinitis.

Maps:

- From week 40 2015 the influenza-like illness thresholds illustrated in the bulletin appendix maps are calculated using the "Moving Epidemic Method" (MEM).¹ MEM is used as a standard methodology for setting influenza surveillance thresholds across Europe.²
- The ILI thresholds have been calculated separately for each of the nine PHE Centres to allow for structural differences between areas e.g. background rates are historically higher in London than other areas of England.
- The current ILI thresholds are based on six previous influenza seasons (excluding the 2009/10 H1N1 pandemic). In future, thresholds will be recalculated each year incorporating the latest season's data.
- The maps on the following pages contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2014. Contains National Statistics data © Crown copyright and database right 2014.

Acknowledgements:

We thank and acknowledge the University of Nottingham, ClinRisk[®] and the contribution of EMIS and EMIS practices. Data source: version 1 of the QSurveillance® database.

We thank TPP, ResearchOne and the SystmOne GP practices contributing to this surveillance system.

GP In Hours Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin.

Produced by: PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team 6th Floor, 5 St Philip's Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW

-analyses

syndromic.surveillance @phe.gov.uk

Contact ReSST:

¹ Vega T et al. Influenza Other Respir Viruses. 2013;7(4):546-58.

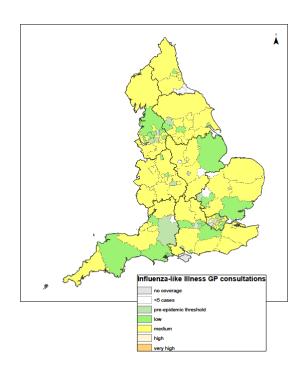
² Green HK et al. Epidemiol Infect. 2015;143(1):1-12.

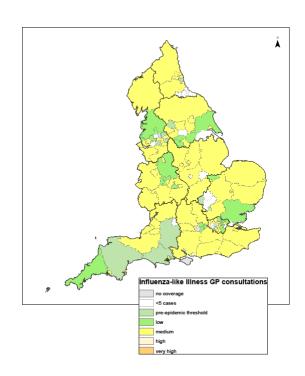
08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

England

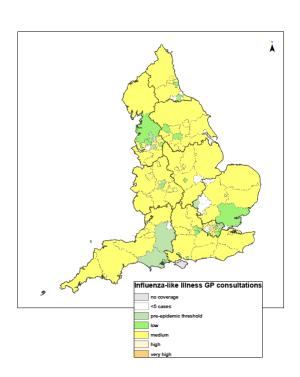
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (England)

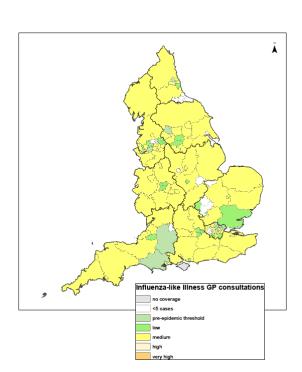






Week 8





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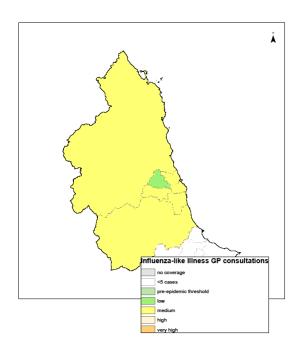
Week 9

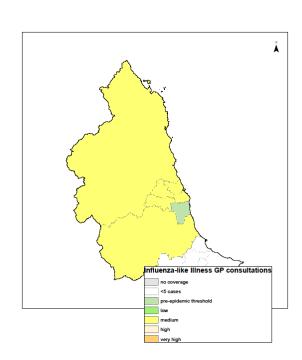
08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

North East

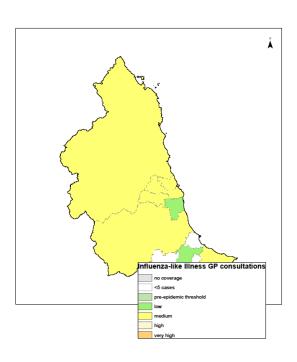
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (North East PHE Centre)

