

GP OOHSS

GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System: England

27 July 2016

Year: 2016 Week: 29

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Key Messages. Weekly summary. Total contacts. Syndromic indicators. Notes and caveats. Further information. Acknowledgements.

Syndromic indicators at a glance:

Number of contacts and percentage of Read coded contacts.

Key messages

Data to: 24 July 2016

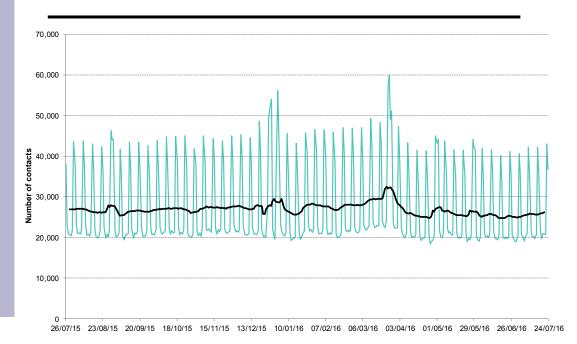
GP consultations for heatstroke peaked midweek during week 29, in line with the warm weather (figure 11).

Contacts for respiratory indicators, including acute respiratory infections and difficulty breathing/ wheeze/ asthma, decreased during week 29 (figures 2-5).

A Heat-Health Watch system operates in England from 1 June to 15 September each year. As part of the Heatwave Plan for England, the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance team will be routinely monitoring the public health impact of hot weather using syndromic surveillance data during this period. Heat-health watch level (current reporting week): Level 1-3 Summer preparedness - Heatwave action http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/public/weather/heat-health/

Key indicator	No. of contacts	% Week 29	% Week 28	Trend*
All OOH contacts, all causes	183,231			
Acute respiratory infection	9,745	11.60	12.98	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
Influenza-like illness	67	0.08	0.10	←→
Bronchitis/bronchiolitis	88	0.10	0.16	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Difficulty breathing/wheeze/asthma	1,545	1.84	2.11	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Pharyngitis	85	0.10	0.10	←→
Gastroenteritis	3,325	3.96	3.91	←→
Diarrhoea	897	1.07	1.02	←→
Vomiting	1,194	1.42	1.41	←→
Myocardial infarction	759	0.90	0.95	←→
Heatstroke	44	0.05	0.01	1

*Trend: reports on the trend seen over previous weeks in the percentage of Read coded contacts.



1: Total out-of-hours contacts:

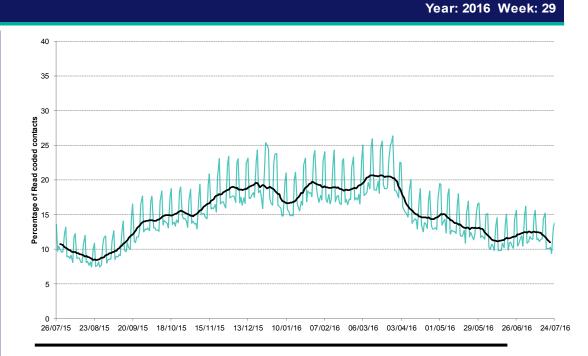
Daily total number of out-of-hours and unscheduled contacts and 7 day average (adjusted for bank holidays).

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Public Health England

2: Acute Respiratory Infection daily contacts.

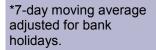
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

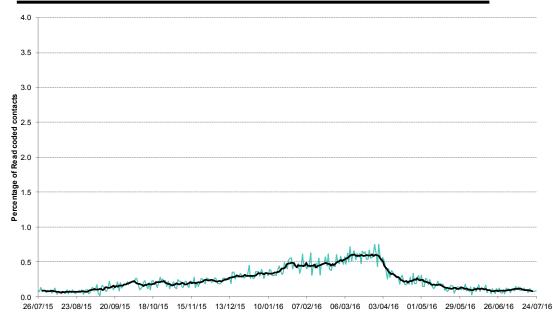


Intentionally left blank.

3: Influenza-like illness daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.





4: Bronchitis/ bronchiolitis daily contacts.