Week 6 Week 7

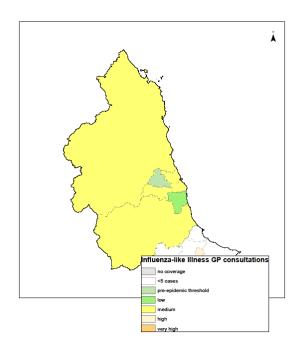




Week 8



Week 9

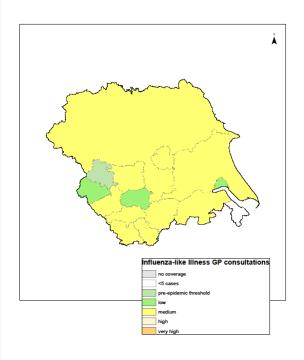


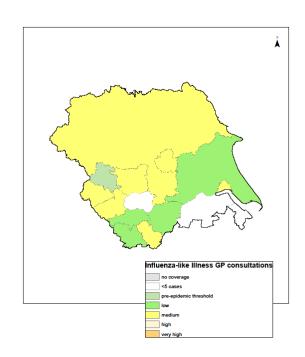
08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

Yorkshire & Humber

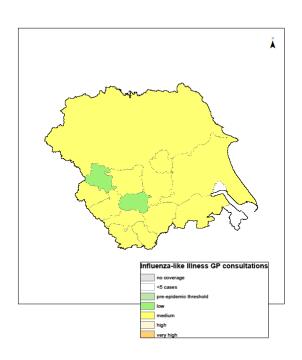
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (Yorkshire & Humber PHE Centre)

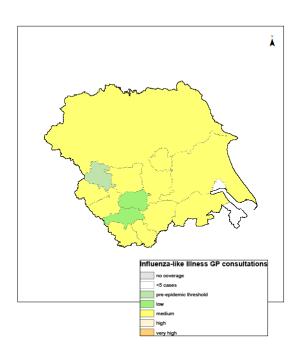
Week 6 Week 7





Week 8 Week 9





08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

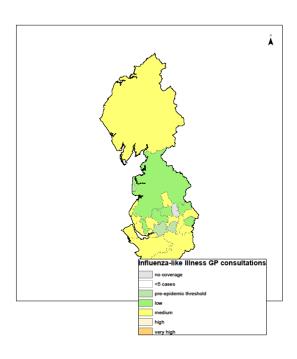
North West

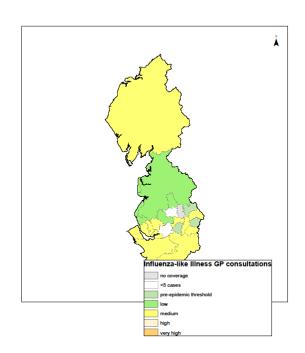
Influenzalike illness

consultations by LA (North West PHE Centre)

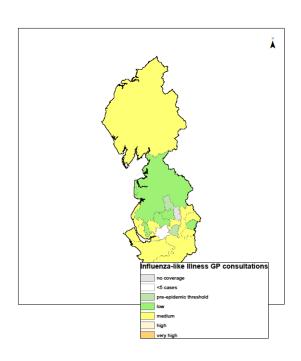
GP

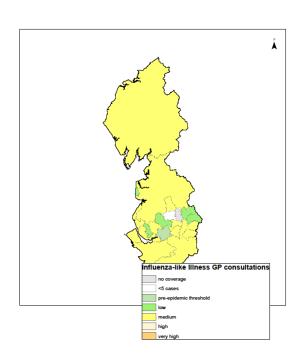
Week 6 Week 7





Week 8 Week 9



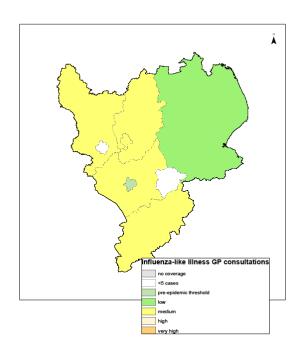


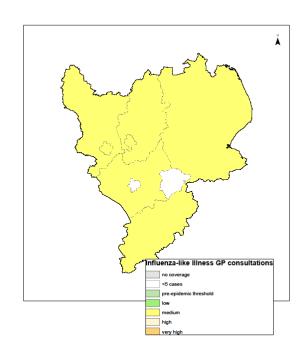
08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

East Midlands

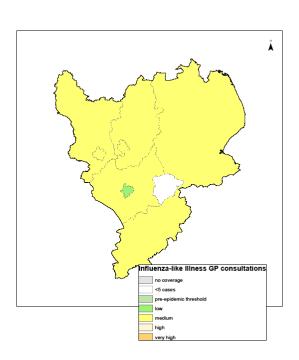
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (East Midlands PHE Centre)

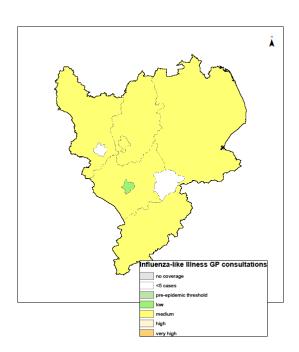
Week 6 Week 7





Week 8 Week 9



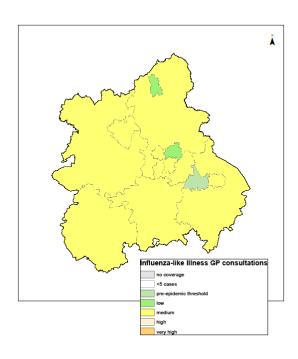


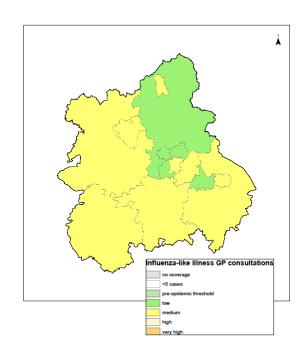
08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

West Midlands

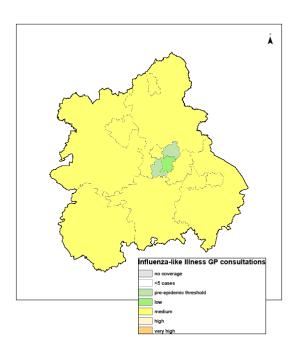
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (West Midlands PHE Centre)

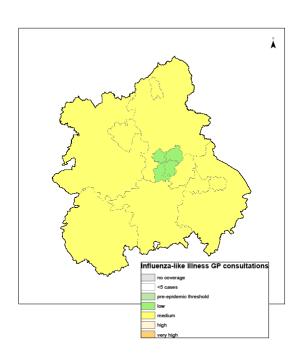






Week 8 Week 9

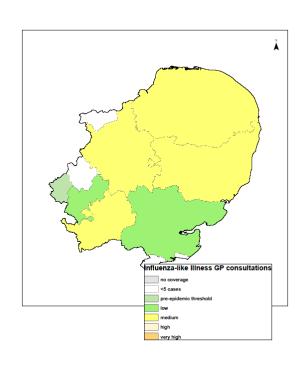


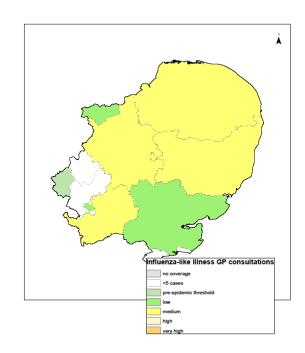


08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

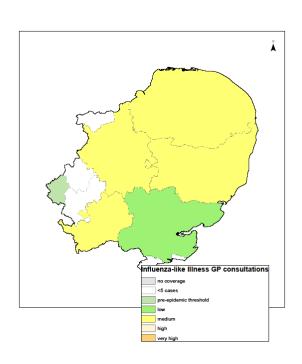
East of England

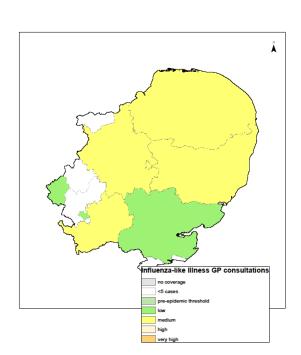
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (East of England PHE Centre) Week 6 Week 7