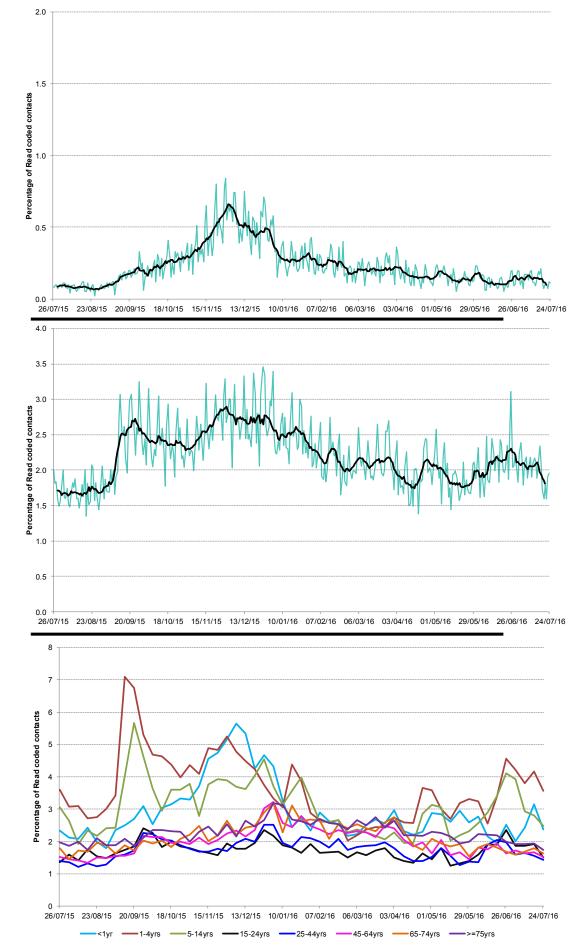
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

5: Difficulty breathing/ wheeze/asthma daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

5a: Difficulty breathing/wheeze/ asthma weekly contacts by age group.

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

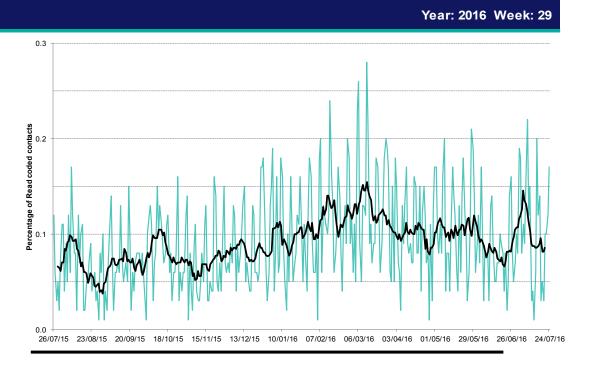


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6: Acute pharyngitis and persistent sore throat.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

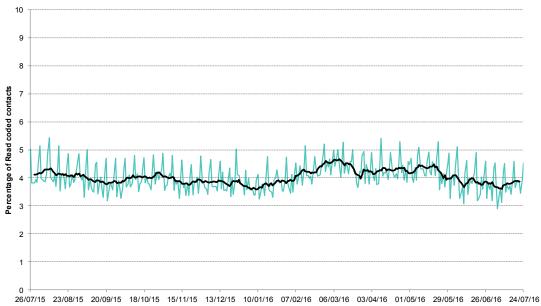


Intentionally left blank

7: Gastroenteritis daily contacts

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



8: Diarrhoea daily contacts.

2.5

2.0

1.5

1.0

0.5

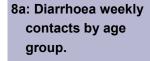
0.0

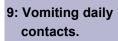
4.0

3.5

Percentage of Read coded contacts

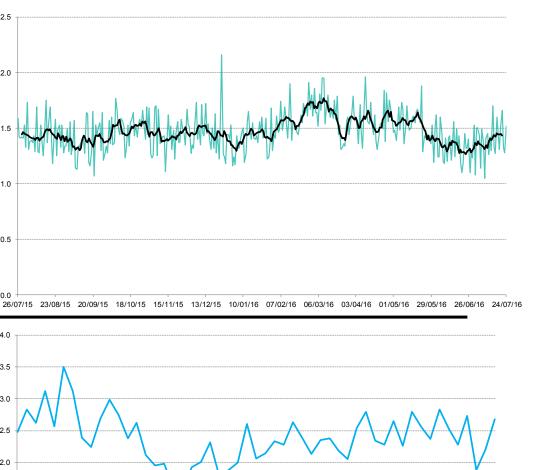
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