Week 8 Week 9





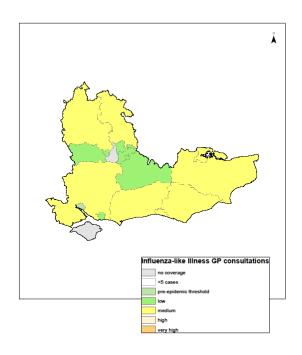
08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

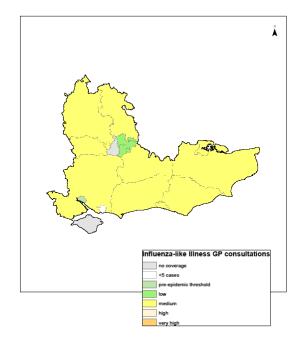
South East

Week 6

Week 7

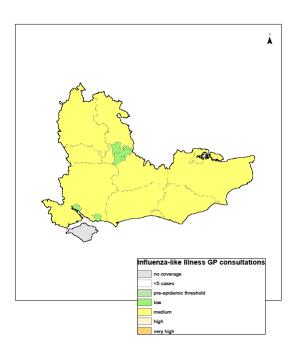
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (South East PHE Centre)

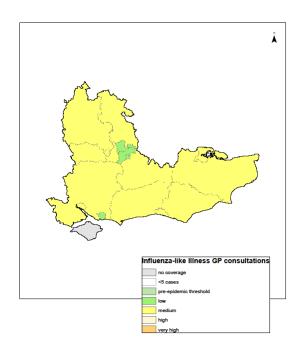




Week 8

Week 9



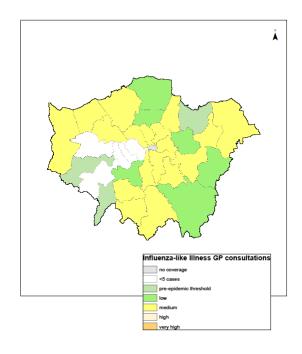


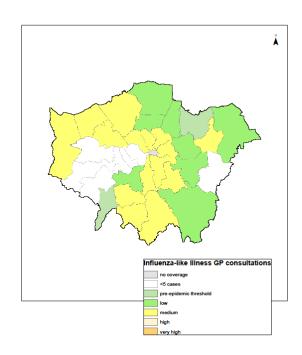
08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

London

Week 6 Week 7

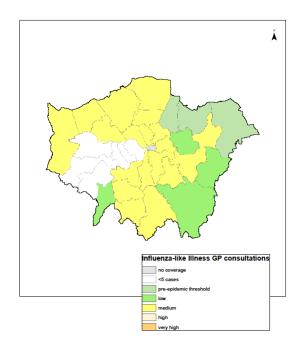
Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (London PHE Centre)

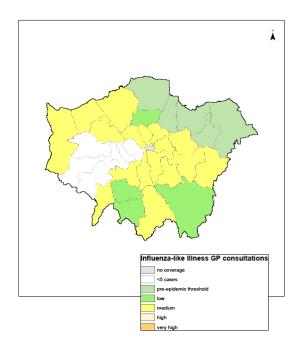




Week 8

Week 9





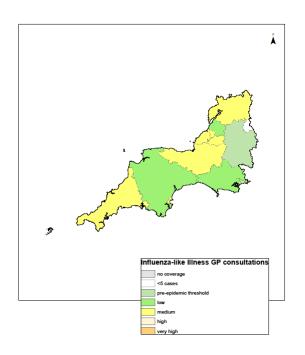
08 March 2016 Year: 2016 Week: 9

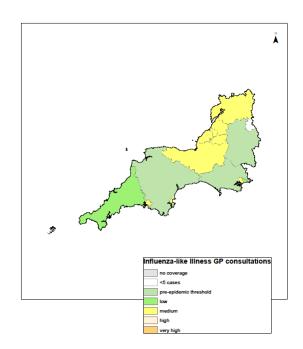
South West

Week 6

Week 7

Influenzalike illness GP consultations by LA (South West PHE Centre)





Week 8

Week 9