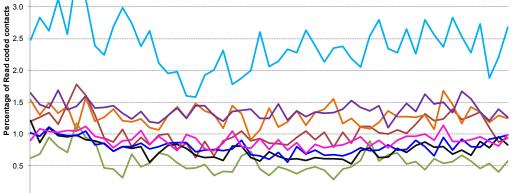




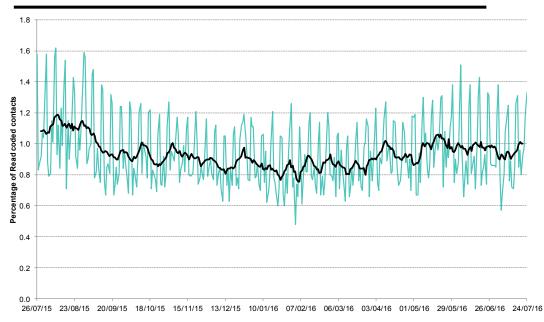
Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.









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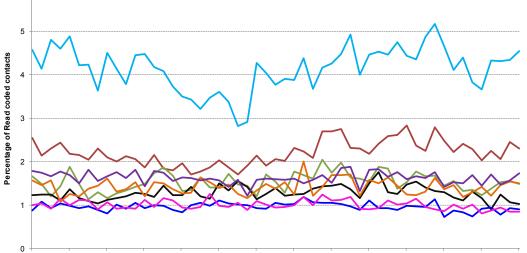
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9a: Vomiting weekly contacts by age group.

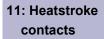
6





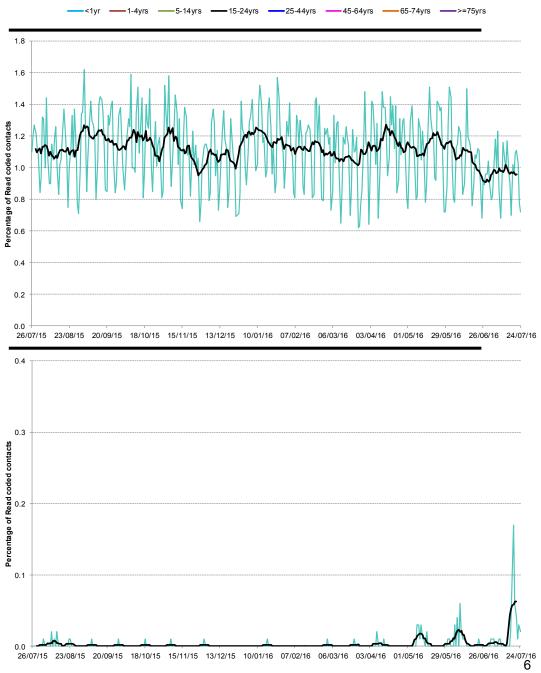
10: Myocardial Infarction daily contacts.

Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.



Shown as a percentage of the total contacts with a Read code and as a 7 day average*.

*7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



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Notes and caveats:	 This bulletin presents data from the Public Health England (PHE) GP Out-of- hours\Unscheduled Care Surveillance System (GP OOHSS).
	 Fully anonymised data from GP out-of-hours (OOH) and unscheduled care service providers in England are being transferred to the PHE for analysis and interpretation by the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team (ReSST).
	 This new system supplements existing PHE syndromic surveillance systems by monitoring data on general practitioner consultations outside of routine surgery opening times (evenings, weekends and bank holidays) and unplanned contacts within NHS primary care.
	• The key indicators presented within this bulletin are derived by grouping selected Read coded consultations.
	• GP OOH consultation data are analysed on a daily basis to identify national and regional trends. A statistical algorithm underpins each system, routinely identifying activity that has increased significantly or is statistically significantly high for the time of year. Results from these daily analyses are assessed by the ReSST, along with analysis by age group, and anything deemed of public health importance is alerted by the team.
Further information:	The GP Out-of-Hours Surveillance System Bulletin can also be downloaded from the PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance website which also contains more information about syndromic surveillance:
	https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses
Acknowledgements:	We are grateful to Advanced Health and Care and the GP out-of-hours and unscheduled
Acknowledgements.	care service providers who have kindly agreed to participate in this system.
	PHE Out-of-Hours/Unscheduled Care Surveillance
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-analyses